1995 SESSION

INTRODUCED

SB625

	LD1337724
1	SENATE BILL NO. 625
2	Offered January 11, 1995
3	Prefiled January 5, 1995
4	A BILL to amend and reenact § 18.2-308 of the Code of Virginia, relating to carrying of concealed
5 6	weapons.
7	Patron—Potts
8	
9	Referred to the Committee for Courts of Justice
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11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That § 18.2-308 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:
13 14	§ 18.2-308. Carrying concealed weapons; when lawful to carry.
14 15	A. If any person carries about his person, hidden from common observation, (i) any pistol, revolver, or other weapon designed or intended to propel a missile of any kind, or (ii) any dirk, bowie knife,
16	switchblade knife, ballistic knife, razor, slingshot, spring stick, metal knucks, blackjack, or (iii) any
17	flailing instrument consisting of two or more rigid parts connected in such a manner as to allow them to
18	swing freely, which may be known as a nun chahka, nun chuck, nunchaku, shuriken, or fighting chain,
19	or (iv) any disc, of whatever configuration, having at least two points or pointed blades which is
20	designed to be thrown or propelled and which may be known as a throwing star or oriental dart, or (v)
21 22	any weapon of like kind as those enumerated in this subsection, he shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. A second violation of this section or a conviction under this section subsequent to any
23	conviction under any substantially similar ordinance of any county, city, or town shall be punishable as
24	a Class 6 felony, and a third or subsequent such violation shall be punishable as a Class 5 felony. Any
25	weapon used in the commission of a violation of this section shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth
26	and may be seized by an officer as forfeited, and such as may be needed for police officers,
27	conservators of the peace, and the Division of Forensic Science shall be devoted to that purpose, subject
28	to any registration requirements of federal law, and the remainder shall be disposed of as provided in
29 30	§ 18.2-310. For the purpose of this section, a weapon shall be deemed to be hidden from common observation when it is observable but is of such deceptive appearance as to disguise the weapon's true
31	nature.
32	B. This section shall not apply to:
33	1. Any person while in his own place of abode or the curtilage thereof;
34	2. Any police officers, sergeants, sheriffs, deputy sheriffs or regular game wardens appointed
35	pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 29.1-200 et seq.) of Title 29.1;
36 37	3. Any regularly enrolled member of a target shooting organization who is at, or going to or from, an established shooting range, provided that the weapons are unloaded and securely wrapped while being
38	transported;
39	4. Any regularly enrolled member of a weapons collecting organization who is at, or going to or
40	from, a bona fide weapons exhibition, provided that the weapons are unloaded and securely wrapped
41	while being transported;
42	5. Any person carrying such weapons between his place of abode and a place of purchase or repair,
43	provided the weapons are unloaded and securely wrapped while being transported;
44 45	6. Campus police officers appointed pursuant to Chapter 17 (§ 23-232 et seq.) of Title 23; and 7. Any person actually engaged in lawful hunting, as authorized by the Board of Game and Inland
46	Fisheries, under inclement weather conditions necessitating temporary protection of his firearm from
47	those conditions; and
48	8. Any person honorably retired from the Department of State Police following at least fifteen years
49	of service, provided the person carries with him written proof of consultation with and favorable review
50 51	of the need to carry a concealed weapon issued by the Superintendent of State Police.
51 52	C. This section shall also not apply to any of the following individuals while in the discharge of their official duties, or while in transit to or from such duties:
52 53	1. Carriers of the United States mail in rural districts;
54	2. Officers or guards of any state correctional institution;
55	3. [Repealed.]
56	4. Conservators of the peace, except that the following conservators of the peace shall not be
57 58	permitted to carry a concealed weapon without obtaining a permit as provided in subsection D hereof:
30	(a) notaries public; (b) registrars; (c) drivers, operators or other persons in charge of any motor vehicle

58 (a) notaries public; (b) registrars; (c) drivers, operators or other persons in charge
59 carrier of passengers for hire; (d) commissioners in chancery;

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60 5. Noncustodial employees of the Department of Corrections designated to carry weapons by the Director of the Department of Corrections pursuant to § 53.1-29; 61

6. Law-enforcement agents of the Armed Forces of the United States and federal agents who are 62 63 otherwise authorized to carry weapons by federal law while engaged in the performance of their duties; 64

7. Law-enforcement agents of the United States Naval Criminal Investigative Service; and 65

8. Harbormaster of the City of Hopewell.

66 D. Any person may apply in writing to the clerk of the circuit court of the county or city in which he resides for a two-year permit to carry a specific type of concealed weapon. The application shall be 67 under oath and shall be made on a form prescribed by the Supreme Court, requiring only that 68 information necessary to determine eligibility for the permit. The court, after consulting the law-enforcement authorities of the courty or city and receiving a report from the Central Criminal 69 70 Records Exchange, shall issue such permit if the applicant is of good character, has demonstrated a need 71 72 to carry such concealed weapon, which need may include but is not limited to lawful defense and security, is physically and mentally competent to carry such weapon and is not prohibited by law from receiving, possessing, or transporting such weapon. The court may further require proof that the 73 74 75 applicant has demonstrated competence with a handgun by one of the following:

76 1. Completing any hunter education or hunter safety course approved by the Department of Game 77 and Inland Fisheries or a similar agency of another state; 78

2. Completing any National Rifle Association firearms safety or training course;

79 3. Completing any firearms safety or training course or class available to the general public offered by a law-enforcement agency, junior college, college, or private or public institution or organization or 80 firearms training school utilizing instructors certified by the National Rifle Association or the 81 82 Department of Criminal Justice Services:

4. Completing any law-enforcement firearms safety or training course or class offered for security 83 84 guards, investigators, special deputies, or any division or subdivision of law enforcement or security 85 enforcement;

86 5. Presenting evidence of equivalent experience with a firearm through participation in organized 87 shooting competition or military service;

6. Obtaining or previously having held a license to carry a firearm in this Commonwealth or a 88 89 locality thereof, unless such license has been revoked for cause;

90 7. Completing any firearms training or safety course or class conducted by a state-certified or 91 National Rifle Association-certified firearms instructor; or 92

8. Completing any other firearms training which the court deems adequate.

93 A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any of the courses or classes; an affidavit from the 94 instructor, school, club, organization, or group that conducted or taught such course or class attesting to 95 the completion of the course or class by the applicant; or a copy of any document which shows 96 completion of the course or class or evidences participation in firearms competition shall constitute 97 evidence of qualification under this subsection.

98 Persons who previously have held a concealed weapons permit shall be issued, upon application, a 99 new two-year permit unless there is good cause shown for refusing to reissue a permit. If the circuit 100 court denies the permit, the specific reasons for the denial shall be stated in the order of the court denying the permit. Upon denial of the application and request of the applicant made within ten days, 101 102 the court shall place the matter on the docket for an ore tenus hearing. The applicant may be represented by counsel, but counsel shall not be appointed. The final order of the court shall include the court's 103 104 findings of fact and conclusions of law.

105 No fee shall be charged for the issuance of such permit to a person who has retired from service as a 106 magistrate in the Commonwealth or as a law-enforcement officer with the Department of State Police, or with a sheriff or police department, bureau or force of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth 107 108 of Virginia, after completing twenty years' service or after reaching age fifty-five nor to any person who has retired after completing twenty years' service or after reaching age fifty-five from service as a law-enforcement officer with the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation, Bureau of Alcohol, 109 110 111 Tobacco and Firearms, Secret Service Agency, Drug Enforcement Administration or Naval Criminal 112 Investigative Service. Any fee charged by the court associated with the processing of an application, 113 including costs associated with the consultation with law-enforcement agencies, shall not exceed 114 twenty-five dollars. The order issuing such permit shall be provided to the State Police and the 115 law-enforcement agencies of the county or city.

116 Any person denied a permit to carry a concealed weapon under the provisions of this subsection 117 may, within thirty days of the final decision, present a petition for review to the Court of Appeals or any judge thereof. The petition shall be accompanied by a copy of the original papers filed in the circuit 118 court, including a copy of the order of the circuit court denying the permit. Subject to the provisions of 119 120 § 17-116.07 B, the decision of the Court of Appeals or judge shall be final.

121 E. As used in this article: 122 123 124 125 "Spring stick" means a spring-loaded metal stick activated by pushing a button which rapidly and forcefully telescopes the weapon to several times its original length. "Ballistic knife" means any knife with a detachable blade that is propelled by a spring-operated

mechanism.