

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact § 58.1-3503 of the Code of Virginia, relating to general classification of tangible personal property.

[H 678]

Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**1. That § 58.1-3503 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:**

§ 58.1-3503. General classification of tangible personal property.

A. Tangible personal property is classified for valuation purposes according to the following separate categories which are not to be considered separate classes for rate purposes:

1. Farm animals, except as exempted under § 58.1-3505.

2. Farm machinery, except as exempted under § 58.1-3505.

3. Automobiles, except those described in subdivisions 7, 8 and 9 of this subsection, which shall be valued by means of a recognized pricing guide or if the model and year of the individual automobile are not listed in the recognized pricing guide, the individual vehicle may be valued on the basis of percentage or percentages of original cost. In using a recognized pricing guide, the commissioner shall use either of the following two methods. The commissioner may use all applicable adjustments in such guide to determine the value of each individual automobile, or alternatively, if the commissioner does not utilize all applicable adjustments in valuing each automobile, he shall use the base value specified in such guide which may be either average retail, wholesale, or loan value, so long as uniformly applied within classifications of property. If the model and year of the individual automobile are not listed in the recognized pricing guide, the taxpayer may present to the commissioner proof of the original cost, and the basis of the tax for purposes of the motor vehicle sales and use tax as described in § 58.1-2405 shall constitute proof of original cost. If such percentage or percentages of original cost do not accurately reflect fair market value, or if the taxpayer does not supply proof of original cost, then the commissioner may select such other method which establishes fair market value.

4. Trucks of less than two tons, which may be valued by means of a recognized pricing guide or if the model and year of the individual truck are not listed in the recognized pricing guide on the basis of a percentage or percentages of original cost.

5. Trucks and other vehicles, as defined in § 46.2-100, except those described in subdivisions 4, and 6 through 10 of this subsection, which shall be valued by means of either a recognized pricing guide using the lowest value specified in such guide or a percentage or percentages of original cost.

6. Manufactured homes, as defined in § 36-85.3, which may be valued on the basis of square footage of living space.

7. Antique motor vehicles, as defined in § 46.2-100.

8. Taxicabs.

9. Motor vehicles with specially designed equipment for use by the handicapped, which shall not be valued in relation to their initial cost, but by determining their actual market value if offered for sale on the open market.

10. Motorcycles, campers and other recreational vehicles, which shall be valued by means of a recognized pricing guide or a percentage or percentages of original cost.

11. Boats weighing under five tons and boat trailers, which shall be valued by means of a recognized pricing guide or a percentage or percentages of original cost.

12. Boats or watercraft weighing five tons or more, which shall be valued by means of a percentage or percentages of original cost.

13. Aircraft, which shall be valued by means of a recognized pricing guide or a percentage or percentages of original cost.

14. Household goods and personal effects, except as exempted under § 58.1-3504.

15. Tangible personal property used in a research and development business, which shall be valued by means of a percentage or percentages of original cost.

16. ~~Computer hardware, used by businesses primarily engaged in providing data processing services to other nonrelated or nonaffiliated businesses;~~ *Programmable computer equipment used in business* which shall be valued by means of a percentage or percentages of original cost ~~to the taxpayer, or by such other method as may reasonably be expected to determine the actual fair market value.~~

17. All tangible personal property employed in a trade or business other than that described in subdivisions 1 through 16 of this subsection, which shall be valued by means of a percentage or

ENROLLED

HB678ER

57 percentages of original cost.

58 18. All other tangible personal property.

59 B. Methods of valuing property may differ among the separate categories, so long as each method
60 used is uniform within each category, is consistent with requirements of this section and may reasonably
61 be expected to determine actual fair market value. A commissioner of revenue shall upon request take
62 into account the condition of the property. The term "condition of the property" includes, but is not
63 limited to, technological obsolescence of property where technological obsolescence is an appropriate
64 factor for valuing such property. The commissioner of revenue shall make available to taxpayers on
65 request a reasonable description of his valuation methods. Such commissioner, or other assessing officer,
66 or his authorized agent, when using a recognized pricing guide as provided for in this section, may
67 automatically extend the assessment if the pricing information is stored in a computer.