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# **HOUSE BILL NO. 2115**

Offered January 11, 2023 Prefiled January 10, 2023

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 60.2-528, 60.2-619, and 60.2-633 of the Code of Virginia, relating to unemployment compensation; continuation of benefits; repayment of overpayments.

Patrons-Hudson, Adams, D.M., Bagby, Bennett-Parker, Bourne, Clark, Convirs-Fowler, Glass, Gooditis, Guzman, Helmer, Hope, Jenkins, Kory, Maldonado, Price, Rasoul, Roem, Scott, D.L., Shin, Simon, Simonds and Williams Graves; Senator: Favola

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Energy

#### Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 10

1. That §§ 60.2-528, 60.2-619 and 60.2-633 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as 11 follows: 12

#### 13 § 60.2-528. Individual benefit charges.

A. An individual's "benefit charges" shall be computed in the following manner: 14

15 1. For each week benefits are received, a claimant's "benefit charges" shall be equal to his benefits 16 received for such week.

2. For each week extended benefits are received, pursuant to § 60.2-610 or 60.2-611, a claimant's 17 18 "benefit charges" shall be equal to one-half his benefits received for such week. However, a claimant's "benefit charges" for extended benefits attributable to service in the employ of a governmental entity 19 20referred to in subdivisions 1 through 3 of subsection A of § 60.2-213 shall be equal to the full amount 21 of such extended benefit.

22 3. For each week partial benefits are received, the claimant's "benefit charges" shall be computed (i) 23 in the case of regular benefits as in subdivision 1 of this subsection, or (ii) in the case of extended 24 benefits as in subdivision 2 of this subsection.

25 B. 1. The employing unit from whom such individual was separated, resulting in the current period 26 of unemployment, shall be the most recent employing unit for whom such individual has performed 27 services for remuneration (i) during 30 days, whether or not such days are consecutive, or (ii) during 240 hours. If such individual's unemployment is caused by separation from an employer, such 28 29 individual's "benefit charges" for such period of unemployment shall be deemed the responsibility of the 30 last employer for (i) 30 days or (ii) 240 hours prior to such period of unemployment.

31 2. Any employer charged with benefits paid shall be notified of the charges quarterly by the Commission. The amount specified shall be conclusive on the employer unless, not later than 30 days 32 33 after the notice of benefit charges was mailed to its last known address or otherwise delivered to it, the 34 employer files an appeal with the Commission, setting forth the grounds for such an appeal. Proceedings 35 on appeal to the Commission regarding the amount of benefit charges under this subsection or a redetermination of such amount shall be in accordance with the provisions of § 60.2-500. The decision 36 37 of the Commission shall be subject to the provisions of § 60.2-500. Any appeal perfected pursuant to the 38 provisions of this section shall not address any issue involving the merits or conditions of a claimant's 39 separation from employment. 40

C. No "benefit charges" shall be deemed the responsibility of an employer of:

1. An individual whose separation from the work of such employer arose as a result of a violation of 41 the law by such individual, which violation led to confinement in any jail or prison; 42

43 2. An individual who voluntarily left employment in order to accept other employment, genuinely 44 believing such employment to be permanent;

3. An individual with respect to any weeks in which benefits are claimed and received after such 45 date as that individual refused to accept an offer of rehire by the employer because such individual was 46 in training with approval of the Commission pursuant to § 60.2-613; 47

**48** 4. An individual who voluntarily left employment to enter training approved under § 236 of the 49 Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. § 2296 et seq.);

50 5. An individual hired to replace a member of the Reserve of the United States Armed Forces or the 51 National Guard called into active duty in connection with an international conflict and whose employment is terminated concurrent with and because of that member's return from active duty; 52

53 6. An individual who left employment voluntarily with good cause due to a personal bona fide 54 medical reason caused by a non-job-related injury or medical condition;

7. An individual participating as an inmate in (i) state or local work release programs pursuant to 55 56 § 53.1-60 or 53.1-131; (ii) community residential programs pursuant to §§ 53.1-177, 53.1-178, and HB2115

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57 53.1-179; or (iii) any similar work release program, whose separation from work arose from conditions 58 of release or parole from such program;

59 8. An individual who was unable to work at his regular employment due to a disaster for which the 60 Governor, by executive order, has declared a state of emergency, if such disaster forced the closure of 61 the employer's business. In no case shall more than four weeks of benefit charges be waived; or

62 9. An individual who leaves employment to accompany his spouse to the location of the spouse's 63 new duty assignment if (i) the spouse is on active duty in the military or naval services of the United States; (ii) the spouse's relocation to a new military-related assignment is pursuant to a permanent 64 change of station order; (iii) the location of the spouse's new duty assignment is not readily accessible 65 from the individual's place of employment; and (iv) the spouse's new duty assignment is located in a 66 state that, pursuant to statute, does not deem a person accompanying a military spouse as a person 67 leaving work voluntarily without good cause; or 68

10. An individual who has received any overpayment of benefits that the Commission waived the 69 70 requirement to repay pursuant to subsection A of § 60.2-633. 71

§ 60.2-619. Determinations and decisions by deputy; appeals therefrom.

72 A. 1. A representative designated by the Commission as a deputy, shall promptly examine the claim. 73 On the basis of the facts found by him, the deputy shall either:

74 a. Determine whether or not such claim is valid, and if valid, the week with respect to which 75 benefits shall commence, the weekly benefit amount payable and the maximum duration thereof; or

76 b. Refer such claim or any question involved therein to any appeal tribunal or to the Commission, which tribunal or Commission shall make its determination in accordance with the procedure described 77 78 in § 60.2-620.

79 2. When the payment or denial of benefits will be determined by the provisions of subdivision A 2 80 of § 60.2-612, the deputy shall promptly transmit his full finding of fact with respect to that subdivision 81 to any appeal tribunal, which shall make its determination in accordance with the procedure described in 82 § 60.2-620.

83 B. Upon the filing of an initial claim for benefits, the Commission shall cause an informatory notice 84 of such filing to be mailed to the most recent 30-day or 240-hour employing unit of the claimant and all subsequent employing units, and any reimbursable employing units that may be liable for reimbursement 85 86 to the Commission for any benefits paid. However, the failure to furnish such notice shall not have any 87 effect upon the claim for benefits. If a claimant has had a determination of initial eligibility for benefits 88 under this chapter, as evidenced by the issuance of compensation or waiting-week credit, payments shall 89 continue, subject to a presumption of continued eligibility and in accordance with the terms of this subsection, until a determination is made that provides the claimant notice and an opportunity to be heard. When a question concerning continued eligibility for benefits arises, a determination shall be 90 91 made as to whether it affects future weeks of benefits or only past weeks. With respect to future weeks, presumptive payment shall not be made until but no later than the end of the week following the week 92 93 94 in which such issue arises, regardless of the type of issue. With respect to past weeks, presumptive payment shall be issued immediately, regardless of the type of issue. Notice shall be given to individuals 95 96 who receive payments under such presumption that pending eligibility may affect their entitlement to the 97 payment and may result in an overpayment that requires repayment.

98 C. Notice of determination upon a claim shall be promptly given to the claimant by delivering or by 99 mailing such notice to the claimant's last known address. In addition, notice of any determination that 100 involves the application of the provisions of § 60.2-618, together with the reasons therefor, shall be promptly given in the same manner to the most recent 30-day or 240-hour employing unit by whom the 101 claimant was last employed and any subsequent employing unit which is a party. The Commission may 102 dispense with the giving of notice of any determination to any employing unit, and such employing unit 103 shall not be entitled to such notice if it has failed to respond timely or adequately to a written request of the Commission for information, as required by § 60.2-528.1, from which the deputy may have 104 105 106 determined that the claimant may be ineligible or disqualified under any provision of this title. The deputy shall promptly notify the claimant of any decision made by him at any time which in any 107 108 manner denies benefits to the claimant for one or more weeks.

109 D. Such determination or decision shall be final unless the claimant or any such employing unit files 110 an appeal from such determination or decision (i) within 30 calendar days after the delivery of such 111 notification, (ii) within 30 calendar days after such notification was mailed to his last known address, or (iii) within 30 days after such notification was mailed to the last known address of an interstate 112 113 claimant. For good cause shown, the 30-day period may be extended. A claim that the Commission has 114 determined to be invalid because of monetary ineligibility shall first be subject to review only upon a request for redetermination pursuant to § 60.2-629. The Commission shall issue a new monetary determination as a result of such review, and such monetary determination shall become final unless 115 116 appealed by the claimant within 30 days of the date of mailing. The Commission shall clearly set out 117 the process for requesting a redetermination and the process for filing an appeal on each monetary 118

determination issued. Monetary ineligibility does not include an appeal on the effective date of the claim, unless the claimant has requested and received a redetermination of the monetary determination
pursuant to § 60.2-629.

122 E. Benefits shall be paid promptly in accordance with a determination or redetermination under this 123 chapter, or decision of an appeal tribunal, the Commission, the Board of Review or a reviewing court 124 under §§ 60.2-625 and 60.2-631 upon the issuance of such determination, redetermination or decision, 125 regardless of the pendency of the period to file an appeal or petition for judicial review that is provided 126 in this chapter, or the pendency of any such appeal or review. Such benefits shall be paid unless or until 127 such determination, redetermination or decision has been modified or reversed by a subsequent 128 redetermination or decision, in which event benefits shall be paid or denied for weeks of unemployment 129 thereafter in accordance with such modifying or reversing redetermination or decision. If a decision of 130 an appeal tribunal allowing benefits is affirmed in any amount by the Commission, benefits shall 131 continue to be paid until such time as a court decision has become final so that no further appeal can be 132 taken. If an appeal is taken from the Commission's decision, benefits paid shall result in a benefit charge 133 to the account of the employer under § 60.2-530 only when, and as of the date on which, as the result of an appeal, the courts finally determine that the Commission should have awarded benefits to the 134 135 claimant or claimants involved in such appeal.

## 136 § 60.2-633. Receiving benefits to which not entitled.

137 A. Any person who has received any sum as benefits under this title to which he was not entitled 138 shall be liable to repay such sum to the Commission. For purposes of this section, "benefits under this 139 title" includes benefits under an unemployment benefit program of the United States or of any other 140 state. In the event the claimant does not refund the overpayment, the Commission shall deduct from any 141 future benefits such sum payable to him under this title. The Commission shall waive the requirement to 142 repay the overpayment after an individual case review if (i) the overpayment was made without fault on 143 the part of the individual and (ii) requiring repayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience. 144 Subject to the requirements of this section, the Commission may grant a waiver of the obligation to 145 repay an overpayment to an individual who has a pending appeal with the Commission.

**146** For the purposes of this section:

147 1. An overpayment made "without fault on the part of the individual" shall include overpayments that 148 (i) result from administrative error; (ii) are the result of inducement, solicitation, or coercion on the 149 part of the employer; or (iii) result from the employer's failure to respond timely or adequately to the Commission's request for information, as required by § 60.2-528.1. An overpayment shall not be 150 considered "without fault on the part of the individual" if such overpayment was the result of (a) a 151 152 reversal in the appeals process, unless the employer failed to respond timely or adequately to the 153 Commission's request for information regarding the individual's separation from employment; (b) a 154 programming, technological, or automatic system error not directly associated with an individual claim 155 that results in erroneous payments to a group of individuals; or (c) fraud.

156 2. It shall be contrary to equity and good conscience if requiring repayment of an overpayment
157 would deprive the individual of the income required to provide for basic necessities, including shelter,
158 food, medicine, child care, or any other essential living expense.

159 However, if an overpayment of benefits under this chapter, but not under an unemployment benefit 160 program of the United States or of any other state, occurred due to administrative error, B. For any 161 overpayment where repayment is not forgiven, the Commission shall have the authority to negotiate the 162 terms of repayment, which shall include (i) deducting up to 50 percent of the payable amount for any 163 future week of benefits claimed, rounded down to the next lowest dollar until the overpayment is satisfied; (ii) forgoing collection of the payable amount until the recipient has found employment as 164 165 defined in § 60.2-212; or (iii) determining and instituting an individualized repayment plan. The Commission shall collect an overpayment of benefits under this chapter caused by administrative error 166 only by offset against future benefits or a negotiated repayment plan; however, the Commission may 167 institute any other method of collection if the individual fails to enter into or comply with the terms of 168 169 the repayment plan. Administrative error shall not include decisions reversed in the appeals process. In 170 addition, the overpayment

171 Overpayments where the obligation to repay has not been waived may be collectible by civil action 172 in the name of the Commission. Amounts collected in this manner may be subject to an interest charge 173 as prescribed in § 58.1-15 from the date of judgment and may be subject to fees and costs. Collection 174 activities for any benefit overpayment established of five dollars \$5 or less may be suspended. The 175 Commission may, for good cause, determine as uncollectible and discharge from its records any benefit overpayment which remains unpaid after the expiration of seven years from the date such overpayment 176 177 was determined, or immediately upon the death of such person or upon his discharge in bankruptcy 178 occurring subsequently to the determination of overpayment. Any existing overpayment balance not 179 equal to an even dollar amount shall be rounded to the next lowest even dollar amount.

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B. C. The Commission is authorized to accept repayment of benefit overpayments by use of a credit
 card. The Virginia Employment Commission shall add to such payment a service charge for the
 acceptance of such card. Such service charge shall not exceed the percentage charged to the Virginia
 Employment Commission for use of such card.

D. No determination with respect to benefit overpayments shall be issued until after a determination
 or decision that finds a claimant ineligible or disqualified for benefits previously paid has become final.

186 E. The Commission shall notify each individual with an unpaid overpayment of benefits established for claim weeks commencing on or after March 15, 2020, under this chapter or any unemployment 187 benefit program of the United States or any other state, that such individual may be entitled to a waiver 188 189 of the obligation to repay such overpayment and shall provide 30 days from the date of such 190 notification for the individual to request a waiver of repayment. For good cause shown, the Commission may extend the 30-day period for requesting a waiver. The Commission shall conduct an individualized 191 review and adjudicate any request received in accordance with the provisions of § 60.2-619, and any 192 193 individual who is denied a waiver shall have the right to appeal the Commission's decision as provided in subsection D of § 60.2-619. In ruling on any waiver request, the Commission shall apply the 194 195 provisions of this chapter or, if applicable, the overpayment waiver provisions of any unemployment compensation program of the United States. 196

197 C. F. Final orders of the Commission with respect to benefit overpayments may be recorded,
198 enforced and satisfied as orders or decrees of a circuit court upon certification of such orders by the
199 Commissioner as may be appropriate.

*G. All costs that result from implementing the provisions of this section shall be incurred by federal administrative grants, where permitted, and any remaining costs shall be incurred by the general fund. For an overpayment waived pursuant to this section, no individual employer shall be responsible for (i) reimbursing benefits or (ii) benefits charges, except as provided in § 60.2-528.1.*

204 2. That notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the Virginia Employment Commission may

205 suspend or forgo referring any unpaid overpayment of benefits established since March 15, 2020,

206 to the collections process established under § 2.2-4806 of the Code of Virginia.