# **1997 RECONVENED SESSION**

**ENROLLED** 

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# VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-77, 18.2-79, 18.2-90 and 18.2-91 of the Code of Virginia, 3 relating to arson of a church or church property; penalty.

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### Approved

### 6 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

#### 1. That §§ 18.2-77, 18.2-79, 18.2-90 and 18.2-91 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 7 8 reenacted as follows: 9

§ 18.2-77. Burning or destroying dwelling house, etc.

10 A. If any person maliciously (i) burns, or by use of any explosive device or substance destroys, in whole or in part, or causes to be burned or destroyed, or (ii) aids, counsels or procures the burning or 11 12 destruction of any dwelling house or manufactured home whether belonging to himself or another, or 13 any occupied hotel, hospital, mental health facility, or other house in which persons usually dwell or lodge, any occupied railroad car, boat, vessel, or river craft in which persons usually dwell or lodge, or 14 15 any occupied jail or prison, or any occupied church or occupied building owned or leased by a church that is immediately adjacent to a church, he shall be guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for 16 life or for any period not less than five years and, subject to subdivision g of § 18.2-10, a fine of not 17 more than \$100,000. Any person who maliciously sets fire to anything, or aids, counsels or procures the 18 19 setting fire to anything, by the burning whereof such occupied dwelling house, manufactured home, hotel, hospital, mental health facility or other house, or railroad car, boat, vessel, or river craft, jail or 20 21 prison, church or building owned or leased by a church that is immediately adjacent to a church, is 22 burned shall be guilty of a violation of this subsection.

23 B. Any such burning or destruction when the building or other place mentioned in subsection A is 24 unoccupied, shall be punishable as a Class 4 felony.

C. For purposes of this section, "church" shall be defined as in § 18.2-127.

§ 18.2-79. Burning or destroying meeting house, etc.

27 If any person maliciously burn burns, or by the use of any explosive device or substance, 28 maliciously destroys, in whole or in part, or cause causes to be burned or destroyed, or aid, 29 counsel, or procure aids, counsels, or procures the burning or destroying, of any meeting house, courthouse, townhouse, college, academy, schoolhouse, or other building erected for public use, except 30 31 an asylum, hotel, jail or, prison, or church or building owned or leased by a church that is immediately 32 adjacent to a church, or any banking house, warehouse, storehouse, manufactory, mill, or other house, 33 whether the property of himself or of another person, not usually occupied by persons lodging therein at 34 night, at a time when any person is therein, or if he maliciously set sets fire to anything, or cause 35 causes to be set on fire, or aid, counsel, or procure aids, counsels, or procures the setting on fire of anything, by the burning whereof any building mentioned in this section shall be is burned, at a time 36 37 when any person is therein, he shall be guilty of a Class 3 felony. If such offense be is committed when 38 no person is in such building mentioned in this section, the offender shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony. 39 § 18.2-90. Entering dwelling house, etc., with intent to commit murder, rape, robbery or arson.

40 If any person in the nighttime enters without breaking or in the daytime breaks and enters or enters 41 and conceals himself in a dwelling house or an adjoining, occupied outhouse or in the nighttime enters 42 without breaking or at any time breaks and enters or enters and conceals himself in any office, shop, 43 manufactured home, storehouse, warehouse, banking house, church as defined in § 18.2-127, or other 44 house, or any ship, vessel or river craft or any railroad car, or any automobile, truck or trailer, if such 45 automobile, truck or trailer is used as a dwelling or place of human habitation, with intent to commit murder, rape or, robbery or arson in violation of §§ 18.2-77, 18.2-79 or § 18.2-80, he shall be deemed 46 guilty of statutory burglary, which offense shall be a Class 3 felony. However, if such person was armed 47 48 with a deadly weapon at the time of such entry, he shall be guilty of a Class 2 felony.

49 § 18.2-91. Entering dwelling house, etc., with intent to commit larceny, assault and battery or other 50 felony.

If any person commits any of the acts mentioned in § 18.2-90 with intent to commit larceny, or any 51 felony other than murder, rape or, robbery or arson in violation of §§ 18.2-77, § 18.2-79 or 18.2-80, or 52 53 if any person commits any of the acts mentioned in § 18.2-89 or § 18.2-90 with intent to commit assault 54 and battery, he shall be guilty of statutory burglary, punishable by confinement in a state correctional 55 facility for not less than one or more than twenty years or, in the discretion of the jury or the court 56 trying the case without a jury, be confined in jail for a period not exceeding twelve months or fined not

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- more than \$2,500, either or both. However, if the person was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of such entry, he shall be guilty of a Class 2 felony.
  2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment in state correctional facilities. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation is the state of the

- is \$ 125,500.