1996 SESSION

960324146 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 406** 2 Offered January 22, 1996 3 4 5 6 7 Patron—Lambert 8 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: § 54.1-2900. (Effective until January 1, 1997) Definitions. 13 14 licensed physician acupuncturist or licensed acupuncturist. "Board" means the Board of Medicine. through surgery or other invasive modalities. services which he is licensed to provide. "Practice of acupuncture" means the stimulation of certain points on or near the surface of the body

48 49 50 Association. 51

"Practice of chiropractic" means the adjustment of the twenty-four movable vertebrae of the spinal 52 column, and assisting nature for the purpose of normalizing the transmission of nerve energy, but does 53 not include the use of surgery, obstetrics, osteopathy or the administration or prescribing of any drugs, medicines, serums or vaccines. 54

55 "Practice of clinical psychology" means the offering by an individual of his services to the public as 56 a clinical psychologist.

"Practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine" means the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of 57 human physical or mental ailments, conditions, diseases, pain or infirmities by any means or method. 58

59 "Practice of physical therapy" means, upon medical referral and direction, the evaluation, testing, **SB406**

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 54.1-2900, as it is effective and as it may become effective, and 54.1-2956.9 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the practice of acupuncture.

Referred to the Committee on Education and Health

1. That §§ 54.1-2900, as it is effective and as it may become effective, and 54.1-2956.9 of the Code 11 12

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Acupuncturist" means individuals approved by the Board to practice acupuncture. This is limited to 15 "licensed acupuncturist" which means an individual other than a doctor of medicine, osteopathy or 16 podiatry, who has successfully completed the requirements for licensure established by the Board 17 (approved titles are limited to: Licensed Acupuncturist, Lic.Ac., L.Ac.) and "physician acupuncturist" 18 which means doctors of medicine, osteopathy, chiropractic and podiatry who have fulfilled the physician 19 20 requirements for licensure to practice acupuncture established by the Board.

"Auricular acupuncture" means the subcutaneous insertion of sterile, disposable acupuncture needles in predetermined, bilateral locations in the outer ear when used exclusively and specifically in the 21 22 23 context of an approved chemical dependency treatment program, under the appropriate supervision of a 24 25

26 "Certified optometrist" means an optometrist who is licensed under Chapter 32 of this title and who 27 has successfully completed the requirements for certification established by the Board of Medicine. Such 28 certification shall enable an optometrist to treat certain diseases, including abnormal conditions, of the 29 human eye and its adnexa, as specified by the Board of Medicine, with certain therapeutic 30 pharmaceutical agents specified by the Board. However, such certification shall not permit treatment 31

32 "Clinical psychologist" means a psychologist who is competent in the diagnosis, prevention, treatment and amelioration of psychological problems, behavioral or emotional disorders or conditions or mental conditions, by the application of psychological principles, psychological methods, or psychological 33 34 procedures, including but not limited to psychological assessment and evaluation and psychotherapy, which does not amount to the practice of medicine. This definition shall not be construed to limit or 35 36 37 restrict any person licensed by a health regulatory board as defined in § 54.1-2500 from rendering 38

"Healing arts" means the arts and sciences dealing with the prevention, diagnosis, treatment and cure or alleviation of human physical or mental ailments, conditions, diseases, pain or infirmities.

by the insertion of needles to prevent or modify the perception of pain or to normalize physiological functions, including pain control, for the treatment of certain ailments or conditions of the body and includes the techniques of electroacupuncture, cupping and moxabustion. The practice of acupuncture 44 does not include the use of physical therapy, chiropractic, osteopathic manipulative techniques, the use 45 or prescribing of any drugs, medications, herbal preparations, nutritional supplements, serums or 46 47 vaccines, nor the procedure of auricular acupuncture as exempted in § 54.1-2901 when used specifically and exclusively in the context of a publicly supported comprehensive drug treatment program by an employee of the program who is trained and approved by the National Acupuncture Detoxification

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60 treatment, reeducation and rehabilitation by physical, mechanical or electronic measures and procedures

61 of individuals who, because of trauma, disease or birth defect, present physical and emotional disorders, 62 but does not include the use of Roentgen rays and radium for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes or the 63 use of electricity for shock therapy and surgical purposes including cauterization.

64 "Practice of podiatry" means the medical, mechanical and surgical treatment of the ailments of the 65 human foot and ankle, but does not include amputation proximal to the metatarsal-phalangeal joints. The Board of Medicine shall determine whether a specific type of treatment of the foot and ankle is within 66 67 the scope of practice of podiatry.

- § 54.1-2900. (Effective January 1, 1997) Definitions. 68
- 69 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Acupuncturist" means individuals approved by the Board to practice acupuncture. This is limited to 70 "licensed acupuncturist" which means an individual other than a doctor of medicine, osteopathy or 71 72 podiatry, who has successfully completed the requirements for licensure established by the Board (approved titles are limited to: Licensed Acupuncturist, Lic.Ac., L.Ac.) and "physician acupuncturist" 73 74 which means doctors of medicine, osteopathy, chiropractic and podiatry who have fulfilled the physician 75 requirements for licensure to practice acupuncture established by the Board.

"Auricular acupuncture" means the subcutaneous insertion of sterile, disposable acupuncture needles 76 in predetermined, bilateral locations in the outer ear when used exclusively and specifically in the 77 78 context of an approved chemical dependency treatment program, under the appropriate supervision of a 79 licensed physician acupuncturist or licensed acupuncturist. 80

"Board" means the Board of Medicine.

"Certified optometrist" means an optometrist who is licensed under Chapter 32 (§ 54.1-3200 et seq.) 81 82 of this title and who has successfully completed the requirements for certification established by the 83 Board of Medicine. Such certification shall enable an optometrist to treat certain diseases, including 84 abnormal conditions, of the human eye and its adnexa, as specified by the Board of Medicine, with 85 certain therapeutic pharmaceutical agents specified by the Board. However, such certification shall not permit treatment through surgery or other invasive modalities. 86

87 "Clinical psychologist" means a psychologist who is competent in the diagnosis, prevention, treatment and amelioration of psychological problems, behavioral or emotional disorders or conditions or mental 88 89 conditions, by the application of psychological principles, psychological methods, or psychological 90 procedures, including but not limited to psychological assessment and evaluation and psychotherapy, 91 which does not amount to the practice of medicine. This definition shall not be construed to limit or restrict any person licensed by a health regulatory board as defined in § 54.1-2500 from rendering 92 93 services which he is licensed to provide.

94 "Healing arts" means the arts and sciences dealing with the prevention, diagnosis, treatment and cure 95 or alleviation of human physical or mental ailments, conditions, diseases, pain or infirmities.

"Practice of acupuncture" means the stimulation of certain points on or near the surface of the body 96 97 by the insertion of needles to prevent or modify the perception of pain or to normalize physiological functions, including pain control, for the treatment of certain ailments or conditions of the body and 98 99 includes the techniques of electroacupuncture, cupping and moxabustion. The practice of acupuncture 100 does not include the use of physical therapy, chiropractic, osteopathic manipulative techniques, the use or prescribing of any drugs, medications, herbal preparations, nutritional supplements, serums or 101 102 vaccines, nor the procedure of auricular acupuncture as exempted in § 54.1-2901 when used specifically and exclusively in the context of a publicly supported comprehensive drug treatment program by an 103 104 employee of the program who is trained and approved by the National Acupuncture Detoxification 105 Association.

106 "Practice of chiropractic" means the adjustment of the twenty-four movable vertebrae of the spinal 107 column, and assisting nature for the purpose of normalizing the transmission of nerve energy, but does 108 not include the use of surgery, obstetrics, osteopathy or the administration or prescribing of any drugs, 109 medicines, serums or vaccines.

110 "Practice of clinical psychology" means the offering by an individual of his services to the public as a clinical psychologist. 111

112 "Practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine" means the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of 113 human physical or mental ailments, conditions, diseases, pain or infirmities by any means or method.

"Practice of physical therapy" means, upon medical referral and direction, the evaluation, testing, 114 treatment, reeducation and rehabilitation by physical, mechanical or electronic measures and procedures 115 116 of individuals who, because of trauma, disease or birth defect, present physical and emotional disorders, but does not include the use of Roentgen rays and radium for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes or the 117 use of electricity for shock therapy and surgical purposes including cauterization. 118

"Practice of podiatry" means the medical, mechanical and surgical treatment of the ailments of the 119 120 human foot and ankle, but does not include amputation proximal to the metatarsal-phalangeal joints. The Board of Medicine shall determine whether a specific type of treatment of the foot and ankle is within 121

122 the scope of practice of podiatry.

"Practice of radiologic technology" means the application of x-rays to human beings for diagnostic or
 therapeutic purposes.

125 "Radiologic technologist" means an individual, other than a licensed doctor of medicine, osteopathy, 126 podiatry, or chiropractic, or a dentist licensed pursuant to Chapter 27 (§ 54.1-2700 et seq.) of this title, 127 who (i) performs, may be called upon to perform, or who is licensed to perform a comprehensive scope 128 of diagnostic radiologic procedures employing equipment which emits ionizing radiation and (ii) is 129 delegated or exercises responsibility for the operation of radiation-generating equipment, the shielding of 130 patient and staff from unnecessary radiation, the appropriate exposure of radiographs or other procedures 131 which contribute to any significant extent to the site or dosage of ionizing radiation to which a patient is 132 exposed.

133 "Radiologic technologist, limited" means an individual, other than a licensed radiologic technologist,
134 dental hygienist or who is otherwise authorized by the Board of Dentistry under Chapter 27 of this title
135 and the regulations pursuant thereto, who performs diagnostic radiographic procedures employing
136 equipment which emits ionizing radiation which is limited to specific areas of the human body.

137 § 54.1-2956.9. Unlawful to practice acupuncture without license; unlawful designation as
 138 acupuncturist; Board to regulate acupuncturists.

139 It shall be unlawful for a person to practice or to hold himself out as practicing as an acupuncturist140 unless he holds a license as such issued by the Board.

In addition, it shall be unlawful for any person who is not licensed under this chapter, whose
licensure has been suspended or revoked, or whose licensure has lapsed and has not been renewed to
use in conjunction with his name the words "licensed acupuncturist" or to otherwise by letters, words,
representations, or insignias assert or imply that he is licensed to practice acupuncture.

145 The Board of Medicine shall prescribe by regulation the qualifications governing the licensure of 146 acupuncturists. Such regulations shall not restrict the practice of this profession to practitioners regulated by the Board on June 30, 1992, to practice the healing arts. The regulations shall at a minimum require 147 148 that, prior to performing acupuncture, any acupuncturist who is not licensed to practice medicine, 149 osteopathy, chiropractic or podiatry shall obtain written documentation that the patient had received a 150 diagnostic examination from and had been referred by a licensed physician with regard to the ailment or 151 condition to be treated. The regulations may include requirements for approved education programs, experience, examinations, periodic review of the diagnosis and treatment progress, and referral and 152 153 rereferral of patients.