## 1997 SESSION

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promote educational opportunities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

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## **SENATE BILL NO. 932**

Patrons—Houck, Couric, Howell and Lucas

Referred to the Committee on Education and Health

Offered January 16, 1997

A BILL to amend and reenact § 22.1-199.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to programs designed to

11 1. That § 22.1-199.1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: § 22.1-199.1. Programs designed to promote educational opportunities. 12 A. The General Assembly finds that Virginia educational research supports the conclusion that poor 13 14 children are more at risk of educational failure than children from more affluent homes and that reduced pupil-teacher ratios and class sizes result in improved academic performance among young children; to 15 this end, the General Assembly establishes a long-term goal of reducing pupil-teacher ratios and class 16 sizes for grades K through 3 in those schools in the Commonwealth with high or moderate 17 concentrations of at-risk students. 18

Effective July 1, 1996, and with such funds as are provided in the Appropriation Act appropriation 19 20 act for this purpose, there is hereby established the statewide voluntary pupil-teacher ratio and class size 21 reduction program for the purpose of reaching the long-term goal of statewide voluntary pupil-teacher ratio and class size reductions for grades K through 3 in schools with high or moderate concentrations 22 23 of at-risk students, consistent with the provisions first provided during the 1994-1995 school year.

24 In order to facilitate these primary grade ratio and class size reductions, the Department of Education 25 shall calculate the state funding of these voluntary ratio and class size reductions based on the incremental cost of providing the lower class sizes according to the greater of the division average 26 27 per-pupil cost of all divisions or the actual division per-pupil cost. Localities shall provide matching funds for these voluntary ratio and class size reductions based on the composite index of local ability to 28 29 pay. School divisions shall notify the Department of Education of their intention to implement the 30 reduced ratios and class sizes in one or more of their qualifying schools by August 1 of each year. By March 31 of each year, school divisions shall forward data substantiating that each participating school 31 32 has a complying pupil-teacher ratio.

33 In developing the proposed 1996-1998 biennium budget for public education, the Board of Education 34 shall include funding for these ratios and class sizes. Effective July 1, 1996, the ratios and class sizes 35 shall be included in the annual budget for public education.

36 B. The General Assembly finds that educational technology is one of the most important 37 components, along with highly skilled teachers, in ensuring the delivery of quality public school 38 education throughout the Commonwealth and, to this end, the following program is established. With 39 such funds as are appropriated for this purpose, the Board of Education shall award to the several school divisions grants for expanded access to educational technology. Funding for educational technology 40 41 training for instructional personnel shall be provided as set forth in the Appropriation Actappropriation act. Each qualifying school board shall establish an individualized technology plan, which shall be 42 43 approved by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for integrating technology into the classroom and into schoolwide instructional programs. The grants shall be prioritized as follows: 44

1. In the 1994 biennium, the first priority for these funds shall be to automate the library media 45 centers and provide network capabilities in Virginia's elementary, middle and high schools, or 46 47 combination thereof, in order to ensure access to the statewide library and other information networks. If any elementary, middle or high school has already met this priority, the 1994 biennium grant shall be **48** used to provide other educational technologies identified in the relevant division's approved technology 49 plan, such as multimedia and telecomputing packages, integrated learning systems, laptop computer loan 50 programs, vocational technology laboratories or other electronic techniques designed to enhance public 51 education and to facilitate teacher training in and implementation of effective instructional technology. 52 53 The Board shall also distribute, as provided in the Appropriation Actappropriation act, funds to support 54 the purchase of electronic reference materials for use in the statewide automated reference system.

2. In the 1996 biennium, the first priority for funding shall be consistent with those components of 55 the Board of Education's revised six-year technology plan which focus on (i) retrofitting and upgrading 56 existing school buildings to efficiently use educational technology; (ii) providing (a) one network-ready 57 multimedia microcomputer for each classroom, (b) a five-to-one ratio of pupils to network-ready 58 59 microcomputers, (c) graphing calculators and relevant scientific probes/sensors as required by the

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60 Standards of Learning, and (d) training and professional development on available technologies and 61 software to all levels and positions; and (iii) assisting school divisions in developing integrated voice, 62 video, and data-connectivity to local, national and international resources. This funding may be used to 63 implement a local school division's long-range technology plan, at the discretion of the relevant school 64 board, if the local plan meets or exceeds the goals and standards of the Board's revised six-year 65 technology plan and has been approved by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

3. The Departments of Education, Information Technology, and General Services shall coordinate
master contracts for the purchase by local school boards of the aforementioned educational technologies
and reference materials.

69 C. The General Assembly finds that effective prevention programs designed to assist children at risk 70 of school failure and dropout are practical mechanisms for reducing violent and criminal activity and for ensuring that Virginia's children will reach adulthood with the skills necessary to succeed in the 71 72 twenty-first century; to this end, the following program is hereby established. With such funds as are appropriated for this purpose, the General Assembly hereby establishes a grant program to be disbursed 73 74 by the Department of Education to schools and community-based organizations to provide quality 75 preschool programs for at-risk four-year-olds who are unserved by another such program. The grants shall be used to provide full-day and at least school-year programs for at-risk four-year-old children that 76 77 include quality preschool education, health services, social services, parental involvement *including* 78 activities to promote family literacy, and transportation. The Department of Education, in cooperation 79 with such other state agencies which may coordinate child day care and early childhood programs, shall 80 establish guidelines for quality preschool education and criteria for the service components, consistent with the findings of the November 1993 study by the Board of Education, the Department of Education, 81 and the Council on Child Day Care and Early Childhood Programs. During the 1995-96 fiscal year, the 82 83 Board of Education shall, with such funds as are appropriated for this purpose, distribute grants, based on an allocation formula providing the state share of the grant per child, as specified in the Appropriation Act, for thirty percent of the unserved at-risk four-year-olds in the Commonwealth 84 85 pursuant to the funding provided in the Appropriation Act. During the 1996-97 fiscal year, grants shall 86 87 be distributed, with such funds as are appropriated for this purpose, based on an allocation formula 88 providing the state share of the grant per child, as specified in the Appropriation Act, for sixty percent 89 of the unserved at-risk four-year-olds in the Commonwealth, such sixty percent to be calculated by 90 adding services for thirty percent more of the unserved at-risk children to the thirty percent of unserved 91 at-risk children in each locality provided funding in the Appropriation Act.

92 In order for a locality to qualify for these grants, the local governing body shall commit to providing 93 the required matching funds, based on the composite index of local ability to pay. Localities may use, 94 for the purposes of meeting the local match, local expenditures for existing qualifying programs and 95 shall also continue to pursue and coordinate other funding sources, including child care subsidies. Funds 96 received through this program shall be used to supplement, not supplant, any funds currently provided 97 for preschool programs within the locality.

98 D. The General Assembly finds that local autonomy in making decisions on local educational needs 99 and priorities results in effective grass-roots efforts to improve education in the Commonwealth's public schools only when coupled with sufficient state funding; to this end, the following block grant program 100 101 is hereby established. With such funds as are provided in the appropriations appropriation act, the 102 Department of Education shall distribute block grants to localities to enable compliance with the 103 Commonwealth's requirements for school divisions in effect on January 1, 1995. Therefore, for the 104 purpose of such compliance, the block grant herein established shall consist of a sum equal to the 105 amount appropriated in the appropriations appropriation act for the covered programs, including the at-risk add-on program; dropout prevention, specifically Project YES; Project Discovery; English as a 106 107 second English-as-second-language programs, including programs for overage, nonschooled students; 108 Advancement Via Individual Determination (AVID); the Homework Assistance Program; programs 109 initiated under the Virginia Guaranteed Assistance Program, except that such funds shall not be used to 110 pay any college expenses of participating students; Reading Recovery; and school/community health 111 centers. Each school board may use any funds received through the block grant to implement the 112 covered programs and other programs designed to save the Commonwealth's children from educational 113 failure.