2001 SESSION

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Title 2.1 a chapter numbered 10.1:3, consisting of 3 sections numbered 2.1-116.9:7 through 2.1-116.9:13, relating to overtime compensation for fire 4 protection employees.

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Approved

[H 2712]

7 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

8 1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Title 2.1 a chapter numbered 10.1:3, 9 consisting of sections numbered 2.1-116.9:7 through 2.1-116.9:13, as follows: 10

CHAPTER 10.1:3.

OVERTIME COMPENSATION FOR FIREFIGHTERS, EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIANS AND OTHER FIRE PROTECTION EMPLOYEES.

§ 2.1-116.9:7. Definitions.

14 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

15 "Employer" means any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, including any county, city, town, 16 authority, or special district that employs fire protection employees except any locality with five or fewer paid firefighters that is exempt from overtime rules by 29 U.S.C. § 207 (k). 17

"Fire protection employee" means any person, other than an employee who is exempt from the 18 19 overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, who is employed by an employer as a paid firefighter, paramedic, emergency medical technician, rescue worker, ambulance personnel, or hazardous 20 21 materials worker who is (i) trained in fire suppression and has the legal authority and responsibility to 22 engage in fire suppression, and is employed by a fire department of an employer, and (ii) engaged in 23 the prevention, control, and extinguishment of fires or response to emergency situations where life, 24 property, or the environment is at risk.

25 'Regularly scheduled work hours" means those hours that are recurring and fixed within the work 26 period and for which an employee receives a salary or hourly compensation. "Regularly scheduled work 27 hours" does not include on-call, extra duty assignments or any other nonrecurring and nonfixed hours. 28 § 2.1-116.9:8. Overtime compensation rate.

29 A. Employers shall pay fire protection employees overtime compensation or leave, as under the Fair 30 Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 207 (o), at a rate of not less than one and one-half times the 31 employee's regular rate of pay for all hours of work between the statutory maximum permitted under 29 32 U.S.C. § 207 (k) and the hours for which an employee receives his salary, or if paid on an hourly basis, 33 the hours for which the employee receives hourly compensation. A fire protection employee who is paid 34 on an hourly basis shall have paid leave counted as hours of work in an amount no greater than the 35 numbers of hours counted for other fire protection employees working the same schedule who are paid 36 on a salaried basis in that jurisdiction.

37 B. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to affect the right of any employer to provide overtime 38 compensation to fire protection employees in an amount that exceeds the amounts required by this 39 section. 40

§ 2.1-116.9:9. Work period.

41 Employers may adopt any work period to compute overtime compensation for fire protection 42 employees between seven and twenty-eight days provided that the work period is recurring and fixed, 43 and is not changed for purposes of denying overtime compensation to such employees to which they may be entitled under subsection A of § 2.1-116.9:8. 44

§ 2.1-116.9:10. Hours of work. 45

46 For purposes of computing fire protection employees' entitlement to overtime compensation, all hours 47 that an employee works or is in a paid status during his regularly scheduled work hours shall be 48 counted as hours of work. 49

§ 2.1-116.9:11. Employee's remedies; award of attorneys' fees and costs.

50 A. In an action brought under this chapter, an employer who violates the provisions of this chapter 51 shall be liable to the fire protection employee affected in an amount of double the amount of the unpaid compensation due such employee. However, if the employer can prove that his violation was in good 52 53 faith, he shall be liable only for the amount of the unpaid compensation plus interest at the rate of eight 54 percent per year, commencing on the date the compensation was due to the employee.

55 B. Where the fire protection employee prevails, the court shall award him attorneys' fees and costs to 56 be paid by the employer.

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2 of 2

57 § 2.1-116.9:12. *Limitation of actions.*

Actions brought under this chapter shall be commenced within two years of the date the unpaid
compensation was due, or if the violation is willful, within three years of the date the unpaid
compensation was due.

61 § 2.1-116.9:13. Sovereign immunity.

62 The immunity of the Commonwealth and of any "agency" as defined in § 8.01-195.2 is hereby 63 preserved.