1995 SESSION

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact § 19.2-243 of the Code of Virginia, relating to speedy trial.

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Approved

5 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 19.2-243 of the Code of Virginia 6 is amended and reenacted as follows:

8 19.2-243. Limitation on prosecution of felony due to lapse of time after finding of probable cause;
 8 misdemeanors; exceptions.

9 Where a general district court has found that there is probable cause to believe that the accused has 10 committed a felony, the accused, if he is held continuously in custody thereafter, shall be forever 11 discharged from prosecution for such offense if no trial is commenced in the circuit court within five 12 months from the date such probable cause was found by the district court; and if the accused is not held 13 in custody but has been recognized for his appearance in the circuit court to answer for such offense, he 14 shall be forever discharged from prosecution therefor if no trial is commenced in the circuit court within 15 nine months from the date such probable cause was found.

16 If there was no preliminary hearing in the district court, or if such preliminary hearing was waived
17 by the accused, the commencement of the running of the five and nine months periods, respectively, set
18 forth in this section, shall be from the date an indictment or presentment is found against the accused.

19 If an indictment or presentment is found against the accused but he has not been arrested for the 20 offense charged therein, the five and nine months periods, respectively, shall commence to run from the 21 date of his arrest thereon.

Where a case is before a circuit court on appeal from a conviction of a misdemeanor or traffic infraction in a district court, the accused shall be forever discharged from prosecution for such offense if the trial de novo in the circuit court is not commenced (i) within five months from the date of the conviction if the accused has been held continuously in custody or (ii) within nine months of the date of the conviction if the accused has been recognized for his appearance in the circuit court.

The provisions of this section shall not apply to such period of time as the failure to try the accused was caused:

29 (1) *1*. By his insanity or by reason of his confinement in a hospital for care and observation;

30 (2) 2. By the witnesses for the Commonwealth being enticed or kept away, or prevented from attending by sickness or accident;

32 (3) 3. By the granting of a separate trial at the request of a person indicted jointly with others for a felony;

(4) 4. By continuance granted on the motion of the accused or his counsel, or by concurrence of the accused or his counsel in such a motion by the attorney for the Commonwealth, or by the failure of the accused or his counsel to make a timely objection to such a motion by the attorney for the Commonwealth, or by reason of his escaping from jail or failing to appear according to his recognizance; or

39 (5) 5. By the inability of the jury to agree in their verdict.

40 But the time during the pendency of any appeal in any appellate court shall not be included as 41 applying to the provisions of this section.

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