# **1998 SESSION**

### **ENROLLED**

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## VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 22.1-199.2, 22.1-209.1:4, 22.1-253.13:1, 22.1-253.13:3, 22.1-253.13:4, and 22.1-254.01 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the Literacy Passport Test.

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### Approved

## 6 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

#### 7 1. That §§ 22.1-253.13:3 and 22.1-253.13:4 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as 8 follows:

§ 22.1-253.13:3. Standard 3. Accreditation, other standards and evaluation.

A. The General Assembly recognizes the need for the Board of Education to prescribe requirements

to ensure that student progress is measured and that school boards and school personnel are accountable. 11 12 B. The Board of Education shall promulgate regulations establishing standards for accreditation pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 9-6.14:1 et seq.) which shall include, but not be limited 13 to, student outcome measures, requirements and guidelines for instructional programs, administrative and 14 15 instructional staffing levels and positions, pupil personnel services, special education program standards, auxiliary education programs such as library and media services, course and credit requirements for 16 17 graduation from high school, community relations, and the philosophy, goals, and objectives of public education in Virginia. In revising the standards for accreditation, the Board shall seek to set 18 19 pupil-teacher ratios for educable mentally retarded (EMR) pupils that do not exceed the pupil-teacher 20 ratios for self-contained classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities. The Board shall review 21 annually the accreditation status of all schools in the Commonwealth.

C. The Board shall also establish requirements for certification of teachers, principals, supervisors and other professional staff and determine eligibility for appointment as a local division superintendent.

24 D. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall develop and the Board of Education shall approve 25 criteria for determining and recognizing educational performance in the Commonwealth's public school 26 divisions and schools. Such criteria, when approved, shall become an integral part of the accreditation 27 process and shall include student outcome measurements. One year following the approval by the Board of such criteria, the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall annually identify to the Board those 28 29 school divisions and schools that exceed or do not meet the approved criteria. The Superintendent of 30 Public Instruction shall assist local school boards in the implementation of action plans for increasing 31 educational performance in those school divisions and schools that are identified as not meeting the 32 approved criteria. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall monitor the implementation of and 33 report to the Board of Education on the effectiveness of the corrective actions taken to improve the 34 educational performance in such school divisions and schools.

E. In order to assess the educational progress of students, the Board of Education shall also (i) develop appropriate assessments which may include criterion-referenced tests and alternative assessment instruments which may be used by classroom teachers; (ii) prescribe and provide measures, which may include nationally normed tests, to be designated as the Virginia State Assessment Program, which shall be used to identify students who score in the bottom quartile at selected grade levels; and (iii) prescribe and provide literacy tests in reading, writing and mathematics which shall be administered to students in grade six and to students who have not successfully passed them in grades seven and eight.

F. Each local school board shall maintain schools which meet the standards of accreditation as prescribed by the Board of Education. The accreditation status of all schools in each local school division shall be reviewed annually in public session. Within the time specified by the Board of Education, each school board shall submit corrective action plans for any schools within its school division that have been designated as not meeting the criteria for determining effectiveness as approved by the Board.

48 G. Each local school board shall also provide teachers and principals with (i) periodic in-service
49 training in preparing tests and other assessment measures and (ii) methods for assessing the progress of
50 individual students, including Standards of Learning Assessment materials or other criterion-referenced
51 tests which match locally developed objectives.

H. In order to assess the educational progress of students as individuals and as groups, each local
 school board shall require the administration of appropriate assessments, which may include
 criterion-referenced tests, teacher-made tests and alternative assessment instruments and shall include the
 Virginia State Assessment Program, the Virginia Literacy Testing Program, *the Standards of Learning Assessments*, and the National Assessment of Educational Progress state-by-state assessment. Each school

[S 120]

SB120ER

board shall analyze and report annually, in compliance with any criteria which may be established by 57 the Board of Education, the results from the Virginia State Assessment Program, the Standards of 58 59 Learning Assessments, and the Virginia State Literacy Testing Program to the public.

60 § 22.1-253.13:4. Standard 4. Literacy Passports, diplomas and certificates.

61 A. The General Assembly and the Board of Education recognize the need to reduce the illiteracy rate 62 in the Commonwealth and the need to prescribe requirements for completion of high school programs. To this end, the General Assembly and the Board hereby establish the requirement for a Literacy 63 64 Passport for all students prior to grade nine and criteria for diplomas and certificates. All school boards 65 are encouraged to utilize the pre-test for fourth graders.

66 B. Each local school board shall award Literacy Passports to all students, including students with disabilities, who achieve passing scores on the literacy tests established by the Board of Education. 67 Reasonable accommodation to take the literacy tests shall be provided as needed for students with 68 disabilities. In order to be classified as ninth graders or above, students shall be required to obtain a 69 Literacy Passport, except for those (i) students who are identified as disabled pursuant to Board 70 71 regulations governing special education programs for students with disabilities in Virginia and (ii) students for whom English is not the first or native language who have been identified as having limited 72 73 English proficiency and who have been enrolled in a public school in the Commonwealth for less than 74 three years. To remain classified as ninth graders or above, such students identified as having limited English proficiency must achieve passing scores on the first literacy tests administered after three years 75 76 of enrollment in a public school in the Commonwealth.

77 To meet the goal of this subsection, each school board shall analyze its pass/fail rates and evaluate 78 the needs of students who do not pass the tests required to obtain the Literacy Passport. The analysis 79 and evaluation shall be used to design the remediation programs required in subsection C of 80 § 22.1-253.13:1.

81 C. Each local school board shall award diplomas to all secondary school students, including students 82 who transfer from nonpublic schools or from home instruction, who earn the units of credit prescribed by the Board of Education, pass the prescribed literacy tests, and meet such other requirements as may 83 be prescribed by the local school board and approved by the Board of Education. Provisions shall be 84 made for students who transfer between secondary schools and from nonpublic schools or from home 85 instruction as outlined in the standards for accreditation. Further, reasonable accommodation to meet the 86 requirements for diplomas shall be provided for otherwise qualified students with disabilities as needed. 87

88 D. Students identified as disabled who complete the requirements of their individualized education 89 programs shall be awarded special diplomas by local school boards.

90 E. Students who have completed a prescribed course of study as defined by the local school board 91 shall be awarded certificates by local school boards if they do not qualify for diplomas.

#### 92 2. That §§ 22.1-199.2, 22.1-209.1:4, 22.1-253.13:1, 22.1-253.13:3, 22.1-253.13:4, and 22.1-254.01 of 93 the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 94

§ 22.1-199.2. Standards for remedial summer school programs established; reporting required.

A. The Board of Education shall establish standards for remedial summer school programs, which 95 96 shall be designed to strengthen and improve the effectiveness of such programs in increasing the scholastic achievement of students with academic deficiencies. Such standards shall require (i) an 97 98 evaluation of the remedial summer school program offered by the school division to assess such 99 students' educational needs and program effectiveness, and (ii) that school divisions report, on such 100 forms as may be required by the Board for such purpose, data pertaining to the demographic and educational characteristics of students who have been identified for remediation pursuant to subsection C 101 102 of § 22.1-253.13:1, or subsection E of § 22.1-254, and § 22.1-254.01. Data submitted to the Board shall include, but not be limited to, the number of students failing the Literacy Passport Test, any or all 103 104 components, for each administration of the test; a demographic profile of the students attending such programs; the academic status of each such student; the types of instruction offered, the length of the 105 program, and the local costs of the program; and the number of ungraded and disabled students, and 106 107 those with limited English proficiency (ESL); and the number of students failing the literacy tests who 108 attend remedial summer school.

109 B. The Board of Education shall cause the collection, compilation, and analysis of the data required 110 to be reported by local school divisions in subsection A of this section to accomplish a statewide review 111 and evaluation of remedial summer school programs. The Board shall report its analysis of the data 112 submitted by school divisions and a statewide assessment of remedial summer school programs, and any 113 recommendations, to the Governor and the General Assembly annually, beginning on December 1, 1997. 114 § 22.1-209.1:4. Virginia Innovative Remedial Education Pilot Program created.

A. With such funds as may be appropriated for this purpose, the Board of Education shall establish 115 116 the Virginia Innovative Remedial Education Pilot Program (the "Program") to explore innovative options 117 and instructional approaches for the remediation of students with academic deficiencies. On and after

SB120ER

118 July 1, 1997, the Program shall consist of up to ten pilot projects located in regions throughout the 119 Commonwealth to provide equitable geographical distribution of such projects. Grants for all such 120 projects shall be awarded on a competitive basis to applicants responding to requests for proposals, 121 giving priority to applicant school divisions that propose to explore creative alternatives and new, 122 pedagogically sound instructional methods to address the following: (i) the educational needs of students 123 who are educationally at-risk or who have failed the Literacy Passport Test; (ii) students who have been 124 identified for remediation pursuant to §§ 22.1-253.13:1, 22.1-254, and 22.1-254.01; or (iii) barriers to 125 effective remediation of students with academic deficiencies. The Board of Education shall promulgate 126 regulations for the implementation of the Program. The Board shall promulgate such regulations to be 127 effective in 280 days or less of the enactment of this section.

B. Upon appropriation of funds for the purposes of this section, the Department of Education shall
issue a request for proposals for projects to pilot creative alternatives and new, pedagogically sound
instructional methods for remediating students. The first such grants shall be awarded by January 1,
1999. Applications for grants shall include the following components:

Specific, measurable goals and objectives and an evaluation component to determine the effectiveness of such innovative pilot projects in accelerating the academic achievement of participating students, reducing the need for remediation, increasing the number of students who pass the Literacy
 Passport Test, and reducing problems associated with poor student academic performance.

136 2. A plan for the attraction and participation of teachers specially trained to work with at-risk137 students, and supportive administrators and staff.

**138** 3. A current program of staff development and training.

4. A procedure for obtaining the participation in and support for the pilot project by the pupil's parent and his family.

141 5. A curriculum developed to accommodate new teaching strategies; student-initiated and group
142 learning; intensive, accelerated instruction designed to establish high standards and academic
143 achievement for participating students; mentoring and individual tutoring; and the use of manipulatives
144 and educational technology.

145 6. A low pupil-teacher ratio to promote a high level of interaction between the students and the 146 teacher.

147 7. A procedure for providing pretesting and post-testing and early intervention services at the fourth148 grade level, and for disseminating the best educational practices resulting from such pilot projects.

8. The identification of and solutions to barriers to remediation, such as transportation, length of the remedial summer school program, and attendant social and economic problems of students and their families.

152 9. Community outreach to build strong school, business, and community partnerships; to develop
153 joint ventures and linkages between schools and institutions of higher education; to promote family
154 involvement in the educational process; and to emphasize local solutions to local problems.

155 10. The number of children who may be assigned to the pilot project.

156 11. A plan for transitioning the participating students into the relevant school division's regular157 program, or into advanced-level classes.

158 C. The Board shall require submission of interim evaluation reports of each pilot project biannually
159 and shall compile these reports and other program materials and report the status of such projects on a
160 periodic basis to the relevant standing committees and subcommittees of the General Assembly. The
161 Board shall report the effectiveness of such projects and their components and the Program annually to
162 the Governor and the General Assembly, beginning on October 1, 1999.

163 § 22.1-253.13:1. Standard 1. Basic skills, selected programs, and instructional personnel.

A. The General Assembly and the Board of Education believe that the fundamental goal of the public schools of this Commonwealth must be to enable each student to develop the skills that are necessary for success in school and preparation for life, and find that the quality of education is dependent upon the provision of the appropriate working environment, benefits, and salaries necessary to ensure the availability of high quality instructional personnel and adequate commitment of other resources.

170 B. The Board of Education shall establish educational objectives to implement the development of 171 the skills that are necessary for success in school and for preparation for life in the years beyond. The 172 current educational objectives, known as the Standards of Learning, shall not be construed to be 173 regulations as defined in § 9-6.14:4; however, the Board of Education may, from time to time, revise 174 these educational objectives. In order to provide appropriate opportunity for input from the general 175 public, teachers, and local school boards, the Board of Education shall conduct public hearings prior to 176 establishing new educational objectives. Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall 177 give written notice by mail of the date, time, and place of the hearings to all local school boards and any other persons requesting to be notified of the hearings and publish notice of its intention to revise 178

these educational objectives in the Virginia Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be givenreasonable opportunity to be heard and present information prior to final adoption of any revisions ofthese educational objectives.

182 The Board shall seek to ensure that any revised educational objectives are consistent with the world's 183 highest educational standards. However, no revisions shall be implemented prior to July 1, 1994. These 184 objectives shall include, but not be limited to, basic skills of communication, computation and critical 185 reasoning including problem solving and decision making, and the development of personal qualities 186 such as self-esteem, sociability, self-management, integrity, and honesty. School boards shall implement 187 these objectives or objectives specifically designed for their school divisions that are equivalent to or 188 exceed the Board's requirements. Students shall be expected to achieve the educational objectives 189 utilized by the school division at appropriate age or grade levels. With such funds as are available for 190 this purpose, the Board of Education may prescribe assessment methods to determine the level of 191 achievement of these objectives by all students.

192 C. Local school boards shall develop and implement a program of instruction for grades K through 193 12 which emphasizes reading, writing, speaking, mathematical concepts and computations, and scientific 194 concepts and processes; essential skills and concepts of citizenship, including knowledge of history, 195 economics, government, foreign languages, international cultures, health, environmental issues and 196 geography necessary for responsible participation in American society and in the international 197 community; fine arts and practical arts; knowledge and skills needed to qualify for further education and 198 employment or, in the case of some handicapped children, to qualify for appropriate training; and 199 development of the ability to apply such skills and knowledge in preparation for eventual employment 200 and lifelong learning.

201 Local school boards shall also develop and implement programs of prevention, intervention, or 202 remediation for students who are educationally at-risk including, but not limited to, those whose scores are in the bottom national quartile on Virginia State Assessment Program Tests, or who do not pass the 203 204 literacy tests prescribed by the Board of Education. Such programs shall include summer school or other 205 forms of remediation. Division superintendents shall require such students to take special programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation which may include attendance in public summer school 206 207 programs, in accordance with subsection E of § 22.1-254 and § 22.1-254.01. The requirement for 208 remediation may, however, be satisfied by the student's attendance in a program of prevention, 209 intervention or remediation which has been selected by his parent and is either (i) conducted by an accredited private school or (ii) a special program which has been determined to be comparable to the 210 211 required public school remediation program by the division superintendent. The costs of such private 212 school remediation program or other special remediation program shall be borne by the student's parent. 213 Students required to attend such summer school programs or to participate in another form of remediation shall not be charged tuition by the local school division. Based on the number of students 214 215 attending and the Commonwealth's share of the per pupil costs, additional state funds shall be provided 216 for summer and other remediation programs as set forth in the appropriation act. Any student who does 217 not pass the literacy tests shall be required to attend a summer school program or participate in another 218 form of remediation. Such summer school program or other form of remediation shall be chosen by the 219 school division to be appropriate to the academic needs of the student. State funds shall be provided, as 220 set forth in the appropriation act, for the attendance in remediation programs conducted by local school 221 divisions for those students who do not pass the literacy tests beginning with the 1997-1998 fiscal year.

To ensure consistency in program quality, each school board may establish a remediation program standards committee which may include, but need not be limited to, the superintendent or his designee, a teacher, a parent, and one representative of the community at large. The remediation program standards committee shall recommend the program components for the remediation programs and shall evaluate the success of the programs. Such program components may include transition mechanisms for children to ensure the smooth movement between remediation programs and regular programs, pupil/teacher ratios, objectives, and time, site, and duration of the various programs.

Such remediation programs shall include, when applicable, a procedure for early identification of
 students who are at-risk of *academic* failure of the literacy tests. The identified students shall be
 provided appropriate remediation activities.

Effective on July 1, 1998, the Board of Education shall establish standards for full funding of summer remedial programs which shall include, but not be limited to, the minimum number of instructional hours or the equivalent thereof required for full funding and an assessment system designed to evaluate program effectiveness. Based on the number of students attending and the Commonwealth's share of the per pupil instructional costs, state funds shall be provided for the full cost of summer and other remediation programs as set forth in the appropriation act, provided such programs comply with such standards as shall be established by the Board, pursuant to § 22.1-199.2.

**239** D. Local school boards shall also implement the following:

SB120ER

240 1. Programs in grades K through 3 which emphasize developmentally appropriate learning to enhance241 success.

242 2. Programs based on prevention, intervention, or retrieval designed to increase the number of 243 students who earn a high school diploma or general education development (GED) certificate. As 244 provided in the appropriation act, state funding, in addition to basic aid, shall be allocated to support 245 programs grounded in sound educational policy to reduce the number of students who drop out of school. From such funds as may be appropriated for this purpose, sufficient funds shall be provided to 246 247 hold all local school divisions harmless by providing no-loss funding which maintains the level of each 248 school division's funding as allocated for drop-out prevention programs on July 1, 1996, if the level of funding for such school division's drop-out prevention programs would be less than its level of funding 249 250 for such programs in fiscal year 1995. Effective on and after July 1, 1996, the Board of Education shall 251 develop and implement a funding mechanism to ensure that no school board is penalized in its state 252

funding for drop-out prevention programs for reducing the drop out rate in its school division.
3. Career education programs infused into the K through 12 curricula that promote knowledge of
careers and all types of employment opportunities including but not limited to, apprenticeships, the
military, and career education schools, and emphasize the advantages of completing school with
marketable skills. School boards may include career exploration opportunities in the middle school

4. Competency-based vocational education programs, which integrate academic outcomes, career guidance and job-seeking skills for all secondary students including those identified as handicapped that reflect employment opportunities, labor market needs, applied basic skills, job-seeking skills, and career guidance. Career guidance shall include employment counseling designed to furnish information on available employment opportunities to all students, including those identified as handicapped, and placement services for students exiting school. Each school board shall develop and implement a plan to ensure compliance with the provisions of this subsection.

265 5. Academic and vocational preparation for students who plan to continue their education beyond266 secondary school or who plan to enter employment.

267 6. Early identification of handicapped students and enrollment of such students in appropriate268 instructional programs consistent with state and federal law.

269 7. Early identification of gifted students and enrollment of such students in appropriately270 differentiated instructional programs.

8. Educational alternatives for students whose needs are not met in programs prescribed elsewhere in these standards. Such students shall be counted in average daily membership (ADM) in accordance with the regulations of the Board of Education.

9. Adult education programs for individuals functioning below the high school completion level.
Such programs may be conducted by the school board as the primary agency or through a collaborative arrangement between the school board and other agencies.

10. A plan to make achievements for students who are educationally at-risk a divisionwide prioritywhich shall include procedures for measuring the progress of such students.

E. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and
vocational education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional personnel
for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation act.
Calculations of kindergarten positions shall be based on full-day kindergarten programs. Beginning with
the March 31 report of average daily membership, those school divisions offering half-day kindergarten
shall adjust their average daily membership for kindergarten to reflect eighty-five percent of the total
kindergarten average daily memberships.

286 F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year remedial 287 programs, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be provided to fund certain full-time 288 equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K through 12 estimated to score in 289 the bottom national quartile on Virginia State Assessment Program Tests and those who fail the literacy 290 tests prescribed by the Board and those who fail the literary tests Standards of Learning Assessments 291 prescribed by the Board. State funding for remedial programs provided pursuant to this subsection and 292 the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by 293 the local school boards. The Board of Education shall establish criteria for identification of educationally 294 at-risk students, which shall not be construed to be regulations as defined in § 9-6.14:4; however, the 295 Board of Education may, from time to time, revise these identification criteria. In order to provide 296 appropriate opportunity for input from the general public, teachers, and local school boards, the Board of 297 Education shall conduct public hearings prior to establishing or revising such identification criteria. 298 Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall give written notice by mail of the date, 299 time, and place of the hearings to all local school boards and any other persons requesting to be notified 300 of the hearings and publish notice of its intention to establish or revise such identification criteria in the

301 Virginia Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be given reasonable opportunity to be heard and302 present information prior to final adoption of any such identification criteria or revisions thereto.

303 G. Licensed instructional personnel shall be assigned by each school board in a manner that produces 304 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, counselors, and librarians, that are 305 306 not greater than the following ratios: (i) twenty-five to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than thirty students; if the average daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds twenty-five 307 308 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be assigned to the class; (ii) twenty-four to one in grade one with 309 no class being larger than thirty students; (iii) twenty-five to one in grades two and three with no class 310 being larger than thirty students; (iv) twenty-five to one in grades four through six with no class being 311 larger than thirty-five students; and (v) twenty-four to one in English classes in grades six through 312 twelve.

313 Further, pursuant to the appropriation act, school boards may implement in kindergarten through third 314 grade, within certain schools, lower ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time 315 equivalent teaching positions by assigning instructional personnel in a manner that produces ratios of 316 students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, excluding special 317 education teachers, principals, assistant principals, counselors, and librarians, as follows: (i) in schools 318 having high concentrations of at-risk students, eighteen to one; and (ii) in schools having moderate 319 concentrations of at-risk students, twenty to one. For the purposes of this subsection, "schools having 320 high concentrations of at-risk students" and "schools having moderate concentrations of at-risk students" 321 shall be defined in the appropriation act.

In addition, instructional personnel shall be assigned by each school board in a manner that produces
 schoolwide ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of
 twenty-five to one in middle schools and high schools.

325 H. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in average daily membership (ADM) in the relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a 326 327 nonpublic school or (ii) receiving home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in 328 public school on a less than full-time basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, 329 vocational education, fine arts, or foreign language course shall be counted in the average daily 330 membership (ADM) in the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation 331 act. However, no such nonpublic or home school student shall be counted as more than one-half a 332 student for purposes of such pro rata calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such 333 students in any other public school courses.

§ 22.1-253.13:3. Standard 3. Accreditation, other standards and evaluation.

334

A. The General Assembly recognizes the need for the Board of Education to prescribe requirementsto ensure that student progress is measured and that school boards and school personnel are accountable.

337 B. The Board of Education shall promulgate regulations establishing standards for accreditation pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 9-6.14:1 et seq.) which shall include, but not be limited 338 339 to, student outcome measures, requirements and guidelines for instructional programs, administrative and 340 instructional staffing levels and positions, pupil personnel services, special education program standards, 341 auxiliary education programs such as library and media services, course and credit requirements for 342 graduation from high school, community relations, and the philosophy, goals, and objectives of public 343 education in Virginia. In revising the standards for accreditation, the Board shall seek to set 344 pupil-teacher ratios for educable mentally retarded (EMR) pupils that do not exceed the pupil-teacher 345 ratios for self-contained classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities. The Board shall review 346 annually the accreditation status of all schools in the Commonwealth.

347 C. The Board shall also establish requirements for certification of teachers, principals, supervisors348 and other professional staff and determine eligibility for appointment as a local division superintendent.

349 D. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall develop and the Board of Education shall approve 350 criteria for determining and recognizing educational performance in the Commonwealth's public school 351 divisions and schools. Such criteria, when approved, shall become an integral part of the accreditation 352 process and shall include student outcome measurements. One year following the approval by the Board 353 of such criteria, the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall annually identify to the Board those 354 school divisions and schools that exceed or do not meet the approved criteria. The Superintendent of 355 Public Instruction shall assist local school boards in the implementation of action plans for increasing educational performance in those school divisions and schools that are identified as not meeting the 356 357 approved criteria. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall monitor the implementation of and 358 report to the Board of Education on the effectiveness of the corrective actions taken to improve the 359 educational performance in such school divisions and schools.

E. In order to assess the educational progress of students, the Board of Education shall also (i) develop appropriate assessments which may include criterion-referenced tests and alternative assessment

SB120ER

362 instruments which may be used by classroom teachers; and (ii) prescribe and provide measures, which may include nationally normed tests, to be designated as the Virginia State Assessment Program, which 363 364 shall be used to identify students who score in the bottom quartile at selected grade levels; and (iii) 365 prescribe and provide literacy tests in reading, writing and mathematics which shall be administered to 366 students in grade six and to students who have not successfully passed them in grades seven and eight.

367 F. Each local school board shall maintain schools which meet the standards of accreditation as 368 prescribed by the Board of Education. The accreditation status of all schools in each local school 369 division shall be reviewed annually in public session. Within the time specified by the Board of 370 Education, each school board shall submit corrective action plans for any schools within its school 371 division that have been designated as not meeting the criteria for determining effectiveness as approved 372 by the Board.

373 G. Each local school board shall also provide teachers and principals with (i) periodic in-service 374 training in preparing tests and other assessment measures and (ii) methods for assessing the progress of 375 individual students, including Standards of Learning Assessment materials or other criterion-referenced 376 tests which match locally developed objectives.

377 H. In order to assess the educational progress of students as individuals and as groups, each local 378 school board shall require the administration of appropriate assessments, which may include 379 criterion-referenced tests, teacher-made tests and alternative assessment instruments and shall include the 380 Virginia State Assessment Program, the Virginia Literacy Testing Program, the Standards of Learning 381 Assessments, and the National Assessment of Educational Progress state-by-state assessment. Each school 382 board shall analyze and report annually, in compliance with any criteria which may be established by 383 the Board of Education, the results from the Virginia State Assessment Program and the Virginia State 384 Literacy Testing Program Standards of Learning Assessments to the public. 385

§ 22.1-253.13:4. Standard 4. Diplomas and certificates.

386 A. The General Assembly and the Board of Education recognize the need to reduce the illiteracy rate 387 in the Commonwealth and the need to prescribe requirements for completion of high school programs. 388 To this end, the General Assembly and the Board hereby establish the requirement for a Literacy 389 Passport for all students prior to grade nine and criteria for diplomas and certificates. All school boards 390 are encouraged to utilize the pre-test for fourth graders.

391 B. Each local school board shall award Literacy Passports to all students, including students with 392 disabilities, who achieve passing scores on the literacy tests established by the Board of Education. 393 Reasonable accommodation to take the literacy tests shall be provided as needed for students with 394 disabilities. In order to be classified as ninth graders or above, students shall be required to obtain a 395 Literacy Passport, except for those (i) students who are identified as disabled pursuant to Board 396 regulations governing special education programs for students with disabilities in Virginia and (ii) 397 students for whom English is not the first or native language who have been identified as having limited 398 English proficiency and who have been enrolled in a public school in the Commonwealth for less than 399 three years. To remain classified as ninth graders or above, such students identified as having limited 400 English proficiency must achieve passing scores on the first literacy tests administered after three years 401 of enrollment in a public school in the Commonwealth.

402 To meet the goal of this subsection, each school board shall analyze its pass/fail rates and evaluate 403 the needs of students who do not pass the tests required to obtain the Literacy Passport. The analysis 404 and evaluation shall be used to design the remediation programs required in subsection C of <u>§ 22.1-253.13:1.</u> 405

406 C. Each local school board shall award diplomas to all secondary school students, including students 407 who transfer from nonpublic schools or from home instruction, who earn the units of credit prescribed 408 by the Board of Education, pass the prescribed literacy tests, and meet such other requirements as may 409 be prescribed by the local school board and approved by the Board of Education. Provisions shall be 410 made for students who transfer between secondary schools and from nonpublic schools or from home 411 instruction as outlined in the standards for accreditation. Further, reasonable accommodation to meet the 412 requirements for diplomas shall be provided for otherwise qualified students with disabilities as needed.

413 D. B. Students identified as disabled who complete the requirements of their individualized education 414 programs shall be awarded special diplomas by local school boards.

415 E. C. Students who have completed a prescribed course of study as defined by the local school board 416 shall be awarded certificates by local school boards if they do not qualify for diplomas.

417 § 22.1-254.01. Certain students required to attend summer school or after-school sessions.

418 In the event that a student is required to take a special program of prevention, intervention, or 419 remediation in a public summer school program or to participate in another form of remediation as 420 provided in subsection C of § 22.1-253.13:1 and in accordance with subsection E of § 22.1-254, and the 421 division superintendent determines that remediation of the student's poor academic performance, or passage of the literacy passport test, or passage of the literacy passport test Standards of Learning 422

423 Assessments, or promotion is directly related to the student's attendance in such summer school program 424 or participation in another form of remediation, and after a reasonable effort to seek the student's 425 attendance in such session has failed, including direct notification of the parents or guardians of such 426 student of the attendance requirement and failure of the parents or guardians to secure the student's 427 attendance, the division superintendent may seek immediate compliance with the compulsory school 428 attendance law as set forth in § 22.1-254.

429 3. That the provisions of the second enactment shall be effective July 1, 2003.

430 4. That effective July 1, 1998, the Literacy Passport Tests administered as described in clause (iii) 431 of subsection E of § 22.1-253.13:3 shall be phased out as follows: in school year 1997-1998, the 432 Literacy Passport shall be administered to students in grades six, seven, and eight, and to graded 433 students and ungraded students, as applicable, in grades nine, ten, eleven, and twelve, and to 434 adults and students returning to upgrade a certificate of completion or special diploma to a standard or advanced studies diploma. For students in grade six in school year 1997-1998, the test 435 436 results shall be for informational purposes only and shall not be used as a graduation requirement or for classification as a ninth grader but shall be used for remediation purposes. In school year 437 438 1998-1999, the Literacy Passport shall be administered to students in grade eight, and to graded 439 students and ungraded students, as applicable, in grades nine, ten, eleven, and twelve, and to 440 adults and students returning to upgrade a certificate of completion or special diploma to a 441 standard or advanced studies diploma. In school year 1999-2000, the Literacy Passport shall be 442 administered to graded students and ungraded students, as applicable, in grades nine, ten, eleven, 443 and twelve, and to adults and students returning to upgrade a certificate of completion or special 444 diploma to a standard or advanced studies diploma. In school year 2000-2001, the Literacy 445 Passport shall be administered to graded students and ungraded students, as applicable, in grades 446 ten, eleven, and twelve, and to adults and students returning to upgrade a certificate of completion or special diploma to a standard or advanced studies diploma. In school year 2001-2002, the 447 448 Literacy Passport shall be administered to graded students and ungraded students, as applicable, 449 in grades eleven and twelve, and to adults and students returning to upgrade a certificate of 450 completion or special diploma to a standard or advanced studies diploma. In school year 2002-2003, 2003-2004, and 2004-2005, the Literacy Passport shall be administered to graded 451 452 students and ungraded students, as applicable, in grade twelve, and to adults and students 453 returning to upgrade a certificate of completion or special diploma to a standard or advanced 454 studies diploma. After school year 2004-2005, the Literacy Passport shall be administered to adults 455 and students returning to upgrade a certificate of completion or special diploma to a standard or 456 advanced studies diploma. Each local school board shall award Literacy Passports to individuals, 457 including individuals with disabilities, who achieve passing scores on the Literacy Passport Tests 458 administered pursuant to this schedule. Reasonable accommodation to take these tests shall be 459 provided as needed for individuals with disabilities.

5. That for the purpose of determining the future fiscal impact of requiring remediation for those 460 461 students failing the Standards of Learning (SOL) Assessments, the Board of Education shall, following the 1998 and 1999 administrations of the SOL Assessments, determine the degree to 462 463 which the current funding mechanisms are sufficient to address the remedial needs of those 464 students failing the SOL Assessments. The Board shall provide to the Governor and Chairmen of 465 the House Committees on Appropriations and Education and the Senate Committees on Finance 466 and Education and Health, by December 1, 1998, an interim report addressing their initial findings, and by December 1, 1999, a final report on the findings for both years and any 467 468 recommendations to the current remedial and at-risk funding programs, for the 2000-2002 biennial budget, to ensure access to remedial services for those students failing the SOL 469 470 Assessments.