1995 SESSION

LD5006324

HOUSE BILL NO. 1420

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the House Committee for Courts of Justice)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Marshall)

House Amendments in [] — February 7, 1995

A BILL to amend and reenact § 16.1-241 of the Code of Virginia, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 18.2-75.1, 18.2-75.2 and 18.2-75.3, relating to abortions for minors; penalty.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

10 1. That § 16.1-241 of the Code of Virginia, as it is currently effective and as it may become 11 effective, is amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 18.2-75.1, 18.2-75.2 and 18.2-75.3 as follows: 12 13

§ 16.1-241. Jurisdiction.

14 The judges of the juvenile and domestic relations district court elected or appointed under this law 15 shall be conservators of the peace within the corporate limits of the cities and the boundaries of the counties for which they are respectively chosen and within one mile beyond the limits of such cities and 16 17 counties. Except as hereinafter provided, each juvenile and domestic relations district court shall have, within the limits of the territory for which it is created, exclusive original jurisdiction, and within one 18 mile beyond the limits of said city or county, concurrent jurisdiction with the juvenile court or courts of 19 20 the adjoining city or county over all cases, matters and proceedings involving: 21

A. The custody, visitation, support, control or disposition of a child:

1. Who is alleged to be abused, neglected, in need of services, in need of supervision, a status 22 23 offender, or delinquent, except where the jurisdiction of the juvenile court has been terminated under the 24 provisions of § 16.1-269.6;

25 2. Who is abandoned by his parent or other custodian or who by reason of the absence or physical or mental incapacity of his parents is without parental care and guardianship; 26

27 2a. Who is at risk of being abused or neglected by a parent or custodian who has been adjudicated 28 as having abused or neglected another child in the care of the parent or custodian;

29 3. Whose custody, visitation or support is a subject of controversy or requires determination. In such 30 cases jurisdiction shall be concurrent with and not exclusive of courts having equity jurisdiction, except 31 as provided in § 16.1-244; 32

4. Who is the subject of an entrustment agreement entered into pursuant to § 63.1-56 or § 63.1-204 or whose parent or parents for good cause desire to be relieved of his care and custody;

34 5. Where the termination of residual parental rights and responsibilities is sought. In such cases 35 jurisdiction shall be concurrent with and not exclusive of courts having equity jurisdiction, as provided in § 16.1-244: 36 37

6. Who is charged with a traffic infraction as defined in § 46.2-100.

38 The authority of the juvenile court to adjudicate matters involving the custody, visitation, support, 39 control or disposition of a child shall not be limited to the consideration of petitions filed by a mother, 40 father or legal guardian but shall include petitions filed at any time by any party with a legitimate 41 interest therein. A party with a legitimate interest shall be broadly construed and shall include, but not 42 be limited to, grandparents, stepparents, former stepparents, blood relatives and family members. A party with a legitimate interest shall not include any person (i) whose parental rights have been involuntarily 43 terminated by court order if the child subsequently has been legally adopted, or (ii) who has been 44 convicted of a violation of subsection A of § 18.2-61 or subsection B of § 18.2-366 when the child who 45 is the subject of the petition was conceived as a result of such violation. The authority of the juvenile 46 47 court to consider a petition involving the custody of a child shall not be proscribed or limited where the child has previously been awarded to the custody of a local board of social services. **48**

49 B. The admission of minors for inpatient treatment in a mental health facility in accordance with the provisions of Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of this chapter and the commitment of a mentally ill person 50 or judicial certification of eligibility for admission to a treatment facility of a mentally retarded person 51 in accordance with the provisions of Chapters 1 (§ 37.1-1 et seq.) and 2 (§ 37.1-63 et seq.) of Title 37.1. 52 53 Jurisdiction of the commitment and certification of adults shall be concurrent with the general district 54 court.

55 C. Except as provided in subsections D and H hereof, judicial consent to such activities as may require parental consent may be given for a child who has been separated from his parents, guardian, 56 legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis and is in the custody of the court when such 57 consent is required by law. 58

59 D. Judicial consent for emergency surgical or medical treatment for a child who is neither married HB1420EH1

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60 nor has ever been married, when the consent of his parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person 61 standing in loco parentis is unobtainable because such parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis (i) is not a resident of this Commonwealth, (ii) his whereabouts is unknown, 62 63 (iii) he cannot be consulted with promptness, reasonable under the circumstances or (iv) fails to give 64 such consent or provide such treatment when requested by the judge to do so.

65 E. Any person charged with deserting, abandoning or failing to provide support for any person in violation of law. 66

F. Any parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis of a child:

68 1. Who has been abused or neglected;

69 2. Who is the subject of an entrustment agreement entered into pursuant to § 63.1-56 or § 63.1-204 70 or is otherwise before the court pursuant to subdivision A 4 of this section;

3. Who has been adjudicated in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent, if the court 71 72 finds that such person has by overt act or omission induced, caused, encouraged or contributed to the 73 conduct of the child complained of in the petition.

74 G. Petitions filed by or on behalf of a child or such child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other 75 person standing in loco parentis for the purpose of obtaining treatment, rehabilitation or other services 76 which are required by law to be provided for that child or such child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis. Jurisdiction in such cases shall be concurrent with and not 77 78 exclusive of that of courts having equity jurisdiction as provided in § 16.1-244.

H. Judicial consent to apply for work permit for a child when such child is separated from his 79 parents, legal guardian or other person standing in loco parentis. 80

I. The prosecution and punishment of persons charged with ill-treatment, abuse, abandonment or neglect of children or with any violation of law which causes or tends to cause a child to come within 81 82 83 the purview of this law, or with any other offense against the person of a child. In prosecution for 84 felonies over which the court has jurisdiction, jurisdiction shall be limited to determining whether or not 85 there is probable cause.

86 J. All offenses in which one family or household member is charged with an offense in which 87 another family or household member is the victim and all offenses under § 18.2-49.1.

88 In prosecution for felonies over which the court has jurisdiction, jurisdiction shall be limited to 89 determining whether or not there is probable cause. For purposes of this subsection, "family or 90 household member," as defined in § 16.1-228, shall also be construed to include parent and child, 91 stepparent and stepchild, brothers and sisters, and grandparent and grandchild, regardless of whether 92 such persons reside in the same home.

93 K. Petitions filed by a natural parent, whose parental rights to a child have been voluntarily relinquished pursuant to a court proceeding, to seek a reversal of the court order terminating such 94 95 parental rights. No such petition shall be accepted, however, after the child has been placed in the home 96 of adoptive parents.

97 L. Any person who seeks spousal support after having separated from his spouse. A decision under 98 this subdivision shall not be res judicata in any subsequent action for spousal support in a circuit court. 99 A circuit court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction in all causes of action under this subdivision.

100 M. Petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining an order of protection pursuant to § 16.1-253.1 or 101 § 16.1-279.1.

102 N. Any person who escapes or remains away without proper authority from a residential care facility 103 in which he had been placed by the court or as a result of his commitment to the Virginia Department 104 of Youth and Family Services.

O. Petitions for emancipation of a minor pursuant to Article 15 (§ 16.1-331 et seq.) of this chapter.

106 P. Petitions for enforcement of administrative support orders entered pursuant to Chapter 13 107 (§ 63.1-249 et seq.) of Title 63.1, or by another state in the same manner as if the orders were entered 108 by a juvenile and domestic relations district court upon the filing of a certified copy of such order in the 109 juvenile and domestic relations district court.

Q. Petitions for a determination of parentage pursuant to Chapter 3.1 (§ 20-49.1 et seq.) of Title 20.

R. Petitions for the purpose of obtaining an emergency protective order pursuant to § 16.1-253.4.

112 S. Petitions filed by school boards against a parent pursuant to § 16.1-241.2.

113 T. Petitions for obtaining authorization for a physician to perform an abortion pursuant to 114 § 18.2-75.2.

The ages specified in this law refer to the age of the child at the time of the acts complained of in 115 116 the petition. 117

§ 16.1-241. (Delayed effective date) Jurisdiction.

118 The judges of the family court elected or appointed under this law shall be conservators of the peace within the corporate limits of the cities and the boundaries of the counties for which they are 119 120 respectively chosen and within one mile beyond the limits of such cities and counties. Except as hereinafter provided, each family court shall have, within the limits of the territory for which it is 121

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122 created, exclusive original jurisdiction, and within one mile beyond the limits of said city or county, 123 concurrent jurisdiction with the family court or courts of the adjoining city or county over all cases, 124 matters and proceedings involving: 125

A. The custody, visitation, support, control or disposition of a child:

126 1. Who is alleged to be abused, neglected, in need of services, in need of supervision, a status 127 offender, or delinquent, except where the jurisdiction of the family court has been terminated under the 128 provisions of § 16.1-269.6;

129 2. Who is abandoned by his parent or other custodian or who by reason of the absence or physical 130 or mental incapacity of his parents is without parental care and guardianship;

131 2a. Who is at risk of being abused or neglected by a parent or custodian who has been adjudicated 132 as having abused or neglected another child in the care of the parent or custodian;

133 3. Whose custody, visitation or support is a subject of controversy or requires determination;

134 4. Who is the subject of an entrustment agreement entered into pursuant to § 63.1-56 or § 63.1-204 135 or whose parent or parents for good cause desire to be relieved of his care and custody;

5. Where the termination of residual parental rights and responsibilities is sought;

6. Who is charged with a traffic infraction as defined in § 46.2-100.

138 The authority of the family court to adjudicate matters involving the custody, visitation, support, 139 control or disposition of a child shall not be limited to the consideration of petitions filed by a mother, 140 father or legal guardian but shall include petitions filed at any time by any party with a legitimate 141 interest therein. A party with a legitimate interest shall be broadly construed and shall include, but not 142 be limited to, grandparents, stepparents, former stepparents, blood relatives and family members. A party 143 with a legitimate interest shall not include any person (i) whose parental rights have been involuntarily 144 terminated by court order if the child subsequently has been legally adopted, or (ii) who has been 145 convicted of a violation of subsection A of § 18.2-61 or subsection B of § 18.2-366 when the child who 146 is the subject of the petition was conceived as a result of such violation. The authority of the family 147 court to consider a petition involving the custody of a child shall not be proscribed or limited where the 148 child has previously been awarded to the custody of a local board of social services.

149 B. The admission of minors for inpatient treatment in a mental health facility in accordance with the 150 provisions of Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of this chapter and the commitment of a mentally ill person or judicial certification of eligibility for admission to a treatment facility of a mentally retarded person 151 152 in accordance with the provisions of Chapters 1 (§ 37.1-1 et seq.) and 2 (§ 37.1-63 et seq.) of Title 37.1. 153 Jurisdiction of the commitment and certification of adults shall be concurrent with the general district 154 court.

155 C. Except as provided in subsections D and H hereof, judicial consent to such activities as may 156 require parental consent may be given for a child who has been separated from his parents, guardian, 157 legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis and is in the custody of the court when such 158 consent is required by law.

159 D. Judicial consent for emergency surgical or medical treatment for a child who is neither married 160 nor has ever been married, when the consent of his parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis is unobtainable because such parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person 161 162 standing in loco parentis (i) is not a resident of this Commonwealth, (ii) his whereabouts is unknown, 163 (iii) cannot be consulted with promptness, reasonable under the circumstances or (iv) fails to give such 164 consent or provide such treatment when requested by the judge to do so.

165 E. Any person charged with deserting, abandoning or failing to provide support for any person in 166 violation of law pursuant to Chapter 5 (§ 20-61 et seq.) of Title 20.

F. Any parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis of a child: 167

168 1. Who has been abused or neglected;

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169 2. Who is the subject of an entrustment agreement entered into pursuant to § 63.1-56 or § 63.1-204 170 or is otherwise before the court pursuant to subdivision A 4 of this section;

171 3. Who has been adjudicated in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent, if the court 172 finds that such person has by overt act or omission induced, caused, encouraged or contributed to the 173 conduct of the child complained of in the petition.

174 G. Petitions filed by or on behalf of a child or such child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other 175 person standing in loco parentis for the purpose of obtaining treatment, rehabilitation or other services which are required by law to be provided for that child or such child's parent, guardian, legal custodian 176 177 or other person standing in loco parentis.

178 H. Judicial consent to apply for work permit for a child when such child is separated from his 179 parents, legal guardian or other person standing in loco parentis.

180 I. The prosecution and punishment of persons charged with ill-treatment, abuse, abandonment or neglect of children or with any violation of law which causes or tends to cause a child to come within 181 182 the purview of this law, or with any other offense against the person of a child. In prosecution for 183 felonies over which the court has jurisdiction, jurisdiction shall be limited to determining whether or not 184 there is probable cause. 185 J. All offenses in which one family or household member is charged with an offense in which 186 another family or household member is the victim and all offenses under § 18.2-49.1. 187 In prosecution for felonies over which the court has jurisdiction, jurisdiction shall be limited to 188 determining whether or not there is probable cause. For purposes of this subsection, "family or 189 household member," as defined in § 16.1-228, shall also be construed to include parent and child, 190 stepparent and stepchild, brothers and sisters, and grandparent and grandchild, regardless of whether 191 such persons reside in the same home. 192 K. Petitions filed by a natural parent, whose parental rights to a child have been voluntarily 193 relinquished pursuant to a court proceeding, to seek a reversal of the court order terminating such 194 parental rights. No such petition shall be accepted, however, after the child has been placed in the home 195 of adoptive parents. 196 L. Any person who seeks spousal support after having separated from his spouse. 197 M. Petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining an order of protection pursuant to § 16.1-253.1 or 198 § 16.1-279.1. 199 N. Any person who escapes or remains away without proper authority from a residential care facility 200 in which he had been placed by the court or as a result of his commitment to the Virginia Department 201 of Youth and Family Services. 202 O. Petitions for emancipation of a minor pursuant to Article 15 (§ 16.1-331 et seq.) of this chapter. 203 P. Petitions for enforcement of administrative support orders entered pursuant to Chapter 13 204 (§ 63.1-249 et seq.) of Title 63.1, or by another state in the same manner as if the orders were entered by a family court upon the filing of a certified copy of such order in the family court. 205 206 Q. Petitions for a determination of parentage pursuant to Chapter 3.1 (§ 20-49.1 et seq.) of Title 20. 207 R. Petitions for the purpose of obtaining an emergency protective order pursuant to § 16.1-253.4. 208 S. Suits for divorce and for annulling or affirming marriage in accordance with Title 20. 209 T. Suits for separate maintenance. 210 U. Suits for equitable distribution based on a foreign decree in accordance with § 20-107.3. 211 V. Petitions for adoption. 212 W. Petitions for change of name when incident to suits for annulling or affirming marriage, divorce, 213 or adoption or when ancillary to any action within the jurisdiction of the family court. 214 X. Petitions regarding records of birth pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 32.1-249 et seq.) of Title 32.1. 215 Y. Judicial review of school board actions pursuant to § 22.1-87 and of hearing officer decisions pursuant to §§ 22.1-214 and 22.1-214.1. 216 217 Z. Petitions filed by school boards against a parent pursuant to § 16.1-241.2. 218 AA. Petitions for obtaining authorization for a physician to perform an abortion pursuant to 219 § 18.2-75.2. 220 The ages specified in this law refer to the age of the child at the time of the acts complained of in 221 the petition. 222 § 18.2-75.1. Minors' abortion; requirements and procedures; penalty. 223 For purposes of this section and § 18.2-75.2: "Authorized person" means a parent or duly appointed legal guardian or custodian of the minor or a 224 225 person standing in loco parentis with whom the minor regularly and customarily resides and who has 226 care and control the minor [or grandparent or adult sibling over 21 years of age]. 227 "Perform an abortion" means to interrupt or terminate a pregnancy by any surgical or nonsurgical 228 procedure or induce a miscarriage as provided in §§ 18.2-73, 18.2-74 or § 18.2-75. 229 "Unemancipated minor" means a minor who has not been emancipated by (i) entry into a valid 230 marriage, even though the marriage may have been terminated by dissolution; (ii) active duty with any 231 of the armed forces of the United States; (iii) willingly living separate and apart from his or her parents 232 or guardian, with the consent or acquiescence of the parents or guardian; or (iv) entry of an order of 233 emancipation pursuant to § 16.1-331 et seq. 234 B. A physician shall not knowingly perform an abortion upon an unemancipated minor unless: 235 1. The physician or his agent has given actual notice of his intention to perform such abortion to an 236 authorized person, either in person or by telephone, at least twenty-four hours previous to the 237 performance of the abortion [, and the physician has secured the informed written consent of the 238 minor: or] 239 2. The physician or his agent, after a reasonable effort to notify an authorized person, has (i) mailed 240 notice to an authorized person by certified mail, addressed to such person at his usual place of abode, 241 with return receipt requested, at least seventy-two hours previous to the performance of the abortion [and (ii) secured the informed written consent of the minor]; or 242

243 3. At least one authorized person is present with the minor seeking the abortion [, and the physician
244 has secured the informed written consent of the minor]; or

245 4. The minor has delivered to the physician a written statement signed by an authorized person and 246 witnessed by a competent adult that the authorized person knows of the minor's intent to have an 247 abortion [, and the physician has secured the informed written consent of the minor]; or

248 5. The minor has delivered to the physician a copy of a court order entered pursuant to § 18.2-75.2 249 authorizing the abortion.

250 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 18.2-71, any physician who performs an abortion in violation 251 of this section shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor.

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§ 18.2-75.2. Judicial procedure in lieu of notification of minor's abortion. 253 If an unemancipated minor elects not to allow notification of an authorized person as provided in 254 § 18.2-75.1, the minor may petition a court of competent jurisdiction in accordance with § 16.1-241 to

255 obtain authorization for a physician to perform an abortion.

256 After a hearing, a judge may authorize a physician to perform an abortion upon finding that the 257 minor is mature and capable of giving informed consent to the proposed abortion. If the judge 258 determines that the minor is not mature, the judge shall, after a hearing, determine whether the 259 performance of an abortion upon the minor without notification of an authorized person would be in the 260 minor's best interest, and if the court finds that the abortion would be in the minor's best interest, it 261 shall so authorize a physician.

262 The minor may participate in the court proceedings on her own behalf, and the court may appoint a 263 guardian ad litem for the minor. The court shall advise the minor that she has a right to counsel and 264 shall, upon her request, appoint counsel for her.

265 Court proceedings under this section shall be confidential and shall be given precedence over other 266 pending matters so that the court may reach a decision promptly and without delay in order to serve the 267 best interests of the minor. Court proceedings under this section shall be heard as soon as practicable 268 but in no event later than four days after the petition is filed.

269 An expedited confidential appeal to the circuit court shall be available to any minor for whom the 270 court denies an order authorizing an abortion without notification. Any such appeal shall be heard and 271 decided no later than five days after the appeal is filed. An order authorizing an abortion without 272 notification shall not be subject to appeal.

273 No filing fees shall be required of the minor at trial or upon appeal.

274 If either the original court or the circuit court fails to act within the time periods required by this 275 section, the court before which the proceeding is pending shall immediately authorize a physician to 276 perform the abortion without notification to an authorized person.

277 § 18.2-75.3. When notification or judicial approval not required.

278 The provisions of § 18.2-75.1 shall not apply:

279 1. If the minor declares that she is abused or neglected and the attending physician has reason to 280 suspect that the minor may be an abused or neglected child as defined in § 63.1-248.2 and reports the 281 suspected abuse or neglect in accordance with § 63.1-248.3; or

282 2. If, in the attending physician's good faith medical judgment, (i) the abortion is medically 283 necessary immediately to avert the minor's death or (ii) there is insufficient time to provide the required 284 notice or judicial authorization because a delay would create a serious risk of substantial impairment of 285 a major bodily function or substantial physical injury. The attending physician shall certify in the 286 minor's medical record as to any determinations under this subdivision.