

# VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY -- 1995 SESSION

## CHAPTER 547

*An Act to amend and reenact § 58.1-3965 of the Code of Virginia, relating to sale of tax-delinquent property.*

[S 913]

Approved March 24, 1995

**Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

**1. That § 58.1-3965 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:**

§ 58.1-3965. When land may be sold for delinquent taxes; notice of sale; owner's right of redemption.

A. When any taxes on any real estate in a county, city or town are delinquent on December 31 following the third anniversary of the date on which such taxes have become due, such real estate may be sold for the purpose of collecting all delinquent taxes on such property. The officer charged with the duty of collecting taxes for the locality wherein the real property lies shall, at least thirty days prior to instituting any action pursuant to this section, send a notice to the last known address of the property owner (and to the property address if the property address is different from the owner's address and if the real estate is listed with the post office by a numbered and named street address) and to the last known address of any trustee under any deed of trust, mortgagee under any mortgage and any other lien creditor, if such trustee, mortgagee or lien creditor is not otherwise made a party defendant under § 58.1-3967, advising such property owner, trustee, mortgagee or other lien creditor of the delinquency and the officer's intention to take action. Such officer shall also cause to be published at least once a list of real estate which will be offered for sale under the provisions of this article in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, at least thirty days prior to the date on which proceedings under the provisions of this article are to be commenced. The pro rata cost of such publication shall become a part of the tax and together with all other costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees set by the court and the costs of any title examination conducted in order to comply with the notice requirements imposed by this section, shall be collected if payment is made by the owner in redemption of the real property described therein whether or not court proceedings have been initiated. A notice substantially in the following form shall be sufficient:

### Notice

#### Judicial Sale of Real Property

On . . . . . (date) . . . . . proceedings will be commenced under the authority of § 58.1-3965 et seq. of the Code of Virginia to sell the following parcels for payment of delinquent taxes:

(description of properties)

B. The owner of any property listed may redeem it at any time before the date of the sale by paying all accumulated taxes, penalties, interest and costs thereon, including the pro rata cost of publication hereunder. *Partial payment of delinquent taxes, penalties, interest or costs shall not be sufficient to redeem the property, and shall not operate to suspend, invalidate or make moot any action for judicial sale brought pursuant to this article.*

C. *Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, the treasurer or other officer responsible for collecting taxes may suspend any action for sale of the property commenced pursuant to this article upon entering into an agreement with the owner of the real property for the payment of all delinquent amounts in installments over a period which is reasonable under the circumstances, but in no event shall exceed twenty-four months. Any such agreement shall be recorded by the officer among the land records of the locality in which the property lies, and shall be secured by the lien of the locality pursuant to § 58.1-3340.*

D. *During the pendency of any installment agreement permitted under subsection C, any proceeding for sale previously commenced shall not abate, but shall be continued on the docket of the court in which such action is pending. It shall be the duty of the treasurer or other officer responsible for collecting taxes to promptly notify the clerk of such court when obligations arising under such an installment agreement have been fully satisfied. Upon the receipt of such notice, the clerk shall cause the action to be stricken from the docket.*

E. *In the event the owner of the property or other responsible person defaults upon obligations arising under an installment agreement permitted by subsection C, or during the term of any installment agreement, defaults on any current obligation as it becomes due, such agreement shall be voidable by the treasurer or other officer responsible for collecting taxes upon fifteen days' written notice to the signatories of such agreement. Any action for the sale previously commenced pursuant to this article may proceed without any requirement that the notice or advertisement required by subsection A, which*

*had previously been made with respect to such property, be repeated. No owner of property which has been the subject of a defaulted installment agreement shall be eligible to enter into a second installment agreement with respect to the same property within three years of such default.*