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HOUSE BILL NO. 2183

Offered January 16, 1997

A BILL to amend and reenact § 58.1-439 of the Code of Virginia, relating to major business facility job tax credit.

Patrons—Diamonstein, Behm, Christian, Crittenden, Grayson, Hamilton, Jones, J.C., Morgan, Rhodes and Robinson; Senators: Lucas, Maxwell, Norment and Williams

Referred to Committee on Finance

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 58.1-439 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 58.1-439. Major business facility job tax credit.

A. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1995, but before January 1, 2005, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the taxes imposed by Articles 2 (§ 58.1-320 et seq.), 6 (§ 58.1-360 et seq.), and 10 (§ 58.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter 3; Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.); Article 1 (§ 58.1-2500 et seq.) of Chapter 25; or Article 2 (§ 58.1-2620 et seq.) of Chapter 26 of this title as set forth in this section.

B. For purposes of this section, the amount of any credit attributable to a partnership, electing small business corporation (S corporation), or limited liability company shall be allocated to the individual partners, shareholders, or members, respectively, in proportion to their ownership or interest in such business entities.

C. A "qualified company" is a company that satisfies the following criteria:

1. The Department of Taxation shall certify: (i) that the company has established or expanded a major business facility in this Commonwealth and (ii) the date on which such facility commenced or expanded operations;

2. Subject to the provisions of subsection K, the establishment or expansion of the major business facility shall result in the creation of at least 100 jobs for qualified full-time employees; the first such 100 jobs shall be referred to as the "threshold amount"; and

3. The company is primarily engaged in the Commonwealth in the business of (i) manufacturing or mining; (ii) agriculture, forestry or fishing; (iii) transportation or communications; or (iv) a public utility subject to the corporation income tax. In addition, the following activities, whether operated as a separate trade or business, or as a separate support operation of another business, shall satisfy the requirements of this subdivision regardless of what industry the taxpayer is engaged in: (i) central administrative offices and warehouses; (ii) research, development and testing laboratories; (iii) computer-programming, data-processing and other computer-related services facilities; and (iv) financial, insurance, and real estate services. The terms used in this subdivision to refer to various types of businesses shall have the same meanings as those terms are commonly defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual.

D. For purposes of this section, the "credit year" is the first taxable year following the taxable year in which the major business facility commenced or expanded operations.

E. "Major business facility" includes, but is not limited to, a headquarters, or portion of such a facility, where ~~company staff~~ *qualified full-time* employees are physically employed, and where the majority of the company's financial, personnel, legal, or planning functions are handled either on a regional or national basis. A major business facility shall also include facilities that perform a central management or administrative function for other establishments of the same enterprise such as general management, accounting, computing, tabulating, data processing, purchasing, transportation or shipping, engineering and systems planning, advertising, legal, financial, and research and development if it otherwise meets the staffing requirements. An enterprise engaged in the Commonwealth in the business of (i) manufacturing or mining; (ii) agriculture, forestry or fishing; (iii) transportation or communications; or (iv) a public utility subject to the corporation income tax shall be deemed to have established or expanded a major business facility in this Commonwealth if it meets the requirements of subdivision C 2 during a single taxable year. The Department of Taxation shall make all determinations as to the classification of a major business facility in accordance with the provisions of this section. Only those major business facilities which have been certified by the Department of Taxation shall be eligible to receive the credit pursuant to this section.

F. A "qualified full-time employee" means an ~~employee~~ *individual* filling a new, permanent full-time position in a major business facility in this Commonwealth. A "new permanent full-time position" is a job of ~~an~~ indefinite duration *involving the performance of duties in connection with the operation of the*

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60 *major business facility*, created by the company as a result of the establishment or expansion of a major
61 business facility in this Commonwealth, requiring a minimum of thirty-five hours of ~~an employee's~~*the*
62 *individual's* time a week for the entire normal year of the company's operations, which "normal year"
63 must consist of at least ~~48~~*forty-eight* weeks, or a position of indefinite duration which requires a
64 minimum of thirty-five hours of ~~an employee's~~*the individual's* time a week for the portion of the taxable
65 year in which the ~~employee~~*individual* was initially hired for, or transferred to, the major business facility
66 in this Commonwealth. Seasonal or temporary positions, or a job created when a job function is shifted
67 from an existing location in this Commonwealth to the new major business facility shall not qualify as
68 new, permanent full-time positions.

69 G. For any qualified company, the amount of credit earned pursuant to this section shall be equal to
70 \$1,000 per qualified full-time employee, over the threshold amount, employed during the credit year.
71 The credit shall be allowed ratably, with one-third of the credit amount allowed annually for three years
72 beginning with the credit year. *The credit shall be allowed only once with respect to each qualified*
73 *full-time employee.* The portion of the \$1,000 credit earned with respect to any qualified full-time
74 employee who is employed in this Commonwealth for less than twelve full months during the credit
75 year will be determined by multiplying the credit amount by a fraction, the numerator of which is the
76 number of full months that the qualified full-time employee worked ~~for the qualified company in the~~
77 *position in the major business facility* in this Commonwealth during the credit year, and the denominator
78 of which is twelve. A separate credit year and a three-year allowance period will exist for each distinct
79 major business facility of a single taxpayer.

80 H. The amount of credit allowed pursuant to this section shall not exceed the tax imposed for such
81 taxable year. Any credit not usable for the taxable year the credit was allowed may be, to the extent
82 usable, carried over for the next ten succeeding taxable years. No credit shall be carried back to a
83 preceding taxable year. In the event that a taxpayer who is subject to the tax limitation imposed
84 pursuant to this subsection is allowed another credit pursuant to any other section of the Code of
85 Virginia, or has a credit carryover from a preceding taxable year, such taxpayer shall be considered to
86 have first utilized any credit allowed which does not have a carryover provision, and then any credit
87 which is carried forward from a preceding taxable year, prior to the utilization of any credit allowed
88 pursuant to this section.

89 I. No credit shall be earned pursuant to this section for any *qualified full-time* employee (i) for whom
90 a credit under this section was previously earned by a related party as defined by Internal Revenue Code
91 § 267 (b) or a trade or business under common control as defined by Internal Revenue Code § 52 (b);
92 (ii) who was previously employed in the same job function in Virginia by a related party as defined by
93 Internal Revenue Code § 267 (b) or a trade or business under common control as defined by Internal
94 Revenue Code § 52 (b); (iii) whose job function was previously performed at a different location in
95 Virginia by an employee of the taxpayer, a related party as defined by Internal Revenue Code § 267 (b),
96 or a trade or business under common control as defined by Internal Revenue Code § 52 (b); or (iv)
97 whose job function previously qualified for a credit under this section at a different major business
98 facility on behalf of the taxpayer, a related party as defined by Internal Revenue Code § 267 (b), or a
99 trade or business under common control as defined by Internal Revenue Code § 52 (b).

100 J. Subject to the provisions of subsection K, recapture of this credit, under the following
101 circumstances, shall be accomplished by increasing the tax in any of the five years succeeding the
102 taxable year in which a credit has been earned pursuant to this section if the number of qualified
103 full-time employees decreases below the average number of qualified full-time employees employed
104 during the credit year. Such tax increase amount shall be determined by (i) recomputing the credit which
105 would have been earned for the original credit year using the decreased number of qualified full-time
106 employees and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously earned. In
107 the event that the average number of qualifying full-time employees employed at a major business
108 facility falls below the threshold amount in any of the five taxable years succeeding the credit year, all
109 credits earned with respect to such major business facility shall be recaptured. No credit amount will be
110 recaptured more than once pursuant to this subsection. Any recapture pursuant to this section shall
111 reduce credits earned but not yet allowed, and credits allowed but carried forward, before the taxpayer's
112 tax liability may be increased.

113 K. In the event that a major business facility is located in an economically distressed area or in an
114 enterprise zone as defined in § 59.1-271 during a credit year, the threshold amount required to qualify
115 for a credit pursuant to this section and to avoid full recapture shall be reduced from 100 to 50 for
116 purposes of subdivision C 2 and subsection J. An area shall qualify as economically distressed if it is a
117 city or county with an unemployment rate for the preceding year of at least 0.5 percent higher than the
118 average statewide unemployment rate for such year. The Department of Economic Development shall
119 identify and publish a list of all economically distressed areas at least annually.

120 L. The Tax Commissioner shall promulgate regulations, in accordance with the Administrative
121 Process Act (§ 9-6.14:1 et seq.), relating to (i) the computation, carryover, and recapture of the credit

provided under this section and (ii) defining criteria for (a) a major business facility, (b) qualifying jobs for such facility, and (c) economically distressed areas.

M. The provisions of this section shall apply only in instances where an announcement of intent to establish or expand a major business facility is made on or after January 1, 1994. An announcement of intent to establish or expand a major business facility includes, but is not limited to, a press conference or extensive press coverage, providing information with respect to the impact of the project on the economy of the area where the major business facility is to be established or expanded and the Commonwealth as a whole.

N. The General Assembly of Virginia finds that modern business infrastructure allows businesses to locate their administrative or manufacturing facilities with minimal regard to the location of markets or the transportation of raw materials and finished goods, and that the economic vitality of this Commonwealth would be enhanced if such facilities were established in Virginia. Accordingly, the provisions of this section targeting the credit to qualified companies and limiting the credit to those companies which establish a major business facility in Virginia are integral to the purpose of the credit earned pursuant to this section and shall not be deemed severable.

2. That the provisions of this act shall apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1995.

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