VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY -- 1998 RECONVENED SESSION

CHAPTER 794

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 32.1-102.3:2 and 32.1-102.4 of the Code of Virginia and to repeal § 32.1-102.3:2.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to certificates of public need.

[S 466]

Approved April 22, 1998

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 32.1-102.3:2 and 32.1-102.4 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 32.1-102.3:2. Certificates of public need; applications for increases in nursing home bed supplies to be filed in response to Requests For Applications (RFAs).

A. Except for applications for continuing care retirement community nursing home bed projects filed by continuing care providers registered with the State Corporation Commission pursuant to Chapter 49 (§ 38.2-4900 et seq.) of Title 38.2 *which comply with the requirements established in this section*, the Commissioner of Health shall only approve, authorize or accept applications for the issuance of any certificate of public need pursuant to this article for any project which would result in an increase in the number of beds *in a planning district* in which nursing facility or extended care services are provided when such applications are filed in response to Requests For Applications (RFAs).

B. The Board of Health shall adopt regulations establishing standards for the approval and issuance of Requests for Applications by the Commissioner of Health. The standards shall include, but shall not be limited to, a requirement that determinations of need take into account any limitations on access to existing nursing home beds in the planning districts. The RFAs, which shall be published at least annually, shall be jointly developed by the Department of Health and the Department of Medical Assistance Services and based on analyses of the need, or lack thereof, for increases in the nursing home bed supply in each of the Commonwealth's planning districts in accordance with standards adopted by the Board of Health by regulation. The Commissioner shall only accept for review applications in response to such RFAs which conform with the geographic and bed need determinations of the specific RFA.

C. Sixty days prior to the Commissioner's approval and issuance of any Request For Applications, the Board of Health shall publish the proposed RFA in the Virginia Register for public comment together with an explanation of (i) the regulatory basis for the planning district bed needs set forth in the RFA and (ii) the rationale for the RFA's planning district designations. Any person objecting to the contents of the proposed RFA may notify, within fourteen days of the publication, the Board and the Commissioner of his objection and the objection's regulatory basis. The Commissioner shall prepare, and deliver by registered mail, a written response to each such objection within two weeks of the date of receiving the objection. The objector may file a rebuttal to the Commissioner's response in writing within five days of receiving the Commissioner's response. If objections are received, the Board shall may, after considering the provisions of the RFA, any objections, the Commissioner's responses, and if filed, any written rebuttals of the Commissioner's responses, hold a public hearing to receive comments on the specific RFA. Prior to making a decision on the Request for Applications, the Commissioner shall consider any recommendations made by the Board.

D. Except for a continuing care retirement community applying for a certificate of public need pursuant to provisions of subsections A, B, and C above, applications for continuing care retirement community nursing home bed projects shall be accepted by the Commissioner of Health only if the following criteria are met: (i) the facility is registered with the State Corporation Commission as a continuing care provider pursuant to Chapter 49 (§ 38.2-4900 et seq.) of Title 38.2, (ii) the number of new nursing home beds requested in the initial application does not exceed the lesser of twenty percent of the continuing care retirement community's total number of beds that are not nursing home beds or sixty beds, (iii) the number of new nursing home beds requested in any subsequent application does not cause the continuing care retirement community's total number of nursing home beds to exceed twenty percent of its total number of beds that are not nursing home beds to exceed twenty percent of its total number of beds that are not nursing home beds to exceed twenty percent community has established a qualified resident assistance policy.

E. The Commissioner of Health may approve an initial certificate of public need for nursing home beds in a continuing care retirement community not to exceed the lesser of sixty beds or twenty percent of the total number of beds that are not nursing home beds which authorizes an initial one-time, three-year open admission period during which the continuing care retirement community may accept direct admissions into its nursing home beds. The Commissioner of Health may approve a certificate of public need for nursing home beds in a continuing care retirement community in addition to those nursing home beds requested for the initial one-time, three-year open admission period if (i) the number of new nursing home beds requested in any subsequent application does not cause the continuing care retirement community's total number of nursing home beds to exceed twenty percent of its total number of beds that are not nursing beds, (ii) the number of licensed nursing home beds within the continuing care retirement community does not and will not exceed twenty percent of the number of occupied beds that are not nursing beds, and (iii) no open-admission period is allowed for these nursing home beds. Upon the expiration of any initial one-time, three-year open admission period, a continuing care retirement community which has obtained a certificate of public need for a nursing facility project pursuant to subsection D may admit into its nursing home beds (i) a standard contract holder who has been a bona fide resident of the non-nursing home portion of the continuing care retirement community for at least thirty days, or (ii) a person who is a standard contract holder who has lived in the non-nursing home portion of the continuing care retirement community for less than thirty days but who requires nursing home care due to change in health status since admission to the continuing care retirement community, or (iii) a person who is a family member of a standard contract holder residing in a non-nursing home portion of the continuing care retirement community.

F. Any continuing care retirement community applicant for a certificate of public need to increase the number of nursing home beds shall authorize the State Corporation Commission to disclose such information to the Commissioner as may be in the State Corporation Commission's possession concerning such continuing care retirement community in order to allow the Commissioner of Health to enforce the provisions of this section. The State Corporation Commission shall provide the Commissioner with the requested information when so authorized.

G. For the purposes of this section:

"Family member" means spouse, mother, father, son, daughter, brother, sister, aunt, uncle or cousin by blood, marriage or adoption.

"One-time, three-year open admission period" means the three years after the initial licensure of nursing home beds during which the continuing care retirement community may take admissions directly into its nursing home beds without the signing of a standard contract. The facility or a related facility on the same campus shall not be granted any open admissions period for any subsequent application or authorization for nursing home beds.

"Qualified resident assistance policy" means a procedure, consistently followed by a facility, pursuant to which the facility endeavors to avoid requiring a resident to leave the facility because of inability to pay regular charges and which complies with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Service for maintenance of status as a tax exempt charitable organization under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code. This policy shall be (i) generally made known to residents through the resident contract and (ii) supported by reasonable and consistent efforts to promote the availability of funds, either through a special fund, separate foundation or access to other available funds, to assist residents who are unable to pay regular charges in whole or in part.

This policy may (i) take into account the sound financial management of the facility, including existing reserves, and the reasonable requirements of lenders and (ii) include requirements that residents seeking such assistance provide all requested financial information and abide by reasonable conditions, including seeking to qualify for other assistance and restrictions on the transfer of assets to third parties.

A qualified resident assistance policy shall not constitute the business of insurance as defined in Chapter 1 (§ 38.2-100 et seq.) of Title 38.2.

"Standard contract" means a contract requiring the same entrance fee, terms, and conditions as contracts executed with residents of the non-nursing home portion of the facility, if the entrance fee is no less than the amount defined in § 38.2-4900.

H. This section shall not be construed to prohibit or prevent a continuing care retirement community from discharging a resident (i) for breach of nonfinancial contract provisions, (ii) if medically appropriate care can no longer be provided to the resident, or (iii) if the resident is a danger to himself or others while in the facility.

I. The provisions of subsections D, E, and H of this section shall not affect any certificate of public need issued prior to July 1, 1998; however, any certificate of public need application for additional nursing home beds shall be subject to the provisions of this act.

§ 32.1-102.4. Conditions of certificates; monitoring; revocation of certificates.

A. A certificate shall be issued with a schedule for the completion of the project and a maximum capital expenditure amount for the project. The schedule may not be extended and the maximum capital expenditure may not be exceeded without the approval of the Commissioner in accordance with the regulations of the Board.

B. The Commissioner shall monitor each project for which a certificate is issued to determine its progress and compliance with the schedule and with the maximum capital expenditure. The Commissioner shall also monitor all continuing care retirement communities for which a certificate is issued authorizing the establishment of a nursing home facility or an increase in the number of nursing home beds pursuant to § 32.1-102.3:2 and shall enforce compliance with the conditions for such applications which are required by § 32.1-102.3:2. Any willful violation of a provision of § 32.1-102.3:2

or conditions of a certificate of public need granted under the provisions of § 32.1-102.3:2 shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to \$100 per violation per day until the date the Commissioner determines that such facility is in compliance.

C. A certificate may be revoked when:

1. Substantial and continuing progress towards completion of the project in accordance with the schedule has not been made;

2. The maximum capital expenditure amount set for the project is exceeded; or

3. The applicant has willfully or recklessly misrepresented intentions or facts in obtaining a certificate; or

4. A continuing care retirement community applicant has failed to honor the conditions of a certificate allowing the establishment of a nursing home facility or granting an increase in the number of nursing home beds in an existing facility which was approved in accordance with the requirements of § 32.1-102.3:2.

D. Notwithstanding the authority of the Commissioner to grant an extension of a schedule for completion of the project pursuant to subsection A of this section, no extension shall be granted for any nursing home bed project beyond June 30, 1992. However, the Commissioner may grant an extension of a schedule for completion for an additional nine months upon determining that (i) substantial and continuing progress has been made toward completion of the project; (ii) the project owner had agreed in writing prior to February 13, 1991, to delay the project to facilitate cost savings for the Commonwealth; and (iii) construction of the project was initiated on or before April 15, 1992. The Commissioner may also grant an extension of a schedule for completion for an additional six months to project owners who did not agree in writing prior to February 13, 1991, to delay their projects upon determining that (i) substantial and continuing progress has been made toward completion for an additional six months to project owners who did not agree in writing prior to February 13, 1991, to delay their projects upon determining that (i) substantial and continuing progress has been made toward completion of the project approved prior to January 1, 1991, which has not been completed by June 30, 1992, or by the expiration date of any approved extension, which in no case shall be later than March 31, 1993, shall be revoked. However, the Commissioner shall not revoke the certificate of public need for:

1. Any nursing home bed project for sixty beds proposed as part of a retirement community that is not a continuing care provider as defined in § 38.2-4900 if (i) the certificate of public need was issued after May 1, 1988, and was in force on November 1, 1991, (ii) construction of the nursing home bed project is initiated by June 30, 1992, and (iii) the facility is completed by June 30, 1993.

2. Any nursing home bed project to add forty beds to an existing facility if (i) the project owner had agreed to delay the project to facilitate cost savings for the Commonwealth prior to February 13, 1991, (ii) the owner was seeking funding from the Department of Housing and Urban Development prior to February 13, 1992, (iii) the facility receives a feasibility approval for such funding from the Department of Housing and Urban Development by May 1, 1992, (iv) the facility closes a loan to fund the project by October 30, 1992, and (v) the facility is completed by October 31, 1993.

3. Any nursing home bed project for less than thirty beds proposed as part of a retirement community that is not a continuing care provider as defined in § 38.2-4900 if (i) the certificate of public need was issued after May 1, 1988, and was in force on November 1, 1991, (ii) construction of the nursing home bed project was initiated before December 1, 1991, (iii) the owner of the nursing home bed project agrees in writing prior to July 1, 1992, to restrict use of the nursing home beds to residents of such retirement community, (iv) construction on the nursing home bed project that was not completed by August 27, 1991, is resumed by August 1, 1993, and (v) the nursing home bed project is completed by July 31, 1994.

E. Further, the Commissioner shall not approve an extension for a schedule for completion of any project or the exceeding of the maximum capital expenditure of any project unless such extension or excess complies with the limitations provided in the regulations promulgated by the Board pursuant to \S 32.1-102.2.

F. E. Any person willfully violating the Board's regulations establishing limitations for schedules for completion of any project or limitations on the exceeding of the maximum capital expenditure of any project shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to \$100 per violation per day until the date of completion of the project.

G. F. The Commissioner may condition, pursuant to the regulations of the Board, the approval of a certificate (i) upon the agreement of the applicant to provide a level of care at a reduced rate to indigents or accept patients requiring specialized care or (ii) upon the agreement of the applicant to facilitate the development and operation of primary medical care services in designated medically underserved areas of the applicant's service area.

Any person willfully refusing, failing, or neglecting to honor such agreement shall be subject to a civil penalty of *up to* \$100 per violation per day until the date of compliance.

H. G. For the purposes of this section, "completion" means conclusion of construction activities necessary for the substantial performance of the contract.

2. That § 32.1-102.3:2.1 of the Code of Virginia is repealed.

3. That any continuing care retirement community with a certificate of public need issued on August 1, 1997, shall be eligible for a one-time, eighteen-month open admission period for sixty beds.