## **1997 SESSION**

977340408 1 **HOUSE BILL NO. 2636** 2 Offered January 20, 1997 3 A BILL to amend and reenact § 15.1-466 of the Code of Virginia, relating to subdivision ordinances. 4 5 6 7 Patrons—Plum: Senators: Benedetti and Waddell Referred to Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns 8 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 10 1. That § 15.1-466 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 § 15.1-466. Provisions of subdivision ordinance. A. A subdivision ordinance shall include reasonable regulations and provisions that apply to or 12 13 provide: 14 1. For plat details which shall meet the standard for plats as adopted under § 42.1-82 of the Virginia 15 Public Records Act (§ 42.1-76 et seq.); 2. For the coordination of streets within and contiguous to the subdivision with other existing or 16 17 planned streets within the general area as to location, widths, grades and drainage, including, for ordinances and amendments thereto adopted on or after January 1, 1990, for the coordination of such 18 streets with existing or planned streets in existing or future adjacent or contiguous to adjacent 19 20 subdivisions; 21 3. For adequate provisions for drainage and flood control and other public purposes, and for light 22 and air, and for identifying soil characteristics; 4. For the extent to which and the manner in which streets shall be graded, graveled or otherwise 23 24 improved and water and storm and sanitary sewer and other public utilities or other community facilities 25 are to be installed; 5. For the acceptance of dedication for public use of any right-of-way located within any subdivision 26 27 or section thereof, which has constructed or proposed to be constructed within the subdivision or section thereof, any street, curb, gutter, sidewalk, bicycle trail, drainage or sewerage system, waterline as part of 28 29 a public system or other improvement dedicated for public use, and maintained by the locality, the 30 Commonwealth, or other public agency, and for the provision of other site-related improvements required by local ordinances for vehicular ingress and egress, including traffic signalization and control, 31 32 for public access streets, for structures necessary to ensure stability of critical slopes, and for storm 33 water management facilities, financed or to be financed in whole or in part by private funds only if the 34 owner or developer (i) certifies to the governing body that the construction costs have been paid to the 35 person constructing such facilities; (ii) furnishes to the governing body a certified check or cash escrow 36 in the amount of the estimated costs of construction or a personal, corporate or property bond, with 37 surety satisfactory to the governing body or its designated administrative agency, in an amount sufficient 38 for and conditioned upon the construction of such facilities, or a contract for the construction of such 39 facilities and the contractor's bond, with like surety, in like amount and so conditioned; or (iii) furnishes 40 to the governing body a bank or savings institution's letter of credit on certain designated funds 41 satisfactory to the governing body or its designated administrative agency as to the bank or savings 42 institution, the amount and the form. The amount of such certified check, cash escrow, bond, or letter of 43 credit shall not exceed the total of the estimated cost of construction based on unit prices for new public 44 or private sector construction in the locality and a reasonable allowance for estimated administrative 45 costs, inflation, and potential damage to existing roads or utilities, which shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the estimated construction costs. 46 If a developer records a final plat which may be a section of a subdivision as shown on an approved 47 **48** preliminary plat and furnishes to the governing body a certified check, cash escrow, bond, or letter of 49 credit in the amount of the estimated cost of construction of the facilities to be dedicated within said 50 section for public use and maintained by the locality, the Commonwealth, or other public agency, the 51 developer shall have the right to record the remaining sections shown on the preliminary plat for a period of five years from the recordation date of the first section, or for such longer period as the local 52 53 commission or other agent may, at the approval, determine to be reasonable, taking into consideration 54 the size and phasing of the proposed development, subject to the terms and conditions of this subsection and subject to engineering and construction standards and zoning requirements in effect at the time that 55 each remaining section is recorded. In the event a governing body of a county, wherein the highway 56

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60 ordinance, require the subdivider or developer to furnish the county with a maintenance and 61 indemnifying bond, with surety satisfactory to the governing body or its designated administrative agency, in an amount sufficient for and conditioned upon the maintenance of such road until such time 62 63 as it is accepted into the secondary system of state highways. In lieu of such bond, the governing body 64 or its designated administrative agency may accept a bank or savings institution's letter of credit on 65 certain designated funds satisfactory to the governing body or its designated administrative agency as to 66 the bank or savings institution, the amount and the form, or accept payment of a negotiated sum of 67 money sufficient for and conditioned upon the maintenance of such road until such time as it is accepted into the secondary system of state highways and assume the subdivider's or developer's liability 68 for maintenance of such road. "Maintenance of such road" shall be deemed to mean maintenance of the 69 70 streets, curb, gutter, drainage facilities, utilities or other street improvements, including the correction of 71 defects or damages and the removal of snow, water or debris, so as to keep such road reasonably open 72 for public usage;

73 6. For conveyance, in appropriate cases, of common or shared easements to franchised cable 74 television operators furnishing cable television and public service corporations furnishing cable 75 television, gas, telephone and electric service to the proposed subdivision. Such easements, the location of which shall be adequate for use by public service corporations and franchised cable television 76 operators which may be expected to occupy them, may be conveyed by reference on the final plat to a 77 78 declaration of the terms and conditions of such common easements agreed to by franchised cable 79 television operators furnishing cable television and by such public service corporations and recorded in the land records of the county or city- The failure of any such franchised cable television operator to 80 81 agree to the terms and conditions set out in such declaration shall not defeat or impair any such 82 common easement conveyance; 83

7. For monuments of specific types to be installed establishing street and property lines;

84 8. That unless a plat is filed for recordation within six months after final approval thereof or such 85 longer period as may be approved by the governing body, such approval shall be withdrawn and the plat 86 marked void and returned to the approving official; however, in any case where construction of facilities 87 to be dedicated for public use has commenced pursuant to an approved plan or permit with surety 88 approved by the governing body or its designated administrative agency, or where the developer has 89 furnished surety to the governing body or its designated administrative agency by certified check, cash 90 escrow, bond, or letter of credit in the amount of the estimated cost of construction of such facilities, the 91 time for plat recordation shall be extended to one year after final approval or to the time limit specified 92 in the surety agreement approved by the governing body or its designated administrative agency, 93 whichever is greater;

94 9. For the administration and enforcement of such ordinance, not inconsistent with provisions 95 contained in this chapter, and specifically for the imposition of reasonable fees and charges for the 96 review of plats and plans, and for the inspection of facilities required by any such ordinance to be 97 installed; such fees and charges shall in no instance exceed an amount commensurate with the services 98 rendered taking into consideration the time, skill and administrator's expense involved. All such charges 99 heretofore made are hereby validated;

100 10. For payment by a subdivider or developer of land of the pro rata share of the cost of providing 101 reasonable and necessary sewerage, water, and drainage facilities, located outside the property limits of 102 the land owned or controlled by the subdivider or developer but necessitated or required, at least in part, 103 by the construction or improvement of the subdivision or development; however, no such payment shall 104 be required until such time as the governing body or a designated department or agency thereof shall have established a general sewer, water, and drainage improvement program for an area having related 105 and common sewer, water, and drainage conditions and within which the land owned or controlled by 106 107 the subdivider or developer is located or the governing body has committed itself by ordinance to the 108 establishment of such a program. Such regulations or ordinance shall set forth and establish reasonable 109 standards to determine the proportionate share of total estimated cost of ultimate sewerage, water, and 110 drainage facilities required adequately to serve a related and common area, when and if fully developed 111 in accord with the adopted comprehensive plan, that shall be borne by each subdivider or developer 112 within the area. Such share shall be limited to the proportion of such total estimated cost which the 113 increased sewage flow, water flow, and/or increased volume and velocity of storm water runoff to be 114 actually caused by the subdivision or development bears to total estimated volume and velocity of such sewage, water, and/or runoff from such area in its fully developed state. In calculating the volume and 115 116 velocity of stormwater runoff, the governing body shall take into account the effect of all on-site stormwater facilities or best management practices constructed or required to be constructed by the 117 118 subdivider or developer and give appropriate credit therefor.

Each such payment received shall be expended only for necessary engineering and related studies and 119 120 the construction of those facilities identified in the established sewer, water, and drainage program; however, in lieu of such payment the governing body may provide for the posting of a personal, 121

122 corporate or property bond, cash escrow or other method of performance guarantee satisfactory to it 123 conditioned on payment at commencement of such studies or construction. The payments received shall be kept in a separate account for each of the individual improvement programs until such time as they 124 125 are expended for the improvement program. All bonds, payments, cash escrows or other performance 126 guarantees hereunder shall be released and used, with any interest earned, as a tax credit on the real 127 estate taxes on the property if construction of the facilities identified in the established water, sewer and 128 drainage programs is not commenced within twelve years from the date of the posting of the bond, 129 payment, cash escrow or other performance guarantee;

130 11. Any funds collected for pro rata programs under subdivision 10 of this subsection prior to July 1, 131 1990, shall continue to be held in separate, interest bearing accounts for the project or projects for which 132 the funds were collected and any interest from such accounts shall continue to accrue to the benefit of 133 the subdivider or developer until such time as the project or projects are completed or until such time as 134 a general sewer and drainage improvement program is established to replace a prior sewer and drainage 135 improvement program. If such a general improvement program is established, the governing body of any 136 county or municipality may abolish any remaining separate accounts and require the transfer of the 137 assets therein into a separate fund for the support of each of the established sewer, water, and drainage 138 programs. Upon the transfer of such assets, subdividers and developers who had met the terms of any 139 existing agreements made under a previous pro rata program shall receive any outstanding interest which 140 has accrued up to the date of transfer, and such subdividers and developers shall be released from any 141 further obligation under those existing agreements. All bonds, payments, cash escrows or other 142 performance guarantees hereunder shall be released and used, with any interest earned, as a tax credit on the real estate taxes on the property if construction of the facilities identified in the established water, 143 144 sewer and drainage programs is not commenced within twelve years from the date of the posting of the 145 bond, payment, cash escrow or other performance guarantee;

146 12. For reasonable provisions permitting a single division of a lot or parcel for the purpose of sale or 147 gift to a member of the immediate family of the property owner, subject only to any express 148 requirement contained in the Code of Virginia and to any requirement imposed by the local governing 149 body that all lots of less than five acres have reasonable right-of-way of not less than ten feet or more than twenty feet providing ingress and egress to a dedicated recorded public street or thoroughfare. Only 150 151 one such division shall be allowed per family member, and shall not be for the purpose of 152 circumventing this subdivision. For the purpose of this subdivision, a member of the immediate family 153 is defined as any person who is a natural or legally defined offspring, spouse, grandchild, grandparent, 154 or parent of the owner. The provisions of this subdivision shall apply only to subdivision ordinances 155 adopted by counties and the City of Suffolk;

156 13. For reasonable provisions, notwithstanding subdivision A 12, in a county having the urban 157 county executive form of government permitting a single division of a lot or parcel for the purpose of 158 sale or gift to a member of the immediate family of the property owner, subject only to any express 159 requirement contained in the Code of Virginia and to any requirement imposed by the local governing 160 body that all lots of less than five acres have frontage of not less than ten feet or more than twenty feet on a dedicated recorded public street or thoroughfare. Only one such division shall be allowed per 161 162 family member, and the division shall not be for the purpose of circumventing a local subdivision 163 ordinance. For the purpose of this subdivision, a member of the immediate family is defined as any 164 person who is a natural or legally defined offspring or parent of the owner;

14. For the periodic partial and final complete release of any bond, escrow, letter of credit, or other
performance guarantee required by the governing body under this section within thirty days after receipt
of written notice by the subdivider or developer of completion of part or all of any facilities required to
be constructed hereunder, unless the governing body or its designated administrative agency notifies said
subdivider or developer in writing of nonreceipt of approval by applicable state agency, or of any
specified defects or deficiencies in construction and suggested corrective measures prior to the expiration
of the thirty-day period.

172 If no such action is taken by the governing body or administrative agency within the time specified 173 above, the request shall be deemed approved, and a partial release granted to the subdivider or 174 developer. No final release shall be granted until after expiration of such thirty-day period and there is 175 an additional request in writing sent by certified mail return receipt to the chief administrative officer of 176 such governing body. The governing body or its designated administrative agency shall act within ten 177 working days of receipt of the request; then if no action is taken, the request shall be deemed approved 178 and final release granted to the subdivider or developer.

After receipt of the written notices required above, if the governing body or administrative agency
takes no action within the times specified above and the subdivider or developer files suit in the local
circuit court to obtain partial or final release of a bond, escrow, letter of credit, or other performance
guarantee, as the case may be, the circuit court, upon finding the governing body or its administrative

agency was without good cause in failing to act, shall award such subdivider or developer his reasonablecosts and attorneys' fees.

185 No governing body or administrative agency shall refuse to make a periodic partial or final release of
a bond, escrow, letter of credit, or other performance guarantee for any reason not directly related to the
specified defects or deficiencies in construction of the facilities covered by said bond, escrow, letter of
credit or other performance guarantee.

189 Upon written request by the subdivider or developer, the governing body or its designated 190 administrative agency shall be required to make periodic partial releases of such bond, escrow, letter of 191 credit, or other performance guarantee in a cumulative amount equal to no less than ninety percent of 192 the original amount for which the bond, escrow, letter of credit, or other performance guarantee was 193 taken, and may make partial releases of such lower amounts as may be authorized by the governing body or its designated administrative agency based upon the percentage of facilities completed and 194 approved by the governing body, local administrative agency, or state agency having jurisdiction. 195 196 Periodic partial releases may not occur before the completion of at least thirty percent of the facilities covered by any bond, escrow, letter of credit, or other performance guarantee. The governing body or 197 198 administrative agency shall not be required to execute more than three periodic partial releases in any 199 twelve-month period. Upon final completion and acceptance of said facilities, the governing body or administrative agency shall release any remaining bond, escrow, letter of credit, or other performance 200 201 guarantee to the subdivider or developer. For the purpose of final release, the term "acceptance" is 202 deemed to mean: when said public facility is accepted by and taken over for operation and maintenance 203 by the state agency, local government department or agency, or other public authority which is 204 responsible for maintaining and for operating such facility upon acceptance.

205 For the purposes of this subsection, a certificate of partial or final completion of such facilities from
206 either a duly licensed professional engineer or land surveyor, as defined in and limited to § 54.1-400, or
207 from a department or agency designated by the local government may be accepted without requiring
208 further inspection of such facilities.

B. A subdivision ordinance may include provisions for variations in or exceptions to the general
regulations of the subdivision ordinance in cases of unusual situations or when strict adherence to the
general regulations would result in substantial injustice or hardship.

C. A subdivision ordinance may require the furnishing of a preliminary opinion from the applicable
health official regarding the suitability of a subdivision for installation of subsurface sewage disposal
systems where such method of sewage disposal is to be utilized in the development of a subdivision.

215 D. A subdivision ordinance may require that, in the event streets in a subdivision will not be 216 constructed to meet the standards necessary for inclusion in the secondary system of state highways or 217 for state street maintenance moneys paid to municipalities, the subdivision plat and all approved deeds of subdivision, or similar instruments, must contain a statement advising that the streets in the 218 219 subdivision do not meet state standards and will not be maintained by the Department of Transportation 220 or the county or the municipalities enacting the ordinances. Grantors of any subdivision lots to which 221 such statement applies must include the statement on each deed of conveyance thereof. However, 222 counties and municipalities in their ordinances may establish minimum standards for construction of 223 streets that will not be built to state standards.

For streets constructed or to be constructed, as provided for in this subsection, a subdivision ordinance may require that the same procedure be followed as that set forth in subdivision A 5 of this section. Further, the subdivision ordinance may provide that the developer's financial commitment shall continue until such time as the local government releases such financial commitment in accordance with the provisions of subdivision A 14 of this section.

229 E. A subdivision ordinance may include reasonable provision for the voluntary funding of off-site 230 road improvements and reimbursements of advances by the governing body. If a subdivider or developer 231 makes an advance of payments for or construction of reasonable and necessary road improvements 232 located outside the property limits of the land owned or controlled by him, the need for which is 233 substantially generated and reasonably required by the construction or improvement of his subdivision or 234 development, and such advance is accepted, the governing body may agree to reimburse the subdivider 235 or developer from such funds as the governing body may make available for such purpose from time to 236 time for the cost of such advance together with interest, which shall be excludable from gross income 237 for federal income tax purposes, at a rate equal to the rate of interest on bonds most recently issued by 238 the governing body on the following terms and conditions:

1. The governing body shall determine or confirm that the road improvements were substantially generated and reasonably required by the construction or improvement of the subdivision or development and shall determine or confirm the cost thereof, on the basis of a study or studies conducted by qualified traffic engineers and approved and accepted by the subdivider or developer.

243 2. The governing body shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, a report accepted and approved by the244 subdivider or developer, indicating the governmental services required to be furnished to the subdivision

245 or development and an estimate of the annual cost thereof for the period during which the 246 reimbursement is to be made to the subdivider or developer.

3. The governing body may make annual reimbursements to the subdivider or developer from funds
made available for such purpose from time to time, including but not limited to real estate taxes
assessed and collected against the land and improvements on the property included in the subdivision or
development in amounts equal to the amount by which such real estate taxes exceed the annual cost of
providing reasonable and necessary governmental services to such subdivision or development.

F. Site plan or plans of development which are required to be submitted and approved in accordance with § 15.1-491 (h) shall be subject to the provisions of this section, mutatis mutandis.

254 G. Notwithstanding subdivisions A 12 and A 13 of this section, a subdivision ordinance may include 255 reasonable provisions permitting divisions of lots or parcels for the purpose of sale or gift to a member 256 of the immediate family of the property owner in (i) any county or city which has had population 257 growth of ten percent or more from the next-to-latest to latest decennial census year, based on 258 population reported by the United States Bureau of the Census, provided that until the 1990 census is 259 reported, any county or city instead may qualify only if it has had an estimated population growth of ten percent or more from 1980 to the most recent year for which population estimates are available from the 260 261 Center for Public Service of the University of Virginia; (ii) any city or county adjoining such city or 262 county; (iii) any towns located within such county; and (iv) any county contiguous with at least three 263 such counties, and any town located in that county. Such divisions shall be subject to all requirements 264 of the Code of Virginia and to any requirements imposed by the local governing body.

265 H. In a county having the urban county executive form of government, in any city located within or adjacent thereto, or any county adjacent thereto or a town located within such county, in any county 266 267 with a population between 57,000 and 57,450, or in any county with a population between 60,000 and 63,000, and in any city with a population between 140,000 and 160,000, the subdivision ordinance may 268 269 include provisions for payment by a subdivider or developer of land of a pro rata share of the cost of 270 reasonable and necessary road improvements, located outside the property limits of the land owned or 271 controlled by him but serving an area having related traffic needs to which his subdivision or 272 development will contribute, to reimburse an initial subdivider or developer who has advanced such 273 costs or constructed such road improvements. Such ordinance may apply to road improvements 274 constructed after July 1, 1988, in a county having the urban county executive form of government; in a 275 city located within or adjacent to a county having the urban county executive form of government, or in 276 a county adjacent to a county having the urban county executive form of government or town located 277 within such county, in any county with a population between 57,000 and 57,450, or in any county with 278 a population between 60,000 and 63,000, such ordinance may only apply to road improvements 279 constructed after the effective date of such ordinance.

Such provisions shall provide for the adoption of a pro rata reimbursement plan which shall include reasonable standards to identify the area having related traffic needs, to determine the total estimated or actual cost of road improvements required to adequately serve the area when fully developed in accordance with the comprehensive plan or as required by proffered conditions, and to determine the proportionate share of such costs to be reimbursed by each subsequent subdivider or developer within the area, with interest (i) at the legal rate or (ii) at an inflation rate prescribed by a generally accepted index of road construction costs, whichever is less.

287 For any subdivision ordinance adopted pursuant to this subsection after February 1, 1993, no such 288 payment shall be assessed or imposed upon a subsequent developer or subdivider if (i) prior to the 289 adoption of a pro rata reimbursement plan the subsequent subdivider or developer has proffered 290 conditions pursuant to § 15.1-491 (a) for offsite road improvements and such proffered conditions have 291 been accepted by the local government, (ii) the local government has assessed or imposed an impact fee 292 on the subsequent development or subdivision pursuant to Article 8.1 (§ 15.1-498.1 et seq.) of Chapter 293 11 of this title, or (iii) the subsequent subdivider or developer has received final site plan, subdivision 294 plan, or plan of development approval from the local government prior to the adoption of a pro rata 295 reimbursement plan for the area having related traffic needs.

296 The amount of the costs to be reimbursed by a subsequent developer or subdivider shall be 297 determined before or at the time the site plan or subdivision is approved. The ordinance shall specify 298 that such costs are to be collected at the time of the issuance of a temporary or final certificate of 299 occupancy or functional use and occupancy within the development, whichever shall come first. The 300 ordinance also may provide that the required reimbursement may be paid (i) in lump sum, (ii) by 301 agreement of the parties on installment at a reasonable rate of interest or rate of inflation, whichever is 302 less, for a fixed number of years, or (iii) on such terms as otherwise agreed to by the initial and 303 subsequent subdividers and developers.

304 Such ordinance provisions may provide that no certificate of occupancy shall be issued to a 305 subsequent developer or subdivider until (i) the initial developer certifies to the local government that

- the subsequent developer has made the required reimbursement directly to him as provided above or (ii) 306
- the subsequent developer has deposited the reimbursement amount with the local government for transfer forthwith to the initial developer. 307
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