INTRODUCED

HB1525

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HOUSE BILL NO. 1525

Offered January 22, 1996

A BILL to amend and reenact § 22.1-253.13:1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to enhancements of drop out prevention programs.

Patrons—Hall, Christian, Cooper, Cunningham, Hamilton, Howell, Van Landingham and Van Yahres; Senators: Colgan, Houck, Howell, Lambert, Wampler and Woods

Referred to Committee on Education

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

2 1. That § 22.1-253.13:1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

13 § 22.1-253.13:1. Standard 1. Basic skills, selected programs, and instructional personnel.

A. The General Assembly and the Board of Education believe that the fundamental goal of the public schools of this Commonwealth must be to enable each student to develop the skills that are necessary for success in school and preparation for life, and find that the quality of education is dependent upon the provision of the appropriate working environment, benefits, and salaries necessary to ensure the availability of high quality instructional personnel and adequate commitment of other resources.

20 B. The Board of Education shall establish educational objectives to implement the development of 21 the skills that are necessary for success in school and for preparation for life in the years beyond. The current educational objectives, known as the Standards of Learning, shall not be construed to be 22 regulations as defined in § 9-6.14:4; however, the Board of Education may, from time to time, revise 23 24 these educational objectives. In order to provide appropriate opportunity for input from the general 25 public, teachers, and local school boards, the Board of Education shall conduct public hearings prior to establishing new educational objectives. Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall 26 give written notice by mail of the date, time, and place of the hearings to all local school boards and 27 28 any other persons requesting to be notified of the hearings and publish notice of its intention to revise 29 these educational objectives in the Virginia Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be given 30 reasonable opportunity to be heard and present information prior to final adoption of any revisions of 31 these educational objectives.

32 The Board shall seek to ensure that any revised educational objectives are consistent with the world's 33 highest educational standards. However, no revisions shall be implemented prior to July 1, 1994. These 34 objectives shall include, but not be limited to, basic skills of communication, computation and critical 35 reasoning including problem solving and decision making, and the development of personal qualities 36 such as self-esteem, sociability, self-management, integrity, and honesty. School boards shall implement 37 these objectives or objectives specifically designed for their school divisions that are equivalent to or 38 exceed the Board's requirements. Students shall be expected to achieve the educational objectives 39 utilized by the school division at appropriate age or grade levels. With such funds as are available for 40 this purpose, the Board of Education may prescribe assessment methods to determine the level of 41 achievement of these objectives by all students.

42 C. Local school boards shall develop and implement a program of instruction for grades K through 43 12 which emphasizes reading, writing, speaking, mathematical concepts and computations, and scientific 44 concepts and processes; essential skills and concepts of citizenship, including knowledge of history, economics, government, foreign languages, international cultures, health, environmental issues and 45 geography necessary for responsible participation in American society and in the international 46 community; fine arts and practical arts; knowledge and skills needed to qualify for further education and 47 **48** employment or, in the case of some handicapped children, to qualify for appropriate training; and 49 development of the ability to apply such skills and knowledge in preparation for eventual employment 50 and lifelong learning.

51 Local school boards shall also develop and implement programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation for students who are educationally at risk including, but not limited to, those whose scores 52 53 are in the bottom national quartile on Virginia State Assessment Program Tests, or who do not pass the 54 literacy test prescribed by the Board of Education. Division superintendents may require such students to take special programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation which may include attendance in public 55 summer school sessions. Students required to attend such summer school sessions shall not be charged 56 tuition. Based on the number of students attending and the Commonwealth's share of the per pupil costs, 57 additional state funds shall be provided for summer remediation programs as set forth in the 58 59 appropriation act.

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60 D. Local school boards shall also implement the following:

61 1. Programs in grades K through 3 which emphasize developmentally appropriate learning to enhance62 success.

63 2. Programs based on prevention, intervention, or retrieval designed to increase the number of 64 students who earn a high school diploma or general education development (GED) certificate. As 65 provided in the appropriation act, state funding, in addition to basic aid, shall be allocated to support 66 programs grounded in sound educational policy to reduce the number of students who drop out of school. From such funds as may be appropriated for this purpose, sufficient funds shall be provided to 67 hold all local school divisions harmless by providing no-loss funding which maintains the level of each 68 school division's funding as allocated for drop out prevention programs on July 1, 1996, if the level of 69 70 funding for such school division's drop out prevention programs would be less than its level of funding for such programs in fiscal year 1995. Effective on and after July 1, 1996, the Board of Education shall 71 72 develop and implement a funding mechanism to ensure that no school board is penalized in its state funding for drop out prevention programs for reducing the drop out rate in its school division. 73

3. Career education programs infused into the K through 12 curricula that promote knowledge of
careers and all types of employment opportunities including but not limited to, apprenticeships, the
military, and career education schools, and emphasize the advantages of completing school with
marketable skills. School boards may include career exploration opportunities in the middle school
grades.

4. Competency-based vocational education programs, which integrate academic outcomes, career
guidance and job-seeking skills for all secondary students including those identified as handicapped that
reflect employment opportunities, labor market needs, applied basic skills, job-seeking skills, and career
guidance. Career guidance shall include employment counseling designed to furnish information on
available employment opportunities to all students, including those identified as handicapped, and
placement services for students exiting school. Each school board shall develop and implement a plan to
ensure compliance with the provisions of this subsection.

86 5. Academic and vocational preparation for students who plan to continue their education beyond87 secondary school or who plan to enter employment.

88 6. Early identification of handicapped students and enrollment of such students in appropriate89 instructional programs consistent with state and federal law.

90 7. Early identification of gifted students and enrollment of such students in appropriately91 differentiated instructional programs.

8. Educational alternatives for students whose needs are not met in programs prescribed elsewhere in
these standards. Such students shall be counted in average daily membership (ADM) in accordance with
the regulations of the Board of Education.

95 9. Adult education programs for individuals functioning below the high school completion level.
96 Such programs may be conducted by the school board as the primary agency or through a collaborative arrangement between the school board and other agencies.

98 10. A plan to make achievements for students who are educationally at risk a divisionwide priority99 which shall include procedures for measuring the progress of such students.

E. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and vocational education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation act. Calculations of kindergarten positions shall be based on full-day kindergarten programs. Beginning with the March 31 report of average daily membership, those school divisions offering half-day kindergarten shall adjust their average daily membership for kindergarten to reflect eighty-five percent of the total kindergarten average daily memberships.

F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year remedial 107 108 programs, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be provided to fund certain full-time 109 equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K through 12 estimated to score in 110 the bottom national quartile on Virginia State Assessment Program Tests and those who fail the literacy tests prescribed by the Board. State funding for remedial programs provided pursuant to this subsection 111 and the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as 112 identified by the local school boards. The Board of Education shall establish criteria for identification of 113 114 educationally at-risk students, which shall not be construed to be regulations as defined in § 9-6.14:4; however, the Board of Education may, from time to time, revise these identification criteria. In order to 115 116 provide appropriate opportunity for input from the general public, teachers, and local school boards, the Board of Education shall conduct public hearings prior to establishing or revising such identification 117 criteria. Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall give written notice by mail of the 118 119 date, time, and place of the hearings to all local school boards and any other persons requesting to be 120 notified of the hearings and publish notice of its intention to establish or revise such identification criteria in the Virginia Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be given reasonable opportunity 121

122 to be heard and present information prior to final adoption of any such identification criteria or revisions 123 thereto.

124 G. Licensed instructional personnel shall be assigned by each school board in a manner that produces 125 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, 126 excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, counselors, and librarians, that are 127 not greater than the following ratios: (i) twenty-five to one in kindergarten with no class being larger 128 than thirty students; if the average daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds twenty-five 129 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be assigned to the class; (ii) twenty-four to one in grade one with 130 no class being larger than thirty students; (iii) twenty-five to one in grades two and three with no class 131 being larger than thirty students; (iv) twenty-five to one in grades four through six with no class being 132 larger than thirty-five students; and (v) twenty-four to one in English classes in grades six through 133 twelve.

134 Further, pursuant to the appropriation act, school boards may implement in kindergarten through third 135 grade, within certain schools, lower ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time 136 equivalent teaching positions by assigning instructional personnel in a manner that produces ratios of 137 students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, excluding special 138 education teachers, principals, assistant principals, counselors, and librarians, as follows: (i) in schools 139 having high concentrations of at-risk students, eighteen to one; and (ii) in schools having moderate 140 concentrations of at-risk students, twenty to one. For the purposes of this subsection, "schools having 141 high concentrations of at-risk students" and "schools having moderate concentrations of at-risk students"

142 shall be defined in the appropriation act.

143 In addition, instructional personnel shall be assigned by each school board in a manner that produces 144 schoolwide ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 145 twenty-five to one in middle schools and high schools.