1996 SESSION

ENROLLED

[H 885]

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 10.1-1400 and 10.1-1408.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the 3 storage of household hazardous waste.

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Approved

6 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

7 1. That §§ 10.1-1400 and 10.1-1408.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as 8 follows:

9 § 10.1-1400. Definitions.

10 As used in this chapter unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Applicant" means any and all persons seeking or holding a permit required under this chapter.

"Board" means the Virginia Waste Management Board.

"Composting" means the manipulation of the natural aerobic process of decomposition of organic 13 14 materials to increase the rate of decomposition. 15

"Department" means the Department of Waste Management.

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Waste Management.

"Disclosure statement" means a sworn statement or affirmation, in such form as may be required by 17 18 the Director, which includes: 19

1. The full name, business address, and social security number of all key personnel;

20 2. The full name and business address of any entity, other than a natural person, that collects, 21 transports, treats, stores, or disposes of solid waste or hazardous waste in which any key personnel holds 22 an equity interest of five percent or more; 23

3. A description of the business experience of all key personnel listed in the disclosure statement;

24 4. A listing of all permits or licenses required for the collection, transportation, treatment, storage or 25 disposal of solid waste or hazardous waste issued to or held by any key personnel within the past ten 26 vears;

27 5. A listing and explanation of any notices of violation, prosecutions, administrative orders (whether 28 by consent or otherwise), license or permit suspensions or revocations, or enforcement actions of any 29 sort by any state, federal or local authority, within the past ten years, which are pending or have 30 concluded with a finding of violation or entry of a consent agreement, regarding an allegation of civil or 31 criminal violation of any law, regulation or requirement relating to the collection, transportation, 32 treatment, storage or disposal of solid waste or hazardous waste by any key personnel, and an itemized list of all convictions within ten years of key personnel of any of the following crimes punishable as 33 34 felonies under the laws of the Commonwealth or the equivalent thereof under the laws of any other 35 jurisdiction: murder; kidnapping; gambling; robbery; bribery; extortion; criminal usury; arson; burglary; theft and related crimes; forgery and fraudulent practices; fraud in the offering, sale, or purchase of 36 37 securities; alteration of motor vehicle identification numbers; unlawful manufacture, purchase, use or 38 transfer of firearms; unlawful possession or use of destructive devices or explosives; violation of the 39 Drug Control Act, Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3401 et seq.) of Title 54.1; racketeering; or violation of antitrust 40 laws;

41 6. A listing of all agencies outside the Commonwealth which have regulatory responsibility over the 42 applicant or have issued any environmental permit or license to the applicant within the past ten years, 43 in connection with the applicant's collection, transportation, treatment, storage, or disposal of solid waste 44 or hazardous waste;

45 7. Any other information about the applicant and the key personnel that the Director may require that reasonably relates to the qualifications and ability of the key personnel or the applicant to lawfully and 46 competently operate a solid waste management facility in Virginia; and 47

48 8. The full name and business address of any member of the local governing body or planning 49 commission in which the solid waste management facility is located or proposed to be located, who 50 holds an equity interest in the facility.

"Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking or placing of any solid 51 waste into or on any land or water so that such solid waste or any constituent thereof may enter the 52 53 environment or be emitted into the air or discharged into any waters, including ground waters. 54

"Equity" includes both legal and equitable interests.

55 "Federal acts" means any act of Congress providing for waste management and regulations 56 promulgated thereunder.

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57 "Hazardous material" means a substance or material in a form or quantity which may pose an unreasonable risk to health, safety or property when transported, and which the Secretary of Transportation of the United States has so designated by regulation or order. 58 59

"Hazardous substance" means a substance listed under United States Public Law 96-510, entitled the 60 61 Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act.

"Hazardous waste" means a solid waste or combination of solid waste which, because of its quantity, 62 63 concentration or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics, may:

64 1. Cause or significantly contribute to an increase in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible 65 or incapacitating illness; or

2. Pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment when 66 67 improperly treated, stored, transported, disposed of, or otherwise managed. 68

"Hazardous waste generation" means the act or process of producing hazardous waste. "Household hazardous waste" means any waste material derived from households (including single 69 and multiple residences, hotels, motels, bunkhouses, ranger stations, crew quarters, campgrounds, picnic 70 grounds and day-use recreation areas) which, except for the fact that it is derived from a household, 71 72 would be classified as a hazardous waste.

73 "Key personnel" means the applicant itself and any person employed by the applicant in a managerial 74 capacity, or empowered to make discretionary decisions, with respect to the solid waste or hazardous waste operations of the applicant in Virginia, but shall not include employees exclusively engaged in the 75 76 physical or mechanical collection, transportation, treatment, storage, or disposal of solid or hazardous waste and such other employees as the Director may designate by regulation. If the applicant has not 77 78 previously conducted solid waste or hazardous waste operations in Virginia, the term also includes any 79 officer, director, partner of the applicant, or any holder of five percent or more of the equity or debt of the applicant. If any holder of five percent or more of the equity or debt of the applicant or of any key 80 81 personnel is not a natural person, the term includes all key personnel of that entity, provided that where such entity is a chartered lending institution or a reporting company under the Federal Security and 82 Exchange Act of 1934, the term does not include key personnel of such entity. Provided further that the 83 term means the chief executive officer of any agency of the United States or of any agency or political 84 85 subdivision of the Commonwealth, and all key personnel of any person, other than a natural person, that operates a landfill or other facility for the disposal, treatment or storage of nonhazardous solid waste 86 87 under contract with or for one of those governmental entities.

88 "Manifest" means the form used for identifying the quantity, composition, origin, routing and 89 destination of hazardous waste during its transportation from the point of generation to the point of 90 disposal, treatment or storage of such hazardous waste.

91 "Mixed radioactive waste" means radioactive waste that contains a substance which renders the 92 mixture a hazardous waste.

"Open dump" means a site on which any solid waste is placed, discharged, deposited, injected, dumped or spilled so as to create a nuisance or present a threat of a release of harmful substances into 93 94 95 the environment or present a hazard to human health.

"Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, a governmental body, a 96 97 municipal corporation or any other legal entity.

98 "Radioactive waste" or "nuclear waste" includes: 99

1. "Low-level radioactive waste" material that:

100 a. Is not high-level radioactive waste, spent nuclear fuel, transuranic waste, or by-product material as defined in section 11e (2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. § 2014 (e) (2)); and 101

102 b. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission, consistent with existing law, classifies as low-level 103 radioactive waste; or 104

2. "High-level radioactive waste" which means:

105 a. The highly radioactive material resulting from the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel, including 106 liquid waste produced directly in reprocessing and any solid material derived from such liquid waste that 107 contains fission products in sufficient concentrations; and

b. Other highly radioactive material that the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, consistent with existing 108 109 law, determines by rule requires permanent isolation.

"Recycling residue" means the (i) nonmetallic substances, including but not limited to plastic, rubber, 110 and insulation, which remain after a shredder has separated for purposes of recycling the ferrous and 111 nonferrous metal from a motor vehicle, appliance, or other discarded metallic item and (ii) organic waste 112 remaining after removal of metals, glass, plastics and paper which are to be recycled as part of a 113 resource recovery process for municipal solid waste resulting in the production of a refuse derived fuel. 114

115 "Resource conservation" means reduction of the amounts of solid waste that are generated, reduction 116 of overall resource consumption and utilization of recovered resources.

"Resource recovery" means the recovery of material or energy from solid waste. 117

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118 "Resource recovery system" means a solid waste management system which provides for collection, 119 separation, recycling and recovery of solid wastes, including disposal of nonrecoverable waste residues.

120 "Sanitary landfill" means a disposal facility for solid waste so located, designed and operated that it 121 does not pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment, including 122 pollution of air, land, surface water or ground water.

123 "Sludge" means any solid, semisolid or liquid wastes with similar characteristics and effects 124 generated from a public, municipal, commercial or industrial wastewater treatment plant, water supply 125 treatment plant, air pollution control facility or any other waste producing facility.

126 "Solid waste" means any garbage, refuse, sludge and other discarded material, including solid, liquid, 127 semisolid or contained gaseous material, resulting from industrial, commercial, mining and agricultural 128 operations, or community activities but does not include (i) solid or dissolved material in domestic 129 sewage, (ii) solid or dissolved material in irrigation return flows or in industrial discharges which are 130 sources subject to a permit from the State Water Control Board, or (iii) source, special nuclear, or 131 by-product material as defined by the Federal Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.

132 "Solid waste management facility" means a site used for planned treating, long term storage, or 133 disposing of solid waste. A facility may consist of several treatment, storage, or disposal units.

'Transport" or "transportation" means any movement of property, and any packing, loading, 134 135 unloading or storage incidental thereto.

136 "Treatment" means any method, technique or process, including incineration or neutralization, 137 designed to change the physical, chemical or biological character or composition of any waste to 138 neutralize it or to render it less hazardous or nonhazardous, safer for transport, amenable to recovery or 139 storage or reduced in volume.

140 "Vegetative waste" means decomposable materials generated by yard and lawn care or land-clearing 141 activities and includes, but is not limited to, leaves, grass trimmings, and woody wastes such as shrub 142 and tree prunings, bark, limbs, roots, and stumps.

143 "Waste" means any solid, hazardous or radioactive waste as defined in this section.

144 "Waste management" means the collection, source separation, storage, transportation, transfer, 145 processing, treatment and disposal of waste or resource recovery.

146 "Yard waste" means decomposable waste materials generated by yard and lawn care and includes 147 leaves, grass trimmings, brush, wood chips, and shrub and tree trimmings. Yard waste shall not include 148 roots or stumps that exceed six inches in diameter.

149 § 10.1-1408.1. Permit required; open dumps prohibited.

150 A. No person shall operate any sanitary landfill or other facility for the disposal, treatment or storage 151 of nonhazardous solid waste without a permit from the Director.

152 B. No application for a new solid waste management facility permit shall be complete unless it 153 contains the following:

154 1. Certification from the governing body of the county, city or town in which the facility is to be 155 located that the location and operation of the facility are consistent with all applicable ordinances. The 156 governing body shall inform the applicant and the Department of the facility's compliance or 157 noncompliance not more than 120 days from receipt of a request from the applicant. No such 158 certification shall be required for the application for the renewal of a permit or transfer of a permit as 159 authorized by regulations of the Board;

2. A disclosure statement, except that the Director, upon request and in his sole discretion and when 160 161 in his judgment other information is sufficient and available, may waive the requirement for a disclosure 162 statement for a captive industrial landfill when such a statement would not serve the purposes of this 163 chapter;

164 3. If the applicant proposes to locate the facility on property not governed by any county, city or 165 town zoning ordinance, certification from the governing body that it has held a public hearing, in accordance with the applicable provisions of § 15.1-431, to receive public comment on the proposed 166 facility. Such certification shall be provided to the applicant and the Department within 120 days from 167 168 receipt of a request from the applicant. 169

C. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

170 1. Every holder of a permit issued under this article who has not earlier filed a disclosure statement 171 shall, prior to July 1, 1991, file a disclosure statement with the Director.

172 2. Every applicant for a permit under this article shall file a disclosure statement with the Director 173 together with the permit application or prior to September 1, 1990, whichever comes later. No permit 174 application shall be deemed incomplete for lack of a disclosure statement prior to September 1, 1990.

175 3. Every applicant shall update its disclosure statement quarterly to indicate any change of condition 176 that renders any portion of the disclosure statement materially incomplete or inaccurate.

177 4. The Director, upon request and in his sole discretion, and when in his judgment other information 178 is sufficient and available, may waive the requirements of this subsection for a captive industrial waste

landfill when such requirements would not serve the purposes of this chapter.

179 180 D. No permit for a new solid waste management facility shall be issued until the Director has 181 determined, after investigation and evaluation of comments by the local government, that the proposed 182 facility poses no substantial present or potential danger to human health or the environment. The 183 Department shall hold a public hearing within the said county, city or town prior to the issuance of any 184 such permit for the management of nonhazardous solid waste.

185 E. The permit shall contain such conditions or requirements as are necessary to comply with the requirements of this Code and the regulations of the Board and to prevent a substantial present or 186 187 potential hazard to human health and the environment.

188 The Director may include in any permit such recordkeeping, testing and reporting requirements as are 189 necessary to ensure that the local governing body of the county, city or town where the waste 190 management facility is located is kept timely informed regarding the general nature and quantity of 191 waste being disposed of at the facility. Such recordkeeping, testing and reporting requirements shall 192 require disclosure of proprietary information only as is necessary to carry out the purposes of this 193 chapter. At least once every ten years, the Director shall review and issue written findings on the environmental compliance history of each permittee, material changes, if any, in key personnel, and technical limitations, standards, or regulations on which the original permit was based. The time period 194 195 196 for review of each category of permits shall be established by Board regulation. If, upon such review, 197 the Director finds that repeated material or substantial violations of the permittee or material changes in 198 the permittee's key personnel would make continued operation of the facility not in the best interests of 199 human health or the environment, the Director shall amend or revoke the permit, in accordance 200 herewith. Whenever such review is undertaken, the Director may amend the permit to include additional 201 limitations, standards, or conditions when the technical limitations, standards, or regulations on which 202 the original permit was based have been changed by statute or amended by regulation or when any of the conditions in subsection B of § 10.1-1409 exist. The Director may deny, revoke, or suspend any 203 204 permit for any of the grounds listed under subsection A of § 10.1-1409.

205 F. There shall exist no right to operate a landfill or other facility for the disposal, treatment or 206 storage of nonhazardous solid waste or hazardous waste within the Commonwealth. Permits for solid 207 waste management facilities shall not be transferable except as authorized in regulations promulgated by 208 the Board. The issuance of a permit shall not convey or establish any property rights or any exclusive 209 privilege, nor shall it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights or any 210 infringement of federal, state, or local law or regulation.

G. No person shall dispose of solid waste in open dumps.

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H. No person shall own, operate or allow to be operated on his property an open dump.

213 I. No person shall allow waste to be disposed of on his property without a permit. Any person who 214 removes trees, brush, or other vegetation from land used for agricultural or forestal purposes shall not be required to obtain a permit if such material is deposited or placed on the same or other property of the same landowner from which such materials were cleared. The Board shall by regulation provide for 215 216 217 other reasonable exemptions from permitting requirements for the disposal of trees, brush and other 218 vegetation when such materials are removed for agricultural or forestal purposes.

219 When promulgating any regulation pursuant to this section, the Board shall consider the character of 220 the land affected, the density of population, the volume of waste to be disposed, as well as other 221 relevant factors.

222 J. No permit shall be required pursuant to this section for recycling or for temporary storage 223 incidental to recycling. As used in this subsection "recycling" means any process whereby material 224 which would otherwise be solid waste is used or reused, or prepared for use or reuse, as an ingredient in 225 an industrial process to make a product, or as an effective substitute for a commercial product.

226 K. The Board shall provide for reasonable exemptions from the permitting requirements, both 227 procedural and substantive, in order to encourage the development of yard waste composting facilities. 228 To accomplish this, the Board is authorized to exempt such facilities from regulations governing the 229 treatment of waste and to establish an expedited approval process. Agricultural operations receiving only 230 yard waste for composting shall be exempt from permitting requirements provided that (i) the 231 composting area is located not less than 300 feet from a property boundary, is located not less than 232 1,000 feet from an occupied dwelling not located on the same property as the composting area, and is 233 not located within an area designated as a flood plain as defined in § 10.1-600; (ii) the agricultural 234 operation has at least one acre of ground suitable to receive yard waste for each 150 cubic yards of 235 finished compost generated; (iii) the total time for the composting process and storage of material that is 236 being composted or has been composted shall not exceed eighteen months prior to its field application 237 or sale as a horticultural or agricultural product; and (iv) the owner or operator of the agricultural 238 operation notifies the Director in writing of his intent to operate a yard waste composting facility and the amount of land available for the receipt of yard waste. In addition to the requirements set forth in 239

240 clauses (i) through (iv) of the preceding sentence, the owner and operator of any agricultural operation 241 that receives more than 6,000 cubic yards of yard waste generated from property not within the control 242 of the owner or the operator in any twelve-month period shall be exempt from permitting requirements 243 provided (i) the owner and operator submit to the Director an annual report describing the volume and 244 types of yard waste received by such operation for composting and (ii) the operator shall certify that the 245 yard waste composting facility complies with local ordinances. The Director shall establish a procedure 246 for the filing of the notices, annual reports and certificates required by this subsection and shall 247 prescribe the forms for the annual reports and certificates. Nothing contained in this article shall prohibit 248 the sale of composted yard waste for horticultural or agricultural use, provided that any composted yard 249 waste sold as a commercial fertilizer with claims of specific nutrient values, promoting plant growth, or 250 of conditioning soil shall be sold in accordance with the Virginia Fertilizer Act (§ 3.1-106.1 et seq.). As 251 used in this subsection, "agricultural operation" shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in subsection 252 B of § 3.1-22.29.

The operation of a composting facility as provided in this subsection shall not relieve the owner or operator of such a facility from liability for any violation of this chapter.

L. The Board shall provide for reasonable exemptions from the permitting requirements, both procedural and substantive, in order to encourage the development of facilities for the decomposition of vegetative waste. To accomplish this, the Board shall approve an expedited approval process. As used in this subsection, the decomposition of vegetative waste means a natural aerobic or anaerobic process, active or passive, which results in the decay and chemical breakdown of the vegetative waste. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a city or county from exercising its existing authority to regulate such facilities by requiring, among other things, permits and proof of financial security.

M. In receiving and processing applications for permits required by this section, the Director shall assign top priority to applications which (i) agree to accept nonhazardous recycling residues and (ii) pledge to charge tipping fees for disposal of nonhazardous recycling residues which do not exceed those charged for nonhazardous municipal solid waste. Applications meeting these requirements shall be acted upon no later than six months after they are deemed complete.

N. Every solid waste management facility shall be operated in compliance with the regulations
promulgated by the Board pursuant to this chapter. To the extent consistent with federal law, those
facilities which were permitted prior to March 15, 1993, and upon which solid waste has been disposed
of prior to October 9, 1993, may continue to receive solid waste until they have reached their vertical
design capacity, provided that the facility is in compliance with the requirements for liners and leachate
control in effect at the time of permit issuance, and further provided that on or before October 9, 1993,
the owner or operator of the solid waste management facility submits to the Director:

1. An acknowledgement that the owner or operator is familiar with state and federal law and
regulations pertaining to solid waste management facilities operating after October 9, 1993, including
postclosure care, corrective action and financial responsibility requirements;

277 2. A statement signed by a registered professional engineer that he has reviewed the regulations 278 established by the Department for solid waste management facilities, including the open dump criteria 279 contained therein, that he has inspected the facility and examined the monitoring data compiled for the 280 facility in accordance with applicable regulations and that, on the basis of his inspection and review, has 281 concluded: (i) that the facility is not an open dump, (ii) that the facility does not pose a substantial 282 present or potential hazard to human health and the environment, and (iii) that the leachate or residues 283 from the facility do not pose a threat of contamination or pollution of the air, surface water or ground 284 water in a manner constituting an open dump or resulting in a substantial present or potential hazard to 285 human health or the environment; and

3. A statement signed by the owner or operator (i) that the facility complies with applicable financial assurance regulations, and (ii) estimating when the facility will reach its vertical design capacity.

The facility may not be enlarged prematurely to avoid compliance with state or federal regulations
 when such enlargement is not consistent with past operating practices, the permit or modified operating
 practices to ensure good management.

291 Facilities which are authorized by this subsection to accept waste for disposal beyond the waste292 boundaries existing on October 9, 1993, shall be as follows:

293 Category 1: Nonhazardous industrial waste facilities that are located on property owned or controlled294 by the generator of the waste disposed of in the facility;

295 Category 2: Nonhazardous industrial waste facilities other than those that are located on property
296 owned or controlled by the generator of the waste disposed of in the facility, provided that the facility
297 accepts only industrial waste streams which the facility has lawfully accepted prior to July 1, 1995, or
298 other nonhazardous industrial waste as approved by the Department on a case-by-case basis; and

299 Category 3: Facilities that accept only construction-demolition-debris waste as defined in the Board's300 regulations.

301 The Director may prohibit or restrict the disposal of waste in facilities described in this subsection 302 which contains hazardous constituents as defined in applicable regulations which, in the opinion of the 303 Director, would pose a substantial risk to health or the environment. Facilities described in category 3 304 may expand laterally beyond the waste disposal boundaries existing on October 9, 1993, provided that 305 there is first installed, in such expanded areas, liners and leachate control systems meeting the applicable 306 performance requirements of the Board's regulations, or a demonstration is made to the satisfaction of 307 the Director that such facilities satisfy the applicable variance criteria in the Board's regulations.

Owners or operators of facilities which are authorized under this subsection to accept waste for 308 309 disposal beyond the waste boundaries existing on October 9, 1993, shall ensure that such expanded 310 disposal areas maintain setback distances applicable to such facilities under the Board's current regulations and local ordinances. Prior to the expansion of any facility described in category 2 or 3, the 311 owner or operator shall provide the Director with written notice of the proposed expansion at least sixty 312 days prior to commencement of construction. The notice shall include recent groundwater monitoring 313 data sufficient to determine that the facility does not pose a threat of contamination of groundwater in a 314 manner constituting an open dump or creating a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment. The Director shall evaluate the data included with the notification and may advise 315 316 317 the owner or operator of any additional requirements that may be necessary to ensure compliance with 318 applicable laws and prevent a substantial present or potential hazard to health or the environment.

319 Facilities, or portions thereof, which have reached their vertical design capacity shall be closed in 320 compliance with regulations promulgated by the Board.

Nothing in this subsection shall alter any requirement for groundwater monitoring, financial
 responsibility, operator certification, closure, postclosure care, operation, maintenance or corrective action
 imposed under state or federal law or regulation, or impair the powers of the Director pursuant to
 § 10.1-1409.

O. Portions of a permitted solid waste management facility used solely for the storage of household hazardous waste may store household hazardous waste for a period not to exceed one year, provided that such wastes are properly contained and are segregated to prevent mixing of incompatible wastes.
That an emergency exists and this act is in force from its passage.