2023 SESSION

23106127D **SENATE BILL NO. 1133** 1 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the Senate Committee on Finance and Appropriations 4 5 6 on February 2, 2023) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Ebbin) A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-2499.5, 2.2-2499.7, 2.2-2499.8, 3.2-4112, 3.2-4113, 3.2-4114, 7 3.2-4114.2, 3.2-4115, 3.2-4116, 3.2-4118, 3.2-4119, 4.1-600, 4.1-601, 4.1-603, 4.1-604, 4.1-606, 4.1-610, 4.1-614, 4.1-619, 4.1-1105.1, 4.1-1500, 4.1-1501, 4.1-1502, 18.2-247, 18.2-251.1:3, 54.1-3401, 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3423, 54.1-3442.6, 54.1-3442.7, 54.1-3443, and 54.1-3446 of the Code 8 9 10 of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 an article numbered 6, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-5145.6 through 3.2-5145.9, by adding in Chapter 6 of Title 11 12 4.1 a section numbered 4.1-629, by adding in Chapter 7 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-700 through 4.1-704, by adding in Chapter 10 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1003 through 4.1-1007, 13 14 by adding sections numbered 4.1-1104, 4.1-1106, and 4.1-1116, by adding in Chapter 11 of Title 4.1 15 a section numbered 4.1-1122, by adding in Chapter 12 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1200, 16 4.1-1202, 4.1-1206, and 4.1-1207, by adding in Chapter 13 of Title 4.1 a section numbered 4.1-1307, by adding in Chapter 14 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1400 through 4.1-1407, by adding in 17 18 Article 2 of Chapter 1 of Title 6.2 a section numbered 6.2-108, and by adding a section numbered 19.2-303.03; and to repeal Article 5 (§§ 3.2-5145.1 through 3.2-5145.5) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 of 19 20 the Code of Virginia, relating to cannabis control; retail market; transitional sales; regulated hemp 21 products; penalties; modification of sentence for marijuana-related offenses. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 22 1. That §§ 2.2-2499.5, 2.2-2499.7, 2.2-2499.8, 3.2-4112, 3.2-4113, 3.2-4114, 3.2-4114.2, 3.2-4115, 23 3.2-4116, 3.2-4118, 3.2-4119, 4.1-600, 4.1-601, 4.1-603, 4.1-604, 4.1-606, 4.1-610, 4.1-614, 4.1-619, 24 4.1-1105.1, 4.1-1500, 4.1-1501, 4.1-1502, 18.2-247, 18.2-251.1:3, 54.1-3401, 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3423, 25 54.1-3442.6, 54.1-3442.7, 54.1-3443, and 54.1-3446 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 26 reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 an 27 article numbered 6, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-5145.6 through 3.2-5145.9, by adding in 28 29 Chapter 6 of Title 4.1 a section numbered 4.1-629, by adding in Chapter 7 of Title 4.1 sections 30 numbered 4.1-700 through 4.1-704, by adding in Chapter 10 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1003 through 4.1-1007, by adding sections numbered 4.1-1104, 4.1-1106, and 4.1-1116, by 31 32 adding in Chapter 11 of Title 4.1 a section numbered 4.1-1122, by adding in Chapter 12 of Title 33 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1200, 4.1-1202, 4.1-1206, and 4.1-1207, by adding in Chapter 13 of Title 34 4.1 a section numbered 4.1-1307, by adding in Chapter 14 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1400 35 through 4.1-1407, by adding in Article 2 of Chapter 1 of Title 6.2 a section numbered 6.2-108, and 36 by adding a section numbered 19.2-303.03 as follows: 37 Article 30. 38 Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Board. 39 § 2.2-2499.5. Cannabis Reinvestment Board; purpose; membership; quorum; meetings. 40 A. The Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Board (the Board) is established as a policy board in the 41 executive branch of state government. The purpose of the Board is to directly address the impact of economic disinvestment, violence, and historical overuse of criminal justice responses to community and 42 individual needs by providing resources to support local design and control of community-based 43 44 responses to such impacts. B. The Board shall have a total membership of 20 members that shall consist of 13 nonlegislative 45 citizen members and seven ex officio members. Nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed as 46 47 follows: three to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules, one of whom shall be a person who has been previously incarcerated or convicted of a marijuana-related crime, one of whom shall be an **48** 49 expert in the field of public health with experience in trauma-informed care, if possible, and one of 50 whom shall be an expert in education with a focus on access to opportunities for youth in underserved 51 communities; five to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, one of whom shall be an expert on Virginia's foster care system, one of whom shall be an expert in workforce development, one 52 53 of whom shall be a representative from one of Virginia's historically black colleges and universities, one 54 of whom shall be a veteran, and one of whom shall be an entrepreneur with expertise in emerging industries or access to capital for small businesses; and five to be appointed by the Governor, subject to 55 confirmation by the General Assembly, one of whom shall be a representative from the Virginia 56 Indigent Defense Commission and four of whom shall be community-based providers or community 57 development organization representatives who provide services to address the social determinants of 58

health and promote community investment in historically economically disadvantaged communities

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60 adversely and disproportionately impacted by marijuana prohibitions, including services such as

workforce development, youth mentoring and educational services, job training and placement services, 61 and reentry services. Nonlegislative citizen members shall be citizens of the Commonwealth and reflect 62 63 the racial, ethnic, gender, and geographic diversity of the Commonwealth.

64 The Secretaries of Education, Health and Human Resources, and Public Safety and Homeland 65 Security, the Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion, the Chief Workforce Development Advisor, 66 and the Attorney General or their designees shall serve ex officio with voting privileges. The Chief Executive Officer of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority or his designee shall serve ex officio 67 68 without voting privileges.

69 Ex officio members of the Board shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office. After the 70 initial staggering of terms, nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed for a term of four years.

Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be for the unexpired terms. 71 72 Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All members may be 73 reappointed.

74 The Board shall be chaired by the Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion or his designee. The 75 Board shall select a *chairman and* vice-chairman from among its membership. A majority of the 76 members shall constitute a quorum. The Board shall meet at least two times each year and shall meet at 77 the call of the chairman or whenever the majority of the members so request. 78

§ 2.2-2499.7. Powers and duties of the Board.

The Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Board shall have the following powers and duties:

80 1. Support persons, and families, and in historically economically disadvantaged communities historically and disproportionately targeted and affected by drug enforcement; 81

2. Develop and implement scholarship programs and educational and vocational resources for 82 83 historically marginalized persons, including persons in foster care, who have been adversely impacted by 84 substance use individually, in their families, or in their communities.

85 3. Develop and implement a program to award grants to support workforce development programs, 86 mentoring programs, job training and placement services, apprenticeships, and reentry services that serve 87 persons and in historically economically disadvantaged communities historically and disproportionately 88 targeted by drug enforcement. 89

4. Administer the Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Fund established pursuant to § 2.2-2499.8.

90 5. Collaborate with the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority and the Office 91 of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion as necessary to implement programs and provide recommendations in 92 line with the purpose of this article.

93 6. Submit an annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly for publication as a report document as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports. The chairman shall submit to the Governor and the 94 95 96 General Assembly an annual executive summary of the interim activity and work of the Council no later 97 than the first day of each regular session of the General Assembly. The executive summary shall be 98 submitted as a report document as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated 99 Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports and shall be posted on the General 100 Assembly's website.

7. Perform such other activities and functions as the Governor and General Assembly may direct. 101 102

§ 2.2-2499.8. Cannabis Reinvestment Fund.

There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Cannabis 103 Equity Reinvestment Fund, referred to in this section as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on 104 the books of the Comptroller. All funds appropriated for such purpose and any gifts, donations, grants, 105 bequests, and other funds received on its behalf shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the 106 Fund. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any 107 108 moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert 109 to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the 110 purposes of:

111 1. Supporting persons, and families, and in historically economically disadvantaged communities 112 historically and disproportionately targeted and affected by drug enforcement;

2. Providing scholarship opportunities and educational and vocational resources for historically 113 114 marginalized persons, including persons in foster care, who have been adversely impacted by substance use individually, in their families, or in their communities; 115

116 3. Awarding grants to support workforce development, mentoring programs, job training and placement services, apprenticeships, and reentry services that serve persons and in historically 117 economically disadvantaged communities historically and disproportionately targeted by drug 118 119 enforcement.

120 4. Contributing to the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission established pursuant to § 19.2-163.01; 121 and

5. Contributing to the Virginia Cannabis Equity Business Loan Fund established pursuant to § 4.1-

Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants

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125 issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Director of Diversity, Equity, and 126 Inclusion. 127 § 3.2-4112. Definitions. 128 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning: 129 "Cannabis sativa product" means a product made from any part of the plant Cannabis sativa with a 130 concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol that is greater than that allowed by federal law. 131 "Deal" means to temporarily possess industrial hemp grown in compliance with state or federal law 132 that (i) has not been processed and (ii) was not grown and will not be processed by the person 133 temporarily possessing it. 134 "Dealer" means any person who is registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 to deal in industrial hemp. "Dealer" does not include a retail establishment that sells or offers for sale a hemp 135 136 product. 137 "Dealership" means the location at which a dealer stores or intends to store the industrial hemp in 138 which he deals. 139 "Federally licensed hemp producer" means a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by 140 the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990. 141 "Grow" means to plant, cultivate, or harvest a plant or crop. 142 "Grower" means any person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 to grow industrial 143 hemp. 144 "Handle" means to temporarily possess industrial hemp grown in compliance with state or federal 145 law that (i) has not been processed and (ii) was not grown by and will not be processed by the person 146 temporarily possessing it. 147 "Handler" means any person who is registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 to handle 148 industrial hemp. "Handler" does not include a retail establishment that sells or offers for sale a hemp 149 product. 150 "Handler's storage site" means the location at which a handler stores or intends to store the 151 industrial hemp he handles. 152 "Hemp product" means a product, including any raw materials from industrial hemp that are used for 153 or added to a food or beverage product, that contains industrial hemp and has completed all stages of 154 processing needed for the product. "Industrial hemp" means any part of the plant Cannabis sativa, including seeds thereof, whether 155 156 growing or not, with a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol that is no greater than that allowed by 157 federal law. "Industrial hemp" includes an industrial hemp extract that has not completed all stages of processing needed to convert the extract into a hemp product. 158 159 "Process" means to convert industrial hemp into a hemp product. "Processor" means a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 to process industrial 160 161 hemp. 162 "Process site" means the location at which a processor processes or intends to process industrial 163 hemp. 164 "Production field" means the land or area on which a grower or a federally licensed hemp producer 165 is growing or intends to grow industrial hemp. 166 § 3.2-4113. Production of industrial hemp lawful. 167 A. It is lawful for a grower, his agent, or a federally licensed hemp producer to grow, a dealer 168 handler or his agent to deal in handle, or a processor or his agent to process industrial hemp in the Commonwealth for any lawful purpose. No federally licensed hemp producer or grower or his agent 169 170 shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 for the possession or growing of industrial hemp or any Cannabis 171 172 sativa with a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed the total delta-9 173 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration percentage established in federal regulations applicable to negligent 174 violations located at 7 C.F.R. 990.6(b)(3). No dealer handler or his agent or processor or his agent shall 175 be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 176 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 or issued a summons or judgment for the possession, dealing handling, or 177 processing of industrial hemp. In any complaint, information, or indictment, and in any action or 178 proceeding brought for the enforcement of any provision of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, 179 Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, or the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), 180 it shall not be necessary to negate any exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption contained in this chapter 181 or the Drug Control Act, and the burden of proof of any such exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption 182 shall be on the defendant.

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183 B. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to authorize any person to violate any federal law or 184 regulation.

185 C. No person shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 186 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 for the involuntary growth of industrial hemp through the 187 inadvertent natural spread of seeds or pollen as a result of proximity to a production field, dealership 188 handler's storage site, or process site.

§ 3.2-4114. Regulations.

190 A. The Board may adopt regulations pursuant to this chapter as necessary to register persons to 191 grow, deal in handle, or process industrial hemp or implement the provisions of this chapter.

192 B. Upon publication by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in the Federal Register of any final rule 193 regarding industrial hemp that materially expands opportunities for growing, producing, or dealing in handling industrial hemp in the Commonwealth, the Board shall immediately adopt amendments 194 195 conforming Department regulations to such federal final rule. Such adoption of regulations by the Board 196 shall be exempt from the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). 197

§ 3.2-4114.2. Authority of Commissioner; notice to law enforcement; report.

198 A. The Commissioner may charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$250 for any application for 199 registration or renewal of registration allowed under this chapter. The Commissioner may charge a nonrefundable fee for the tetrahydrocannabinol testing allowed under this chapter. All fees collected by 200 201 the Commissioner shall be deposited in the state treasury.

202 B. The Commissioner shall adopt regulations establishing a fee structure for a registration issued pursuant to § 3.2-4115. With the exception of § 2.2-4031, no provision of the Administrative Process 203 204 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) or public participation guideline adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the adoption of any regulation pursuant to this subsection. However, prior to adopting any regulation 205 pursuant to this subsection, the Commissioner shall review the recommendation of an advisory panel 206 207 that shall consider the economic impact of any proposed fee amount on the Commonwealth's industrial hemp industry. The advisory panel shall, at a minimum, include (i) an agribusiness representative or 208 209 organization, (ii) a farming representative or organization, and (iii) a hemp industry representative or 210 organization. Prior to adopting any regulation pursuant to this subsection, the Commissioner shall publish a notice of opportunity to comment in the Virginia Register of Regulations and post the action 211 on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall. Such notice shall contain (a) a summary of the proposed 212 213 regulation; (b) the text of the proposed regulation; and (c) the name, address, and telephone number of the agency contact person responsible for receiving public comments. Such notice shall be made at least 214 215 60 days in advance of the last date prescribed in such notice of submittals of public comment. The 216 legislative review provisions of subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 shall apply to the promulgation or 217 final adoption process of regulations pursuant to this subsection. The Commissioner shall consider and 218 keep on file all public comments received for any regulation adopted pursuant to this subsection.

219 C. The Commissioner may establish an application period for a registration or renewal of registration 220 allowed under this chapter.

221 D. The Commissioner shall notify the Superintendent of State Police of each registration issued by the Commissioner under this chapter and each license submitted to the Commissioner by a federally 222 223 licensed hemp producer.

E. The Commissioner shall forward a copy or appropriate electronic record of each registration 224 225 issued by the Commissioner under this chapter and each license submitted to the Commissioner by a 226 federally licensed hemp producer to the chief law-enforcement officer of the county or city where 227 industrial hemp will be grown, dealt handled, or processed.

228 F. The Commissioner may monitor the industrial hemp grown, dealt handled, or processed by a 229 person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 and provide for random sampling and testing 230 of the industrial hemp in accordance with any criteria established by the Commissioner and at the cost 231 of the grower, dealer handler, or processor, for compliance with tetrahydrocannabinol limits and for 232 other appropriate purposes established pursuant to § 3.2-4114. In addition to any routine inspection and 233 sampling, the Commissioner may inspect and sample the industrial hemp at any production field, 234 dealership handler's storage site, or process site during normal business hours without advance notice if 235 he has reason to believe a violation of this chapter is occurring or has occurred.

236 G. The Commissioner may require a grower, dealer handler, or processor to destroy, at the cost of 237 the grower, dealer handler, or processor and in a manner approved of and verified by the Commissioner, 238 any Cannabis sativa that the grower grows, in which the dealer deals handler handles, or that the 239 processor processes that has been tested and is found to have a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol 240 that is greater than that allowed by federal law, or any Cannabis sativa product that the processor 241 produces.

H. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection G, if the provisions of subdivisions 1 and 2 are 242 243 included in a plan that (i) is submitted by the Department pursuant to § 10113 of the federal Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, P.L. 115-334, (ii) requires the Department to monitor and regulate the 244

245 production of industrial hemp in the Commonwealth, and (iii) is approved by the U.S. Secretary of 246 Agriculture:

247 1. The Commissioner may require a grower, dealer handler, or processor to destroy, at the cost of 248 the grower, dealer handler, or processor and in a manner approved of and verified by the Commissioner, 249 any Cannabis sativa that the grower grows, in which the dealer deals handler handles, or that the 250 processor processes that has been tested and is found to have a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol 251 that is greater than 0.6 percent.

252 2. If such a test of Cannabis sativa indicates a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol that is greater 253 than 0.6 percent but less than one percent, the Commissioner shall allow the grower, dealer handler, or 254 processor to request that the Cannabis sativa be sampled and tested again before he requires its 255 destruction.

256 I. The Commissioner shall advise the Superintendent of State Police or the chief law-enforcement 257 officer of the appropriate county or city when, with a culpable mental state greater than negligence, a 258 grower grows, a dealer deals in handler handles, or a processor processes any Cannabis sativa with a 259 concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol that is greater than that allowed by federal law or a processor 260 produces a Cannabis sativa product.

261 J. The Commissioner may pursue any permits or waivers from the U.S. Drug Enforcement 262 Administration or appropriate federal agency that he determines to be necessary for the advancement of 263 the industrial hemp industry.

264 K. The Commissioner may establish a corrective action plan to address a negligent violation of any 265 provision of this chapter. 266

§ 3.2-4115. Issuance of registrations; exemption.

267 A. The Commissioner shall establish a registration program to allow a person to grow, deal in 268 handle, or process industrial hemp in the Commonwealth.

269 B. Any person seeking to grow, deal in *handle*, or process industrial hemp in the Commonwealth 270 shall apply to the Commissioner for a registration on a form provided by the Commissioner. At a 271 minimum, the application shall include: 272

1. The name and mailing address of the applicant;

2. The legal description and geographic data sufficient for locating (i) the land on which the 273 274 applicant intends to grow industrial hemp, (ii) the site at which the applicant intends to deal in handle 275 industrial hemp, or (iii) the site at which the applicant intends to process industrial hemp. A registration 276 shall authorize industrial hemp growth, dealing in handling, or processing only at the location specified 277 in the registration;

278 3. A signed statement indicating whether the applicant has ever been convicted of a felony. A person 279 with a prior felony drug conviction within 10 years of applying for a registration under this section shall 280 not be eligible to be registered;

281 4. Written consent allowing the sheriff's office, police department, or Department of State Police, if a 282 registration is ultimately issued to the applicant, to enter the premises on which the industrial hemp is 283 grown, dealt in handled, or processed to conduct physical inspections of the industrial hemp and to 284 ensure compliance with the requirements of this chapter. No more than two physical inspections shall be 285 conducted under this subdivision per year, unless a valid search warrant for an inspection has been 286 issued by a court of competent jurisdiction;

287 5. Written consent allowing the Commissioner or his designee to enter the premises on which the 288 industrial hemp is grown, dealt in handled, or processed to conduct inspections and sampling of the 289 industrial hemp to ensure compliance with the requirements of this chapter;

290 6. A statement of the approximate square footage or acreage of the location he intends to use as a 291 production field, dealership handler's storage site, or process site; 292

7. Any other information required by the Commissioner; and

8. The payment of a nonrefundable application fee, in an amount set by the Commissioner.

294 C. Each registration issued pursuant to this section shall be valid for a period of one year from the 295 date of issuance and may be renewed in successive years. Each annual renewal shall require the 296 payment of a registration renewal fee, in an amount set by the Commissioner.

297 D. All records, data, and information filed in support of a registration application submitted pursuant 298 to this section and all information on a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of 299 Agriculture submitted to the Commissioner pursuant to this section shall be considered proprietary and 300 excluded from the provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.).

301 E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, no federally licensed hemp producer shall be 302 required to apply to the Commissioner for a registration to grow industrial hemp in the Commonwealth. 303 Each federally licensed hemp producer shall submit to the Commissioner a copy of his hemp producer 304 license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990.

305 § 3.2-4116. Registration conditions.

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306 A. A person who is not a federally licensed hemp producer shall obtain a registration pursuant to 307 subsection A of § 3.2-4115 prior to growing, dealing in handling, or processing any industrial hemp in 308 the Commonwealth. 309

B. A person issued a registration pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 shall:

310 1. Maintain records that reflect compliance with this chapter and all other state and federal laws 311 regulating the growing, handling, or processing of industrial hemp; 312

2. Retain all industrial hemp growing, dealing handling, or processing records for at least three years;

3. Allow his production field, dealership handler's storage site, or process site to be inspected by and 313 at the discretion of the Commissioner or his designee, the Department of State Police, or the chief 314 law-enforcement officer of the locality in which the production field or dealership, handler's storage 315 316 *site*, or process site exists;

4. Allow the Commissioner or his designee to monitor and test the grower's, dealer's handler's, or 317 318 processor's industrial hemp for compliance with tetrahydrocannabinol levels and for other appropriate purposes established pursuant to § 3.2-4114, at the cost of the grower, dealer handler, or processor; and 319

320 5. If required by the Commissioner, destroy, at the cost of the grower, dealer handler, or processor and in a manner approved of and verified by the Commissioner, any Cannabis sativa that the grower 321 322 grows, the dealer deals in handler handles, or the processor processes that has been tested and, 323 following any re-sampling and retesting as authorized pursuant to the provisions of § 3.2-4114.2, is 324 found to have a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol that is greater than that allowed by federal law, or 325 any Cannabis sativa product that the processor produces. 326

§ 3.2-4118. Forfeiture of industrial hemp grower, handler, or processor registration; violations.

327 A. The Commissioner shall deny the application, or suspend or revoke the registration, of any person who, with a culpable mental state greater than negligence, violates any provision of this chapter. The 328 Commissioner shall provide reasonable notice of an informal fact-finding conference pursuant to 329 § 2.2-4019 to any person in connection with the denial, suspension, or revocation of a registration. 330

B. If a registration is revoked as the result of an informal hearing, the decision may be appealed, and 331 332 upon appeal an administrative hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Process 333 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). The grower, dealer handler, or processor may appeal a final order to the circuit 334 court in accordance with the Administrative Process Act.

335 C. A person issued a registration pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 who negligently (i) fails to 336 provide a description and geographic data sufficient for locating his production field, dealership 337 handler's storage site, or process site; (ii) grows, deals in handles, or processes Cannabis sativa with a 338 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration greater than that allowed by federal law; or (iii) produces a Cannabis sativa product shall comply with any corrective action plan established by the Commissioner in 339 accordance with the provisions of subsection E. The Commissioner shall not deem a grower negligent if 340 341 such grower makes reasonable efforts to grow industrial hemp and grows Cannabis sativa with a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed the total delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol 342 343 concentration percentage established in federal regulations applicable to negligent violations located at 7 344 C.F.R. 990.6(b)(3).

345 D. A person who grows, deals in handles, or processes industrial hemp and who negligently fails to 346 register pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 shall comply with any corrective action plan established by the Commissioner in accordance with the provisions of subsection E. 347

348 E. A corrective action plan established by the Commissioner in response to a negligent violation of a 349 provision of this chapter shall identify a reasonable date by which the person who is the subject of the 350 plan shall correct the negligent violation and shall require such person to report periodically for not less 351 than two calendar years to the Commissioner on the person's compliance with the provisions of this 352 chapter.

353 F. No person who negligently violates the provisions of this chapter three times in a five-year period 354 shall be eligible to grow, deal in handle, or process industrial hemp for a period of five years beginning 355 on the date of the third violation. 356

§ 3.2-4119. Eligibility to receive tobacco settlement funds.

357 Industrial hemp growers, dealers handlers, or processors registered under this chapter or federally licensed hemp producers may be eligible to receive funds from the Tobacco Indemnification and 358 359 Community Revitalization Fund established pursuant to § 3.2-3106. 360

Article 6.

Edible Marijuana Products and Edible Hemp Products.

362 § 3.2-5145.6. Definitions.

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363 As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Edible hemp product" means the same as that term is defined in § 4.1-600. 364

"Edible marijuana product" means the same as that term is defined in § 4.1-600. 365

"Food" means any article that is intended for human consumption and introduction into commerce, 366 whether the article is simple, mixed, or compound, and all substances or ingredients used in the 367

preparation thereof. "Food" does not mean "drug" as defined in § 54.1-3401. 368

369 § 3.2-5145.7. Edible marijuana products and edible hemp products; approved food; adulterated 370 food.

371 A. An edible marijuana product or edible hemp product is a food and is subject to the requirements 372 of this chapter and regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter.

373 B. An edible marijuana product or edible hemp product that does not comply with the provisions of 374 § 4.1-1407 or health and safety regulations adopted pursuant thereto shall be deemed to be adulterated.

375 § 3.2-5145.8. Manufacturer of edible marijuana products or edible hemp products.

376 A. A manufacturer of an edible marijuana product shall be an approved source if the manufacturer 377 operates:

378 1. Under inspection by the Commissioner in the location in which such manufacturing occurs; and

379 2. In compliance with the laws, regulations, or criteria that pertain to the manufacture of edible 380 marijuana products in the location in which such manufacturing occurs.

381 B. A manufacturer of an edible hemp product shall be an approved source if the manufacturer 382 operates:

383 1. Under inspection by the responsible food regulatory agency in the location in which such 384 manufacturing occurs; and

385 2. In compliance with the laws, regulations, or criteria that pertain to the manufacture of edible 386 hemp products in the location in which such manufacturing occurs.

387 § 3.2-5145.9. Regulations. 388

A. The Board is authorized to adopt regulations for the efficient enforcement of this article.

389 B. With the exception of § 2.2-4031, neither the provisions of the Administrative Process Act 390 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) nor public participation guidelines adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the adoption of any regulation pursuant to this section. Prior to adopting any regulation pursuant to this 391 392 section, the Board shall publish a notice of opportunity to comment in the Virginia Register of 393 Regulations and post the action on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall. Such notice of opportunity to comment shall contain (i) a summary of the proposed regulation; (ii) the text of the proposed 394 395 regulation; and (iii) the name, address, and telephone number of the agency contact person responsible 396 for receiving public comments. Such notice shall be made at least 60 days in advance of the last date 397 prescribed in such notice for submittals of public comment. The legislative review provisions of 398 subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 shall apply to the promulgation or final adoption process for 399 regulations adopted pursuant to this section. The Board shall consider and keep on file all public 400 comments received for any regulation adopted pursuant to this section. 401

§ 4.1-600. Definitions.

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As used in this subtitle, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Advertisement" or " advertising" means any written or verbal statement, illustration, or depiction that is calculated to induce sales of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, marijuana plants, or 403 404 405 marijuana seeds, or regulated hemp products, including any written, printed, graphic, digital, electronic, 406 or other material, billboard, sign, or other outdoor display, publication, or radio or television broadcast.

407 "Authority" means the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority created pursuant to this subtitle. 408

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority.

"Cannabis Control Act" means Subtitle II (§ 4.1-600 et seq.). 409

410 "Child-resistant" means, with respect to packaging or a container, (i) specially designed or 411 constructed to be significantly difficult for a typical child under five years of age to open and not to be 412 significantly difficult for a typical adult to open and reseal and (ii) for any product intended for more 413 than a single use or that contains multiple servings, reseatable.

"Cultivation" or "cultivate" means the planting, propagation, growing, harvesting, drying, curing, 414 415 grading, trimming, or other similar processing of marijuana for use or sale. "Cultivation" or "cultivate" 416 does not include manufacturing or testing.

417 "Edible hemp product" means a hemp product intended to be consumed orally that is or contains an 418 industrial hemp extract.

419 "Edible marijuana product" means a marijuana product intended to be consumed orally, including 420 marijuana intended to be consumed orally or marijuana concentrate intended to be consumed orally.

421 "Hemp product" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

422 "Hemp product intended for smoking" means any hemp product intended to be consumed by 423 inhalation.

424 "Historically economically disadvantaged community" means a (i) census tract in which the majority 425 of the population are people of color or (ii) census tract with a poverty rate that is higher than the 426 average statewide poverty rate.

427 "Immature plant" means a nonflowering marijuana plant that is no taller than eight inches and no 428 wider than eight inches, is produced from a cutting, clipping, or seedling, and is growing in a container.

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429 "Industrial hemp" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

"Industrial hemp extract" means an extract (i) of a Cannabis sativa plant that has a concentration of
tetrahydrocannabinol that is no greater than that allowed for hemp by federal law and (ii) that is
intended for human consumption. "Industrial hemp extract" does not include a hemp seed-derived
ingredient that is approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration or is the subject of a generally
recognized as safe notice for which the U.S. Food and Drug Administration had no questions.

- 435 "Licensed" means the holding of a valid license granted by the Authority.
 - "Licensee" means any person to whom a license has been granted by the Authority.

"Manufacturing" or "manufacture" means the production of marijuana products or regulated hemp products or the blending, infusing, compounding, or other preparation of marijuana and, marijuana products, or regulated hemp products, including marijuana extraction or preparation by means of chemical synthesis. "Manufacturing" or "manufacture" does not include cultivation or testing.
"Marijuana" means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, its seeds or

441 442 resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. "Marijuana" does not include (i) the 443 444 mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, or oil or cake made from the seed of such 445 plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil, or cake is combined with other parts of plants of the genus Cannabis-"Marijuana" does not include (i); (ii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a 446 447 person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent or (ii); (iii) industrial hemp that is 448 possessed by a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture 449 pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990; (iv) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112 other than a regulated 450 hemp product, containing a total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt handled, or processed in 451 compliance with state or federal law; (v) a regulated hemp product that does not exceed the maximum tetrahydrocannabinol concentration established pursuant to § 4.1-606 and that is derived from industrial 452 453 hemp that is grown, handled, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; or (vi) any 454 455 substance containing a tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such isomer where such 456 tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such isomer have been placed by the Board of Pharmacy into 457 one of the schedules set forth in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) pursuant to § 54.1-3443.

458 "Marijuana concentrate" means marijuana that has undergone a process to concentrate one or more
459 active cannabinoids, thereby increasing the product's potency. Resin from granular trichomes from a
460 marijuana plant is a concentrate for purposes of this subtitle.

461 "Marijuana cultivation facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to cultivate, label, and 462 package retail marijuana; to purchase or take possession of marijuana plants and seeds from other 463 marijuana cultivation facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana, immature marijuana 464 plants, and marijuana seeds to marijuana wholesalers and retail marijuana stores; to transfer possession 465 of and sell retail marijuana, marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to other marijuana cultivation 466 facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana to marijuana manufacturing facilities; and to 467 sell immature marijuana plants and marijuana seeds to consumers for the purpose of cultivating 468 marijuana at home for personal use.

469 "Marijuana establishment" means a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana testing facility, a
470 marijuana manufacturing facility, a marijuana wholesaler, or a retail marijuana store.

471 "Marijuana manufacturing facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to manufacture, label,
472 and package retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; to purchase or take possession of retail
473 marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility or another marijuana manufacturing facility; and to
474 transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to marijuana wholesalers,
475 retail marijuana stores, or other marijuana manufacturing facilities.

476 "Marijuana paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind that are either
477 designed for use or are intended for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting,
478 manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, strength testing, analyzing,
479 packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into
480 the human body marijuana.

481 "Marijuana products" means (i) products that are composed of marijuana and other ingredients and482 are intended for use or consumption, ointments, and tinctures or (ii) marijuana concentrate.

"Marijuana testing facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to develop, research, or test
marijuana, marijuana products, *regulated hemp products*, and other substances.

"Marijuana wholesaler" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to purchase or take possession of
retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds from a
marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana manufacturing facility, or another marijuana wholesaler and to
transfer possession and sell or resell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana
plants, and marijuana seeds to a marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, retail
marijuana store, or another marijuana wholesaler.

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491 "Non-retail marijuana" means marijuana that is not cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed492 marijuana establishment.

493 "Non-retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are not manufactured and sold by a494 licensed marijuana establishment.

"Place or premises" means the real estate, together with any buildings or other improvements thereon,
designated in the application for a license as the place at which the cultivation, manufacture, sale, or
testing of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products shall be performed, except that portion of any
such building or other improvement actually and exclusively used as a private residence.

"Public place" means any place, building, or conveyance to which the public has, or is permitted to
have, access, including restaurants, soda fountains, hotel dining areas, lobbies and corridors of hotels,
and any park, place of public resort or amusement, highway, street, lane, or sidewalk adjoining any
highway, street, or lane.

503 "Regulated hemp product" means a hemp product intended for smoking or an edible hemp product.

504 "Residence" means any building or part of a building or structure where a person resides, but does 505 not include any part of a building that is not actually and exclusively used as a private residence, nor 506 any part of a hotel or club other than a private guest room thereof.

507 "Retail marijuana" means marijuana that is cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed marijuana 508 establishment.

509 "Retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are manufactured and sold by a licensed510 marijuana establishment.

511 "Retail marijuana store" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to purchase or take possession of
512 retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds from a
513 marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, or marijuana wholesaler and to sell retail
514 marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds to consumers.

515 "Sale" and "sell" includes soliciting or receiving an order for; keeping, offering, or exposing for sale;
516 peddling, exchanging, or bartering; or delivering otherwise than gratuitously, by any means, retail
517 marijuana or, retail marijuana products, or regulated hemp products.

518 "Special agent" means an employee of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority whom the Board has519 designated as a law-enforcement officer pursuant to this subtitle.

Testing" or "test" means the research and analysis of marijuana, marijuana products, *regulated hemp products*, or other substances for contaminants, safety, or potency. "Testing" or "test" does not include
 cultivation or manufacturing.

Tetrahydrocannabinol" means any naturally occurring or synthetic tetrahydrocannabinol, including
its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of
isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation and any preparation, mixture, or substance
containing, or mixed or infused with, any detectable amount of tetrahydrocannabinol.
"Tetrahydrocannabinol" includes delta-6a(10a), delta-7, delta-8, delta-9, and delta-10
tetrahydrocannabinol. For the purposes of this definition, "isomer" means the optical, position, and
geometric isomers.

530 "Topical hemp product" means a hemp product that (i) is intended to be rubbed, poured, sprinkled,
531 or sprayed on, introduced into, or otherwise applied to the human body and (ii) is not a regulated hemp
532 product.

533 "Total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration" means the sum, after the application of any necessary
534 conversion factor, of the percentage by weight of tetrahydrocannabinol and the percentage by weight of
535 tetrahydrocannabinolic acid.

§ 4.1-601. Virginia Cannabis Control Authority created; public purpose.

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537 A. The General Assembly has determined that there exists in the Commonwealth a need to control 538 the possession, sale, transportation, distribution, and delivery of retail marijuana and, retail marijuana 539 products, and regulated hemp products in the Commonwealth. Further, the General Assembly determines 540 that the creation of an authority for this purpose is in the public interest, serves a public purpose, and will promote the health, safety, welfare, convenience, and prosperity of the people of the Commonwealth. To achieve this objective, there is hereby created an independent political subdivision 541 542 543 of the Commonwealth, exclusive of the legislative, executive, or judicial branches of state government, 544 to be known as the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority. The Authority's exercise of powers and duties conferred by this subtitle shall be deemed the performance of an essential governmental function and a 545 546 matter of public necessity for which public moneys may be spent.

547 B. The Board of Directors of the Authority is vested with control of the possession, sale,
548 transportation, distribution, and delivery of retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products, and regulated
549 hemp products in the Commonwealth, with plenary power to prescribe and enforce regulations and
550 conditions under which retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp products are
551 possessed, sold, transported, distributed, and delivered, so as to prevent any corrupt, incompetent,

552 dishonest, or unprincipled practices and to promote the health, safety, welfare, convenience, and 553 prosperity of the people of the Commonwealth. The exercise of the powers granted by this subtitle shall 554 be in all respects for the benefit of the citizens of the Commonwealth and for the promotion of their 555 safety, health, welfare, and convenience. No part of the assets or net earnings of the Authority shall 556 inure to the benefit of, or be distributable to, any private individual, except that reasonable compensation 557 may be paid for services rendered to or for the Authority affecting one or more of its purposes, and 558 benefits may be conferred that are in conformity with said purposes, and no private individual shall be 559 entitled to share in the distribution of any of the corporate assets on dissolution of the Authority.

560 § 4.1-603. Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council; purpose; membership; quorum; meetings; 561 compensation and expenses; duties.

562 A. The Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council (the Advisory Council) is established as an advisory council to the Board. The purpose of the Advisory Council is to assess and monitor public health issues, trends, and impacts related to marijuana and marijuana legalization and make recommendations regarding health warnings, retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products, and 566 regulated hemp products safety and product composition, and public health awareness, programming, and related resource needs.

B. The Advisory Council shall have a total membership of 21 members that shall consist of 14 568 569 nonlegislative citizen members and seven ex officio members. Nonlegislative citizen members of the 570 Council shall be citizens of the Commonwealth and shall reflect the racial, ethnic, gender, and 571 geographic diversity of the Commonwealth. Nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed as 572 follows: four to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules, one of whom shall be a representative 573 from the Virginia Foundation for Healthy Youth, one of whom shall be a representative from the Virginia Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics, one of whom shall be a representative from 574 the Medical Society of Virginia, and one of whom shall be a representative from the Virginia 575 576 Pharmacists Association; six to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, one of whom shall be a representative from a community services board, one of whom shall be a person or health 577 578 care provider with expertise in substance use disorder treatment and recovery, one of whom shall be a 579 person or health care provider with expertise in substance use disorder prevention, one of whom shall be 580 a person with experience in disability rights advocacy, one of whom shall be a person with experience 581 in veterans health care, and one of whom shall be a person with a social or health equity background; 582 and four to be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly, one of 583 whom shall be a representative of a local health district, one of whom shall be a person who is part of 584 the cannabis industry, one of whom shall be an academic researcher knowledgeable about cannabis, and 585 one of whom shall be a registered medical cannabis patient.

586 The Secretary of Health and Human Resources, the Commissioner of Health, the Commissioner of 587 Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer 588 Services, the Director of the Department of Health Professions, the Director of the Department of 589 Forensic Science, and the Chief Executive Officer of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, or their 590 designees, shall serve ex officio with voting privileges. Ex officio members of the Advisory Council 591 shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office.

After the initial staggering of terms, nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed for a term of
four years. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be for the unexpired
terms. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All members may be
reappointed.

596 The Advisory Council shall be chaired by the Secretary of Health and Human Resources or his
597 designee. The Advisory Council shall select a vice-chairman from among its membership. A majority of
598 the members shall constitute a quorum. The Advisory Council shall meet at least two times each year
599 and shall meet at the call of the chairman or whenever the majority of the members so request.

600 The Advisory Council shall have the authority to create subgroups with additional stakeholders, 601 experts, and state agency representatives.

602 C. Members shall receive no compensation for the performance of their duties but shall be 603 reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as 604 provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825.

605 D. The Advisory Council shall have the following duties, in addition to duties that may be necessary to fulfill its purpose as described in subsection A:

607 1. To review multi-agency efforts to support collaboration and a unified approach on public health
 608 responses related to marijuana and marijuana legalization in the Commonwealth and to develop
 609 recommendations as necessary.

610 2. To monitor changes in drug use data related to marijuana and marijuana legalization in the
611 Commonwealth and the science and medical information relevant to the potential health risks associated
612 with such drug use, and make appropriate recommendations to the Department of Health and the Board.

613 3. Submit an annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly for publication as a report

document as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the 614 processing of legislative documents and reports. The chairman shall submit to the Governor and the 615 616 General Assembly an annual executive summary of the interim activity and work of the Advisory Council no later than the first day of each regular session of the General Assembly. The executive 617 618 summary shall be submitted as a report document as provided in the procedures of the Division of 619 Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports and shall be 620 posted on the General Assembly's website.

- 621 § 4.1-604. Powers and duties of the Board. 622
 - The Board shall have the following powers and duties:
- 623 1. Promulgate regulations in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and 624 § 4.1-606;
- 625 2. Control the possession, sale, transportation, and delivery of marijuana and, marijuana products, and 626 regulated hemp products;

627 3. Grant, suspend, and revoke licenses for the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, and testing 628 of marijuana and, marijuana products, and regulated hemp products as provided by law;

629 4. Determine the nature, form, and capacity of all containers used for holding marijuana products and 630 regulated hemp products to be kept or sold and prescribe the form and content of all labels and seals to 631 be placed thereon; 632

5. Maintain actions to enjoin common nuisances as defined in § 4.1-1113;

633 6. Establish standards and implement an online course for employees of retail marijuana stores that 634 trains employees on how to educate consumers on the potential risks of marijuana use;

- 635 7. Establish a plan to develop and disseminate to retail marijuana store licensees a pamphlet or 636 similar document regarding the potential risks of marijuana use to be prominently displayed and made 637 available to consumers:
- 638 8. Establish a position for a Cannabis Social Equity Liaison who shall lead the Cannabis Business 639 Equity and Diversity Support Team and liaise with the Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion on 640 matters related to diversity, equity, and inclusion standards in the marijuana industry;
- 641 9. Establish a Cannabis Business Equity and Diversity Support Team, which shall (i) develop 642 requirements for the creation and submission of diversity, equity, and inclusion plans by persons who 643 wish to possess a license in more than one license category pursuant to subsection C of \$ 4.1-805, 644 which may include a requirement that the licensee participate in social equity an apprenticeship plan, 645 and an approval process and requirements for implementation of such plans; (ii) be responsible for **646** conducting an analysis of potential barriers to entry for small, women-owned, and minority-owned 647 businesses and veteran-owned businesses interested in participating in the marijuana industry and 648 recommending strategies to effectively mitigate such potential barriers; (iii) provide assistance with 649 business planning for potential marijuana establishment licensees; (iv) spread awareness of business 650 opportunities related to the marijuana marketplace in areas disproportionately impacted by marijuana 651 prohibition and enforcement historically economically disadvantaged communities; (v) provide technical 652 assistance in navigating the administrative process to potential marijuana establishment licensees; and (vi) conduct other outreach initiatives in areas disproportionately impacted by marijuana prohibition and 653 **654** enforcement historically economically disadvantaged communities as necessary;
- 10. Establish a position for an individual with professional experience in a health related field who 655 656 shall staff the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council, established pursuant to § 4.1-603, liaise with 657 the Office of the Secretary of Health and Human Resources and relevant health and human services 658 agencies and organizations, and perform other duties as needed.
- 11. Establish and implement a plan, in coordination with the Cannabis Social Equity Liaison and the 659 660 Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion to promote and encourage participation in the marijuana industry by people from *historically economically disadvantaged* communities that have been **661** disproportionately impacted by marijuana prohibition and enforcement and to positively impact those 662 communities; **663** 664
 - 12. Sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, and complain and defend in all courts;
- 665 13. Adopt, use, and alter at will a common seal;
- 666 14. Fix, alter, charge, and collect rates, rentals, fees, and other charges for the use of property of, the 667 sale of products of, or services rendered by the Authority at rates to be determined by the Authority for 668 the purpose of providing for the payment of the expenses of the Authority;
- 15. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of 669 670 its duties, the furtherance of its purposes, and the execution of its powers under this subtitle, including 671 agreements with any person or federal agency;
- 672 16. Employ, at its discretion, consultants, researchers, architects, engineers, accountants, financial 673 experts, investment bankers, superintendents, managers, and such other employees and special agents as 674 may be necessary and fix their compensation to be payable from funds made available to the Authority.

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675 Legal services for the Authority shall be provided by the Attorney General in accordance with Chapter 5676 (§ 2.2-500 et seq.) of Title 2.2;

17. Receive and accept from any federal or private agency, foundation, corporation, association, or 677 678 person grants or other aid to be expended in accomplishing the objectives of the Authority, and receive 679 and accept from the Commonwealth or any state and any municipality, county, or other political 680 subdivision thereof or from any other source aid or contributions of either money, property, or other 681 things of value, to be held, used, and applied only for the purposes for which such grants and contributions may be made. All federal moneys accepted under this section shall be accepted and **682** 683 expended by the Authority upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the United States and as **684** are consistent with state law, and all state moneys accepted under this section shall be expended by the 685 Authority upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the Commonwealth;

18. Adopt, alter, and repeal bylaws, rules, and regulations governing the manner in which its 686 **687** business shall be transacted and the manner in which the powers of the Authority shall be exercised and its duties performed. The Board may delegate or assign any duty or task to be performed by the 688 689 Authority to any officer or employee of the Authority. The Board shall remain responsible for the 690 performance of any such duties or tasks. Any delegation pursuant to this subdivision shall, where 691 appropriate, be accompanied by written guidelines for the exercise of the duties or tasks delegated. Where appropriate, the guidelines shall require that the Board receive summaries of actions taken. Such **692** 693 delegation or assignment shall not relieve the Board of the responsibility to ensure faithful performance 694 of the duties and tasks:

695 19. Conduct or engage in any lawful business, activity, effort, or project consistent with the696 Authority's purposes or necessary or convenient to exercise its powers;

697 20. Develop policies and procedures generally applicable to the procurement of goods, services, and construction, based upon competitive principles;

699 21. Develop policies and procedures consistent with Article 4 (§ 2.2-4347 et seq.) of Chapter 43 of 700 Title 2.2;

22. Acquire, purchase, hold, use, lease, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal or mixed, 701 702 tangible or intangible, or any interest therein necessary or desirable for carrying out the purposes of the 703 Authority; lease as lessee any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest 704 therein, at such annual rental and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; 705 lease as lessor to any person any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest 706 therein, at any time acquired by the Authority, whether wholly or partially completed, at such annual rental and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; sell, transfer, or convey 707 708 any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest therein, at any time acquired 709 or held by the Authority on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; and occupy 710 and improve any land or building required for the purposes of this subtitle;

711 23. Purchase, lease, or acquire the use of, by any manner, any plant or equipment that may be
712 considered necessary or useful in carrying into effect the purposes of this subtitle, including rectifying,
713 blending, and processing plants;

24. Appoint every agent and employee required for its operations, require any or all of them to give
bonds payable to the Commonwealth in such penalty as shall be fixed by the Board, and engage the
services of experts and professionals;

717 25. Hold and conduct hearings, issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the 718 production of records, memoranda, papers, and other documents before the Board or any agent of the 719 Board, and administer oaths and take testimony thereunder. The Board may authorize any Board 720 member or agent of the Board to hold and conduct hearings, issue subpoenas, administer oaths and take 721 testimony thereunder, and decide cases, subject to final decision by the Board, on application of any 722 party aggrieved. The Board may enter into consent agreements and may request and accept from any 723 applicant or licensee a consent agreement in lieu of proceedings on (i) objections to the issuance of a 724 license or (ii) disciplinary action. Any such consent agreement shall include findings of fact and may 725 include an admission or a finding of a violation. A consent agreement shall not be considered a case 726 decision of the Board and shall not be subject to judicial review under the provisions of the 727 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), but may be considered by the Board in future 728 disciplinary proceedings;

729 26. Make a reasonable charge for preparing and furnishing statistical information and compilations to
730 persons other than (i) officials, including court and police officials, of the Commonwealth and of its
r31 subdivisions if the information requested is for official use and (ii) persons who have a personal or legal
r32 interest in obtaining the information requested if such information is not to be used for commercial or
r33 trade purposes;

734 27. Assess and collect civil penalties and civil charges for violations of this subtitle and Board735 regulations;

736 28. Review and approve any proposed legislative or regulatory changes suggested by the Chief

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737 Executive Officer as the Board deems appropriate;

738 29. Report quarterly to the Secretary of Public Safety and Homeland Security on the law-enforcement 739 activities undertaken to enforce the provisions of this subtitle;

740 30. Establish and collect fees for all permits set forth in this subtitle, including fees associated with 741 applications for such permits;

742 31. Develop and make available on its website guidance documents regarding compliance and safe 743 practices for persons who cultivate marijuana at home for personal use, which shall include information 744 regarding cultivation practices that promote personal and public safety, including child protection, and discourage practices that create a nuisance; 745

746 32. Develop and make available on its website a resource that provides information regarding (i) 747 responsible marijuana consumption; (ii) health risks and other dangers associated with marijuana 748 consumption, including inability to operate a motor vehicle and other types of transportation and 749 equipment; and (iii) ancillary effects of marijuana consumption, including ineligibility for certain employment opportunities. The Board shall require that the web address for such resource be included 750 751 on the label of all retail marijuana and retail marijuana product as provided in $\frac{4.1-1402}{10}$; and

752 33. Do all acts necessary or advisable to carry out the purposes of this subtitle. 753

§ 4.1-606. Regulations of the Board.

754 A. The Board may promulgate reasonable regulations, not inconsistent with this subtitle or the 755 general laws of the Commonwealth, that it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this subtitle 756 and to prevent the illegal cultivation, manufacture, sale, and testing of marijuana and, marijuana 757 products, and regulated hemp products. The Board may amend or repeal such regulations. Such Except 758 as otherwise provided by law, such regulations shall be promulgated, amended, or repealed in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and shall have the effect of law. 759 760

B. The Board shall promulgate regulations that:

761 1. Govern the outdoor cultivation and manufacture of retail marijuana by a marijuana cultivation 762 facility licensee and retail marijuana products, including security requirements to include related to 763 lighting, physical security, and alarm requirements, provided that such requirements do not prohibit the 764 cultivation of marijuana outdoors or in a greenhouse alarms and requirements for secure disposal of 765 waste or unusable materials;

766 2. Establish security requirements for all marijuana establishments, including requirements for 767 securely transporting marijuana between marijuana establishments;

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3. Establish sanitary standards for retail marijuana product and regulated hemp product preparation; 769 4. Establish a testing program for retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products pursuant to Chapter

770 14 (§ 4.1-1400 et seq.), and regulated hemp products;

771 5. Establish an application process for licensure as a marijuana establishment pursuant to this subtitle 772 in a way that, when possible, prevents disparate impacts on historically economically disadvantaged 773 communities;

774 6. Establish packaging requirements and requirements for health and safety warning labels to be 775 placed on retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a consumer and on regulated hemp products to be sold or offered for sale by a person in accordance with 776 777 the provisions of this subtitle. Such provisions shall require that labels include information regarding 778 the amount of product that constitutes a single serving and the percentage and milligrams of 779 tetrahydrocannabinol in each package and serving;

780 7. Establish a maximum tetrahydrocannabinol level for retail marijuana products, which and 781 regulated hemp products. Such tetrahydrocannabinol level for retail marijuana products shall not exceed 782 (i) five 10 milligrams per serving for edible marijuana products and where practicable an equivalent 783 amount for other marijuana products or (ii) 50 100 milligrams per package for edible marijuana products 784 and where practicable an equivalent amount for other marijuana products. Such regulations may include 785 other product and dispensing limitations on tetrahydrocannabinol;

786 8. Establish requirements for the form, content, and retention of all records and accounts by all 787 licensees and by any person selling a regulated hemp product, including the manner and timeframe in 788 which licensees and persons must make such records and accounts available to the Board;

789 9. Provide alternative methods for licensees and any person selling a regulated hemp product to 790 maintain and store business records that are subject to Board inspection, including methods for 791 Board-approved electronic and offsite storage;

792 10. Establish (i) criteria by which to evaluate new licensees based on the density of retail marijuana 793 stores in the community and (ii) metrics that have similarly shown an association with negative 794 community-level health outcomes or health disparities. In promulgating such regulations, the Board shall 795 coordinate with the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council established pursuant to § 4.1-603;

796 11. Require retail licensees to file an appeal from any hearing decision rendered by a hearing officer 797 within 30 days of the date the notice of the decision is sent. The notice shall be sent to the licensee at 798 the address on record with the Board by certified mail, return receipt requested, and by regular mail;

799 12. Prescribe the schedule of proration for refunded license fees to licensees who qualify pursuant to 800 subsection C of § 4.1-1002;

801 13. Establish criteria by which to evaluate social equity and grant license preferences to applicants, 802 which shall be an applicant who has lived or been domiciled for at least 12 months in the 803 Commonwealth and is either (i) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons 804 who have been convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for any misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-248.1, 805 former § 18.2-250.1, or subsection A of § 18.2-265.3 as it relates to marijuana; (ii) an applicant with at 806 least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who is the parent, child, sibling, or spouse of a 807 person who has been convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for any misdemeanor violation of \$-18.2-248.1, former \$-18.2-250.1, or subsection A of \$-18.2-265.3 as it relates to marijuana; (iii) an 808 809 applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who have resided for at least three 810 of the past five years in a jurisdiction that is determined by the Board after utilizing census tract data made available by the United States Census Bureau to have been disproportionately policed for 811 812 marijuana crimes; (iv) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who have 813 resided for at least three four of the last five years in a jurisdiction determined by the Board after utilizing census tract data made available by the United States Census Bureau to be a historically 814 815 economically distressed; or (v) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons 816 who graduated from a historically black college or university located in the Commonwealth 817 disadvantaged community;

818 14. For the purposes of establishing criteria by which to evaluate social equity license applicants, 819 establish standards by which to determine (i) which jurisdictions have been disproportionately policed 820 for marijuana crimes and (ii) which jurisdictions are economically distressed;

821 15. Establish standards and requirements for (i) any preference in the licensing process for qualified 822 social equity applicants in a historically economically disadvantaged community, (ii) what percentage of 823 application or license fees are waived for a qualified social equity applicant such applicants, and (iii) a any low-interest business loan program for qualified social equity such applicants, and (iv) determining 824 825 which jurisdictions are historically economically disadvantaged communities;

826 16. 15. Establish guidelines, in addition to requirements set forth in this subtitle, for the personal 827 cultivation of marijuana that promote personal and public safety, including child protection, and 828 discourage personal cultivation practices that create a nuisance, including a nuisance caused by odor;

829 17. 16. Establish reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions on outdoor advertising of retail 830 marijuana or, retail marijuana products, not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, so and 831 regulated hemp products. Such restrictions shall ensure that such advertising displaces the illicit market, 832 includes health and safety warnings, and notifies the public of the location of marijuana and hemp 833 establishments. Such regulations shall be promulgated in accordance with § 4.1-1404;

834 18. 17. Establish restrictions on the number of licenses that a person may be granted to operate a 835 marijuana establishment in single locality or region; and

836 19. Establish restrictions on 18. Notwithstanding subdivision C 4, allow pharmaceutical processors 837 and industrial hemp processors that have been to be granted a license in more than one license category pursuant to subsection C of $\frac{8}{5}$ 4.1-805 and establish restrictions that ensure all licensees have an equal 838 839 and meaningful opportunity to participate in the market. Such regulations may limit the amount of 840 products cultivated or manufactured by the pharmaceutical processor or industrial hemp processor that 841 such processor may offer for sale in its retail marijuana stores;

842 19. Establish requirements for routine inspections of all marijuana establishments, which shall occur 843 no less than once per year; 844

20. Establish minimum equipment and resource requirements for marijuana establishments;

845 21. Establish processes to ensure the safe and secure dispensing of retail marijuana and retail 846 *marijuana products*;

847 22. Establish processes to ensure the safe wholesale distribution and transfer of retail marijuana and 848 retail marijuana products;

849 23. Establish requirements regarding the sale of devices by licensees for administration of retail 850 marijuana and retail marijuana products; and

24. Establish a process for certain licensees to acquire from a registered industrial hemp handler or 851 852 processor industrial hemp extracts grown and processed in the Commonwealth in compliance with state 853 and federal law and a process for licensees to formulate such extracts into retail marijuana products. 854

Č. The Board may promulgate regulations that:

855 1. Limit the number of licenses issued by type or class to operate a marijuana establishment; 856 however, the number of licenses issued shall not exceed the following limits:

857 a. Retail marijuana stores, 400:

858 b. Marijuana wholesalers, 25;

859 c. Marijuana manufacturing facilities, 60; and

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860 d. Marijuana cultivation facilities, 450.

861 In determining the number of licenses issued pursuant to this subdivision, the Board shall not 862 consider any license granted pursuant to subsection C of $\frac{4.1-805}{5}$ to (i) a pharmaceutical processor that has been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the 863 864 Drug Control Act or (ii) an industrial hemp processor registered with the Commissioner of Agriculture 865 and Consumer Services pursuant to Chapter 41.1 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2.

866 2. Prescribe any requirements deemed appropriate for the administration of taxes under §§ 4.1-1003 867 and 4.1-1004, including method of filing a return, information required on a return, and form of 868 payment.

869 3. Limit the allowable square footage of a retail marijuana store, which shall not exceed 1,500 square 870 feet.

871 4. Allow certain persons to be granted or have interest in a license in more than one of the following 872 license categories: marijuana cultivation facility license, marijuana manufacturing facility license, 873 marijuana wholesaler license, or retail marijuana store license. Such regulations shall be drawn narrowly 874 to limit vertical integration to small businesses and ensure that all licensees have an equal and meaningful opportunity to participate in the market. 875

876 5. Allow small business licensees, as determined by the Board, to (i) enter into cooperative 877 agreements with other small business licensees and (ii) lease space and cultivate, manufacture, and sell 878 retail marijuana and retail marijuana products on the premises of another licensee.

879 D. Board regulations shall be uniform in their application, except those relating to hours of sale for 880 licensees. 881

E. Courts shall take judicial notice of Board regulations.

882 F. The Board shall consult with the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council in promulgating any 883 regulations relating to public health, including regulations promulgated pursuant to subdivision B 3, 4, 6, **884** 7, 10, or 16, and shall not promulgate any such regulation that has not been approved by a majority of the members of the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council. 885

886 G. With regard to regulations governing licensees that have been issued a permit by the Board of 887 Pharmacy to operate as a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility pursuant to Article 4.2 888 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act, the Board shall make reasonable efforts (i) to align 889 such regulations with any applicable regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy that establish 890 health, safety, and security requirements for pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities 891 and (ii) to deem in compliance with applicable regulations promulgated pursuant to this subtitle such 892 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities that have been found to be in compliance 893 with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy that mirror or are more extensive in scope than 894 similar regulations promulgated pursuant to this subtitle. 895

H. The Board's power to regulate shall be broadly construed. 896

§ 4.1-610. Financial interests of Board, employees, and family members prohibited.

897 No Board member or employee of the Authority shall (i) be a principal stockholder or (ii) otherwise **898** have any financial interest, direct or indirect, in any licensee subject to the provisions of this subtitle or 899 in any entity that has submitted an application for a license under Chapter 8 (§ 4.1-800 et seq.). No 900 Board member and no spouse or immediate family member of a Board member shall make any 901 contribution to a candidate for office or officeholder at the local or state level or cause such a 902 contribution to be made on his behalf. 903

§ 4.1-614. Disposition of moneys collected by the Board.

904 A. All moneys collected by the Board shall be paid directly and promptly into the state treasury, or shall be deposited to the credit of the State Treasurer in a state depository, without any deductions on 905 906 account of salaries, fees, costs, charges, expenses, refunds, or claims of any description whatever, as 907 required by § 2.2-1802.

908 All moneys so paid into the state treasury, less the net profits determined pursuant to subsection C, 909 shall be set aside as and constitute an Enterprise Fund, subject to appropriation, for the payment of (i) 910 the salaries and remuneration of the members, agents, and employees of the Board and (ii) all costs and 911 expenses incurred in the administration of this subtitle.

912 B. The net profits derived under the provisions of this subtitle shall be transferred by the Comptroller 913 to the general fund of the state treasury quarterly, within 50 days after the close of each quarter or as 914 otherwise provided in the appropriation act. As allowed by the Governor, the Board may deduct from 915 the net profits quarterly a sum for the creation of a reserve fund not exceeding the sum of \$2.5 million 916 in connection with the administration of this subtitle and to provide for the depreciation on the 917 buildings, plants, and equipment owned, held, or operated by the Board. After accounting for the 918 Authority's expenses as provided in subsection A, net profits shall be appropriated in the general 919 appropriation act as follows:

920 1. Forty percent to pre-kindergarten programs for at-risk three-year-olds and four-year-olds;

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921 2. Thirty percent to the Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Fund established pursuant to § 2.2-2499.8;

922 3. Twenty-five percent to the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, which 923 shall distribute such appropriated funds to community services boards for the purpose of administering 924 substance use disorder prevention and treatment programs; and

925 4. Five percent to public health programs, including public awareness campaigns that are designed to 926 prevent drugged driving, discourage consumption by persons younger than 21 years of age, and inform 927 the public of other potential risks.

928 \tilde{C} . As used in this section, "net profits" means the total of all moneys collected by the Board, less local marijuana tax revenues collected under § 4.1-1004 and distributed pursuant to § 4.1-614 this 929 930 section and all costs, expenses, and charges authorized by this section.

931 D. All local tax revenues collected under § 4.1-1004 shall be paid into the state treasury as provided in subsection A and credited to a special fund, which is hereby created on the Comptroller's books under 932 the name "Collections of Local Marijuana Taxes." The revenues shall be credited to the account of the 933 locality in which they were collected. If revenues were collected from a marijuana establishment located 934 935 in more than one locality by reason of the boundary line or lines passing through the marijuana 936 establishment, tax revenues shall be distributed pro rata among the localities. The Authority shall 937 provide to the Comptroller any records and assistance necessary for the Comptroller to determine the 938 locality to which tax revenues are attributable.

939 On a quarterly basis, the Comptroller shall draw his warrant on the Treasurer of Virginia in the 940 proper amount in favor of each locality entitled to the return of its tax revenues, and such payments 941 shall be charged to the account of each such locality under the special fund created by this section. If 942 errors are made in any such payment, or adjustments are otherwise necessary, whether attributable to 943 refunds to taxpayers, or to some other fact, the errors shall be corrected and adjustments made in the 944 payments for the next quarter.

945 § 4.1-619. Certified mail; subsequent mail or notices may be sent by regular mail; electronic 946 communications as alternative to regular mail; limitation.

947 A. Whenever in this subtitle the Board is required to send any mail or notice by certified mail and 948 such mail or notice is sent certified mail, return receipt requested, then any subsequent, identical mail or 949 notice that is sent by the Board may be sent by regular mail.

950 B. Except as provided in subsection C, whenever in this subtitle the Board is required or permitted to 951 send any mail, notice, or other official communication by regular mail to persons licensed under Chapter 952 8 (8 4.1 800 et seq.) a licensee, upon the request of a licensee, the Board may instead send such mail, 953 notice, or official communication by email, text message, or other electronic means to the email address, 954 telephone number, or other contact information provided to the Board by the licensee, provided that the 955 Board retains sufficient proof of the electronic delivery, which may be an electronic receipt of delivery 956 or a certificate of service prepared by the Board confirming the electronic delivery.

C. No notice required by § 4.1-903 to a licensee of a hearing that may result in the suspension or 957 revocation of his license or the imposition of a civil penalty shall be sent by the Board by email, text 958 message, or other electronic means, nor shall any decision by the Board to suspend or revoke a license 959 960 or impose a civil penalty be sent by the Board by email, text message, or other electronic means. 961

§ 4.1-629. Local referendum on prohibition of marijuana establishments.

A. The governing body of a locality may, by resolution, petition the circuit court for the locality for 962 963 a referendum on the question of whether marijuana establishments should be prohibited in the locality.

964 Upon the filing of a petition, the circuit court shall order the election officials to conduct a 965 referendum on the question on the date fixed in the order. The date set by the order shall comply with 966 the provisions of § 24.2-682, but in no event shall such date be more than 90 days from the date the order is issued. The clerk of the circuit court shall publish notice of the referendum in a newspaper of 967 968 general circulation in the locality once a week for three consecutive weeks prior to the referendum. 969

The question on the ballot shall be:

970 "Shall the operation of marijuana establishments be prohibited in _____ (name of county, city, 971 or town)?"

972 The referendum shall be held and the results certified as provided in § 24.2-684. In addition to the 973 certifications required by such section, the secretary of the local electoral board shall certify the results 974 of the referendum to the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority and to the 975 governing body of the locality.

976 B. If a majority of the qualified voters voting in such referendum vote "No" on the question of 977 whether marijuana establishments shall be prohibited in the locality, marijuana establishments shall be 978 permitted to operate within the locality 60 days after the results are certified or on July 1, 2024, 979 whichever is later, and no subsequent referendum may be held pursuant to this section within such 980 locality.

981 If a majority of the qualified voters voting in such referendum vote "Yes" on the question of whether marijuana establishments shall be prohibited in the locality, marijuana establishments shall be 982

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983 prohibited in the locality effective January 1 of the year immediately following the referendum. A **984** referendum on the same question may be held subsequent to a vote to prohibit marijuana establishments 985 but not earlier than the fourth November following the date of the previous referendum. Any subsequent 986 referendum shall be held pursuant to the provisions of this section.

987 C. When any referendum is held pursuant to this section in a town, separate and apart from the 988 county in which such town or a part thereof is located, such town shall be treated as being separate 989 and apart from such county. When any referendum is held pursuant to this section in a county, any 990 town located within such county shall be treated as being separate and apart from such county.

991 D. The legality of any referendum held pursuant to this section shall be subject to the inquiry, 992 determination, and judgment of the circuit court that ordered the referendum. The court shall proceed 993 upon the complaint of 15 or more qualified voters of the county, city, or town, filed within 30 days after 994 the date the results of the referendum are certified and setting out fully the grounds of contest. The 995 complaint and the proceedings shall conform as nearly as practicable to the provisions of § 15.2-1654, 996 and the judgment of the court entered of record shall be a final determination of the legality of the 997 referendum.

E. Referendums held pursuant to this section shall not apply to or prohibit the licensure and **998** 999 operation of a marijuana establishment by and on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor or 1000 cannabis dispensing facility that has been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to Article 1001 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act prior to January 1, 2023.

1002 § 4.1-700. License requirement; background checks; expiration.

- 1003 A. The Board may grant the following licenses:
- 1. Marijuana cultivation facility license; 1004
- 1005 2. Marijuana manufacturing facility license;
- 1006 3. Marijuana wholesale license; and
- 1007 4. Retail marijuana store license.

1008 B. No person shall operate a marijuana establishment or exercise the privileges of any license set 1009 forth in subsection A without first obtaining a license from the Board.

1010 C. Applications for a license shall be submitted on a form provided by the Board. The Board shall 1011 require that all applications include the name and signature of the applicant's compliance officer. The 1012 Board shall establish an application fee and any other requirements for such applications.

1013 D. License applicants, including all material owners of any applicant, shall submit to fingerprinting 1014 and provide personal descriptive information to be forwarded along with the fingerprints through the 1015 Central Criminal Records Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining 1016 criminal history record information. The cost of fingerprinting and the criminal history record search 1017 shall be paid by the applicant. The Central Criminal Records Exchange shall forward the results of the 1018 criminal history record search to the Board or its designee, which shall be a governmental entity.

1019 E. Each license shall expire annually on a date determined by the Board.

1020 F. All licenses shall be displayed in a conspicuous place on the licensed premises. 1021

§ 4.1-701. Exemptions from licensure.

1022 The licensure requirements set forth in § 4.1-700 shall not apply to (i) a pharmaceutical processor or 1023 cannabis dispensing facility that has been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to, and is 1024 operating in accordance with, Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act; (ii) a handler, 1025 grower, or processor of industrial hemp registered with the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer 1026 Services pursuant to, and operating in accordance with, Chapter 41.1 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2; 1027 (iii) a manufacturer of industrial hemp extract or food containing an industrial hemp extract operating 1028 in accordance with Article 5 (§ 3.2-5145.1 et seq.) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2; or (iv) a person who 1029 cultivates marijuana at home for personal use pursuant to § 4.1-1101. Nothing in this subtitle shall be 1030 construed to (a) prevent such persons from obtaining a license pursuant to this subtitle, provided such 1031 person satisfies applicable licensing requirements; (b) prevent a licensee from acquiring hemp products 1032 from an industrial hemp processor in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 41.1 of Title 3.2; or (c)prevent a cultivation, manufacturing, wholesale, or retail licensee from operating on the licensed 1033 1034 premises of a pharmaceutical processing facility in accordance with Article 4.2 of the Drug Control Act 1035 or an industrial hemp processing facility in accordance with Chapter 41.1 of Title 3.2.

1036 § 4.1-702. Dispensing requirements and limitations; records.

1037 A. A licensee shall dispense retail marijuana and retail marijuana products only in person and to 1038 persons to whom retail marijuana and retail marijuana products may be lawfully sold.

1039 B. Prior to the dispensing of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, the licensee shall require 1040 the purchaser to present bona fide evidence of legal age indicating that the purchaser is 21 years of age 1041 or older.

1042 C. Licensees shall maintain, on site or remotely by electronic means, for two years a paper or 1043 electronic copy of all transactions.

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1044 D. No licensee shall dispense more than one ounce of retail marijuana or an equivalent amount of 1045 retail marijuana products, as determined by the Board, to a single purchaser per day.

1046 E. A licensee may only sell and dispense retail marijuana and retail marijuana products that have 1047 been registered by the Board.

1048 § 4.1-703. Employees; background checks; qualifications.

1049 A. Licensees shall maintain criminal history record information for all employees and agents of the 1050 licensee in accordance with Board regulations. Criminal history record checks of employees and agents may be conducted by any service sufficient to disclose any federal and state criminal convictions. 1051

B. No person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of the Commonwealth or another 1052 1053 jurisdiction within the last five years shall be employed by or act as an agent of a licensee.

1054 C. Licensees shall adopt policies for pre-employment drug screenings and regular, ongoing random 1055 drug screening of all employees.

1056 D. In addition to other employees authorized by the Board, a licensee may employ individuals who 1057 have less than two years of relevant experience to (i) perform cultivation-related duties under the 1058 supervision of an individual who has received a degree in a field related to the cultivation of plants or 1059 a Board-recognized certification or who has at least two years of experience cultivating plants and (ii) 1060 perform extraction-related duties under the supervision of an individual who has a degree in chemistry 1061 or pharmacology or at least two years of experience extracting chemicals from plants. 1062

§ 4.1-704. Compliance officers.

1063 A. Every licensee that is authorized to cultivate, manufacture, or dispense retail marijuana or retail 1064 marijuana products shall designate one or more compliance officers. Compliance officers shall (i) personally supervise the licensee's cultivation, manufacturing, and dispensing areas, as applicable; (ii) 1065 ensure that security measures are adequate to protect the retail marijuana or retail marijuana products 1066 from diversion at all times; and (iii) determine the number of employees that can be safely and 1067 competently supervised at one time. However, no compliance officer shall supervise more than six 1068 1069 persons performing the dispensing duties at one time.

1070 B. The Board shall establish criteria for determining whether a person is qualified and fit to serve as 1071 a compliance officer.

1072 C. The Board shall direct all communications related to enforcement of requirements related to the 1073 cultivation, manufacturing, and dispensing of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products by the licensee to the licensee's compliance officer. 1074

1075 § 4.1-1003. Marijuana tax; exceptions.

1076 A. A tax of 21 percent is levied on the sale in the Commonwealth of any retail marijuana, retail 1077 marijuana products, marijuana paraphernalia sold by a retail marijuana store, non-retail marijuana, and non-retail marijuana products. The tax shall be in addition to any tax imposed under the Virginia 1078 1079 Retail Sales and Use Tax Act (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) or any other provision of federal, state, or local law. 1080

B. The tax shall not apply to any sale:

1. From a marijuana establishment to another marijuana establishment.

1082 2. Of cannabis oil for treatment under the provisions of § 54.1-3408.3 and Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 1083 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act.

1084 3. Of industrial hemp by a grower, processor, or handler under the provisions of Chapter 41.1 1085 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2. 1086

4. Of a hemp product that is not a regulated hemp product.

1087 C. All revenues remitted to the Authority under this section shall be disposed of as provided in 1088 § 4.1-614. 1089

§ 4.1-1004. Optional local marijuana tax.

1090 A. Any locality may by ordinance levy a three percent tax on any sale taxable under § 4.1-1003. The 1091 tax shall be in addition to any local sales tax imposed under the Virginia Retail Sales and Use Tax Act 1092 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.), any food and beverage tax imposed under Article 7.1 (§ 58.1-3833 et seq.) of 1093 Chapter 38 of Title 58.1, and any excise tax imposed on meals under § 58.1-3840. Other than the taxes 1094 authorized and identified in this subsection, a locality shall not impose any other tax on a sale taxable 1095 under § 4.1-1003.

1096 B. If a town imposes a tax under this section, any tax imposed by its surrounding county under this 1097 section shall not apply within the limits of the town.

1098 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a locality from imposing any tax authorized 1099 by law on a person or property regulated under this subtitle. Nothing in this section shall be construed 1100 to limit the authority of any locality to impose a license or privilege tax or fee on a business engaged in whole or in part in sales taxable under § 4.1-1003 if such tax or fee is (i) based on an annual or 1101 per-event flat fee authorized by law or (ii) is an annual license or privilege tax authorized by law, and 1102 1103 such tax includes sales or receipts taxable under § 4.1-1003 in its taxable measure.

1104 D. Any locality that enacts an ordinance pursuant to subsection A shall, within 30 days, notify the 1105 Authority and any retail marijuana store in such locality of the ordinance's enactment. The ordinance

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1106 shall take effect on the first day of the second month following its enactment.

1107 E. Any tax levied under this section shall be administered and collected by the Authority in the same 1108 manner as provided for the tax imposed under § 4.1-1003.

1109 F. All revenues remitted to the Authority under this section shall be disposed of as provided in 1110 § 4.1-614.

1111 § 4.1-1005. Tax returns and payments; commissions; interest.

1112 A. For any sale taxable under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004, the seller shall be liable for collecting any 1113 taxes due. All taxes collected by a seller shall be deemed to be held in trust for the Commonwealth. The 1114 buyer shall not be liable for collecting or remitting the taxes or filing a return.

1115 B. On or before the tenth day of each month, any person liable for a tax due under § 4.1-1003 or 1116 4.1-1004 shall file a return under oath with the Authority and pay any taxes due. Upon written 1117 application by a person filing a return, the Authority may, if it determines good cause exists, grant an 1118 extension to the end of the calendar month in which the tax is due, or for a period not exceeding 30 1119 days. Any extension shall toll the accrual of any interest or penalties under § 4.1-1007.

C. The Authority may accept payment by any commercially acceptable means, including cash, checks, 1120 1121 credit cards, debit cards, and electronic funds transfers, for any taxes, interest, or penalities due under 1122 this subtitle. The Board may assess a service charge for the use of a credit or debit card.

1123 D. Upon request, the Authority may collect and maintain a record of a person's credit card, debit 1124 card, or automated clearinghouse transfer information and use such information for future payments of 1125 taxes, interest, or penalties due under this subtitle. The Authority may assess a service charge for any 1126 payments made under this subsection. The Authority may procure the services of a third-party vendor 1127 for the secure storage of information collected pursuant to this subsection.

E. If any person liable for tax under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004 sells out his business or stock of 1128 1129 goods or quits the business, such person shall make a final return and payment within 15 days after the 1130 date of selling or quitting the business. Such person's successors or assigns, if any, shall withhold sufficient of the purchase money to cover the amount of such taxes, interest, and penalties due and 1131 1132 unpaid until such former owner produces a receipt from the Authority showing payment or a certificate 1133 stating that no taxes, penalties, or interest are due. If the buyer of a business or stock of goods fails to 1134 withhold the purchase money as provided in this subsection, such buyer shall be liable for the payment 1135 of the taxes, interest, and penalties due and unpaid on account of the operation of the business by any 1136 former owner.

1137 F. When any person fails to timely pay the full amount of tax due under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004, 1138 interest at a rate determined in accordance with § 58.1-15 shall accrue on the tax until it is paid. Any 1139 taxes due under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004 shall, if applicable, be subject to penalties as provided in 1140 *§§* 4.1-1206 and 4.1-1207. 1141

§ 4.1-1006. Bonds.

1142 The Authority may, when deemed necessary and advisable to do so in order to secure the collection of the taxes levied under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004, require any person subject to such tax to file a 1143 1144 bond, with such surety as it determines is necessary to secure the payment of any tax, penalty, or 1145 interest due or that may become due from such person. In lieu of such bond, securities approved by the 1146 Authority may be deposited with the State Treasurer, which securities shall be kept in the custody of the 1147 State Treasurer, and shall be sold by the State Treasurer at the request of the Authority at public or 1148 private sale if it becomes necessary to do so in order to recover any tax, interest, or penalty due the 1149 Commonwealth. Upon any such sale, the surplus, if any, above the amounts due shall be returned to the 1150 person who deposited the securities.

1151 § 4.1-1007. Statute of limitations; civil remedies for collecting past-due taxes, interest, and 1152 penalties; appeals.

1153 A. The taxes imposed under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004 shall be assessed within three years from the 1154 date on which such taxes became due and payable. In the case of a false or fraudulent return with 1155 intent to defraud the Commonwealth, or a failure to file a return, the taxes may be assessed, or a 1156 proceeding in court for the collection of such taxes may be begun without assessment, at any time 1157 within six years from such date. The Authority shall not examine any person's records beyond the 1158 three-year period of limitations unless it has reasonable evidence of fraud or reasonable cause to 1159 believe that such person was required by law to file a return and failed to do so.

1160 B. If any person fails to file a return as required by this section, or files a return that is false or 1161 fraudulent, the Authority may make an estimate for the taxable period of the taxable sales of such 1162 person and assess the tax, plus any applicable interest and penalties. The Authority shall give such 1163 person 10 days' notice requiring such person to provide any records as it may require relating to the business of such person for the taxable period. The Authority may require such person or the agents 1164 1165 and employees of such person to give testimony or to answer interrogatories under oath administered by the Authority respecting taxable sales, the filing of the return, and any other relevant information. If any 1166

person fails to file a required return, refuses to provide required records, or refuses to answer
interrogatories from the Authority, the Authority may make an estimated assessment based upon the
information available to it and issue a memorandum of lien under subsection C for the collection of any
taxes, interest, or penalties. The estimated assessment shall be deemed prima facie correct.

1171 C. 1. If the Authority assesses taxes, interest, or penalties on a person and such person does not pay 1172 within 30 days after the due date, taking into account any extensions granted by the Authority, the 1173 Authority may file a memorandum of lien in the circuit court clerk's office of the county or city in which the person's place of business is located or in which the person resides. If the person has no place of 1174 1175 business or residence within the Commonwealth, the memorandum may be filed in the Circuit Court of 1176 the City of Richmond. A copy of the memorandum may also be filed in the clerk's office of all counties and cities in which the person owns real estate. Such memorandum shall be recorded in the judgment 1177 1178 docket book and shall have the effect of a judgment in favor of the Commonwealth, to be enforced as provided in Article 19 (§ 8.01-196 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 8.01, except that a writ of fieri facias 1179 1180 may issue at any time after the memorandum is filed. The lien on real estate shall become effective at 1181 the time the memorandum is filed in the jurisdiction in which the real estate is located. No 1182 memorandum of lien shall be filed unless the person is first given 10 or more days' prior notice of 1183 intent to file a lien; however, in those instances where the Authority determines that the collection of 1184 any tax, penalties, or interest required to be paid pursuant to law will be jeopardized by the provision 1185 of such notice, notification may be provided to the person concurrent with the filing of the memorandum 1186 of lien. Such notice shall be given to the person at his last known address.

1187 2. Recordation of a memorandum of lien under this subsection shall not affect a person's right to appeal under subsection D.

1189 3. If after filing a memorandum of lien the Authority determines that it is in the best interest of the 1190 Commonwealth, it may place padlocks on the doors of any business enterprise that is delinquent in filing or paying any tax owed to the Commonwealth. The Authority shall also post notices of distraint 1191 1192 on each of the doors so padlocked. If, after three business days, the tax deficiency has not been satisfied 1193 or satisfactory arrangements for payment made, the Authority may cause a writ of fieri facias to be 1194 issued. It shall be a Class 1 misdemeanor for anyone to enter the padlocked premises without prior 1195 approval of the Authority. In the event that the person against whom the distraint has been applied 1196 subsequently appeals under subsection D, the person shall have the right to post bond equaling the 1197 amount of liability in lieu of payment until the appeal is resolved.

4. A person may petition the Authority after a memorandum of lien has been filed under this
subsection if the person alleges an error in the filing of the lien. The Authority shall make a
determination on such petition within 14 days. If the Authority determines that the filing was erroneous,
it shall issue a certificate of release of the lien within seven days after such determination is made.

D. Any tax imposed under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004, any interest imposed under this section, and any 1202 penalty imposed under § 4.1-1206 or 4.1-1207 shall be subject to appeal and review under the 1203 1204 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Such review shall extend to the entire evidential record 1205 of the proceedings provided by the Authority in accordance with the Administrative Process Act. An 1206 appeal shall lie to the Court of Appeals from any order of a circuit court. Notwithstanding § 8.01-676.1, 1207 the final judgment or order of a circuit court shall not be suspended, stayed, or modified by such circuit 1208 court pending appeal to the Court of Appeals. Neither mandamus nor injunction shall lie in any such 1209 case.

1210 § 4.1-1104. Persons to whom marijuana or marijuana products may not be sold; proof of legal 1211 age; penalties.

1212 A. No person shall sell, give, or distribute any marijuana or marijuana products to any individual 1213 when at the time of such sale he knows or has reason to believe that the individual to whom the sale is 1214 made is (i) younger than 21 years of age or (ii) intoxicated. Any person convicted of a violation of this 1215 subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

B. It is unlawful for any person 21 years of age or older to sell or distribute, or possess with the
intent to sell or distribute, marijuana paraphernalia to any person younger than 21 years of age. Any
person who violates this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1219 C. It is unlawful for any person 21 years of age or older to place in any newspaper, magazine, 1220 handbill, or other publication any advertisement, knowing or under circumstances where one reasonably 1221 should know, that the purpose of the advertisement, in whole or in part, is to promote the sale of 1222 marijuana paraphernalia to persons younger than 21 years of age. Any person who violates this 1223 subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1224 D. Any person who sells marijuana or marijuana products to an individual who is younger than 21 1225 years of age and at the time of the sale does not require the individual to present bona fide evidence of 1226 legal age indicating that the individual is 21 years of age or older is guilty of a violation of this 1227 subsection. Bona fide evidence of legal age is limited to any evidence that is or reasonably appears to 1228 be an unexpired driver's license issued by any state of the United States or the District of Columbia,

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1229 military identification card, United States passport or foreign government visa, unexpired special 1230 identification card issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, or any other valid government-issued 1231 identification card bearing the individual's photograph, signature, height, weight, and date of birth, or 1232 which bears a photograph that reasonably appears to match the appearance of the purchaser. A student 1233 identification card shall not constitute bona fide evidence of legal age for purposes of this subsection. 1234 Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. The Board 1235 shall not take administrative action against a licensee for the conduct of his employee who violates this 1236 subsection.

1237 *E.* No person shall be convicted of both subsections A and D for the same sale.

1238 § 4.1-1105.1. Possession of marijuana or marijuana products unlawful in certain cases; venue; 1239 exceptions; penalties; treatment and education programs and services.

A. No person younger than 21 years of age shall consume or possess, or attempt to consume or possess, any marijuana or marijuana products, except by any federal, state, or local law-enforcement officer or his agent when possession of marijuana or marijuana products is necessary in the performance of his duties. Such person may be prosecuted either in the county or city in which the marijuana or marijuana products were possessed or consumed or in the county or city in which the person exhibits evidence of physical indicia of consumption of marijuana or marijuana products.

B. Any person 18 years of age or older who violates subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25 and shall be ordered to enter a substance abuse treatment or education program or both, if available, that in the opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused.

1249 C. Any juvenile who violates subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25 and the 1250 court shall require the accused to enter a substance abuse treatment or education program or both, if 1251 available, that in the opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused. For purposes of 1252 §§ 16.1-266, 16.1-273, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, and 16.1-278.9, the court shall treat the child as 1253 delinquent.

1254 D. Any such substance abuse treatment or education program to which a person is ordered pursuant 1255 to this section shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 1256 Developmental Services or (ii) a program or services made available through a community-based probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, 1257 1258 if one has been established for the locality. When an offender is ordered to a local community-based 1259 probation services agency, the local community-based probation services agency shall be responsible for 1260 providing for services or referring the offender to education or treatment services as a condition of 1261 probation.

1262 E. No person younger than 21 years of age shall use or attempt to use any (i) altered, fictitious, 1263 facsimile, or simulated license to operate a motor vehicle; (ii) altered, fictitious, facsimile, or simulated 1264 document, including but not limited to a birth certificate or student identification card; or (iii) motor 1265 vehicle driver's license or other document issued under Chapter 3 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Title 46.2 or 1266 the comparable law of another jurisdiction, birth certificate, or student identification card of another 1267 person in order to establish a false identification or false age for himself to consume, purchase, or 1268 attempt to consume or purchase retail marijuana or retail marijuana products. Any person convicted of 1269 a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1270 *F*. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Drug Offender 1271 Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.02.

1272 § 4.1-1106. Purchasing retail marijuana or retail marijuana products for one to whom they may 1273 not be sold; penalties; forfeiture.

1274 A. Any person who purchases retail marijuana or retail marijuana products for another person and 1275 at the time of such purchase knows or has reason to believe that the person for whom the retail 1276 marijuana or retail marijuana products were purchased was intoxicated is guilty of a Class 1 1277 misdemeanor.

B. Any person who purchases for, or otherwise gives, provides, or assists in the provision of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to, another person when he knows or has reason to know that such person is younger than 21 years of age, except by any federal, state, or local law-enforcement officer when possession of marijuana or marijuana products is necessary in the performance of his duties, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1283 C. Any marijuana or marijuana products purchased in violation of this section shall be deemed 1284 contraband and forfeited to the Commonwealth.

1285 § 4.1-1116. Illegal advertising; penalty; exception.

A. Except in accordance with this title and Board regulations, no person shall advertise in or send
any advertising matter into the Commonwealth about or concerning marijuana other than such that may
legally be manufactured or sold without a license.

1289 *B. Marijuana cultivation facility licensees, marijuana manufacturing facility licensees, marijuana*

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1290 wholesaler licensees, and retail marijuana store licensees may advertise retail marijuana or retail 1291 marijuana products, provided that such advertising complies with Board regulations.

1292 C. Except as provided in subsection D, any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of 1293 a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1294 D. For violations relating to distance and zoning restrictions on outdoor advertising, the Board shall 1295 give the advertiser written notice to take corrective action to either bring the advertisement into 1296 compliance with this subtitle and Board regulations or to remove such advertisement. If corrective 1297 action is not taken within 30 days, the advertiser is guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor. 1298

§ 4.1-1122. Criminal immunity.

1299 No person shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for the purchase, possession, cultivation, manufacture, sale, or distribution of marijuana under Articles 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 1300 1301 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 if such person is engaging in activities permitted under this subtitle 1302 and Board regulations. 1303

§ 4.1-1200. Illegal cultivation, etc., of marijuana or marijuana products by licensees; penalty.

A. No licensee or any agent or employee of such licensee shall:

1305 1. Cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products of 1306 a kind other than that which such license or this subtitle authorizes him to cultivate, manufacture, 1307 transport. sell. or test:

1308 2. Sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to any person other than a person to whom 1309 such license or this subtitle authorizes him to sell;

1310 3. Cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test retail marijuana or retail marijuana products that 1311 such license or this subtitle authorizes him to sell, but in any place or in any manner other than such 1312 license or this subtitle authorizes him to cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test;

1313 4. Cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products 1314 when forbidden by this subtitle:

1315 5. Keep or allow to be kept, other than in his residence and for his personal use, any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products other than that which he is authorized to cultivate, manufacture, 1316 1317 transport, sell, or test by such license or by this subtitle;

1318 6. Keep any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product other than in the container in which it was 1319 purchased by him: 1320

7. Use or consume marijuana or marijuana products on the licensed premises; or

1321 8. Allow a person younger than 21 years of age to be employed by or volunteer for such licensee at 1322 a retail marijuana store. 1323

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1324 § 4.1-1202. Sale of or purchase for resale retail marijuana or retail marijuana products from a 1325 person without a license; penalty.

1326 A. No retail marijuana store licensee shall purchase for resale or sell any retail marijuana, retail 1327 marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds purchased from anyone other than 1328 a marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, or marijuana wholesaler licensee. 1329

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1330 § 4.1-1206. Failure of licensee to pay tax or to deliver, keep, and preserve records and accounts or 1331 to allow examination and inspection; penalty.

1332 A. No licensee shall fail or refuse to (i) pay any tax provided for in § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004; (ii) 1333 deliver, keep, and preserve such records, invoices, and accounts as are required by Board regulation; or 1334 (iii) allow such records, invoices, and accounts or his place of business to be examined and inspected in 1335 accordance with Board regulations. Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a 1336 Class 1 misdemeanor.

1337 B. After reasonable notice to a licensee that failed to make a return or pay taxes due, the Authority 1338 may suspend or revoke any license of such licensee that was issued by the Authority. 1339

§ 4.1-1207. Nonpayment of marijuana tax; penalties.

1340 A. No person shall make a sale taxable under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 without paying all applicable 1341 taxes due under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004. No retail marijuana store licensee shall purchase, receive, 1342 transport, store, or sell any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products on which such retailer has 1343 reason to know such tax has not been paid and may not be paid. Any person convicted of a violation of 1344 this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1345 B. Any person that fails to file a return required for a tax due under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 is 1346 subject to a civil penalty to be added to the tax in the amount of five percent of the proper tax due if 1347 the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional five percent for each additional 30 days, or 1348 fraction thereof, during which the failure continues. Such civil penalty shall not exceed 25 percent in the 1349 aggregate.

1350 C. In the case of a false or fraudulent return, where willful intent exists to defraud the 1351 Commonwealth of any tax due on retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, a civil penalty of 50

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percent of the amount of the proper tax due shall be assessed. Such penalty shall be in addition to any penalty imposed under subsection B. It shall be prima facie evidence of willful intent to defraud the Commonwealth when any person reports its taxable sales to the Authority at 50 percent or less of the actual amount.

1356 D. If any check tendered for any amount due under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 or this section is not 1357 paid by the bank on which it is drawn, and the person that tendered the check fails to pay the Authority 1358 the amount due within five days after the Authority gives it notice that such check was returned unpaid, 1359 the person that tendered the check is guilty of a violation of § 18.2-182.1.

1360 *E.* All penalties shall be payable to the Authority and if not so paid shall be collectible in the same **1361** manner as if they were a part of the tax imposed.

1362 § 4.1-1307. Punishment for violations of subtitle or regulations; bond.

A. Any person convicted of a misdemeanor under the provisions of this subtitle without specification
as to the class of offense or penalty, or convicted of violating any other provision thereof, or convicted
of violating any Board regulation is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1366 B. In addition to the penalties imposed by this subtitle for violations, any court before whom any 1367 person is convicted of a violation of any provision of this subtitle may require such defendant to execute 1368 bond based upon his ability to pay, with approved security, in the penalty of not more than \$1,000, with 1369 the condition that the defendant will not violate any of the provisions of this subtitle for the term of one 1370 year. If any such bond is required and is not given, the defendant shall be committed to jail until it is 1371 given, or until he is discharged by the court, provided that he shall not be confined for a period longer 1372 than six months. If any such bond required by a court is not given during the term of the court by 1373 which conviction is had, it may be given before any judge or before the clerk of such court.

1374 C. The provisions of this subtitle shall not prevent the Board from suspending, revoking, or refusing 1375 to continue the license of any person convicted of a violation of any provision of this subtitle.

1376 D. No court shall hear such a case unless the respective attorney for the Commonwealth or his 1377 assistant has been notified that such a case is pending.

1378 § 4.1-1400. Testing; registered products.

A. The Board shall require licensees, prior to selling or offering for sale any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product, and persons, prior to selling or offering for sale any regulated hemp product, and persons, prior to selling or offering for sale any regulated hemp product, and persons, prior to selling or offering for sale any regulated hemp product, and regulated hemp products, such testing shall be conducted after any manufacturing of the product is complete.

B. A valid sample size for testing shall be determined by the testing laboratory and may vary due to
sample matrix, analytical method, and laboratory-specific procedures. In the case of retail marijuana
products and regulated hemp products, no sample shall constitute less than 0.5 percent of the individual
units to be dispensed from each homogenized batch. In the case of retail marijuana, the Board may
limit testing to the following: cannabidiol, tetrahydrocannabinol, terpenes, pesticide chemical residue,
heavy metals, mycotoxins, moisture, and microbiological contaminants.

C. Testing thresholds shall be consistent with generally accepted cannabis industry thresholds.
Licensees may remediate retail marijuana or retail marijuana products that fail any quality testing standard except pesticides. Following remediation, all remediated retail marijuana or retail marijuana products shall be subject to laboratory testing and approved upon satisfaction of applicable testing standards, which shall be no more stringent than the initial testing conducted prior to remediation. If a batch of retail marijuana fails a retest after remediation, it may be processed into a retail marijuana 1396

1397 D. The Board may require stability testing of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and 1398 regulated hemp products. However, stability testing shall not be required for any retail marijuana or 1399 retail marijuana products that have an expiration date of no more than six months from the date of 1400 registration approval. Stability testing of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products with an 1401 expiration date that is longer than six months shall be limited to microbial testing on a pass/fail basis 1402 and potency testing with a 10 percent deviation allowance. The concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol in 1403 any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product offered for sale may be up to 10 percent greater or 1404 less than the level of tetrahydrocannabinol identified during testing and included on the label. Licensees 1405 shall ensure that such tetrahydrocannabinol concentration is within such range. Licensees shall establish 1406 a stability testing schedule for retail marijuana and retail marijuana products in accordance with Board 1407 regulations.

E. Any laboratory that tests samples shall (i) be registered with and approved by the Board; (ii) be located in the Commonwealth; (iii) have no ownership interest in a licensed marijuana establishment or a handler, grower, manufacturer, or processor of industrial hemp, industrial hemp extract, or food containing an industrial hemp extract; (iv) hold a controlled substances registration certificate pursuant to § 54.1-3423; and (v) comply with quality and other standards established by Board regulation.

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1413 F. The Board shall register all products that meet testing, labeling, and packaging standards.

1414 § 4.1-1401. Other health and safety requirements for edible marijuana products, edible hemp 1415 products, and other retail marijuana products deemed applicable by the Authority; regulations.

1416 A. In addition to all other applicable provisions of this subtitle, edible marijuana products and other 1417 retail marijuana products deemed applicable by the Authority to be sold or offered for sale by a 1418 licensee to a consumer and edible hemp products deemed applicable by the Authority to be sold or 1419 offered for sale by a person in accordance with this subtitle: 1420

1. Shall be manufactured by an approved source, as determined by § 3.2-5145.8;

2. Shall comply with the provisions of Chapter 51 (§ 3.2-5100 et seq.) of Title 3.2;

1422 3. Shall be manufactured in a manner that results in the cannabinoid content within the product 1423 being homogeneous throughout the product or throughout each element of the product that has a 1424 cannabinoid content:

1425 4. Shall be manufactured in a manner that results in the amount of marijuana concentrate or 1426 industrial hemp extract, as appropriate, within the product being homogeneous throughout the product 1427 or throughout each element of the product that contains marijuana concentrate or industrial hemp 1428 extract, as appropriate; 1429

5. Shall have a universal symbol stamped or embossed on the packaging of each product;

1430 6. Shall not contain more than 10 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol per serving of the product and 1431 shall not contain more than 100 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol per package of the product, except 1432 for edible hemp products, which shall not exceed the maximum tetrahydrocannabinol level established for a regulated hemp product pursuant to § 4.1-606; 1433

1434 7. Shall not contain additives that (i) are toxic or harmful to human beings, (ii) are specifically 1435 designed to make the product more addictive, (iii) contain alcohol or nicotine, (iv) are misleading to 1436 consumers, or (v) are specifically designed to make the product appeal particularly to persons younger 1437 than 21 years of age; and

1438 8. Shall not involve the addition of marijuana to a trademarked food or drink product, except when 1439 the trademarked product is used as a component of or ingredient in the edible marijuana product and 1440 the edible marijuana product is not advertised or described for sale as containing the trademarked 1441 product.

1442 B. The Board shall adopt any additional labeling, packaging, or other health and safety regulations 1443 that it deems necessary for retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale 1444 by a licensee to a consumer in accordance with this subtitle or regulated hemp products to be sold or 1445 offered for sale by a person in accordance with this subtitle. Regulations adopted pursuant to this 1446 subsection shall establish mandatory health and safety standards applicable to the cultivation of retail 1447 marijuana, the manufacture of retail marijuana products, the processing of regulated hemp products, the packaging and labeling of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products sold by a licensee to a 1448 1449 consumer, and the packaging and labeling of regulated hemp products sold by a person to any other 1450 person. Such regulations shall address:

1451 1. Requirements for the storage, warehousing, and transportation of retail marijuana and retail 1452 marijuana products by licensees;

1453 2. Sanitary standards for marijuana and hemp establishments, including sanitary standards for the 1454 manufacture of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp products; and

1455 3. Limitations on the display of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp 1456 products at retail stores. 1457

§ 4.1-1402. Annual regulated hemp product retail facility registration required; fee.

1458 A. The Board shall issue regulated hemp product retail facility registrations, which shall authorize the registration holder to offer for sale or sell a regulated hemp product. No person that does not hold 1459 a regulated hemp product retail facility registration shall offer for sale or sell in the Commonwealth (i) 1460 1461 a regulated hemp product or (ii) any substance that is intended to be consumed orally or by inhalation 1462 that is advertised or labeled as containing an industrial hemp-derived cannabinoid.

1463 B. A nonrefundable annual registration fee of \$1,000 shall be required with each application for a 1464 regulated hemp product retail facility registration.

1465 C. Each registration issued pursuant to this section shall be valid for a period of one year from the 1466 date of issuance and may be renewed in successive years. Each annual renewal shall require the 1467 payment of the nonrefundable annual registration fee prescribed in subsection B.

1468 D. An annual regulated hemp product retail facility registration shall be required for each location 1469 that offers for sale or sells a regulated hemp product.

1470 E. Any person seeking to offer for sale or sell a regulated hemp product in the Commonwealth shall apply to the Board for a regulated hemp product retail facility registration on a form provided by the 1471 1472 Board. At a minimum, the application shall include:

1473 1. The name and mailing address of the applicant;

1474 2. The physical address of the facility from which the applicant intends to offer for sale or sell a

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1475 regulated hemp product. A registration shall authorize the offering for sale or sale of a regulated hemp 1476 product only at the location specified in the registration;

1477 3. Written consent allowing the Board or its designee to enter the location from which the regulated 1478 hemp product is offered for sale or sold to ensure compliance with the requirements of this article;

1479 4. If the applicant intends to offer for sale or sell an edible hemp product, a copy of the permit issued by the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to § 3.2-5100; 1480

- 1481 5. Any other information required by the Board; and
- 1482 6. The payment of a nonrefundable application fee.

1483 F. This section shall not apply to a person authorized to offer for sale or sell products (i) that are 1484 approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control 1485 Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) dispensed pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of Chapter 34 1486 of Title 54.1.

§ 4.1-1403. Regulated hemp products; packaging, labeling, and testing.

A. No person shall offer for sale or sell a regulated hemp product unless the product is:

1489 1. Contained in child-resistant packaging;

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2. Equipped with a label that states, in English and in a font no less than 1/16 of an inch, (i) all 1490 1491 ingredients contained in the substance; (ii) the amount of such substance that constitutes a single 1492 serving; (iii) the total percentage and milligrams of all tetrahydrocannabinols included in the substance 1493 and the total number of milligrams of all tetrahydrocannabinols that are contained in each serving; and 1494 (iv) if the substance contains tetrahydrocannabinol, that the product may not be sold to persons younger 1495 than 21 years of age; and

1496 3. Accompanied by a certificate of analysis, produced by an independent laboratory that is 1497 accredited pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International Organization for Standardization by 1498 a third-party accrediting body, that states the total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the substance 1499 or the total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the batch from which the substance originates. The certificate of accreditation pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 issued by the third-party accrediting 1500 1501 body to the independent laboratory shall be available for review at the location at which the regulated 1502 hemp product is offered for sale or sold.

1503 This subsection shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and 1504 Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to 1505 prohibit any conduct permitted under Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of Chapter 34 of Title 54.1.

1506 B. No person shall offer for sale or sell a regulated hemp product that depicts or is in the shape of 1507 a human, animal, vehicle, or fruit.

1508 C. No person shall offer for sale or sell a regulated hemp product that, without authorization, bears, 1509 is packaged in a container or wrapper that bears, or is otherwise labeled to bear the trademark, trade 1510 name, famous mark as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1125, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any 1511 likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor of a product intended for human consumption other than the manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor that did in fact so 1512 1513 manufacture, process, pack, or distribute such substance.

§ 4.1-1404. Topical hemp products; bittering agent; civil penalty.

1515 A. All topical hemp products offered for sale or sold shall contain a bittering agent so as to render 1516 the product unpalatable.

1517 B. A person who offers for sale or sells a topical hemp product that does not contain a bittering 1518 agent is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$500 for each day a violation occurs. Such penalty shall 1519 be collected by the Authority and the proceeds shall be payable to the State Treasurer for remittance to 1520 the Board.

1521 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, a person may offer for sale or sell a topical hemp 1522 product that does not contain a bittering agent if the product was manufactured prior to July 1, 2023, 1523 and the person provides documentation of the date of manufacture to the Board if requested.

1524 D. This section shall not apply to a person authorized to offer for sale or sell products that are (i) 1525 approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control 1526 Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) dispensed pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of Chapter 34 1527 of Title 54.1. 1528

§ 4.1-1405. Board to have access to retail facilities.

1529 A. For the purpose of identifying violations of this article, the Board or its designee shall have 1530 access during business hours to all registered regulated hemp product retail facilities and any business 1531 that offers for sale or sells a substance intended to be consumed orally or by inhalation that is 1532 advertised or labeled as containing an industrial hemp-derived cannabinoid for the purpose of:

1533 1. Conducting an inspection; or

1534 2. Securing a sample of any regulated hemp product or substance intended to be consumed orally or 1535 by inhalation that is advertised or labeled as containing a cannabinoid. The Board or its designee shall

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1536 conduct or cause to be conducted examinations or laboratory analysis of such samples.

1537 B. This section shall not apply to a person authorized to offer for sale or sell products that are (i) 1538 approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control 1539 Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) dispensed pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of Chapter 34 1540 of Title 54.1.

§ 4.1-1406. Civil penalties.

1542 A. The Board may, in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), deny the 1543 application for a regulated hemp product retail facility registration or suspend or revoke the regulated 1544 hemp product retail facility registration of any person who violates the provisions of this article.

1545 B. Any person who (i) offers for sale or sells a regulated hemp product without first obtaining a 1546 registration to do so from the Board in accordance; (ii) continues to offer for sale or sell a regulated 1547 hemp product after revocation or suspension of such registration; (iii) offers for sale or sells a 1548 regulated hemp product that has a total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration greater than the amount 1549 allowed under Board regulation; (iv) offers for sale or sells a regulated hemp product in violation of 1550 § 4.1-1403; or (v) offers for sale or sells a substance intended to be consumed orally or by inhalation 1551 that is advertised or labeled as containing an industrial hemp-derived cannabinoid without a regulated 1552 hemp product retail facility registration, in addition to any other penalties provided, is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 for each day a violation occurs. 1553

1554 C. For any other violation of a requirement of this chapter or of any regulation promulgated 1555 pursuant thereto pertaining to a regulated hemp product, the Authority may assess a penalty not to exceed (i) \$100 for a first violation, (ii) \$200 for a second violation, and (iii) \$500 for a third or 1556 1557 subsequent violation.

1558 D. Penalties under this section shall be collected by the Authority and the proceeds shall be payable 1559 to the State Treasurer for remittance to the Board. 1560

§ 4.1-1407. Hemp product not retail marijuana or retail marijuana product.

1561 A regulated hemp product that is tested, labeled, packaged, and advertised in accordance with the 1562 provisions pertaining to a regulated hemp product in this subtitle or Board regulations shall not be 1563 subject to the requirements in this subtitle or Board regulations that pertain only to retail marijuana or 1564 retail marijuana products.

CHAPTER 15.

VIRGINIA CANNABIS EOUITY BUSINESS LOAN PROGRAM AND FUND.

§ 4.1-1500. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1569 "CDFI" means a community development financial institution that provides credit and financial 1570 services for underserved communities.

"Fund" means the Virginia Cannabis Equity Business Loan Fund established in § 4.1-1501.

"Funding" means loans made from the Fund. 1572

"Program" means the Virginia Cannabis Equity Business Loan Program established in § 4.1-1502.

1574 "Social equity qualified Qualified cannabis licensee" means a person or business who that meets the 1575 criteria in subdivision B 13 of § 4.1-606 to qualify as a social equity applicant and who either holds or 1576 is in the final stages of acquiring, as determined by the Board, a license to operate a marijuana 1577 establishment. 1578

§ 4.1-1501. Virginia Cannabis Business Loan Fund.

1579 There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Virginia 1580 Cannabis Equity Business Loan Fund, referred to in this section as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller. All funds appropriated for such purpose and any gifts, 1581 1582 donations, grants, bequests, and other funds received on its behalf shall be paid into the state treasury 1583 and credited to the Fund. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be 1584 credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal 1585 year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used 1586 solely for the purposes of providing low-interest and zero-interest loans to social equity qualified 1587 cannabis licensees in order to foster business ownership and economic growth within historically 1588 economically disadvantaged communities that have been the most disproportionately impacted by the 1589 former prohibition of cannabis. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the 1590 State Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Chief 1591 Executive Officer of the Authority.

§ 4.1-1502. Selection of CDFI; Program requirements; guidelines for management of the Fund.

1593 A. The Authority shall establish a the Virginia Cannabis Business Loan Program to provide loans to 1594 qualified social equity cannabis licensees for the purpose of promoting business ownership and economic 1595 growth by in historically economically disadvantaged communities that have been disproportionately 1596 impacted by the prohibition of cannabis. The Authority shall select and work in collaboration with a 1597 CDFI to assist in administering the Program and carrying out the purposes of the Fund. The CDFI

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1598 selected by the Authority shall have (i) a statewide presence in Virginia, (ii) experience in business 1599 lending, (iii) a proven track record of working with *historically economically* disadvantaged 1600 communities, and (iv) the capability to dedicate sufficient staff to manage the Program. Working with 1601 the selected CDFI, the Authority shall establish monitoring and accountability mechanisms for businesses 1602 receiving funding and shall report annually the number of businesses funded;, the geographic distribution 1603 of the businesses;, the costs of the Program;, and the outcomes, including the number and types of jobs 1604 created.

1605 B. The Program shall:

1606 1. Identify social equity qualified cannabis licensees who are in need of capital for the start-up of a cannabis business properly licensed pursuant to the provisions of this subtitle;

1608 2. Provide loans for the purposes described in subsection A;

1609 3. Provide technical assistance; and

1610 4. Bring together community partners to sustain the Program.

1611 § 6.2-108. Financial services for licensed marijuana establishments.

1612 A. As used in this section, "licensed" and "marijuana establishment" have the same meaning as provided in § 4.1-600.

1614 B. A bank or credit union that provides a financial service to a licensed marijuana establishment,
1615 and the officers, directors, and employees of that bank or credit union, shall not be held liable pursuant
1616 to any state law or regulation solely for providing such a financial service or for further investing any
1617 income derived from such a financial service.

1618 *C.* Nothing in this section shall require a bank or credit union to provide financial services to a **1619** licensed marijuana establishment.

1620 § 18.2-247. Use of terms "controlled substances," "marijuana," "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V, and 1621 VI," "imitation controlled substance" and "counterfeit controlled substance" in Title 18.2.

A. Wherever the terms "controlled substances" and "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V, and VI" are used in Title 18.2, such terms refer to those terms as they are used or defined in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.).

1625 B. The term "imitation controlled substance" when used in this article means (i) a counterfeit 1626 controlled substance or (ii) a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any form whatsoever which is not a 1627 controlled substance subject to abuse, and:

1628 1. Which by overall dosage unit appearance, including color, shape, size, marking and packaging or by representations made, would cause the likelihood that such a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any other form whatsoever will be mistaken for a controlled substance unless such substance was introduced into commerce prior to the initial introduction into commerce of the controlled substance which it is alleged to imitate; or

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2. Which by express or implied representations purports to act like a controlled substance as a stimulant or depressant of the central nervous system and which is not commonly used or recognized for use in that particular formulation for any purpose other than for such stimulant or depressant effect, unless marketed, promoted, or sold as permitted by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

1637 C. In determining whether a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any other form whatsoever, is an 1638 "imitation controlled substance," there shall be considered, in addition to all other relevant factors, 1639 comparisons with accepted methods of marketing for legitimate nonprescription drugs for medicinal 1640 purposes rather than for drug abuse or any similar nonmedicinal use, including consideration of the 1641 packaging of the drug and its appearance in overall finished dosage form, promotional materials or 1642 representations, oral or written, concerning the drug, and the methods of distribution of the drug and 1643 where and how it is sold to the public.

1644 D. The term "marijuana" when used in this article means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis, 1645 whether growing or not, its seeds or resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, 1646 or preparation of such plant, its seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. 1647 "Marijuana" does not include (i) the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, oil or 1648 cake made from the seed of such plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil or cake is combined with other 1649 parts of plants of the genus Cannabis- Marijuana does not include (i); (ii) industrial hemp, as defined in 1650 \S 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of \S 3.2-4115 or his agent; 1651 (iii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person who holds a hemp 1652 producer license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990; or (iii) (iv) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, other than a regulated hemp product, containing a total 1653 1654 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, 1655 as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt handled, or processed in compliance with state or federal 1656 law; (v) a regulated hemp product that does not exceed the maximum tetrahydrocannabinol 1657 concentration established pursuant to § 4.1-606 and that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, handled, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; or (vi) any 1658

1659 substance containing a tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such isomer where such 1660 tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such isomer have been placed by the Board of Pharmacy into 1661 one of the schedules set forth in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) pursuant to § 54.1-3443.

1662 E. The term "counterfeit controlled substance" means a controlled substance that, without 1663 authorization, bears, is packaged in a container or wrapper that bears, or is otherwise labeled to bear, the 1664 trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint or device or any likeness thereof, of a drug 1665 manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor other than the manufacturer, processor, packer, or 1666 distributor who did in fact so manufacture, process, pack or distribute such drug.

1667 The terms "tetrahydrocannabinol" and "total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration" mean the same as 1668 those terms are defined in § 4.1-600.

F. The Department of Forensic Science shall determine the proper methods for detecting the 1669 concentration of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in substances for the purposes 1670 1671 of this title, Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, and §§ § 54.1-3401 and 54.1-3446. The testing methodology shall use post-decarboxylation testing or other equivalent method and shall consider the 1672 1673 potential conversion of delta 9 tetrahydrocannibinol tetrahydrocannabinolic acid (THC-A) into THC. The 1674 test result shall include the total available THC derived from the sum of the THC and THC-A content.

1675 § 18.2-251.1:3. Possession or distribution of cannabis oil, or industrial hemp; laboratories; Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Department of Law employees. 1676

1677 A. No person employed by an analytical laboratory to retrieve, deliver, or possess cannabis oil or 1678 industrial hemp samples from a permitted pharmaceutical processor, a registered industrial hemp grower, 1679 a federally licensed hemp producer, or a registered industrial hemp processor for the purpose of performing required testing shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or 1680 § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, or 18.2-255 for the possession or distribution of cannabis oil or 1681 industrial hemp or for storing cannabis oil or industrial hemp for testing purposes in accordance with 1682 1683 regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy and the Board of Agriculture and Consumer 1684 Services.

1685 B. No employee of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services or of the Department of 1686 Law shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 for the possession or distribution of industrial hemp or any substance containing tetrahydrocannabinol when 1687 1688 possession of industrial hemp or any substance containing tetrahydrocannabinol is necessary in the 1689 performance of his duties. 1690

§ 19.2-303.03. Modification of sentence for marijuana-related convictions.

1691 A. Notwithstanding other provisions of law or rule of court, if a person who (i) was convicted of a felony offense in violation of § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-256, 18.2-257, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.3, or 18.2-474.1 as it relates to 1692 1693 marijuana committed prior to July 1, 2022; (ii) was sentenced to jail or to the Department of Corrections or placed on community supervision as defined in § 53.1-1 for such conviction; and (iii) 1694 1695 1696 remains incarcerated in a state or local correctional facility or secure facility, as defined in § 16.1-228, 1697 serving the sentence for such conviction or a combination of such convictions or remains on community 1698 supervision as defined in § 53.1-1 for such conviction or a combination of such convictions on July 1, 1699 2023, the circuit court that entered the original judgment or order shall schedule a hearing by January 1700 1, 2024, to consider modification of such person's sentence. The Commonwealth shall be made party to 1701 the proceeding and receive notice of such hearing.

1702 B. Notwithstanding other provisions of law or rule of court, if a person who (i) was convicted of a felony offense in violation of § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-256, 18.2-257, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.3, or 18.2-474.1 as it relates to 1703 1704 marijuana committed prior to July 1, 2022, and on the date of such conviction was also convicted of 1705 any other offense; (ii) was sentenced to jail or to the Department of Corrections or placed on community supervision as defined in § 53.1-1 for such convictions; and (iii) remains incarcerated in a 1706 1707 1708 state or local correctional facility or secure facility, as defined in § 16.1-228, serving the sentence for 1709 such conviction or a combination of such convictions or remains on community supervision as defined 1710 in § 53.1-1 for such conviction or a combination of such convictions on July 1, 2023, the circuit court 1711 that entered the original judgment or order shall schedule a hearing by April 1, 2024, to consider 1712 modification of such person's sentence. The Commonwealth shall be made party to the proceeding and 1713 receive notice of such hearing.

1714 C. Notwithstanding other provisions of law or rule of court, a person who (i) was convicted of any felony offense committed prior to July 1, 2022; (ii) was sentenced to jail or to the Department of 1715 1716 Corrections or placed on community supervision as defined in § 53.1-1 for such conviction; (iii) may have had such sentence enhanced because of a previous felony conviction under § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-256, 18.2-257, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 1717 1718 1719 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.3, or 18.2-474.1 as it relates to marijuana or without the involvement of marijuana 1720 such felony offense conviction or felony sentence enhancement would not have been possible, as the

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involvement of marijuana was necessary to satisfy the elements of the charged offense or the sentence
enhancement; and (iv) remains incarcerated in a state or local correctional facility or secure facility, as
defined in § 16.1-228, serving the sentence for such conviction or remains on community supervision, as
defined in § 53.1-1, for such conviction on July 1, 2023, may petition the circuit court that entered the
original judgment or order for modification of such person's sentence. A petition seeking modification of
a sentence pursuant to this subsection shall be filed by July 1, 2025.

1727 D. A petition for modification of sentence filed pursuant to subsection C shall be filed on a form 1728 provided by the Supreme Court of Virginia by the petitioner or by counsel for the petitioner. Such 1729 petition shall allege with specificity all of the following: (i) the petitioner's full name and date of birth; 1730 (ii) the felony offense for which the petitioner was convicted; (iii) the date on which such felony offense 1731 was alleged to have been committed; (iv) the date on which the petitioner was sentenced for such felony 1732 offense; (v) whether the petitioner remains incarcerated in a state or local correctional facility or secure 1733 facility serving the sentence for such felony offense and, if so, which facility; (vi) whether the petitioner has previously filed any other petition in accordance with subsection C; and (vii) the reason the 1734 petitioner is requesting a sentence modification and any information in support thereof, including 1735 1736 information related to his sentence being enhanced because of a prior felony marijuana offense. If the 1737 petitioner fails to submit a completed form, the circuit court may allow the petitioner to amend the 1738 petition to correct any deficiency. The petitioner shall provide a copy of the petition by delivery or by 1739 first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the attorney for the Commonwealth of the city or county in which 1740 the petition is filed. The attorney for the Commonwealth may file an objection or answer to the petition 1741 within 30 days after it is received from the petitioner. Upon the motion of the attorney for the 1742 Commonwealth and for good cause shown, the court may allow the attorney for the Commonwealth up 1743 to an additional 30 days to respond to the petition. If the attorney for the Commonwealth does not file 1744 an objection or answer or make a request for additional time to respond to the petition within 30 days 1745 after it is received, the court shall conduct a hearing on any petition filed pursuant to subsection C 1746 within 60 days after the petition was filed. If the Commonwealth files an objection or answer or makes 1747 a request for additional time to respond to the petition, the court shall conduct a hearing on any 1748 petition filed pursuant to subsection \hat{C} after reasonable notice to both the petitioner and the attorney for 1749 the Commonwealth, but no later than 90 days after the petition was filed. The attorney for the 1750 Commonwealth shall make reasonable efforts to notify any victim, as defined in § 19.2-11.01, of such 1751 hearing.

E. Any person eligible for modification of his sentence under subsection A, B, or C may file a
petition for the assistance of counsel and a statement of indigency with the court on a form provided by
the Supreme Court of Virginia; however, if such person was found to be indigent at his original
sentencing, he shall be entitled to assistance of counsel for the hearing on modification of his sentence
without the filing of such petition. No fee shall be charged for filing a petition under this subsection.

F. Upon a hearing for modification of a sentence pursuant to subsection A or B, the court shall consider that marijuana has been legalized, and shall reduce, including a reduction to time served, vacate, or otherwise modify the person's sentence, including removing such person from community supervision, unless the Commonwealth demonstrates it would not be compatible with the public interest to do so. Any modification of sentence shall not exceed the original term imposed by the court.

1762 G. Upon a hearing for modification of a sentence pursuant to subsection D, the court shall consider
1763 that marijuana has been legalized, and may reduce, including a reduction to time served, vacate, or
1764 otherwise modify the person's sentence, including removing such person from community supervision,
1765 unless the Commonwealth demonstrates it would not be compatible with the public interest to do so.
1766 Any modification of sentence shall not exceed the original term imposed by the court.

H. The circuit court shall make a decision as to whether to modify a sentence within 30 days
following the sentence modification hearing. If modification of a sentence is denied, the court shall file
with the record of the case a written explanation for the denial and shall provide a copy of such written
explanation to the person whose sentence was considered for modification, his attorney if he is
represented, and to the attorney for the Commonwealth.

1772 I. Following the entry of an order to modify a sentence pursuant to this section, the clerk of the 1773 circuit court shall cause a copy of such order to be forwarded to the Virginia Criminal Sentencing 1774 Commission, the Department of State Police, and the state or local correctional facility or secure facility 1775 where the petitioner is incarcerated within five days.

1776 J. The decision of a circuit court to modify a sentence pursuant to this section shall not form the 1777 basis for any relief in any habeas corpus or appellate proceeding, unless such decision was contrary to 1778 law.

1779 § 54.1-3401. Definitions.

- 1780 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:
- 1781 "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation,

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1782 ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by (i) a practitioner or by his 1783 authorized agent and under his direction or (ii) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the 1784 presence of the practitioner.

1785 "Advertisement" means all representations disseminated in any manner or by any means, other than 1786 by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or which are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the 1787 purchase of drugs or devices.

1788 "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, 1789 distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or 1790 employee of the carrier or warehouseman.

1791 "Anabolic steroid" means any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and pharmacologically related 1792 to testosterone, other than estrogens, progestins, corticosteroids, and dehydroepiandrosterone. 1793

'Animal" means any nonhuman animate being endowed with the power of voluntary action.

1794 "Automated drug dispensing system" means a mechanical or electronic system that performs 1795 operations or activities, other than compounding or administration, relating to pharmacy services, 1796 including the storage, dispensing, or distribution of drugs and the collection, control, and maintenance of 1797 all transaction information, to provide security and accountability for such drugs.

1798 "Biological product" means a virus, therapeutic serum, toxin, antitoxin, vaccine, blood, blood 1799 component or derivative, allergenic product, protein other than a chemically synthesized polypeptide, or 1800 analogous product, or arsphenamine or any derivative of arsphenamine or any other trivalent organic 1801 arsenic compound, applicable to the prevention, treatment, or cure of a disease or condition of human 1802 beings.

1803 "Biosimilar" means a biological product that is highly similar to a specific reference biological 1804 product, notwithstanding minor differences in clinically inactive compounds, such that there are no 1805 clinically meaningful differences between the reference biological product and the biological product that 1806 has been licensed as a biosimilar pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k) in terms of safety, purity, and potency 1807 of the product. 1808

"Board" means the Board of Pharmacy.

1809 "Bulk drug substance" means any substance that is represented for use, and that, when used in the 1810 compounding, manufacturing, processing, or packaging of a drug, becomes an active ingredient or a finished dosage form of the drug; however, "bulk drug substance" shall not include intermediates that 1811 1812 are used in the synthesis of such substances.

1813 "Change of ownership" of an existing entity permitted, registered, or licensed by the Board means (i) the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the entity or of any corporation that owns 1814 1815 or controls the entity; (ii) the creation of a partnership by a sole proprietor, the dissolution of a 1816 partnership, or change in partnership composition; (iii) the acquisition or disposal of 50 percent or more 1817 of the outstanding shares of voting stock of a corporation owning the entity or of the parent corporation 1818 of a wholly owned subsidiary owning the entity, except that this shall not apply to any corporation the 1819 voting stock of which is actively traded on any securities exchange or in any over-the-counter market; 1820 (iv) the merger of a corporation owning the entity or of the parent corporation of a wholly-owned 1821 subsidiary owning the entity with another business or corporation; or (v) the expiration or forfeiture of a 1822 corporation's charter.

1823 "Co-licensed partner" means a person who, with at least one other person, has the right to engage in 1824 the manufacturing or marketing of a prescription drug, consistent with state and federal law.

1825 "Compounding" means the combining of two or more ingredients to fabricate such ingredients into a 1826 single preparation and includes the mixing, assembling, packaging, or labeling of a drug or device (i) by 1827 a pharmacist, or within a permitted pharmacy, pursuant to a valid prescription issued for a medicinal or 1828 therapeutic purpose in the context of a bona fide practitioner-patient-pharmacist relationship, or in expectation of receiving a valid prescription based on observed historical patterns of prescribing and 1829 1830 dispensing; (ii) by a practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine as an incident to his administering or dispensing, if authorized to dispense, a controlled substance in the 1831 1832 course of his professional practice; or (iii) for the purpose of, or as incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale or for dispensing. The mixing, diluting, or reconstituting of a 1833 1834 manufacturer's product drugs for the purpose of administration to a patient, when performed by a practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed under Chapter 29 (§ 54.1-2900 et seq.), a person 1835 1836 supervised by such practitioner pursuant to subdivision A 6 or 19 of § 54.1-2901, or a person supervised 1837 by such practitioner or a licensed nurse practitioner or physician assistant pursuant to subdivision A 4 of 1838 § 54.1-2901 shall not be considered compounding.

"Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in Schedules I through VI of 1839 1840 this chapter. The term shall not include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco as those terms are defined or used in Title 3.2 or Title 4.1. The term "controlled substance" includes a controlled 1841 1842 substance analog that has been placed into Schedule I or II by the Board pursuant to the regulatory 1843 authority in subsection D of § 54.1-3443.

1844 "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially 1845 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and either (i) which has a 1846 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar 1847 to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a 1848 controlled substance in Schedule I or II or (ii) with respect to a particular person, which such person 1849 represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 1850 system that is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect 1851 on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II. "Controlled substance 1852 analog" does not include (a) any substance for which there is an approved new drug application as 1853 defined under § 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 355) or that is generally 1854 recognized as safe and effective pursuant to §§ 501, 502, and 503 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 351, 352, and 353) and 21 C.F.R. Part 330; (b) with respect to a particular 1855 1856 person, any substance for which an exemption is in effect for investigational use for that person under 1857 § 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to the extent that the conduct with respect to that 1858 substance is pursuant to such exemption; or (c) any substance to the extent not intended for human 1859 consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance.

1860 "DEA" means the Drug Enforcement Administration, U.S. Department of Justice, or its successor 1861 agency.

1862 "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer of any item regulated by 1863 this chapter, whether or not there exists an agency relationship, including delivery of a Schedule VI 1864 prescription device to an ultimate user or consumer on behalf of a medical equipment supplier by a 1865 manufacturer, nonresident manufacturer, wholesale distributor, nonresident wholesale distributor, 1866 warehouser, nonresident warehouser, third-party logistics provider, or nonresident third-party logistics provider at the direction of a medical equipment supplier in accordance with § 54.1-3415.1. 1867

1868 "Device" means instruments, apparatus, and contrivances, including their components, parts, and 1869 accessories, intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in 1870 man or animals or to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals.

1871 "Dialysis care technician" or "dialysis patient care technician" means an individual who is certified 1872 by an organization approved by the Board of Health Professions pursuant to Chapter 27.01 1873 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.) and who, under the supervision of a licensed physician, nurse practitioner, 1874 physician assistant, or a registered nurse, assists in the care of patients undergoing renal dialysis 1875 treatments in a Medicare-certified renal dialysis facility.

1876 "Dialysis solution" means either the commercially available, unopened, sterile solutions whose 1877 purpose is to be instilled into the peritoneal cavity during the medical procedure known as peritoneal 1878 dialysis, or commercially available solutions whose purpose is to be used in the performance of 1879 hemodialysis not to include any solutions administered to the patient intravenously.

1880 "Dispense" means to deliver a drug to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the 1881 lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing and administering, packaging, labeling, or 1882 compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery. However, dispensing shall not include the transportation of drugs mixed, diluted, or reconstituted in accordance with this chapter to other sites 1883 1884 operated by such practitioner or that practitioner's medical practice for the purpose of administration of 1885 such drugs to patients of the practitioner or that practitioner's medical practice at such other sites. For 1886 practitioners of medicine or osteopathy, "dispense" shall only include the provision of drugs by a 1887 practitioner to patients to take with them away from the practitioner's place of practice.

1888 "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.

1889 "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.

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"Distributor" means a person who distributes. 1891 "Drug" means (i) articles or substances recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia 1892 National Formulary or official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to 1893 any of them; (ii) articles or substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or 1894 prevention of disease in man or animals; (iii) articles or substances, other than food, intended to affect 1895 the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; (iv) articles or substances intended for use 1896 as a component of any article specified in clause (i), (ii), or (iii); or (v) a biological product. "Drug" 1897 does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.

1898 "Drug product" means a specific drug in dosage form from a known source of manufacture, whether 1899 by brand or therapeutically equivalent drug product name.

1900 "Electronic prescription" means a written prescription that is generated on an electronic application 1901 and is transmitted to a pharmacy as an electronic data file; Schedule II through V prescriptions shall be 1902 transmitted in accordance with 21 C.F.R. Part 1300.

1903 "Facsimile (FAX) prescription" means a written prescription or order that is transmitted by an 1904 electronic device over telephone lines that sends the exact image to the receiving pharmacy in hard copy SB1133S2

1905 form.

1906 "FDA" means the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

1907 "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Board of Pharmacy has found to be and by
1908 regulation designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use,
1909 and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a
1910 controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit manufacture.

1911 "Interchangeable" means a biosimilar that meets safety standards for determining interchangeability
 1912 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k)(4).

1913 "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter upon the immediate container of any
1914 article. A requirement made by or under authority of this chapter that any word, statement, or other
1915 information appear on the label shall not be considered to be complied with unless such word,
1916 statement, or other information also appears on the outside container or wrapper, if any, of the retail
1917 package of such article or is easily legible through the outside container or wrapper.

1918 "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter on an article or any of its containers or wrappers, or accompanying such article.

"Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, conversion, or processing of any item
regulated by this chapter, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or
independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical
synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its
container. This term does not include compounding.

1925 "Manufacturer" means every person who manufactures, a manufacturer's co-licensed partner, or a 1926 repackager.

1927 "Marijuana" means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis whether growing or not, its seeds, or 1928 its resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its 1929 seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. Marijuana does not include (i) the 1930 mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, or oil or cake made from the seeds of such 1931 plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil, or cake is combined with other parts of plants of the genus Cannabis-1932 Marijuana does not include (i); (ii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, other than a regulated 1933 hemp product, that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his 1934 agent₇ (iii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person who holds a 1935 hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990, or 1936 (iii); (iv) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, containing a *total* tetrahydrocannabinol concentration 1937 of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is 1938 grown, dealt handled, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; (v) a regulated hemp 1939 product that does not exceed the maximum tetrahydrocannabinol concentration established pursuant to 1940 § 4.1-606 and that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, handled, or 1941 processed in compliance with state or federal law; or (vi) any substance containing a 1942 tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such isomer where such tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of 1943 such isomer have been placed by the Board of Pharmacy into one of the schedules set forth in the Drug 1944 Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) pursuant to § 54.1-3443.

1945 "Medical equipment supplier" means any person, as defined in § 1-230, engaged in the delivery to
1946 the ultimate consumer, pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, of hypodermic syringes and
1947 needles, medicinal oxygen, Schedule VI controlled devices, those Schedule VI controlled substances with
1948 no medicinal properties that are used for the operation and cleaning of medical equipment, solutions for
1949 peritoneal dialysis, and sterile water or saline for irrigation.

1950 "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction 1951 from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a 1952 combination of extraction and chemical synthesis: (i) opium, opiates, and any salt, compound, derivative, 1953 or preparation of opium or opiates; (ii) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof 1954 which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in clause (i), but not 1955 including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium; (iii) opium poppy and poppy straw; (iv) coca leaves and 1956 any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these 1957 1958 substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves which do not contain 1959 cocaine or ecgonine.

1960 "New drug" means (i) any drug, except a new animal drug or an animal feed bearing or containing a 1961 new animal drug, the composition of which is such that such drug is not generally recognized, among 1962 experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate the safety and effectiveness of drugs, as safe and effective for use under the conditions prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the labeling, except that such a drug not so recognized shall not be deemed to be a "new drug" if at any time prior to the enactment of this chapter it was subject to the Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, as amended, and if at such time its labeling contained the same representations concerning the conditions

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of its use, or (ii) any drug, except a new animal drug or an animal feed bearing or containing a new animal drug, the composition of which is such that such drug, as a result of investigations to determine its safety and effectiveness for use under such conditions, has become so recognized, but which has not, otherwise than in such investigations, been used to a material extent or for a material time under such conditions.

1972 "Nuclear medicine technologist" means an individual who holds a current certification with the
1973 American Registry of Radiological Technologists or the Nuclear Medicine Technology Certification
1974 Board.

1975 "Official compendium" means the official United States Pharmacopoeia National Formulary, official1976 Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to any of them.

1977 "Official written order" means an order written on a form provided for that purpose by the U.S. Drug
1978 Enforcement Administration, under any laws of the United States making provision therefor, if such order forms are authorized and required by federal law, and if no such order form is provided then on an official form provided for that purpose by the Board of Pharmacy.

1981 "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to
1982 morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or
1983 addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under
1984 Article 4 (§ 54.1-3437 et seq.), the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts
1985 (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.

1986 "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum L., except the seeds thereof.

1987 "Original package" means the unbroken container or wrapping in which any drug or medicine is
1988 enclosed together with label and labeling, put up by or for the manufacturer, wholesaler, or distributor
1989 for use in the delivery or display of such article.

"Outsourcing facility" means a facility that is engaged in the compounding of sterile drugs and is
currently registered as an outsourcing facility with the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services and
that complies with all applicable requirements of federal and state law, including the Federal Food,
Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

1994 "Person" means both the plural and singular, as the case demands, and includes an individual,1995 partnership, corporation, association, governmental agency, trust, or other institution or entity.

1996 "Pharmacist-in-charge" means the person who, being licensed as a pharmacist, signs the application
1997 for a pharmacy permit and assumes full legal responsibility for the operation of the relevant pharmacy in
1998 a manner complying with the laws and regulations for the practice of pharmacy and the sale and
1999 dispensing of controlled substances; the "pharmacist-in-charge" shall personally supervise the pharmacy
2000 and the pharmacy's personnel as required by § 54.1-3432.

2001 "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.

"Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, licensed nurse practitioner pursuant to § 54.1-2957.01,
licensed physician assistant pursuant to § 54.1-2952.1, pharmacist pursuant to § 54.1-3300, TPA-certified
optometrist pursuant to Article 5 (§ 54.1-3222 et seq.) of Chapter 32, veterinarian, scientific investigator,
or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, prescribe and
administer, or conduct research with respect to a controlled substance in the course of professional
practice or research in the Commonwealth.

2008 "Prescriber" means a practitioner who is authorized pursuant to §§ 54.1-3303 and 54.1-3408 to issue a prescription.

2010 "Prescription" means an order for drugs or medical supplies, written or signed or transmitted by word
 2011 of mouth, telephone, telegraph, or other means of communication to a pharmacist by a duly licensed
 2012 physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other practitioner authorized by law to prescribe and administer such
 2013 drugs or medical supplies.

2014 "Prescription drug" means any drug required by federal law or regulation to be dispensed only
2015 pursuant to a prescription, including finished dosage forms and active ingredients subject to § 503(b) of
2016 the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 353(b)).

2017 "Production" or "produce" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance or marijuana.

2019 "Proprietary medicine" means a completely compounded nonprescription drug in its unbroken, 2020 original package which does not contain any controlled substance or marijuana as defined in this chapter 2021 and is not in itself poisonous, and which is sold, offered, promoted, or advertised directly to the general 2022 public by or under the authority of the manufacturer or primary distributor, under a trademark, trade 2023 name, or other trade symbol privately owned, and the labeling of which conforms to the requirements of 2024 this chapter and applicable federal law. However, this definition shall not include a drug that is only 2025 advertised or promoted professionally to licensed practitioners, a narcotic or drug containing a narcotic, a drug that may be dispensed only upon prescription or the label of which bears substantially the 2026 statement "Warning — may be habit-forming," or a drug intended for injection. 2027

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2028 "Radiopharmaceutical" means any drug that exhibits spontaneous disintegration of unstable nuclei 2029 with the emission of nuclear particles or photons and includes any non-radioactive reagent kit or 2030 radionuclide generator that is intended to be used in the preparation of any such substance, but does not 2031 include drugs such as carbon-containing compounds or potassium-containing salts that include trace 2032 quantities of naturally occurring radionuclides. The term also includes any biological product that is 2033 labeled with a radionuclide or intended solely to be labeled with a radionuclide.

2034 "Reference biological product" means the single biological product licensed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 2035 § 262(a) against which a biological product is evaluated in an application submitted to the U.S. Food 2036 and Drug Administration for licensure of biological products as biosimilar or interchangeable pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k). "Sale" includes barter, exchange, or gift, or offer therefor, and each such transaction made by any 2037

2038 2039 person, whether as an individual, proprietor, agent, servant, or employee. 2040

"Tetrahydrocannabinol" or "THC" means the same as that term is defined in § 4.1-600.

2041 "Therapeutically equivalent drug products" means drug products that contain the same active 2042 ingredients and are identical in strength or concentration, dosage form, and route of administration and 2043 that are classified as being therapeutically equivalent by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration 2044 pursuant to the definition of "therapeutically equivalent drug products" set forth in the most recent edition of the Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations, otherwise known as 2045 2046 the "Orange Book."

2047 "Third-party logistics provider" means a person that provides or coordinates warehousing of or other 2048 logistics services for a drug or device in interstate commerce on behalf of a manufacturer, wholesale 2049 distributor, or dispenser of the drug or device but does not take ownership of the product or have 2050 responsibility for directing the sale or disposition of the product.

'Total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration" means the same as that term is defined in § 4.1-600.

"USP-NF" means the current edition of the United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary.

2053 "Warehouser" means any person, other than a wholesale distributor, manufacturer, or third-party 2054 logistics provider, engaged in the business of (i) selling or otherwise distributing prescription drugs or 2055 devices to any person who is not the ultimate user or consumer and (ii) delivering Schedule VI prescription devices to the ultimate user or consumer pursuant to § 54.1-3415.1. No person shall be 2056 2057 subject to any state or local tax by reason of this definition.

2058 Wholesale distribution" means (i) distribution of prescription drugs to persons other than consumers 2059 or patients and (ii) delivery of Schedule VI prescription devices to the ultimate user or consumer 2060 pursuant to § 54.1-3415.1, subject to the exemptions set forth in the federal Drug Supply Chain Security 2061 Act.

2062 "Wholesale distributor" means any person other than a manufacturer, a manufacturer's co-licensed 2063 partner, a third-party logistics provider, or a repackager that engages in wholesale distribution.

The words "drugs" and "devices" as used in Chapter 33 (§ 54.1-3300 et seq.) and in this chapter 2064 2065 shall not include surgical or dental instruments, physical therapy equipment, X-ray apparatus, or glasses 2066 or lenses for the eyes.

The terms "pharmacist," "pharmacy," and "practice of pharmacy" as used in this chapter shall be 2067 defined as provided in Chapter 33 (§ 54.1-3300 et seq.) unless the context requires a different meaning. 2068 2069

§ 54.1-3408.3. Certification for use of cannabis oil for treatment.

A. As used in this section:

2071 "Botanical cannabis" means cannabis that is composed wholly of usable cannabis from the same parts 2072 of the same chemovar of cannabis plant.

"Cannabis oil" means any formulation of processed Cannabis plant extract, which may include 2073 2074 industrial hemp extracts, including isolates and distillates, acquired by a pharmaceutical processor pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6, or a dilution of the resin of the Cannabis plant that contains no more than 10 2075 2076 milligrams of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol per dose. "Cannabis oil" does not 2077 include industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt handled, or processed in 2078 compliance with state or federal law, unless it has been grown and processed in the Commonwealth by 2079 a registered industrial hemp processor and acquired and formulated by a pharmaceutical processor.

2080 "Cannabis product" means a product that is (i) produced by a pharmaceutical processor, registered 2081 with the Board, and compliant with testing requirements and (ii) composed of cannabis oil or botanical 2082 cannabis.

2083 "Designated caregiver facility" means any hospice or hospice facility licensed pursuant to 2084 § 32.1-162.3, or home care organization as defined in § 32.1-162.7 that provides pharmaceutical services or home health services, private provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 2085 Developmental Services pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2, assisted 2086 living facility licensed pursuant to § 63.2-1701, or adult day care center licensed pursuant to 2087 2088 § 63.2-1701.

2089 "Practitioner" means a practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed by the Board of Medicine, a

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2090 physician assistant licensed by the Board of Medicine, or a nurse practitioner jointly licensed by the2091 Board of Medicine and the Board of Nursing.

2092 "Registered agent" means an individual designated by a patient who has been issued a written
2093 certification, or, if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, designated by
2094 such patient's parent or legal guardian, and registered with the Board pursuant to subsection G.

2095 "Úsable cannabis" means any cannabis plant material, including seeds, but not (i) resin that has been extracted from any part of the cannabis plant, its seeds, or its resin; (ii) the mature stalks, fiber produced from the stalks, or any other compound, manufacture, salt, or derivative, mixture, or preparation of the 2098 mature stalks; or (iii) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant.

2099 B. A practitioner in the course of his professional practice may issue a written certification for the 2100 use of cannabis products for treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of any diagnosed condition or 2101 disease determined by the practitioner to benefit from such use. The practitioner shall use his professional judgment to determine the manner and frequency of patient care and evaluation and may 2102 2103 employ the use of telemedicine, provided that the use of telemedicine includes the delivery of patient 2104 care through real-time interactive audio-visual technology. If a practitioner determines it is consistent 2105 with the standard of care to dispense botanical cannabis to a minor, the written certification shall 2106 specifically authorize such dispensing. If not specifically included on the initial written certification, 2107 authorization for botanical cannabis may be communicated verbally or in writing to the pharmacist at 2108 the time of dispensing.

C. The written certification shall be on a form provided by the Board of Pharmacy. Such written certification shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the practitioner; the name and address of the patient issued the written certification; the date on which the written certification was made; and the signature or authentic electronic signature of the practitioner. Such written certification issued pursuant to subsection B shall expire no later than one year after its issuance unless the practitioner provides in such written certification an earlier expiration. A written certification shall not be issued to a patient by more than one practitioner during any given time period.

D. No practitioner shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1 for the issuance of a certification for the use of cannabis products for the treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of a patient's diagnosed condition or disease pursuant to a written certification issued pursuant to subsection B.
Nothing in this section shall preclude the Board of Medicine from sanctioning a practitioner for failing to properly evaluate or treat a patient's medical condition or otherwise violating the applicable standard of care for evaluating or treating medical conditions.

E. A practitioner who issues a written certification to a patient pursuant to this section shall register with the Board and shall hold sufficient education and training to exercise appropriate professional judgment in the certification of patients. The Board shall not limit the number of patients to whom a practitioner may issue a written certification. The Board may report information to the applicable licensing board on unusual patterns of certifications issued by a practitioner.

F. No patient shall be required to physically present the written certification after the initial dispensing by any pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility under each written certification, provided that the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility maintains an electronic copy of the written certification. Pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities shall electronically transmit, on a monthly basis, all new written certifications received by the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility to the Board.

G. A patient, or, if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal guardian, may designate an individual to act as his registered agent for the purposes of receiving cannabis products pursuant to a valid written certification. Such designated individual shall register with the Board. The Board may set a limit on the number of patients for whom any individual is authorized to act as a registered agent.

H. Upon delivery of a cannabis product by a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility
to a designated caregiver facility, any employee or contractor of a designated caregiver facility, who is
licensed or registered by a health regulatory board and who is authorized to possess, distribute, or
administer medications, may accept delivery of the cannabis product on behalf of a patient or resident
for subsequent delivery to the patient or resident and may assist in the administration of the cannabis
product to the patient or resident as necessary.

I. Information obtained under the registration process shall be confidential and shall not be subject to the disclosure provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). However, reasonable access to registry information shall be provided to (i) the Chairmen of the House Committee for Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, (ii) state and federal agencies or local law enforcement for the purpose of investigating or prosecuting a specific individual for a specific violation of law, (iii) licensed practitioners or pharmacists, or their agents, for the purpose of providing patient care and drug therapy management and monitoring of drugs obtained by a patient, (iv) a 2151 pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility involved in the treatment of a patient, or (v) a 2152 registered agent, but only with respect to information related to such patient.

§ 54.1-3423. Board to issue registration unless inconsistent with public interest; authorization to 2153 2154 conduct research; application and fees.

2155 A. The Board shall register an applicant to manufacture or distribute controlled substances included 2156 in Schedules I through V unless it determines that the issuance of that registration would be inconsistent 2157 with the public interest. In determining the public interest, the Board shall consider the following 2158 factors:

2159 1. Maintenance of effective controls against diversion of controlled substances into other than 2160 legitimate medical, scientific, or industrial channels;

2. Compliance with applicable state and local law; 2161

2162 3. Any convictions of the applicant under any federal and state laws relating to any controlled 2163 substance;

2164 4. Past experience in the manufacture or distribution of controlled substances, and the existence in 2165 the applicant's establishment of effective controls against diversion;

2166 5. Furnishing by the applicant of false or fraudulent material in any application filed under this 2167 chapter;

2168 6. Suspension or revocation of the applicant's federal registration to manufacture, distribute, or 2169 dispense controlled substances as authorized by federal law; and 2170

7. Any other factors relevant to and consistent with the public health and safety.

B. Registration under subsection A does not entitle a registrant to manufacture and distribute 2171 2172 controlled substances in Schedule I or II other than those specified in the registration.

2173 C. Practitioners must be registered to conduct research or laboratory analysis with controlled 2174 substances in Schedules II through VI₇ tetrahydrocannabinol, or marijuana. Practitioners registered under 2175 federal law to conduct research with Schedule I substances, other than tetrahydrocannabinol marijuana, 2176 may conduct research with Schedule I substances within this the Commonwealth upon furnishing the evidence of that federal registration. 2177

2178 D. The Board may register other persons or entities to possess controlled substances listed on 2179 Schedules II through VI upon a determination that (i) there is a documented need, (ii) the issuance of 2180 the registration is consistent with the public interest, (iii) the possession and subsequent use of the 2181 controlled substances complies with applicable state and federal laws and regulations, and (iv) the subsequent storage, use, and recordkeeping of the controlled substances will be under the general 2182 2183 supervision of a licensed pharmacist, practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or 2184 veterinary medicine as specified in the Board's regulations. The Board shall consider, at a minimum, the 2185 factors listed in subsection A of this section in determining whether the registration shall be issued. 2186 Notwithstanding the exceptions listed in § 54.1-3422 A, the Board may mandate a controlled substances 2187 registration for sites maintaining certain types and quantities of Schedules II through VI controlled 2188 substances as it may specify in its regulations. The Board shall promulgate regulations related to 2189 requirements or criteria for the issuance of such controlled substances registration, storage, security, 2190 supervision, and recordkeeping.

E. The Board may register a public or private animal shelter as defined in § 3.2-6500 to purchase, 2191 possess, and administer certain Schedule II through VI controlled substances approved by the State 2192 2193 Veterinarian for the purpose of euthanizing injured, sick, homeless, and unwanted domestic pets and 2194 animals and to purchase, possess, and administer certain Schedule VI drugs and biological products for 2195 the purpose of preventing, controlling, and treating certain communicable diseases that failure to control 2196 would result in transmission to the animal population in the shelter. Controlled substances used for euthanasia shall be administered only in accordance with protocols established by the State Veterinarian 2197 and only by persons trained in accordance with instructions by the State Veterinarian. The list of 2198 2199 Schedule VI drugs and biological products used for treatment and prevention of communicable diseases 2200 within the shelter shall be determined by the supervising veterinarian of the shelter and the drugs and 2201 biological products shall be administered only pursuant to written protocols established or approved by 2202 the supervising veterinarian of the shelter and only by persons who have been trained in accordance 2203 with instructions established or approved by the supervising veterinarian. The shelter shall maintain a copy of the approved list of drugs and biological products, written protocols for administering, and 2204 2205 training records of those persons administering drugs and biological products on the premises of the 2206 shelter.

2207 F. The Board may register a crisis stabilization unit established pursuant to § 37.2-500 or 37.2-601 2208 and licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services to maintain a stock of 2209 Schedule VI controlled substances necessary for immediate treatment of patients admitted to the crisis 2210 stabilization unit, which may be accessed and administered by a nurse pursuant to a written or oral order of a prescriber in the absence of a prescriber. Schedule II through Schedule V controlled substances 2211 2212 shall only be maintained if so authorized by federal law and Board regulations.

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2213 G. The Board may register an entity at which a patient is treated by the use of instrumentation and 2214 diagnostic equipment through which images and medical records may be transmitted electronically for 2215 the purpose of establishing a bona fide practitioner-patient relationship and is prescribed Schedule II 2216 through VI controlled substances when such prescribing is in compliance with federal requirements for 2217 the practice of telemedicine and the patient is not in the physical presence of a practitioner registered 2218 with the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration. In determining whether the registration shall be issued, 2219 the Board shall consider (i) the factors listed in subsection A, (ii) whether there is a documented need 2220 for such registration, and (iii) whether the issuance of the registration is consistent with the public 2221 interest.

2222 H. Applications for controlled substances registration certificates and renewals thereof shall be made 2223 on a form prescribed by the Board and such applications shall be accompanied by a fee in an amount to 2224 be determined by the Board.

2225 I. Upon (i) any change in ownership or control of a business, (ii) any change of location of the 2226 controlled substances stock, (iii) the termination of authority by or of the person named as the 2227 responsible party on a controlled substances registration, or (iv) a change in the supervising practitioner, 2228 if applicable, the registrant or responsible party shall immediately surrender the registration. The 2229 registrant shall, within 14 days following surrender of a registration, file a new application and, if 2230 applicable, name the new responsible party or supervising practitioner. 2231

§ 54.1-3442.6. Permit to operate pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility.

2232 A. No person shall operate a pharmaceutical processor or a cannabis dispensing facility without first 2233 obtaining a permit from the Board. The application for such permit shall be made on a form provided 2234 by the Board and signed by a pharmacist who will be in full and actual charge of the pharmaceutical 2235 processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility. The Board shall establish an application fee 2236 and other general requirements for such application.

2237 B. Each permit shall expire annually on a date determined by the Board in regulation. The number of 2238 permits that the Board may issue or renew in any year is limited to one pharmaceutical processor and 2239 up to five cannabis dispensing facilities for each health service area established by the Board of Health. 2240 Permits shall be displayed in a conspicuous place on the premises of the pharmaceutical processor and 2241 cannabis dispensing facility.

2242 C. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing health, safety, and security requirements for 2243 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities. Such regulations shall include requirements 2244 for (i) physical standards; (ii) location restrictions; (iii) security systems and controls; (iv) minimum 2245 equipment and resources; (v) recordkeeping; (vi) labeling, including the potency of each botanical 2246 cannabis product and the amounts recommended by the practitioner or dispensing pharmacist, and 2247 packaging; (vii) routine inspections no more frequently than once annually; (viii) processes for safely 2248 and securely dispensing and delivering in person cannabis products to a patient, his registered agent, or, 2249 if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal 2250 guardian; (ix) dosage limitations for cannabis oil that provide that each dispensed dose of cannabis oil 2251 not exceed 10 milligrams of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol; (x) a process for the 2252 wholesale distribution of and the transfer of usable cannabis, botanical cannabis, cannabis oil, and 2253 cannabis products between pharmaceutical processors, between a pharmaceutical processors and a 2254 cannabis dispensing facility, and between cannabis dispensing facilities; (xi) an allowance for the sale of 2255 devices for administration of dispensed cannabis products and hemp-based CBD products that meet the 2256 applicable standards set forth in state and federal law, including the laboratory testing standards set forth 2257 in subsection M; (xii) an allowance for the use and distribution of inert product samples containing no 2258 cannabinoids for patient demonstration exclusively at the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 2259 dispensing facility, and not for further distribution or sale, without the need for a written certification; 2260 (xiii) a process for acquiring industrial hemp extracts and formulating such extracts into cannabis 2261 products; and (xiv) an allowance for the advertising and promotion of the pharmaceutical processor's 2262 products and operations, which shall not limit the pharmaceutical processor from the provision of 2263 educational material to practitioners who issue written certifications and patients. The Board shall also 2264 adopt regulations for pharmaceutical processors that include requirements for (a) processes for safely and 2265 securely cultivating Cannabis plants intended for producing cannabis products, (b) the secure disposal of 2266 agricultural waste, and (c) a process for registering cannabis oil products.

2267 D. The Board shall require that, after processing and before dispensing any cannabis products, a 2268 pharmaceutical processor shall make a sample available from each batch of cannabis product for testing 2269 by an independent laboratory located in Virginia meeting Board requirements. A valid sample size for 2270 testing shall be determined by each laboratory and may vary due to sample matrix, analytical method, 2271 and laboratory-specific procedures. A minimum sample size of 0.5 percent of individual units for 2272 dispensing or distribution from each homogenized batch of cannabis oil is required to achieve a representative cannabis oil sample for analysis. A minimum sample size, to be determined by the 2273

2274 certified testing laboratory, from each batch of botanical cannabis is required to achieve a representative 2275 botanical cannabis sample for analysis. Botanical cannabis products shall only be tested for the 2276 following: total cannabidiol (CBD); total tetrahydrocannabinol (THC); terpenes; pesticide chemical 2277 residue; heavy metals; mycotoxins; moisture; and microbiological contaminants. Testing thresholds shall 2278 be consistent with generally accepted cannabis industry thresholds. The pharmaceutical processor may 2279 remediate botanical cannabis or cannabis oil that fails any quality testing standard except pesticides. 2280 Following remediation, all remediated botanical cannabis or cannabis oil shall be subject to laboratory 2281 testing and approved upon satisfaction of applicable testing standards, which shall not be more stringent 2282 than initial testing prior to remediation. If a batch of botanical cannabis fails retesting after remediation, 2283 it shall be considered usable cannabis and may be processed into cannabis oil. Stability testing shall not 2284 be required for any cannabis product with an expiration date assigned by the pharmaceutical processor 2285 of six months or less from the date of the cannabis product registration approval. Stability testing 2286 required for assignment of an expiration date longer than six months shall be limited to microbial 2287 testing, on a pass/fail basis, and potency testing, on a 10 percent deviation basis, of active ingredients.

E. A laboratory testing samples for a pharmaceutical processor shall obtain a controlled substances
 registration certificate pursuant to § 54.1-3423 and shall comply with quality standards established by the
 Board in regulation.

F. Every pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility shall be under the
personal supervision of a licensed pharmacist on the premises of the pharmaceutical processor or
cannabis dispensing facility. The pharmaceutical processor shall ensure that security measures are
adequate to protect the cannabis from diversion at all times, and the pharmacist-in-charge shall have
concurrent responsibility for preventing diversion from the dispensing area.

Every pharmaceutical processor shall designate a person who shall have oversight of the cultivation
and production areas of the pharmaceutical processor and shall provide such information to the Board.
The Board shall direct all communications related to enforcement of requirements related to cultivation
and production of cannabis oil products by the pharmaceutical processor to such designated person.

2300 G. The Board shall require the material owners of an applicant for a pharmaceutical processor or 2301 cannabis dispensing facility permit to submit to fingerprinting and provide personal descriptive information to be forwarded along with his fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange 2302 2303 to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information 2304 regarding the applicant's material owners. The cost of fingerprinting and the criminal history record 2305 search shall be paid by the applicant. The Central Criminal Records Exchange shall forward the results 2306 of the criminal history background check to the Board or its designee, which shall be a governmental 2307 entity. A pharmaceutical processor shall maintain evidence of criminal background checks for all 2308 employees and delivery agents of the pharmaceutical processor. Criminal background checks of 2309 employees and delivery agents may be conducted by any service sufficient to disclose any federal and 2310 state criminal convictions.

2311 H. In addition to other employees authorized by the Board, a pharmaceutical processor may employ 2312 individuals who may have less than two years of experience (i) to perform cultivation-related duties 2313 under the supervision of an individual who has received a degree in a field related to the cultivation of 2314 plants or a certification recognized by the Board or who has at least two years of experience cultivating 2315 plants, (ii) to perform extraction-related duties under the supervision of an individual who has a degree 2316 in chemistry or pharmacology or at least two years of experience extracting chemicals from plants, and 2317 (iii) to perform duties at the pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facility upon certification 2318 as a pharmacy technician.

I. A pharmaceutical processor to whom a permit has been issued by the Board may establish up to
five cannabis dispensing facilities for the dispensing of cannabis products that have been cultivated and
produced on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor permitted by the Board. Each cannabis
dispensing facility shall be located within the same health service area as the pharmaceutical processor.

J. No person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of the Commonwealth or another
 jurisdiction within the last five years shall be employed by or act as an agent of a pharmaceutical
 processor or cannabis dispensing facility.

2326 K. Every pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall adopt policies for**2327** pre-employment drug screening and regular, ongoing, random drug screening of employees.

L. A pharmacist at the pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area and the cannabis dispensing facility
shall determine the number of pharmacy interns, pharmacy technicians, and pharmacy technician trainees
who can be safely and competently supervised at one time; however, no pharmacist shall supervise more
than six persons performing the duties of a pharmacy technician at one time in the pharmaceutical
processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility.

2333 M. A pharmaceutical processor may acquire industrial hemp extracts grown and processed in
2334 Virginia, and in compliance with state or federal law, from a registered industrial hemp dealer handler
2335 or processor. A pharmaceutical processor may process and formulate such extracts into an allowable

dosage of cannabis product. Industrial hemp extracts acquired and formulated by a pharmaceutical
processor are subject to the same third-party testing requirements that may apply to cannabis plant
extract. Testing shall be performed by a laboratory located in Virginia and in compliance with state law
governing the testing of cannabis products. The industrial hemp dealer handler or processor shall
provide such third-party testing results to the pharmaceutical processor before industrial hemp extracts
may be acquired.

2342 N. With the exception of § 2.2-4031, neither the provisions of the Administrative Process Act 2343 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) nor public participation guidelines adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the 2344 adoption of any regulation pursuant to this section. Prior to adopting any regulation pursuant to this 2345 section, the Board of Pharmacy shall publish a notice of opportunity to comment in the Virginia 2346 Register of Regulations and post the action on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall. Such notice of 2347 opportunity to comment shall contain (i) a summary of the proposed regulation; (ii) the text of the 2348 proposed regulation; and (iii) the name, address, and telephone number of the agency contact person 2349 responsible for receiving public comments. Such notice shall be made at least 60 days in advance of the 2350 last date prescribed in such notice for submittals of public comment. The legislative review provisions of 2351 subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 shall apply to the promulgation or final adoption process for 2352 regulations pursuant to this section. The Board of Pharmacy shall consider and keep on file all public 2353 comments received for any regulation adopted pursuant to this section.

O. The Board shall register all cannabis products that meet testing, labeling, and packaging standards.
§ 54.1-3442.7. Dispensing cannabis products; report.

2356 A. A pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall dispense or deliver cannabis 2357 products only in person to (i) a patient who is a Virginia resident or temporarily resides in Virginia and 2358 has been issued a valid written certification; (ii) such patient's registered agent; or (iii) if such patient is 2359 a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal guardian who is a Virginia resident or temporarily resides in Virginia. A companion may accompany a patient into a 2360 2361 pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility. Prior to the initial dispensing 2362 of cannabis products pursuant to each written certification, a pharmacist or pharmacy technician 2363 employed by the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall make and maintain, on 2364 site or remotely by electronic means, for two years a paper or electronic copy of the written certification 2365 that provides an exact image of the document that is clearly legible; shall view, in person or by 2366 audiovisual means, a current photo identification of the patient, registered agent, parent, or legal 2367 guardian; and shall verify current board registration of the practitioner and the corresponding registered 2368 agent if applicable. Thereafter, an initial dispensing may be delivered to the patient, registered agent, 2369 parent, legal guardian, or designated caregiver facility. Prior to any subsequent dispensing of cannabis 2370 products pursuant to each written certification, an employee or delivery agent shall view a current photo 2371 identification of the patient, registered agent, parent, or legal guardian and the current board registration 2372 issued to the registered agent if applicable. No pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall dispense more than a 90-day supply, as determined by the dispensing pharmacist or certifying practitioner, for any patient during any 90-day period. A pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 2373 2374 dispensing facility may dispense less than a 90-day supply of a cannabis product for any patient during 2375 2376 any 90-day period; however, a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility may dispense 2377 more than one cannabis product to a patient at one time. No more than four ounces of botanical 2378 cannabis shall be dispensed for each 30-day period for which botanical cannabis is dispensed. The Board 2379 shall establish in regulation an amount of cannabis oil that constitutes a 90-day supply to treat or 2380 alleviate the symptoms of a patient's diagnosed condition or disease. In determining the appropriate 2381 amount of a cannabis product to be dispensed to a patient, a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 2382 dispensing facility shall consider all cannabis products dispensed to the patient and adjust the amount 2383 dispensed accordingly.

B. A pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall dispense only cannabis products
produced on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor permitted by the Board or cannabis products
that have been formulated with extracts from industrial hemp acquired by a pharmaceutical processor
from a registered industrial hemp dealer handler or processor pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6. A
pharmaceutical processor may begin cultivation upon being issued a permit by the Board.

2389 C. The Board shall report annually by December 1 to the Chairmen of the House Committee for
2390 Health, Welfare and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Education and Health on the operation of
2391 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities issued a permit by the Board.

D. The concentration of delta 9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol in any cannabis product
 on site may be up to 10 percent greater than or less than the level of delta 9-tetrahydrocannabinol
 tetrahydrocannabinol measured for labeling. A pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facility
 shall ensure that such concentration in any cannabis product on site is within such range. A
 pharmaceutical processor producing cannabis products shall establish a stability testing schedule of

2397 cannabis products.

2398 § 54.1-3443. Board to administer article.

2399 A. The Board shall administer this article and may add substances to or deschedule or reschedule all 2400 substances enumerated in the schedules in this article pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative 2401 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). In making a determination regarding a substance, the Board shall 2402 consider the following:

2403 1. The actual or relative potential for abuse;

2404 2. The scientific evidence of its pharmacological effect, if known;

2405 3. The state of current scientific knowledge regarding the substance;

2406 4. The history and current pattern of abuse;

2407 5. The scope, duration, and significance of abuse;

2408 6. The risk to the public health;

2409 7. The potential of the substance to produce psychic or physical dependence; and

2410 8. Whether the substance is an immediate precursor of a substance already controlled under this 2411 article.

2412 B. After considering the factors enumerated in subsection A, the Board shall make findings and issue 2413 a regulation controlling the substance if it finds the substance has a potential for abuse.

2414 C. If the Board designates a substance as an immediate precursor, substances which are precursors of 2415 the controlled precursor shall not be subject to control solely because they are precursors of the 2416 controlled precursor.

2417 D. If the Board, in consultation with the Department of Forensic Science, determines the substance 2418 shall be placed into Schedule I or II pursuant to § 54.1-3445 or 54.1-3447, the Board may amend its regulations pursuant to Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of the Administrative Process Act. Prior to making 2419 such amendments, the Board shall conduct a public hearing. At least 30 days prior to conducting such 2420 2421 hearing, it shall post notice of the hearing on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall and shall send notice 2422 of the hearing to any persons requesting to be notified of a regulatory action. In the notice, the Board 2423 shall include a list of all substances it intends to schedule by regulation. The Board shall notify the 2424 House Committee for Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary of any new substance 2425 added to Schedule I or II pursuant to this subsection. Any substance added to Schedule I or II pursuant 2426 to this subsection shall remain on Schedule I or II for a period of 18 months. Upon expiration of such 2427 18-month period, such substance shall be descheduled unless a general law is enacted adding such 2428 substance to Schedule I or II. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Board from adding 2429 substances to or descheduling or rescheduling all substances enumerated in the schedules pursuant to the 2430 provisions of subsections A, B, and E.

2431 E. If any substance is designated, rescheduled, or descheduled as a controlled substance under federal 2432 law and notice of such action is given to the Board, the Board may similarly control the substance under 2433 this chapter after the expiration of 30 days from publication in the Federal Register of a final or interim 2434 final order or rule designating a substance as a controlled substance or rescheduling or descheduling a 2435 substance by amending its regulations in accordance with the requirements of Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et 2436 seq.) of the Administrative Process Act. Prior to making such amendments, the Board shall post notice 2437 of the hearing on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall and shall send notice of the hearing to any persons 2438 requesting to be notified of a regulatory action. The Board shall include a list of all substances it intends 2439 to schedule by regulation in such notice.

2440 F. Authority to control under this section does not extend to distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or 2441 tobacco as those terms are defined or used in Title 4.1.

2442 G. The Board shall exempt any nonnarcotic substance from a schedule if such substance may, under the provisions of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 301 et seq.) or state law, be 2443 2444 lawfully sold over the counter without a prescription.

2445 H. Any tetrahydrocannabinol isomer, ester, ether, salt, or salts or isomers, esters, or ethers 2446 scheduled pursuant to this section shall not be included in the definition of marijuana set forth in 2447 § 4.1-600, 18.2-247, or 54.1-3401. 2448

§ 54.1-3446. Schedule I.

2449

The controlled substances listed in this section are included in Schedule I:

2450 1. Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, 2451 esters, and ethers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers 2452 and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

2453 1-{1-[1-[4-bromophenyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl}-1,3-dihydro-2H-benzimidazol-2-one (other name: 2454 Brorphine);

2455 1-[2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-2-propen-1-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-butanone (other name: 2-methyl AP-237);

- 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetyloxypiperidine (other name: PEPAP); 2456
- 2457 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (other name: MPPP);
- 2458 2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-N,N-diethyl-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazole-1-ethanamine (other name:

- 2459 Metonitazene);
- **2460** 2-methoxy-N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-acetamide (other name: Methoxyacetyl **2461** fentanyl);
- 2462 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzamide (other name: U-47700);
- **2463** 3,4-dichloro-N-{[1-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]methyl}benzamide (other name: AH-7921);
- Acetyl fentanyl (other name: desmethyl fentanyl);
- 2465 Acetylmethadol;
- **2466** Allylprodine;
- **2467** Alphacetylmethadol (except levo-alphacetylmethadol, also known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, **2468** levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM);
- 2469 Alphameprodine;
- 2470 Alphamethadol;
- **2471** Benzethidine;
- 2472 Betacetylmethadol;
- **2473** Betameprodine;
- 2474 Betamethadol;
- 2475 Betaprodine;
- 2476 Clonitazene;
- **2477** Dextromoramide;
- 2478 Diampromide;
- **2479** Diethylthiambutene;
- **2480** Difenoxin:
- **2481** Dimenoxadol;
- **2482** Dimepheptanol;
- **2483** Dimethylthiambutene;
- **2484** Dioxaphetylbutyrate;
- **2485** Dipipanone;
- **2486** Ethylmethylthiambutene;
- **2487** Etonitazene:
- **2488** Etoxeridine;
- **2489** Furethidine;
- **2490** Hydroxypethidine;
- 2491 Ketobemidone;
- 2492 Levomoramide;
- **2493** Levophenacylmorphan;
- 2494 Morpheridine;
- 2495 MT-45 (1-cyclohexyl-4-(1,2-diphenylethyl)piperazine);
- 2496 N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide (other name: Cyclopropyl fentanyl);
 2497 N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide (other name: Tetrahydrofuranyl fentanyl);
- 2499 N-[1-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name:
 2500 alpha-methylthiofentanyl);
- 2501 N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylacetamide (other name: acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl);
- 2503 N-{1-[2-hydroxy-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl}-N-phenylpropanamide (other name:
 2504 beta-hydroxythiofentanyl);
- 2505 N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name:
 2506 beta-hydroxyfentanyl);
- 2507 N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]propionanilide (other names:
 2508 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine, alpha-methylfentanyl);
- 2509 N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other names: 2-fluorofentanyl, ortho-fluorofentanyl);
- **2511** N-(3-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: 3-fluorofentanyl);
- 2512 N-[3-methyl-1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl)4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name:
 2513 beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl);
- **2514** N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 3-methylfentanyl);
- 2515 N-[3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name:
 2516 3-methylthiofentanyl);
- 2517 N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other names:
 2518 para-chlorofentanyl, 4-chlorofentanyl);
- **2519** N-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name:

- 2520 para-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl); 2521 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: 2522 para-fluorobutyrylfentanyl); 2523 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: para-fluorofentanyl); 2524 N.N-diethyl-2-(2-(4-isopropoxybenzyl)-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl)ethan-1-amine (other name: 2525 Isotonitazene): N,N-diethyl-2-{[(4-ethoxyphenyl) methyl]-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl}-ethan-1-amine (other names: 2526 2527 Etazene, Desnitroetonitazene); N,N-diethyl-2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-1H-benzimidazole-1-ethanamine (other name: 2528 2529 Metodesnitazene): 2530 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-furancarboxamide (other name: N-benzyl Furanyl 2531 norfentanvl): 2532 N-phenyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)-propanamide (other name: Norfentanyl); Noracymethadol: 2533 2534 Norlevorphanol; 2535 Normethadone; 2536 Norpipanone: 2537 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-furancarboxamide (other name: Furanyl fentanyl): 2538 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-propenamide (other name: Acryl fentanyl); 2539 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: butyryl fentanyl); 2540 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-pentanamide (other name: Pentanoyl fentanyl); N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: thiofentanyl); 2541 2542 Phenadoxone: 2543 Phenampromide: 2544 Phenomorphan; 2545 Phenoperidine; Piritramide; 2546 2547 Proheptazine; 2548 Properidine; 2549 Propiram: 2550 Racemoramide: 2551 Tilidine; 2552 Trimeperidine; 2553 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide (other name: 2554 Benzodioxole fentanyl); 2555 3.4-dichloro-N-[2-(diethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide (other name: U-49900); 2556 2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl acetamide (other name: U-48800); 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl acetamide (other name: U-51754); 2557 N-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-acetamide (other name: Ocfentanil); 2558 2559 N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: 2560 4-methoxybutyrylfentanyl): 2561 N-phenyl-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: Isobutyryl fentanyl); N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-cyclopentanecarboxamide (other name: Cyclopentyl 2562 2563 fentanvl): 2564 N-phenyl-N-(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-propanamide (other name: N-methyl norfentanyl); 2565 N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide (other names: 2566 3.4-methylenedioxy U-47700 or 3.4-MDO-U-47700); 2567 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-butenamide (other name: Crotonyl fentanyl); 2568 N-phenyl-N-[4-phenyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: 4-phenylfentanyl); 2569 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-benzamide (other names: Phenyl fentanyl, Benzoyl 2570 fentanvl): 2571 N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-phenylfuran-2-carboxamide (other name: Furanyl UF-17); 2572 N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-phenylpropionamide (other name: UF-17); 2573 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-isopropyl-benzamide (other name: Isopropyl 2574 U-47700). 2575 2. Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers, unless 2576 specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible 2577 within the specific chemical designation: 2578 Acetorphine; 2579 Acetvldihvdrocodeine: 2580 Benzylmorphine:
- **2581** Codeine methylbromide;

- 2582 Codeine-N-Oxide;
- 2583 Cyprenorphine;
- 2584 Desomorphine;
- 2585 Dihydromorphine;
- 2586 Drotebanol;
- 2587 Etorphine;
- 2588 Heroin; 2589
- Hydromorphinol; 2590 Methyldesorphine:
- 2591 Methyldihydromorphine;
- 2592 Morphine methylbromide;
- 2593 Morphine methylsulfonate;
- 2594 Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 2595
- Myrophine;
- 2596 Nicocodeine:
- 2597 Nicomorphine;
- 2598 Normorphine;
- 2599 Pholcodine;
- 2600 Thebacon.
- 2601 3. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, 2602 or preparation, which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, or which contains any of its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, 2603 2604 and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of this subdivision 2605 only, the term "isomer" includes the optical, position, and geometric isomers):
- Alpha-ethyltryptamine (some trade or other names: Monase; a-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 2606 3-2-aminobutyl] indole; a-ET; AET); 2607
- 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (some trade or other 2608 names: 2609 2-4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]-1-aminoethane;alpha-desmethyl DOB; 2C-B; Nexus);
- 2610 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 2611 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 2612 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
- 2613 Alpha-methyltryptamine (other name: AMT);
- 2614 Bufotenine;
- 2615 Diethyltryptamine;
- 2616 Dimethyltryptamine;
- 2617 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine;
- 2618 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine (DOET);
- 4-fluoro-N-ethylamphetamine; 2619
- 2620 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine (other name: 2C-T-7);
- 2621 Ibogaine;
- 2622 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DIPT);
- 2623 Lysergic acid diethylamide:
- 2624 Mescaline;
- 2625 Parahexyl (some trade or other n a m e s : 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo [b,d] pyran; Synhexyl); 2626
- 2627 Peyote;
- 2628 N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 2629 N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 2630 Psilocybin;
- 2631 Psilocyn;
- 2632 Salvinorin A:

2633 Tetrahydrocannabinols, except as present in (i) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is 2634 possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent; (ii) a hemp 2635 product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, containing a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed 2636 2637 in compliance with state or federal law; (iii) marijuana; (iv) dronabinol in sesame oil and encapsulated 2638 in a soft gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration; or (v) 2639 industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person who holds a hemp producer 2640 license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990;

2641 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (some trade or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 2642 2,5-DMA);

2643

3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA), its optical, positional and geometric isomers, salts

2644	and salts of isomers;
2645	3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (also known as N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4
2646	(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, MDE, MDEA);
2647	N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (some other names:
2648	N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, and N-hydroxy MDA);
2649	4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (some trade or other names:
2650	4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA);
2651	4-methoxyamphetamine (some trade or other names: 4-methoxy-a-methylphenethylamine;
2652	paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA);
2653	Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine (some other names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine,
2654	(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PČE);
2655	Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine (some other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy,
2656	PHP);
2657	Thiophene analog of phencyclidine (some other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine,
2658	2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine, TPCP, TCP);
2659	1-1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine (other name: TCPy);
2660	3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone (other name: MDPV);
2661	4-methylmethcathinone (other names: mephedrone, 4-MMC);
2662	3,4-methylenedioxymethcathinone (other name: methylone);
2663	Naphthylpyrovalerone (other name: naphyrone);
2664	4-fluoromethcathinone (other names: flephedrone, 4-FMC);
2665	4-methoxymethcathinone (other names: methedrone; bk-PMMA);
2666	Ethcathinone (other name: N-ethylcathinone);
2667	3,4-methylenedioxyethcathinone (other name: ethylone);
2668	Beta-keto-N-methyl-3,4-benzodioxolylbutanamine (other name: butylone);
2669	N,N-dimethylcathinone (other name: metamfepramone);
2670	Alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: alpha-PPP);
2671	4-methoxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MOPPP);
2672 2673	3,4-methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MDPPP);
2673	Alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: alpha-PVP); 6,7-dihydro-5H-indeno-(5,6-d)-1,3-dioxol-6-amine (other name: MDAI);
2675	3-fluoromethcathinone (other name: 3-FMC);
2676	4-Ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: 2C-E);
2677	4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: 2C-I);
2678	4-Methylethcathinone (other name: 4-MEC);
2679	4-Ethylmethcathinone (other name: 4-EMC);
2680	N,N-diallyl-5-methoxytryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DALT);
2681	Beta-keto-methylbenzodioxolylpentanamine (other names: Pentylone, bk-MBDP);
2682	Alpha-methylamino-butyrophenone (other name: Buphedrone);
2683	Alpha-methylamino-valerophenone (other name: Pentedrone);
2684	3,4-Dimethylmethcathinone (other name: 3,4-dmmc);
2685	4-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MPPP);
2686	4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names: 25-I,
2687	25I-NBOMe, 2C-I-NBOMe);
2688	Methoxetamine (other names: MXE, 3-MeO-2-Oxo-PCE);
2689	4-Fluoromethamphetamine (other name: 4-FMA);
2690	4-Fluoroamphetamine (other name: 4-FA);
2691	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-D);
2692	2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-C);
2693	2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (other name: 2C-T-2);
2694 2695	2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (other name: 2C-T-4);
2695 2696	2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-H);
2690	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-N); 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-P);
2698	(2-aminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: APB);
4 070	(2 annopropyr)oenzoraran (onler name. $(1 + 1)$,

2699 (2-aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (other name: APDB);

2700 4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names: 2701

2C-C-NBOMe, 25C-NBOMe, 25C); 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names: 2C-B-NBOMe, 25B-NBOMe, 25B); 2702 2703

2704 Acetoxydimethyltryptamine (other names: AcO-Psilocin, AcO-DMT, Psilacetin);

- 2705 Benocyclidine (other names: BCP, BTCP);
- 2706 Alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone (other name: alpha-PBP);
- 2707 3,4-methylenedioxy-N,N-dimethylcathinone (other names: Dimethylone, bk-MDDMA);
- 2708 4-bromomethcathinone (other name: 4-BMC);
- 2709 4-chloromethcathinone (other name: 4-CMC);
- 2710 4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25I-NBOH);
- 2711 Alpha-Pyrrolidinohexiophenone (other name: alpha-PHP);
- 2712 Alpha-Pyrrolidinoheptiophenone (other name: PV8);
- 2713 5-methoxy-N.N-methylisopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-MIPT);
- 2714 Beta-keto-N,N-dimethylbenzodioxolylbutanamine (other names: Dibutylone, bk-DMBDB);
- 2715 Beta-keto-4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: bk-2C-B);
- 2716 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-pentanone (other name: N-ethylpentylone);
- 2717 1-[1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 3-methoxy PCP);
- 2718 1-[1-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 4-methoxy PCP);
- 2719 4-Chloroethcathinone (other name: 4-CEC);
- 2720 3-Methoxy-2-(methylamino)-1-(4-methylphenyl)-1-propanone (other name: Mexedrone);
- 2721 1-propionyl lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: 1P-LSD);
- 2722 (2-Methylaminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: MAPB);
- 2723 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)-1-pentanone (other names: N,N-Dimethylpentylone, 2724 Dipentylone);
- 2725 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)octan-1-one (other name: 4-methoxy-PV9);
- 2726 3,4-tetramethylene-alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: TH-PVP);
- 2727 4-allyloxy-3,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: Allylescaline);
- 2728 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25B-NBOH);
- 2729 4-chloro-alpha-methylamino-valerophenone (other name: 4-chloropentedrone);
- 2730 4-chloro-alpha-Pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: 4-chloro-alpha-PVP);
- 2731 4-fluoro-alpha-Pyrrolidinoheptiophenone (other name: 4-fluoro-PV8);
- 2732 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 4-OH-DIPT);
- 2733 4-methyl-alpha-ethylaminopentiophenone;
- 2734 4-methyl-alpha-Pyrrolidinohexiophenone (other name: MPHP);
- 2735 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DMT);
- 2736 5-methoxy-N-ethyl-N-isopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-EIPT);
- 2737 6-ethyl-6-nor-lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: ETH-LAD);
- 2738 6-allyl-6-nor-lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: AL-LAD);
- 2739 (N-methyl aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (other name: MAPDB);
- 2740 2-(methylamino)-2-phenyl-cyclohexanone (other name: Deschloroketamine);
- 2741 2-(ethylamino)-2-phenyl-cyclohexanone (other name: deschloro-N-ethyl-ketamine);
- 2742 2-methyl-1-(4-(methylthio)phenyl)-2-morpholinopropiophenone (other name: MMMP);
- 2743 Alpha-ethylaminohexanophenone (other name: N-ethylhexedrone);
- 2744 N-ethyl-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexylamine (other name: 3-methoxy-PCE);
- 2745 4-fluoro-alpha-pyrrolidinohexiophenone (other name: 4-fluoro-alpha-PHP);
- 2746 N-ethyl-1,2-diphenylethylamine (other name: Ephenidine);
- 2747 2,5-dimethoxy-4-chloroamphetamine (other name: DOC);
- 2748 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-tert-butylcathinone;
- 2749 Alpha-pyrrolidinoisohexiophenone (other name: alpha-PiHP);
- 2750 1-[1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 3-hydroxy PCP);
- 2751 4-acetyloxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine (other name: 4-AcO-DALT);
- 2752 4-hydroxy-N,N-methylisopropyltryptamine (other name: 4-hydroxy-MiPT);
- 2753 3,4-Methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinohexanophenone (other name: MDPHP);
- 2754 5-methoxy-N,N-dibutyltryptamine (other name: 5-methoxy-DBT);
- 2755 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-butanone (other names: Eutylone, bk-EBDB);
- 2756 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(butylamino)-1-pentanone (other name: N-butylpentylone);
- N-benzyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-benzyl-3,4-DMA); 2757
- 2758 1-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-(sec-butylamino)pentan-1-one (other name: N-sec-butyl Pentylone);
- 2759 1-cyclopropionyl lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: 1cP-LSD);
- 2760 2-(ethylamino)-1-phenylheptan-1-one (other name: N-ethylheptedrone);
- 2761 (2-ethylaminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: EAPB);
- 2762 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25E-NBOH);
- 2763 2-fluoro-Deschloroketamine (other name: 2-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone);
- 2764 4-hydroxy-N-ethyl-N-propyltryptamine (other name: 4-hydroxy-EPT);
- 2765 2-(isobutylamino)-1-phenylhexan-1-one (other names: N-Isobutyl Hexedrone,

- 2766 alpha-isobutylaminohexanphenone);
- 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-methylpropan-2-amine (other names: para-Methoxymethamphetamine, 2767 2768 PMMA):
- 2769 N-ethyl-1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexylamine (other name: 3-hydroxy-PCE);
- 2770 N-heptyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-heptyl-3,4-DMA);
- 2771 N-hexyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-hexyl-3,4-DMA);
- 2772 4-fluoro-3-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: 4-fluoro-3-methyl-alpha-PVP);
- 2773 4-fluoro-alpha-methylamino-valerophenone (other name: 4-fluoropentedrone);
- 2774 N-(1,4-dimethylpentyl)-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-(1,4-dimethylpentyl)-3,4-DMA);
- 2775 4,5-methylenedioxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 4,5-MDO-DiPT);
- 2776 Alpha-pyrrolidinocyclohexanophenone (other name: alpha-PCYP);
- 3,4-methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinoheptiophenone (other name: MDPV8); 2777
- 2778 4-chloro-alpha-methylaminobutiophenone (other name: 4-chloro Buphedrone).
- 4. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture 2779 2780 or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the 2781 central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such
- 2782 salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 2783 5-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-3-methyl-7-nitro-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (other name: 2784 Meclonazepam);
- 2785 7-chloro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (other name: Norfludiazepam);
- 2786 Bromazolam;
- 2787 Clonazolam;
- 2788 Deschloroetizolam;
- 2789 Etizolam:
- 2790 Flualprazolam;
- 2791 Flubromazepam;
- 2792 Flubromazolam;
- 2793 Gamma hydroxybutyric acid (some other names include GHB; gamma hydroxybutyrate; 2794 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutanoic acid; sodium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate);
- 2795 Mecloqualone;
- 2796 Methaqualone.
- 2797 5. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture 2798 or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the 2799 central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers:
- 2800 2-(3-fluorophenyl)-3-methylmorpholine (other name: 3-fluorophenmetrazine);
- Aminorex (some trade or other names; aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline: 2801 2802 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
- 2803 Cathinone (some trade or other names: 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone, alpha-aminopropiophenone, 2804 2-aminopropiophenone, norephedrone), and any plant material from which Cathinone may be derived;
- 2805 Cis-4-methylaminorex (other name: cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
- 2806 Ethylamphetamine;
- Ethyl phenyl(piperidin-2-yl)acetate (other name: Ethylphenidate); 2807
- 2808 Fenethylline;
- 2809 Methcathinone (some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone; alpha-(methylamino)-propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one; 2810
- 2811 alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; monomethylpropion; ephedrone; N-methylcathinone;
- methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463 and UR 1432); 2812 2813
 - N-Benzylpiperazine (some other names: BZP, 1-benzylpiperazine);
- 2814 N,N-dimethylamphetamine (other names: N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine, 2815 N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine);
- 2816 Methyl 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(2-piperidinyl)acetate (other name: 4-fluoromethylphenidate);
- Isopropyl-2-phenyl-2-(2-piperidinyl)acetate (other name: Isopropylphenidate); 2817
- 2818 4-chloro-N,N-dimethylcathinone;
- 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-benzylcathinone (other name: BMDP). 2819
- 2820 6. Any substance that contains one or more cannabimimetic agents or that contains their salts, 2821 isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is 2822 possible within the specific chemical designation, and any preparation, mixture, or substance containing, 2823 or mixed or infused with, any detectable amount of one or more cannabimimetic agents.
- 2824 a. "Cannabimimetic agents" includes any substance that is within any of the following structural 2825 classes:
- 2826 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol with substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by alkyl or 2827 alkenyl, whether or not substituted on the cyclohexyl ring to any extent;

3-(1-naphthoyl)indole or 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane with substitution at the nitrogen atom of
the indole ring, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not
substituted on the naphthoyl or naphthyl ring to any extent;

3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring, whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthoyl ring to any extent;

1-(1-naphthylmethyl)indene with substitution of the 3-position of the indene ring, whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthyl ring to any extent;

3-phenylacetylindole or 3-benzoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring,
whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the
phenyl ring to any extent;

- 2840 3-cyclopropoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring, whether or not further
 2841 substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the cyclopropyl ring to any
 2842 extent;
- 3-adamantoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring, whether or not further
 substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any
 extent;

2846 N-(adamantyl)-indole-3-carboxamide with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring,
2847 whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any extent; and

2849 N-(adamantyl)-indazole-3-carboxamide with substitution at a nitrogen atom of the indazole ring,
2850 whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any extent.

2852 b. The term "cannabimimetic agents" includes:

2853 5-(1,1-Dimethylheptyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497);

2854 5-(1,1-Dimethylhexyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C6 homolog);

- **2855** 5-(1,1-Dimethyloctyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C8 homolog);
- **2856** 5-(1,1-Dimethylnonyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C9 homolog);
- **2857** 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other names: JWH-018, AM-678);
- **2858** 1-butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-073);
- **2859** 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (other name: JWH-250);
- **2860** 1-hexyl-3-(naphthalen-1-oyl)indole (other name: JWH-019);
- **2861** 1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-200);
- **2862** (6aR, 10aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6, 6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a, 7, 10, 10a-tet **2863** rahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol (other name: HU-210);
- **2864** 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-081);
- **2865** 1-pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-122);
- **2866** 1-pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole (other name: JWH-203);
- **2867** 1-pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-210);
- **2868** 1-pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-398);
- **2869** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (other name: AM-694);
- **2870** 1-((N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: AM-1220);
- **2871** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: AM-2201);
- **2872** 1-[(N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl]-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (other name: AM-2233);

2873 Pravadoline (4-methoxyphenyl)-[2-methyl-1-(2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl)indol-3-yl]methanone (other name: WIN 48,098);

- **2875** 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole (other names: RCS-4, SR-19);
- **2876** 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (other names: RCS-8, SR-18);
- **2877** 1-pentyl-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other name: UR-144);
- **2878** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other names: XLR-11, **2879** 5-fluoro-UR-144);
- **2880** N-adamantyl-1-fluoropentylindole-3-carboxamide (other name: STS-135);
- **2881** N-adamantyl-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other names: AKB48, APINACA);
- **2882** 1-pentyl-3-(1-adamantoyl)indole (other name: AB-001);
- **2883** (8-quinolinyl)(1-pentylindol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: PB-22);
- 2884 (8-quinolinyl)(1-(5-fluoropentyl)indol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: 5-fluoro-PB-22);
- **2885** (8-quinolinyl)(1-cyclohexylmethyl-indol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: BB-22);
- 2886 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name: AB-PINACA);
- **2887** N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: **2888** AB-FUBINACA);

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- **2889** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indazole (other name: THJ-2201);
- 2890 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2891 ADB-PINACA);
- 2892 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2893 AB-CHMINACA);
- 2894 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2895 5-fluoro-AB-PINACA);
- 2896 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other names:
 2897 ADB-CHMINACA, MAB-CHMINACA);
- 2898 Methyl-2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3-methylbutanoate (other name:
 2899 5-fluoro-AMB);
- **2900** 1-naphthalenyl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (other name: NM-2201);
- **2901** 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other name: FUB-144);
- **2902** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name MAM-2201);
- **2903** N-(1-Amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide **2904** (other name: ADB-FUBINACA);
- 2905 Methyl 2-[1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name:
 2906 MDMB-FUBINACA);
- 2907 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names:
 2908 5-fluoro-ADB, 5-Fluoro-MDMB-PINACA);
- **2909** Methyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate (other **2910** names: AMB-FUBINACA, FUB-AMB);
- **2911** N-(adamantan-1-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other names: FUB-AKB48, **2912** 5F-APINACA);
- **2913** N-(adamantan-1-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5F-AKB48);
- **2914** N-(adamantanyl)-1-(5-chloropentyl) indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5-chloro-AKB48);
- 2915 Naphthalen-1-yl 1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxylate (other name: SDB-005);
- 2916 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2917 AB-CHMICA);
- **2918** 1-pentyl-N-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (other name: SDB-006);
- 2919 Quinolin-8-yl 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (other name: FUB-PB-22);
- 2920 Methyl N-[1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carbonyl]valinate (other name: MMB-CHMICA);
- 2921 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2922 5-fluoro-ADB-PINACA);
- **2923** 1-(4-cyanobutyl)-N-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 4-cyano **2924** CUMYL-BUTINACA);
- 2925 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names: 5-fluoro 2926 MDMB-PICA, 5F-MDMB-PICA);
- **2927** Ethyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate (other name: **2928** EMB-FUBINACA);
- 2929 Methyl 2-[1-4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name:
 2930 4-fluoro-MDMB-BUTINACA);
- 2931 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5-fluoro
 2932 CUMYL-PICA);
- 2933 Methyl 2-[1-(pent-4-enyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamindo]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name:
 2934 MDMB-4en-PINACA);
- 2935 Methyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate (other names:
 2936 MMB-FUBICA, AMB-FUBICA);
- **2937** Methyl 2-[1-(4-penten-1-yl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other names: MMB022, **2938** MMB-4en-PICA);
- 2939 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other name: MMB 2201);
- 2940 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-phenylpropanoate (other name:
 2941 5-fluoro-MPP-PICA);
- 2942 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-butylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2943 ADB-BUTINACA);
- 2944 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-chloropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2945 5-chloro-AB-PINACA);
- 2946 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other names:
 2947 5F-CUMYL-PINACA, 5-fluoro CUMYL-PINACA, CUMYL-5F-PINACA);
- **2948** Ethyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names: **2949** 5F-EDMB-PINACA, 5-fluoro EDMB-PINACA);
- **2950** Ethyl-2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other names:

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- **2951** 5-fluoro-EMB-PINACA, 5F-AEB);
- **2952** Ethyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other name: **2953** 5-fluoro-EMB-PICA);
- **2954** Ethyl-2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name: 5-fluoro **2955** EDMB-PICA);
- **2956** Methyl 2-[1-(4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name: **2957** 4-fluoro-MDMB-BUTICA);
- **2958** Methyl 2-(1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names: **2959** MDMB-CHMICA, MMB-CHMINACA);
- 2960 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(pent-4-enyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2961 ADB-4en-PINACA).
- 2962 2. That Article 5 (§§ 3.2-5145.1 through 3.2-5145.5) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia is repealed.
- 2964 3. That the provisions of this act creating in Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 an article numbered 6, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-5145.6 through 3.2-5145.9, and repealing Article 5 2965 2966 (§§ 3.2-5145.1 through 3.2-5145.5) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia shall become 2967 effective on the earlier of (i) the promulgation by the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis 2968 Control Authority of final regulations governing regulated hemp products pursuant to § 4.1-606 of 2969 the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, or (ii) January 1, 2024. Any regulation promulgated 2970 by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to Article 5 of Chapter 51 of 2971 Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia, as repealed by this act, shall remain in full force and effect and 2972 continue to be administered by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services until the
- 2973 effective date of the repeal of Article 5 of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia.2974 4. That, except as otherwise provided in the third enactment, the Board of Directors (the B
- 4. That, except as otherwise provided in the third enactment, the Board of Directors (the Board) of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority shall promulgate regulations to implement the provisions of the first enactment by September 1, 2023. With the exception of § 2.2-4031 of the 2975 2976 2977 Code of Virginia, neither the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the 2978 Code of Virginia) nor public participation guidelines adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the Board's initial adoption of regulations to implement the provisions of the first enactment. 2979 2980 However, prior to adopting any regulation, the Board shall publish a notice of opportunity to 2981 comment in the Virginia Register of Regulations and post the action on the Virginia Regulatory 2982 Town Hall. Such notice of opportunity to comment shall contain (i) a summary of the proposed 2983 regulation; (ii) the text of the proposed regulation; and (iii) the name, address, and telephone 2984 number of the agency contact person responsible for receiving public comments. Such notice shall 2985 be made at least 60 days in advance of the last date prescribed in such notice for submittals of public comment. The legislative review provisions of subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 of the Code 2986 2987 of Virginia shall apply to the promulgation or final adoption process for regulations pursuant to 2988 this section. The Board shall consider and keep on file all public comments received for any 2989 regulation adopted pursuant to this act.
- 5. That, except as otherwise provided in the sixth enactment of this act, the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority shall not issue any license pursuant to the provisions of this act prior to July 1, 2024.
- 2993 6. § 1. That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, any pharmaceutical processor that holds 2994 a permit pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6 of the Code of Virginia shall be authorized to sell cannabis 2995 products as defined in § 54.1-3408.3 of the Code of Virginia to persons who are 21 years of age or 2996 older without the need for a written certification. The Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis 2997 Control Authority (the Board) shall adopt, by January 1, 2024, and enforce regulations governing 2998 sales and related activities conducted pursuant to this enactment that shall model, to the greatest 2999 extent practicable, the regulations of the Board of Pharmacy governing pharmaceutical processors 3000 set forth in 18VAC110-60 of the Virginia Administrative Code, subject to the following exceptions 3001 and requirements:
- 3002 1. Part II (18VAC110-60-30 et seq.) of 18VAC110-60 and 18VAC110-60-310 of the Virginia 3003 Administrative Code shall not apply;
- 3004 2. Pharmaceutical processors engaging in sales pursuant to the provisions of this enactment 3005 shall:
- 3006 a. Sell cannabis products only in opaque, child-resistant, tamper-evident, and resealable 3007 packaging;
- 3008 b. Report quarterly to the Board data regarding all sales conducted pursuant to this enactment, 3009 including information regarding violations, errors, and omissions;
- 3010 c. Be permitted to cultivate in no more than 80,000 square feet of canopy the number of 3011 cannabis plants, as determined by the pharmaceutical processor, necessary to serve the demand

3012 for sales created by this enactment;

3013 d. Dedicate a sufficient number of registers at each facility to registered patient sales and 3014 maintain sufficient inventory of cannabis products to satisfy the demands of such patients;

3015 e. Submit to the Board and, upon approval by the Board, comply with a diversity, equity, and 3016 inclusion plan describing how the pharmaceutical processor will, in its health service area or other 3017 area determined by the Board, (i) educate consumers about responsible consumption of cannabis 3018 products and (ii) incubate five retail franchisees in a historically economically disadvantaged 3019 community for a period of three years and support and educate applicants in a historically 3020 economically disadvantaged community that wish to participate in the cannabis market. The 3021 Board shall begin accepting applicants from retail franchisee applicants on July 1, 2023, vet such 3022 applicants, and present the Board's selections to each pharmaceutical processor. Each pharmaceutical processor shall select five retail franchisees from such pool by September 1, 2023. 3023 3024 Such retail franchisees shall have the same retail sale authority granted to the pharmaceutical 3025 processor and may begin sales on January 1, 2024; and

3026 f. Pay a one-time \$6 million fee to the Department of Taxation prior to engaging in sales 3027 pursuant to this enactment;

3028 3. Pharmaceutical processors engaging in sales pursuant to the provisions of this enactment 3029 shall not:

a. Deliver cannabis products or sell cannabis products at any location other than the
 pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facilities for which the pharmaceutical
 processor holds a permit pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6 of the Code of Virginia;

3033 b. Advertise cannabis products to persons younger than 21 years of age;

c. Sell to a person in a single transaction more than (i) one ounce of botanical cannabis
 products, (ii) five grams of cannabis concentrate products, or (iii) a quantity of infused cannabis
 products that contains more than 500 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol;

d. Sell any nonbotanical cannabis product with an individual unit dose containing more than 10
 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol;

e. Be required to comply with any Board regulation, requirement, or restriction that does not
model, to the greatest extent practicable, the regulations of the Board of Pharmacy or exceptions
thereto set forth in this enactment unless such regulation, requirement, or restriction is adopted by
the General Assembly; or

3043 f. Be subject to administrative action, liability, or other penalty based on the acts or omissions 3044 of any independent cannabis retailer; and

3045 4. Persons without a written certification shall be permitted to access pharmaceutical processor **3046** and dispensing facilities for the purpose of purchasing cannabis products in accordance with the **3047** provisions of this enactment.

For the purposes of this enactment, "canopy" means any area dedicated to live marijuana plant cultivation, including areas in which plants are grown, propagated, cloned, or maintained. If any such areas are stacked vertically, each level of space shall be measured and included in the total canopy square footage.

3052 § 2. The Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority may suspend the 3053 privileges of a pharmaceutical processor to engage in sales under this enactment for substantial 3054 and repeated violations of the provisions of this enactment.

3055 § 3. A tax of 21 percent shall be levied on the sale of cannabis products pursuant to this 3056 enactment, which shall be in addition to any tax imposed under Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of 3057 Title 58.1 of the Code of Virginia or any other provision of federal, state, or local law. Pharmaceutical processors shall remit such tax to the Department of Taxation. The Department of 3059 Taxation shall deposit tax revenues from the 21 percent excise tax, as well as the fees received from pharmaceutical processors pursuant to § 1, into the account of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority to be used to provide loans to applicants in a historically economically disadvantaged 3062 community who are in need of capital for the start-up of a licensed cannabis business.

3063 Any locality may by ordinance levy a three percent tax on the sale of cannabis products 3064 pursuant to this enactment. Such local tax shall be in addition to any local sales tax imposed 3065 under Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of Title 58.1, any food and beverage tax imposed under 3066 Article 7.1 (§ 58.1-3833 et seq.) of Chapter 38 of Title 58.1, and any excise tax imposed on meals 3067 under § 58.1-3840. If a town imposes a tax under this section, any tax imposed by its surrounding 3068 county under this section shall not apply within the limits of the town. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a locality from imposing any tax authorized by law on a person or 3069 property regulated under this enactment. Any locality that enacts an ordinance pursuant to this section shall, within 30 days, notify the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority and any 3070 3071 3072 pharmaceutical processor in such locality of the ordinance's enactment. The ordinance shall take 3073 effect on the first day of the second month following its enactment. Any local tax levied under this

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section shall be remitted and disbursed to the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority in the same 3074 3075 manner as the 21 percent state excise tax and, thereafter, disbursed to the applicable locality.

3076 § 4. The Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority and the Department of 3077 Taxation may assess and collect fees from each pharmaceutical processor that sells cannabis 3078 products pursuant to this enactment in an amount sufficient to recover the costs associated with 3079 the implementation of the provisions of this enactment.

3080 § 5. The provisions of this enactment shall not apply to or otherwise affect the sale of cannabis 3081 products to patients with written certifications by pharmaceutical processors pursuant to Article 3082 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) of the Drug Control Act.

3083 § 6. No agent or employee of a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall 3084 be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or 3085 18.2-250 of the Code of Virginia for possession or manufacture of marijuana or for possession, 3086 manufacture, or distribution of cannabis products, subject to any civil penalty, denied any right or privilege, or subject to any disciplinary action by a professional licensing board if such agent or 3087 3088 employee (i) possessed or manufactured such marijuana for the purposes of producing cannabis products in accordance with the provisions of this enactment or (ii) possessed, manufactured, or 3089 3090 distributed such cannabis products that are consistent with generally accepted cannabis industry 3091 standards in accordance with the provisions of this enactment.

3092 § 7. The Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority's (the Board) initial 3093 adoption of regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this enactment shall be exempt 3094 from the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia), except that the 3095 Board shall provide an opportunity for public comment on the regulations prior to adoption. 3096

§ 8. That the provisions of this enactment shall become effective on January 1, 2024.

3097 § 9. That the provisions of this enactment shall expire when the Virginia Cannabis Control 3098 Authority (the Authority) provides written notice to the Division of Legislative Services that 3099 pharmaceutical processors engaging in the sale of cannabis products pursuant to the provisions of 3100 this enactment are authorized by the Authority to apply for and be granted licenses to cultivate, 3101 manufacture, wholesale, and sell at retail to consumers 21 years of age or older retail marijuana 3102 and retail marijuana products at the pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facilities 3103 for which the pharmaceutical processor holds a permit pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6 of the Code of 3104 Virginia.

3105 7. That on or before September 1, 2023, the Department of Corrections, sheriff of a local jail, 3106 regional director of a regional jail, and the Department of Juvenile Justice, respectively, shall 3107 determine which individuals currently incarcerated in such state correctional facility, local 3108 correctional facility, or secure facility, or placed on community supervision, respectively, meet the 3109 criteria for a hearing on the modification of sentence as set forth in subsections A and B of 3110 § 19.2-303.03 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, and shall (i) provide an electronic list 3111 of such individuals to the clerk of each circuit court in the jurisdiction where the individual was 3112 sentenced and (ii) notify all such individuals that they may be eligible for modification of their sentence, a hearing will be scheduled for such determination, and that they may file a petition for 3113 3114 assistance of counsel and a statement of indigency.

3115 8. That within 30 days of receiving the electronic list provided under the seventh enactment of this 3116 act, the clerk of each circuit court shall notify the chief judge of that circuit court who shall subsequently set a hearing within the timeframes required pursuant to subsections A and B of 3117 3118 § 19.2-303.03 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, for each individual to determine 3119 whether to modify such individual's sentence.

3120 9. That the provisions of § 19.2-303.03 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, and the 3121 seventh and eighth enactments of this act shall expire on July 1, 2026.

3122 10. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 3123 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the 3124 necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult 3125 correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, 3126 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary 3127 3128 appropriation cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department 3129 of Juvenile Justice.