1996 SESSION

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1	SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 70
2	Offered January 22, 1996
3	Continuing the Joint Subcommittee Studying the Abatement of Lead-based Paint.
4	
5	Patron—Lambert
6 7	Deferred to the Committee or Dules
8	Referred to the Committee on Rules
9	WHEREAS, the tragedy of lead poisoning is that it affects children more frequently and permanently
10	than adults because children commonly put objects in their mouths, and as developing individuals, they
11	metabolize and absorb lead quickly; and
12	WHEREAS, lead poisoning is a danger to any young child living in a home built before 1980,
13	presenting the risk of permanent brain damage; and
14	WHEREAS, ingestion or inhalation of lead, particularly by young children, can cause severe illness
15	and even death; and
16 17	WHEREAS, currently there is some controversy about the efficacy of big abatement projects in terms
18	of costs and effectiveness; and WHEREAS, federal and state efforts to prevent lead poisoning and abate lead have resulted in some
19	reductions in the numbers of children with dangerous blood-lead levels; and
20	WHEREAS, the danger to children in Virginia continues to warrant concern, with Virginia localities
21	reporting 1,436 incidents of children with elevated blood-lead levels from July 1993 through October
22	1994; and
23	WHEREAS, the number of children in Virginia with elevated blood-lead levels is undoubtedly higher
24 25	than reported, especially in view of the large numbers of old houses located in the Commonwealth; and WHEREAS, since 1993, the Joint Subcommittee Studying the Abatement of Lead-based Paint has
23 26	provided the necessary legislative oversight to preserve the Commonwealth's eligibility to receive the
27	federal grant for lead abatement; and
28	WHEREAS, the Joint Subcommittee met, considered the issues, and recommended 1994 legislation,
29	including SB 405, establishing the lead contractors, professionals, and workers' certification program as
30	required for receipt of the federal grant for lead abatement; and
31	WHEREAS, last year the joint subcommittee again proposed legislation, including necessary
32 33	revisions of the statutes to resolve difficulties arising because of lack of final federal regulations; and WHEREAS, the joint subcommittee continues to believe that a sensible, long-range strategy for lead
33 34	abatement is essential in order to safeguard Virginia's children and because of the high costs of lead
35	abatement; now, therefore, be it
36	RESOLVED by the Senate, the House of Delegates concurring, That the Joint Subcommittee
37	Studying the Abatement of Lead-based Paint be hereby continued. The members duly appointed to serve
38	pursuant to Senate Joint Resolution No. 245 of 1993 shall continue to serve, except that any vacancies
39 40	shall be filled as provided in the enabling resolution. The joint subcommittee will continue to monitor lead-poisoning and abatement issues, with particular
4 0 4 1	emphasis on children. The joint subcommittee will also: follow the implementation of the certification
42	program and the Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development's federal grant for lead
43	abatement, evaluate the federal funding and requirements related to lead abatement, and make such
44	recommendations as it deems appropriate to facilitate Virginia's resolution of lead abatement issues.
45	The direct costs of this study shall not exceed \$1,300.
46	The Division of Legislative Services shall continue to provide staff support for the study. All
47 48	agencies of the Commonwealth shall provide assistance to the joint subcommittee, upon request. The joint subcommittee shall complete its work in time to submit its findings and recommendations
49	to the Governor and the 1997 Session of the General Assembly as provided in the procedures of the
50	Division of Legislative Automated Systems for processing legislative documents.
51	Implementation of this resolution is subject to subsequent approval and certification by the Joint
52	Rules Committee. The Committee may withhold expenditures or delay the period for the conduct of the
53	study.

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