## 1996 SESSION

964186485

## **HOUSE BILL NO. 1062**

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Joint Conference Committee

on March 9, 1996)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Watts)

8

9

1

2

3

A BILL to amend and reenact § 36-49.1:1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to spot blight abatement.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 36-49.1:1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 36-49.1:1. Spot blight abatement authorized; procedure.

A. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, an authority, or any county, city or town 10 11 which does not have an authority, shall have the power to acquire or repair any blighted property, as defined in § 36-49 of this title, outside of a conservation or redevelopment area, by exercise of the 12 13 powers of eminent domain provided in Title 25, and, further, shall have the power to hold, clear, repair, manage or dispose of such property for purposes consistent with this title. In addition, any county with 14 15 the urban county executive form of government, and any city totally contained within such county, shall 16 have the power to recover the costs of any repair or disposal of such property from the owner. This 17 power shall be exercised only in accordance with the procedures set forth in this section.

18 B. The chief executive or designated agency or authority of the county, city, or town shall make a preliminary determination that a property is blighted in accordance with this article. It shall notify the 19 20 owner, specifying the reasons why the property is considered blighted. The owner shall have thirty days 21 within which to respond with a plan to cure the blight within a reasonable time.

22 C. If the owner fails to respond within the thirty-day period with a plan that is acceptable to the 23 chief executive of the agency, authority or locality, the agency, authority or locality (i) may request the 24 local planning commission to conduct a public hearing and make findings and recommendations that 25 shall be reported to the governing body of the county, city, or town concerning the repair or other disposition of the property in question and (ii) in the event a public hearing is scheduled, shall prepare a 26 27 plan for the repair or other disposition of the property.

28 D. Not less than three weeks prior to the date of the public hearing before the planning commission, 29 the commission shall provide by regular and certified mail, notice of such hearing to (i) the owner of 30 the blighted property or the agent designated by him for receipt of service of notices concerning the 31 payment of real estate taxes within the locality; (ii) the abutting property owners in each direction, 32 including those property owners immediately across the street or road from the property; and (iii) the 33 representative neighborhood association, if any, for the immediate area. The notice shall include the plan for the intended repair or other disposition of the property. The notice of the public hearing shall be 34 35 published at least twice, with not less than six days elapsing between the first and second publication in 36 a newspaper published or having general circulation in the county, city, or town in which the property is 37 located. The notice also shall be posted on the property. The notice shall specify the time and place of 38 the hearing at which persons affected may appear and present their views, not less than six days nor 39 more than twenty-one days after the second publication. 40

E. The planning commission shall determine whether:

1. The owner has failed to cure the blight or present a reasonable plan to do so;

2. The property is blighted;

43 3. The plan for the repair or other disposition of the property is in accordance with the locally adopted comprehensive plan, zoning ordinances, and other applicable land use regulations; and 44

45 4. The property is located within an area listed on the National Register of Historic Places. In such instances, the planning commission shall consult with the locally established architectural review board, 46 47 if any, regarding the proposed repair or other disposition of the property by the authority.

**48** F. The planning commission shall report its findings and recommendations concerning the property to 49 the governing body. The governing body, upon receipt of such findings and recommendations, may, after an advertised public hearing, affirm, modify, or reject the planning commission's findings and 50 recommendations. If the repair or other disposition of the property is approved, the authority, agency or 51 locality may carry out the approved plan to repair or acquire and dispose of the property in accordance 52 53 with the approved plan, the provisions of this section, and applicable law. Any county with the urban county executive form of government, and any city totally contained within such county, shall have a 54 lien on all property so repaired or acquired under an approved plan to recover the cost of (i)55 improvements made by such county or city to bring the blighted property into compliance with 56 applicable building codes and (ii) disposal, if any. The lien authorized by this subsection shall be filed 57 in the circuit court where the property is located and shall be subordinate to any prior liens of record. 58 59 The governing body may recover its costs of repair from the owner of record of the property when the

41

42

## HB1062H1

60 repairs were made at such time as the property is sold or disposed of by such owner. If the property is

acquired by the governing body through eminent domain, the cost of repair may be recovered when the
governing body sells or disposes of the property. In either case, the costs of repair shall be recovered

63 from the proceeds of any such sale.

64 G. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, unless otherwise provided for in Title 36, if the 65 blighted property is occupied for personal residential purposes, the governing body, in approving the plan, shall not allow for an acquisition of such property if it would result in a displacement of the 66 person or persons living in the premises. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to 67 acquisitions, under an approved plan, by any county with the urban county executive form of 68 government, and any city totally contained within such county, of property which has been condemned 69 for human habitation for more than one year. In addition, such county or city, in exercising the powers 70 of eminent domain in accordance with Title 25, may provide for temporary relocation of any person 71 living in the blighted property provided the relocation is within the financial means of such person. 72

73 H. The provisions of this section shall be cumulative and shall be in addition to any remedies for 74 spot blight abatement that may be authorized by  $\S$  15.1-238 or any other provision of law.