# DepartmentofPlanningandBudget 2003FiscalImpactStatement

1.	BillNumber	· HB1822		
	HouseofOrigi	n Introduced	Substitute	Engrossed
	SecondHouse	☐ InCommittee	Substitute	Enrolled
2.	Patron	Morgan		
3.0	Committee	PassedBothHouses		
4.	Title	MedicaidBuy -In		

# 5. Summary/Purpose:

Thisbillrequires the Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS) to prepare and se approval of a Section 1115 waiver application to implement one of the options for a Medicaid Buy-Inprogram pursuant to Section 4733 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 or the Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999. The application will need to be designed to be cost effective, with enrollment limited in the first year at 200 individuals. In addition, DMAS will see kauthorization in the waiver for earned and unearned in come requirements.

Eligibleindividualswillincludethosewith incomenotinexcessof175percentoftheFederal PovertyLevel(FPL). ThewaiverproposalistobesubmittedtotheCentersforMedicareand MedicaidServices(CMS) byOctober1,2003. ByOctober15, the proposalistobesubmitted to both the Governor and the Disability Commissions othat its fiscal impact can be considered during the development of the 2004 -2006 biennium budget.

### 6. FiscalImpactEstimatesare: Final

6a. ExpenditureImpact:(seeSection8)

6b. RevenueImpact: (SeeSection8)

7. Budgetamendmentnecessary: No.

### 8. Fiscalimplications:

Thisbillonlyrequires that DMAS seekawaiver from CMS. In fact, a Medicaid Buy - In program cannot be implemented until approval of the waiver has been received from CMS and funds have been appropriated. Therefore, there is no fiscal impact during the current bien nium. While this billonly refers to the "first year of such program," estimates are based on the assumption that 200 individuals will be enrolled in the first year of the 2004 - 2006 bien nium. These estimates reflect DMAS' prior experience with the implementation of the Developmentally Disabled (DD) Waiver.

### **Administrative and Support Services**

ImplementationofaMedicaidBuy -Inprogramwillresultinadditionalclaims.Currently,claims processingchargesfromthefiscalagentare\$.3618perclaim.Multiplyingtheestimatedfirst

yearenrollment(200)bytheaveragenumberofclaimsDMASpaysforSSDIrecipientsperyear (50)timesthecurrentprocessingchargeperclaimyieldsestimatedc laimsprocessingcostsof \$3,618(\$905GF)peryearaslongastheenrollmentremainsat200.

IfVirginiadecidestoimplementaMedicaidBuy -Inprogram,itispossiblethatDMASwillneed uptothreepositions,onefiscalandtwoprogramoperations,ata costof\$162,500(\$81,250GF) peryear. Thefiscalaccountsreceivablepositionwouldberesponsibleforcollectingthemonthly premiumsfromtheparticipatingrecipients. Currently, DMAShasthreepositions dedicated to theoversight of the DDW aiver, which has an enrollment of 323. This oversight includes: interacting with recipients, providers, and advocacy groups, establishing reporting and computer tracking systems, and developing policy manuals and regulations. Given the specifics of the DD Waiverprogram, the program operations staffisals or esponsible formaking homevisits, prior authorizing services, and functioning as case managers.

ThescopeofserviceofaMedicaidBuy -InprogramwillnotbeasextensiveastheDDWaiver program. Ther efore, two program operations positions would be the most needed to make the waiver program operational. By developing the program appropriately at the outset, any additional enrollment and future changes will be efficiently addressed.

The Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS) will have to be adjusted to accommodate this new covered group. However, no fiscal impact is currently expected. Although, if the changes to the MMIS endupbeing more complicated than originally estimated, the possibility exists that additional support may be needed.

Theagency's Oracle Government Financial System will have to be modified to accommodate the process of classifying and reporting checks for a Medicaid Buy - In program. An ewaccounts receivable category will need to be established to ensure that the agency collects the premium sin a timely fashione ach month. These tasks will require modifications to the Accounts Receivable and General Ledger modules of the system, resulting in a one - time expense of \$100, 000 (\$50,000 GF).

## MedicalAssistanceServices(Medicaid)

The average annual cost per recipient is \$8,630 (\$4,315 GF). This estimater effects the FY 2002 Medicaid utilization and inflation costs being increased 20 per cent for inflation. Therefore, if the Commonweal thim plements a Medicaid Buy - In program with an enrollment of 200, the estimated cost will be approximately \$1,726,000 (\$863,000 GF) per year.

Theintentionofthiswaiveristoallowdisabledindividualstostayintheworkforcewithout losingMedicaidbenefits.Currently,disabledMedicaidrecipientsmaybefacedwithachoiceof eitherre -enteringtheworkforceandlosingMedicaidbenefitsornotre -enteringtheworkforce and continuing to receive the benefits. To the extent that this wa iveracts as an incentive for current Medicaiden rollees who may have otherwise notre -entered the workforce to seek employment opportunities, these estimated medical costs do not represent new medical costs. However, DMAS cannot limit the waiver to only those individuals who are currently on Medicaid and who would like to return to work. According to DMAS, the majority of states that have implemented a Medicaid Buy -In program have discovered that at least 60 percent of Medicaid Buy -In enrollees had Medicaid Galaxy sinthe previous 12 months.

#### Revenue

The amount of the monthly premium payment remains to be determined. However, it will probably range from \$25 to \$50 or even higher, depending on the established qualifications. Assuming 200 recipients paid monthly premiums of \$37.50 (average of range), the resulting revenue for a full -year will be \$90,000 (\$45,000 GF). More than likely, the agency will elect to net the annual collected revenue against the estimated Medicai dexpenditures to remain a function of the first angle of the following that the stable probably a full stable probably and the stable probably and the stable probably and the stable probably a full stable probably and the st

# Departments of Social Services and Rehabilitative Services

The Department of Social Services (DSS) will be responsible for establishing eligibility for the Medicaid Buy-Inprogram once the parameters of the eligibility have been defined. The Department of Rehabilitative Services (DRS) will be responsible for determining the disability status of the participating individuals. Given the small number of individuals participating in this program, the fiscal impact to the seagencies defined as a minimal.

**9.** Specificagencyorpoliticalsubdivisionsaffected: DMAS,DSS,andDRS

10. Technicalamendmentnecessary: No

11. Othercomments: None

**Date:** 03/03/03/sas

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cc:S ecretaryofHealthandHumanResources