1997 SESSION

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 189
2	FLOOR AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by Senator Stolle
4	on February 20 1997)
5	(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Weatherholtz)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-248 and 18.2-248.6 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code
7	of Virginia by adding a section numbered 16.1-278.9:1 and by adding in Chapter 6 of Title 18.2 an
8	article numbered 9, consisting of sections numbered 18.2-246.1 through 18.2-246.6; and to repeal
9	§ 18.2-248.7 of the Code of Virginia, relating to drug offenders; drug kingpins; money laundering;
10	penalty.
11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That §§ 18.2-248 and 18.2-248.6 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that
13	the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 16.1-278.9:1 and by adding in
14	Chapter 6 of Title 18.2 an article numbered 9, consisting of sections numbered 18.2-246.1 through
15	18.2-246.6, as follows:
16	§ 16.1-278.9:1. Delinquent juveniles; screening and assessment, treatment and probation for drug
17	offenders.
18 19	If a juvenile is found to have committed a violation of Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, prior to disposition or sentencing for that violation, the juvenile court or the circuit court
20	shall order that a substance abuse evaluation and assessment be performed by the Department of
20 21	Juvenile Justice through its court services unit. However, if the court services unit does not have
22	qualified personnel to perform the evaluation and assessment, the court services unit shall coordinate
23	the evaluation and assessment with a qualified individual or organization that can perform the
24	assessment and evaluation. In a locality with a locally operated court services unit, the locally operated
25	court services unit will perform the evaluation and assessment. If the locally operated court services unit
26	does not have qualified personnel to perform such evaluation and assessment, the locally operated court
27	services unit shall coordinate the evaluation and assessment with a qualified individual or organization
28	that can perform the assessment and evaluation.
29	Upon completion of the evaluation and assessment, a written report of the results, including an
30	assessment of whether the defendant is amenable to treatment and rehabilitation and a recommendation
31	as to the type of treatment needed, shall be submitted to the court and made available to the attorney
32	for the Commonwealth and the attorney for the juvenile at least seven days prior to the date set for
33	disposition.
34	Article 9.
35	Virginia Comprehensive Money Laundering Act.
36	§ 18.2-246.1. Title.
37 38	This article shall be known and may be cited as the "Virginia Comprehensive Money Laundering Act."
30 39	<i>§</i> 18.2-246.2. Definitions:
40	"Conduct" or "conducts" includes initiating, concluding, or participating in initiating or concluding,
41	or assisting in or facilitating a transaction.
42	"Financial transaction" means any purchase, sale, trade, loan, pledge, investment, gift, transfer,
43	transmission, delivery, deposit, withdrawal, payment, transfer between accounts, exchange of currency,
44	extension of credit, purchase or sale of monetary instruments, use of a safe deposit box, or any other
45	acquisition or disposition of monetary instruments by any means and includes the movement of funds by
46	wire or other electronic means.
47	"Monetary instruments" means (i) coin or currency of the United States or of any other country,
48	travelers' checks, personal checks, bank checks, cashier's checks, and money orders or (ii) investment
49	securities or other negotiable instruments, in bearer form or otherwise in such form that title passes
50	upon delivery.
51	"Proceeds" means property acquired or derived, directly or indirectly, from, produced through,
52	realized through, or caused by an act or omission constituting a violation of law and includes property,
53	real or personal, of any kind.
54	"Property" means anything of value, and includes any interest therein, including any benefit,
55 54	privilege, claim or right with respect to anything of value whether real or personal, tangible or
56 57	intangible. "Specified unlawful activity" means any act or attempted act committed for financial acin and
57 58	"Specified unlawful activity" means any act or attempted act, committed for financial gain and punishable as a felony under the laws of the Commonwealth or, if committed outside the
50 59	Commonwealth, punishable by confinement of more than one year under the laws of the state in which
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60 the act or attempted act was committed, and involving violations of Chapter 7 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of 61 Title 18.2.

62 § 18.2-246.3. Money laundering; penalty.

63 A. It shall be unlawful for any person to conduct or attempt to conduct a financial transaction, 64 knowing that the property involved in the transaction represents the proceeds of a specified unlawful 65 activity, (i) with the intent to promote the conduct of any specified unlawful activity; (ii) with the 66 knowledge that the transaction is designed in whole or in part to conceal or disguise the nature, location, source, ownership or control of the proceeds of the specified unlawful activity; or (iii) with the 67 68 intent to avoid a financial transaction reporting requirement under federal law.

B. A violation of subsection A shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than forty years or 69 70 a fine of not more than \$500,000 or twice the value of the property involved in the transaction, 71 whichever is greater, or by both imprisonment and a fine.

72 § 18.2-246.4. Authority of the Attorney General.

73 Upon request of the attorney for the Commonwealth, the Attorney General may assist in or, if so 74 requested, may initiate or conduct prosecutions pursuant to this article. 75

§ 18.2-246.5. Seizure of property used in connection with money laundering.

76 A. The following property shall be subject to lawful seizure by any officer charged with enforcing the 77 provisions of this article: (i) all money, equipment, motor vehicles, and all other personal and real 78 property of any kind or character, used in substantial connection with the laundering of proceeds of a 79 specified unlawful activity in violation of any provision of this article; (ii) all money commingled with such proceeds for the purpose of concealing or disguising the nature of such proceeds; and (iii) all 80 money or other property, real or personal, traceable to the proceeds of a specified unlawful activity, 81 together with any interest or profits derived from the investment of such proceeds or other property. 82 Real property shall not be subject to seizure unless the minimum prescribed punishment for the specified 83 84 unlawful activity is a term of imprisonment of not less than five years.

85 B. All seizures and forfeitures under this section shall be governed by Chapter 22.1 (§ 19.2-386.1 et seq.) of Title 19.2, and the procedures specified therein shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to all forfeitures 86 87 under this article. 88

§ 18.2-246.6. Freeze of assets; immunity of financial institution; penalty for violation.

89 A. Upon the request of the attorney for the Commonwealth of the jurisdiction wherein an offense 90 under § 18.2-246.3 occurred and a finding that probable cause exists to believe that (i) an account or 91 safe deposit box contains, in whole or in part, the proceeds of a specified unlawful activity and (ii) such 92 proceeds may be removed from the account or safe deposit box, the circuit court may order a bank or 93 other financial institution, wherein the account or safe deposit box is held to freeze all movement of 94 money into and out of the account or safe deposit box for a period not to exceed ninety days. Notice of 95 the order shall be sent by the attorney for the Commonwealth, by certified mail, to all known holders or 96 owners of the account or safe deposit box at the time that the order is served upon the financial 97 institution. At any time after service of the order, any holder or owner may petition the circuit court for 98 release of the freeze and request a hearing on the petition which shall be given precedence on the 99 court's docket. 100

The court order requiring the freeze may be continued or extended upon order of the circuit court.

101 B. The owner or holder of an account or safe deposit box frozen under subsection A may at any time 102 petition the circuit court in the jurisdiction wherein the account or safe deposit box is held to lift the 103 freeze. A hearing on such petition shall be held within ten days of the filing of the petition and notice to 104 the attorney for the Commonwealth. The court shall make a determination of whether probable cause 105 exists to believe that the account or safe deposit box contains, in whole or in part, the proceeds of a specified unlawful activity and determine whether the freeze should remain in effect. 106

107 C. No bank or other financial institution or any officer or employee of such shall be held liable for 108 complying with a properly requested freeze under subsection A.

109 D. Any bank or financial institution which refuses to comply with a properly requested freeze under subsection A, and where such refusal results in a loss of funds from the account or safe deposit box for 110 which the freeze was requested, shall be required to reimburse the account or safe deposit box in an 111 112 amount equal to the amount of funds lost as a result of the refusal.

§ 18.2-248. Manufacturing, selling, giving, distributing or possessing with intent to manufacture, sell, 113 114 give or distribute a controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance prohibited; penalties.

A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it shall be unlawful for any 115 116 person to manufacture, sell, give, distribute, or possess with intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute 117 a controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance.

118 B. In determining whether any person intends to manufacture, sell, give or distribute an imitation 119 controlled substance, the court may consider, in addition to all other relevant evidence, whether any 120 distribution or attempted distribution of such pill, capsule or tablet included an exchange of or a demand for money or other property as consideration, and, if so, whether the amount of such consideration was 121

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substantially greater than the reasonable value of such pill, capsule or tablet, considering the actual
chemical composition of such pill, capsule or tablet and, where applicable, the price at which
over-the-counter substances of like chemical composition sell.

C. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule
I or II shall upon conviction be imprisoned for not less than five nor more than forty years and fined
not more than \$500,000. Upon a second or subsequent conviction of such a violation, any such person
may, in the discretion of the court or jury imposing the sentence, be sentenced to imprisonment for life
or for any period not less than five years and be fined not more than \$500,000.

At any time after conviction pursuant to this subsection and prior to sentencing, the court, with the 130 131 consent of the defendant, may order the defendant committed to jail and defer sentencing for a period of 132 not more than thirty days for the purpose of a substance abuse assessment and evaluation. In lieu of a 133 court-ordered assessment and evaluation, the defendant may submit a report of an assessment and 134 evaluation performed subsequent to the offense and prior to sentencing. In order to be used as provided 135 in this section, an assessment and evaluation shall be performed by persons skilled in the diagnosis and 136 treatment of substance abuse problems and approved by the court. Not later than seven days prior to 137 the date set for sentencing, the defendant or the person performing the evaluation shall submit a written 138 report of the results to the court, including an assessment of whether the defendant is amenable to 139 treatment and rehabilitation and a recommendation as to the type of treatment needed. A copy of the 140 report shall be made available to the defendant. Sentencing may take place notwithstanding that the 141 written report was not submitted to the court at least seven days prior to the sentencing date.

D. If such person proves that he gave, distributed or possessed with intent to give or distribute a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II only as an accommodation to another individual who is not an inmate in a community correctional facility, local correctional facility or state correctional facility as defined in § 53.1-1 or in the custody of an employee thereof, and not with intent to profit thereby from any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of the controlled substance to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance, he shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony.

E. If the violation of the provisions of this article consists of the filling by a pharmacist of the 149 150 prescription of a person authorized under this article to issue the same, which prescription has not been 151 received in writing by the pharmacist prior to the filling thereof, and such written prescription is in fact 152 received by the pharmacist within one week of the time of filling the same, or if such violation consists 153 of a request by such authorized person for the filling by a pharmacist of a prescription which has not 154 been received in writing by the pharmacist and such prescription is, in fact, written at the time of such 155 request and delivered to the pharmacist within one week thereof, either such offense shall constitute a 156 Class 4 misdemeanor.

F. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule
III, IV or V or an imitation controlled substance which imitates a controlled substance classified in
Schedule III, IV, or V, except for an anabolic steroid classified in Schedule III constituting a violation
of § 18.2-248.5, shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

161 G. Any person who violates this section with respect to an imitation controlled substance which
 162 imitates a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony. In any
 163 prosecution brought under this subsection, it is not a defense to a violation of this subsection that the
 164 defendant believed the imitation controlled substance to actually be a controlled substance.

165 H. "Drug kingpin" means a person who was the principal or one of several principal administrators, 166 organizers or leaders of a continuing criminal enterprise if (i) the enterprise received at least \$500,000 in 167 gross receipts during any twelve-month period of its existence from the manufacture, importation, or 168 distribution of heroin or cocaine or ecgonine or the derivatives, salts, isomers, or salts of isomers thereof 169 or (ii) the person engaged in the enterprise to manufacture, sell, give, distribute or possess with the 170 intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute the following:

171 1. 100 10 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

2. 500 50 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and
 derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

176 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

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d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the substancesreferred to in subdivisions a through c; or

179 3. 1.5 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance described in subdivision 2 which contains180 cocaine base.

181 Any person who is found to be a drug kingpin shall upon conviction be guilty of a felony punishable 182 by a fine of not more than one million dollars and imprisonment for twenty years to life, twenty years 183 of which shall be a mandatory, minimum sentence which shall be served with no suspension in whole or184 in part, nor shall anyone convicted hereunder be placed on probation or parole.

185 I. For purposes of subsection H of this section, a person is engaged in a continuing criminal
186 enterprise if (i) he violates any provision of this section, the punishment for which is a felony and (ii)
187 such violation is a part of a continuing series of violations of this section which are undertaken by such
188 person in concert with five or more other persons with respect to whom such person occupies a position
189 of organizer, a supervisory position, or any other position of management, and from which such person
190 obtains substantial income or resources.

191 § 18.2-248.6. Forfeiture of business license upon conviction of sale or distribution of imitation192 controlled substance; money laundering.

193 Any person, firm or corporation holding a license to operate any business as required by either state

194 or local law shall forfeit such license upon conviction of a violation of (i) § 18.2-248 relating to an **195** imitation controlled substance or (ii) § 18.2-248.7 Article 9 (§ 18.2-246.1 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of this

196 *title* relating to money laundering.

197 2. That § 18.2-248.7 of the Code of Virginia is repealed.

198 3. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment in state

199 correctional facilities. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation 200 is \$.