## 1996 SESSION

961128813 HOUSE BILL NO. 1194 1 2 Offered January 22, 1996 3 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 32.1-102.1 and 32.1-102.2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to 4 5 6 7 certificates of public need. Patrons—Hamilton, Baker and Mims 8 Referred to Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 32.1-102.1 and 32.1-102.2 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: § 32.1-102.1. Definitions. 13 14 As used in this article, unless the context indicates otherwise: "Certificate" means a certificate of public need for a project required by this article. 15 "Clinical health service" means a single diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, preventive or palliative procedure or a series of such procedures that may be separately identified for billing and accounting purposes. "Health planning region" means a contiguous geographical area of the Commonwealth with a population base of at least 500,000 persons which is characterized by the availability of multiple levels of medical care services, reasonable travel time for tertiary care, and congruence with planning districts. "Medical care facility," as used in this title, means any institution, place, building or agency, whether licensed or required to be licensed by the Board or the State Mental Health, Mental Retardation and HB1194 Substance Abuse Services Board, whether operated for profit or nonprofit and whether privately owned or privately operated or owned or operated by a local governmental unit, (i) by or in which health services are furnished, conducted, operated or offered for the prevention, diagnosis or treatment of human disease, pain, injury, deformity or physical condition, whether medical or surgical, of two or more nonrelated mentally or physically sick or injured persons, or for the care of two or more nonrelated persons requiring or receiving medical, surgical or nursing attention or services as acute, chronic, convalescent, aged, physically disabled or crippled, or (ii) which is the recipient of reimbursements from third-party health insurance programs or prepaid medical service plans. For purposes of this article, only the following medical care facilities shall be subject to review: 33 1. General hospitals. 34 2. Sanitariums. 35 3. Nursing homes. 36 4. Intermediate care facilities. 37 5. Extended care facilities. 38 6. Mental hospitals. 39 7. Mental retardation facilities. 8. Psychiatric hospitals and intermediate care facilities established primarily for the medical, psychiatric or psychological treatment and rehabilitation of alcoholics or drug addicts. 9. Specialized centers or clinics or that portion of a physician's office developed for the provision of outpatient or ambulatory surgery, cardiac catheterization, computed tomographic (CT) scanning, gamma knife surgery, lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic source imaging (MSI), positron emission tomographic (PET) scanning, radiation therapy, single photon emission computed tomography (SPECT), or such other specialty services as may be designated by the Board by regulation. 47 10. Rehabilitation hospitals. The term "medical care facility" shall not include any facility of the (i) Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services; or (ii) any nonhospital substance abuse residential treatment program operated by or contracted primarily for the use of a community services board under the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services' Comprehensive Plan; or (iii) physician's office, except that portion of a physician's office described above in subdivision 9 of the definition of "medical care facility"; or (iv) the Woodrow Wilson Rehabilitation Center of the Department of Rehabilitative Services.

- "Project" means:
- 1. Establishment of a medical care facility; 56
- 57 2. An increase in the total number of beds or operating rooms in an existing medical care facility;

3. Relocation at the same site of ten beds or ten percent of the beds, whichever is less, from one 58 59 existing physical facility to another in any two-year period; however, a hospital shall not be required to

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obtain a certificate for the use of ten percent of its beds as nursing home beds as provided in 60 § 32.1-132; 61

62 4. Introduction into an existing medical care facility of any new nursing home service, such as 63 intermediate care facility services, extended care facility services, or skilled nursing facility services, 64 regardless of the type of medical care facility in which those services are provided;

65 5. Introduction into an existing medical care facility of any new cardiac catheterization, computed 66 tomographic (CT), gamma knife surgery, lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic source imaging (MSI), medical rehabilitation, neonatal special care, obstetrical, open heart surgery, 67 positron emission tomographic (PET) scanning, psychiatic, organ or tissue transplant service, radiation 68 therapy, single photon emission computed tomography (SPECT), substance abuse treatment, or such 69 other specialty clinical services as may be designated by the Board by regulation, which the facility has 70 never provided or has not provided in the previous twelve months; 71

72 6. Conversion of beds in an existing medical care facility to medical rehabilitation beds or psychiatric beds: 73

74 7. The addition or replacement by an existing medical care facility of any medical equipment for the 75 provision of cardiac catheterization, computed tomographic (CT), gamma knife surgery, lithotripsy, 76 magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic source imaging (MSI), open heart surgery, positron emission tomographic (PET) scanning, radiation therapy, single photon emission computed tomography 77 78 (SPECT), or other specialized service designated by the Board by regulation; notwithstanding the above, 79 the Commissioner shall develop regulations providing for the replacement by a medical care facility of existing medical equipment, which is determined by the Commissioner to be inoperable or otherwise in 80 need of replacement without requiring issuance of a certificate of public need; or 81

8. Any capital expenditure of one *five* million dollars or more, not defined as reviewable in subdivisions 1 through 7 of this definition, by or in behalf of a medical care facility, except capital 82 83 84 expenditures, registered with the Commissioner pursuant to regulations developed by the Board, of less than two million dollars that do not involve the expansion of any space in which patient care services 85 are provided, including, but not limited to, expenditures for nurse-call systems, materials handling and 86 87 management information systems, parking lots and garages, child-care centers, and laundry services.

"Regional health planning agency" means the regional agency, including the regional health planning 88 89 board, its staff and any component thereof, designated by the Virginia Health Planning Board to perform 90 the health planning activities set forth in this chapter within a health planning region.

91 "State Medical Facilities Plan" means the planning document adopted by the Board of Health which 92 shall include, but not be limited to, (i) methodologies for projecting need for medical care facility beds and services; (ii) statistical information on the availability of medical care facilities and services; and 93 94 (iii) procedures, criteria and standards for review of applications for projects for medical care facilities 95 and services.

96 "Virginia Health Planning Board" means the statewide health planning body established pursuant to 97 32.1-122.02 which serves as the analytical and technical resource to the Secretary of Health and 98 Human Resources in matters requiring health analysis and planning. 99

§ 32.1-102.2. Regulations.

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A. The Board shall promulgate regulations which are consistent with this article and:

101 1. Shall establish procedures for the review of applications for certificates consistent with the 102 provisions of this article which may include a structured batching process which incorporates, but is not 103 limited to, authorization for the Commissioner to request proposals for certain projects;

104 2. May classify projects and may eliminate one or more or all of the procedures prescribed in § 32.1-102.6 for different classifications; 105

3. May provide for exempting from the requirement of a certificate projects determined by the 106 Commissioner, upon application for exemption, to be subject to the economic forces of a competitive 107 108 market or to have no discernable impact on the cost or quality of health services; and

109 4. Shall establish a schedule of fees for applications for certificates to be applied to expenses for the 110 administration and operation of the certificate of public need program. Such fees shall not be less than \$1,000 nor exceed the lesser of one percent of the proposed expenditure for the project or \$10,000111 112 \$20,000.

B. The Board shall promulgate regulations providing for time limitations for schedules for 113 114 completion and limitations on the exceeding of the maximum capital expenditure amount for all reviewable projects. The Commissioner shall not approve any such extension or excess unless it 115 116 complies with the Board's regulations.

117 C. The Board shall also promulgate regulations authorizing the Commissioner to condition approval 118 of a certificate on the agreement of the applicant to provide a level of care at a reduced rate to indigents or accept patients requiring specialized care. In addition, the Board's licensure regulations shall direct the 119 120 Commissioner to consider, when issuing or renewing any license for any applicant whose certificate was approved upon such condition, whether such applicant has complied with any agreement to provide a 121

<sup>122</sup> level of care at a reduced rate to indigents or accept patients requiring specialized care.