1994 SESSION

LD3708836 **HOUSE BILL NO. 227** House Amendments in [] — January 28, 1994 may become effective, relating to violation of court orders; penalty. Calhoun, Holland, E.M. and Houck Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 16.1-292 of the Code of Virginia as it is currently effective and as it may become effective is amended and reenacted as follows: § 16.1-292. (For effective date - See note) Violation of court order by any person. A. Any person violating an order of the juvenile court entered pursuant to §§ 16.1-278.2 through 16.1-278.19, including a parent subject to an order issued pursuant to subdivision 3 of § 16.1-278.8, may be proceeded against (i) by an order requiring the person to show cause why the order of the court entered pursuant to §§ 16.1-278.2 through 16.1-278.19 has not been complied with, (ii) for contempt of court pursuant to § 16.1-69.24 or as otherwise provided in this section, or (iii) by both. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, nothing in this chapter shall deprive the court of its power to

21 punish summarily for contempt for such acts as set forth in § 18.2-456, or to punish for contempt after 22 notice and an opportunity for a hearing on the contempt except that confinement in the case of a 23 juvenile shall be in a secure facility for juveniles rather than in jail and shall not exceed a period of ten days for each offense. However, if the person violating the order was a juvenile at the time of the 24 25 original act and is eighteen years of age or older when the court enters a disposition for violation of the order, the judge may order confinement (i) in jail, or (ii) in a secure facility for juveniles provided the 26 27 judge finds from the evidence that the presence of the person in such a facility is consistent with 28 assuring the safety of the children confined in the facility and the staff of the facility and the finding is 29 in writing and included in the order.

30 B. Upon conviction of any party for contempt of court in failing or refusing to comply with an order 31 of a juvenile court for spousal support or child support under § 16.1-278.15, the court may commit and 32 sentence such party to confinement in a jail, workhouse, city farm or work squad as provided in §§ 20-61 and 20-62, for a fixed or indeterminate period or until the further order of the court. In no 33 34 event, however, shall such sentence be imposed for a period of more than twelve months. The sum or 35 sums as provided for in § 20-63 shall be paid as therein set forth, to be used for the support and 36 maintenance of the spouse or the child or children for whose benefit such order or decree provided.

37 C. Notwithstanding the contempt power of the court, the court shall be limited in the actions it may 38 take with respect to a child violating the terms and conditions of an order to those which the court 39 could have taken at the time of the court's original disposition pursuant to §§ 16.1-278.2 through 40 16.1-278.10, except as hereinafter provided. However, this limitation shall not be construed to deprive 41 the court of its power to (i) punish a child summarily for contempt for acts set forth in § 18.2-456, or 42 (ii) punish a child for contempt for violation of a dispositional order in a delinquency proceeding after 43 notice and an opportunity for a hearing regarding such contempt, including acts of disobedience of the 44 court's dispositional order which are committed outside the presence of the court.

45 D. In the event a child in need of services is found to have willfully and materially violated for a second or subsequent time the order of the court pursuant to § 16.1-278.4, the dispositional alternatives 46 47 specified in subdivision 9 of § 16.1-278.8 shall be available to the court.

48 E. In the event a child in need of supervision is found to have willfully and materially violated an 49 order of the court pursuant to § 16.1-278.5, the court may enter any of the following orders of 50 disposition: 51

1. Suspend the child's motor vehicle driver's license;

2. Order any such child fourteen years of age or older to be (i) placed in a foster home, group home 52 53 or other nonsecure residential facility, or, (ii) if the court finds that such placement is not likely to meet 54 the child's needs, that all other treatment options in the community have been exhausted, and that secure 55 placement is necessary in order to meet the child's service needs, detained in a secure facility for a period of time not to exceed thirty ten consecutive days for violation of any order of the court arising 56 out of the same petition. The court shall state in its order for detention the basis for all findings required 57 by this section. When any child is detained in a secure facility pursuant to this section, the court shall 58 direct the agency evaluating the child pursuant to § 16.1-278.5 to reconvene the interdisciplinary team 59

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ENGROSSED

A BILL to amend and reenact § 16.1-292 of the Code of Virginia as it is currently effective and as it

Patrons-Mims, Croshaw, Darner, Deeds, Giesen, Jackson, Jones, J.C. and McDonnell; Senators:

60 participating in such evaluation as promptly as possible to review its evaluation, develop further treatment plans as may be appropriate and submit its report to the court for its determination as to 61 further treatment efforts either during or following the period the child is in secure detention. A juvenile 62 63 may only be detained pursuant to this section in a detention home or other secure facility in compliance 64 with standards established by the State Board. Any order issued pursuant to this subsection is a final 65 order and is appealable to the circuit court as provided by law.

66 F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to reclassify a child in need of services or in need of 67 supervision as a delinquent. 68

§ 16.1-292. (Delayed effective date - See notes) Violation of court order by any person.

69 A. Any person violating an order of the family court entered pursuant to §§ 16.1-278.2 through 70 16.1-278.20, including a parent subject to an order issued pursuant to subdivision 3 of § 16.1-278.8, may be proceeded against (i) by an order requiring the person to show cause why the order of the court 71 entered pursuant to §§ 16.1-278.2 through 16.1-278.20 has not been complied with, (ii) for contempt of 72 court pursuant to § 16.1-69.24 or as otherwise provided in this section, or (iii) by both. Except as 73 74 otherwise expressly provided herein, nothing in this chapter shall deprive the court of its power to 75 punish summarily for contempt for such acts as set forth in § 18.2-456, or to punish for contempt after notice and an opportunity for a hearing on the contempt except that confinement in the case of a 76 juvenile shall be in a secure facility for juveniles rather than in jail and shall not exceed a period of ten 77 78 days for each offense. However, if the person violating the order was a juvenile at the time of the 79 original act and is eighteen years of age or older when the court enters a disposition for violation of the 80 order, the judge may order confinement (i) in jail, or (ii) in a secure facility for juveniles provided the judge finds from the evidence that the presence of the person in such a facility is consistent with 81 82 assuring the safety of the children confined in the facility and the staff of the facility and the finding is 83 in writing and included in the order.

84 B. Upon conviction of any party for contempt of court in failing or refusing to comply with an order 85 of a family court for spousal support or child support under § 16.1-278.15, the court may commit and sentence such party to confinement in a jail, workhouse, city farm or work squad as provided in 86 87 §§ 20-61 and 20-62, for a fixed or indeterminate period or until the further order of the court. In no 88 event, however, shall such sentence be imposed for a period of more than twelve months. The sum or 89 sums as provided for in § 20-63 shall be paid as therein set forth, to be used for the support and 90 maintenance of the spouse or the child or children for whose benefit such order or decree provided.

91 C. Notwithstanding the contempt power of the court, the court shall be limited in the actions it may 92 take with respect to a child violating the terms and conditions of an order to those which the court 93 could have taken at the time of the court's original disposition pursuant to §§ 16.1-278.2 through 16.1-278.10, except as hereinafter provided. However, this limitation shall not be construed to deprive 94 the court of its power to (i) punish a child summarily for contempt for acts set forth in § 18.2-456, or 95 96 (ii) punish a child for contempt for violation of a dispositional order in a delinquency proceeding after 97 notice and an opportunity for a hearing regarding such contempt, including acts of disobedience of the 98 court's dispositional order which are committed outside the presence of the court.

99 D. In the event a child in need of services is found to have willfully and materially violated for a 100 second or subsequent time the order of the court pursuant to § 16.1-278.4, the dispositional alternatives 101 specified in subdivision 9 of § 16.1-278.8 shall be available to the court.

102 E. In the event a child in need of supervision is found to have willfully and materially violated an order of the court pursuant to § 16.1-278.5, the court may enter any of the following orders of 103 104 disposition:

1. Suspend the child's motor vehicle driver's license;

105 106 2. Order any such child fourteen years of age or older to be (i) placed in a foster home, group home 107 or other nonsecure residential facility, or, (ii) if the court finds that such placement is not likely to meet 108 the child's needs, that all other treatment options in the community have been exhausted, and that secure 109 placement is necessary in order to meet the child's service needs, detained in a secure facility for a 110 period of time not to exceed thirty ten consecutive days for violation of any order of the court arising 111 out of the same petition. The court shall state in its order for detention the basis for all findings required 112 by this section. When any child is detained in a secure facility pursuant to this section, the court shall 113 direct the agency evaluating the child pursuant to § 16.1-278.5 to reconvene the interdisciplinary team 114 participating in such evaluation as promptly as possible to review its evaluation, develop further treatment plans as may be appropriate and submit its report to the court for its determination as to 115 116 further treatment efforts either during or following the period the child is in secure detention. A juvenile 117 may only be detained pursuant to this section in a detention home or other secure facility in compliance 118 with standards established by the State Board. Any order issued pursuant to this subsection is a final 119 order and is appealable to the circuit court as provided by law.

120 [F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to reclassify a child in need of services or in need of 121 supervision as a delinquent.]