## INTRODUCED

Offered January 17, 1996
assessments for local improvements

## HOUSE BILL NO. 403

assessments for local improvements.

> Patrons—Watkins and Nixon
> Referred to Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns

## Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That $\S \S 15.1-242$ and $15.1-247$ of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
§ 15.1-242. Assessments to be reported to collector of taxes; postponement of payment by certain property owners.

The amount assessed against each landowner, or for which he is liable by agreement, shall be reported as soon as practicable to the collector of taxes, who shall enter the same as provided for other taxes. The governing body may provide for the postponement of the payment of such assessment by certain elderly or permanently and totally disabled property owners meeting certain conditions until the sale of the property or the death of the last eligible owner. Eligibility for postponement shall be subject to the conditions set forth in § 58.1-3211 for such elderly or permanently and totally disabled persons. The governing body may provide for the postponement of the payment of such assessment until the property owner actually connects to the public utility system. However, if the property is conveyed between the time the assessment is made and the time the property owner actually connects to the public utility system, then the entire amount due under the assessment becomes due and payable on the day of the conveyance. In any event, the entire amount of assessment due shall be paid no later than ten years from the creation of the district.

The collector of taxes shall enter those assessments postponed by the governing body in accordance with the conditions prescribed as provided for other taxes, but the eligible property owner shall have the option of payment or postponement.
§ 15.1-247. Docketing of abstracts of resolutions or ordinances.
When any improvement is authorized for which assessments may be made against the abutting landowners, the council or board of supervisors of the city, own governing body of the county, city or town may, before the amount to be finally assessed against or apportioned to each landowner or fixed by agreement is determined, cause to be recorded in the judgment docket deed book of the circuit court clerk's office in which deeds conveying real estate in for such city, own or county, city or town are required by law be recorded, an abstract of the resolution or ordinance authorizing such improvement showing the ownership and location of the property to be affected by the proposed improvement and the estimated amount that will be assessed against or apportioned to each landowner or fixed by agreement with him and the same shall be indexed in the name of the owner of the property. Such assessment shall be a lien solely on the abutting land as provided in § 15.1-246.

After the completion of the improvement, the estimated amount shall be amended to show the amount finally assessed against or apportioned to each landowner or fixed by agreement with him, which final amount shall in no event exceed the estimated amount for the improvements as initially authorized. The amount finally assessed against or apportioned to each landowner may be greater than the initially assessed amount when the increased amount is for additional work being performed when said work was requested by the landowner and the additional work and its estimated amount is written into a separate agreement between the eity, own, or county, city or town and the affected landowner. From the time of the docketing of such abstract, any purchaser of, or creditor acquiring a lien on, any of the property described therein shall be deemed to have had notice of the proposed assessment.

