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HOUSE BILL NO. 2111

Offered January 11, 2023 Prefiled January 10, 2023

- 4 5 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 22.1-253.13:1, 22.1-253.13:2, and 22.1-253.13:5, as they are currently effective and as they shall become effective, 22.1-274, 22.1-274.01:1, 22.1-294, 22.1-299.7:1, and 6 22.1-303 of the Code of Virginia and to repeal § 22.1-305.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the 7 Standards of Quality; work-based learning; teacher leaders and mentors; principal mentors; certain 8 personnel positions and initiatives. Q
 - Patrons-Bourne, Adams, D.M., Carr, Clark, Guzman, Helmer, Hudson, Jenkins, Kory, Maldonado, Price, Rasoul, Seibold, Shin, Simon and Simonds; Senator: McClellan

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- Referred to Committee on Education
- 13 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
- 1. That §§ 22.1-253.13:1, 22.1-253.13:2, and 22.1-253.13:5, as they are currently effective and as 14
- they shall become effective, 22.1-274, 22.1-274.01:1, 22.1-294, 22.1-299.7:1, and 22.1-303 of the 15
- Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 16
- § 22.1-253.13:1. (For Expiration Date, see 2022 Acts, cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 1. 17 Instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning and other educational objectives. 18
- 19 A. The General Assembly and the Board of Education believe that the fundamental goal of the 20 public schools of the Commonwealth must be to enable each student to develop the skills that are 21 necessary for success in school, preparation for life, and reaching their full potential. The General 22 Assembly and the Board of Education find that the quality of education is dependent upon the provision 23 of (i) the appropriate working environment, benefits, and salaries necessary to ensure the availability of 24 high-quality instructional personnel; (ii) the appropriate learning environment designed to promote student achievement; (iii) quality instruction that enables each student to become a productive and 25 26 educated citizen of Virginia and the United States of America; and (iv) the adequate commitment of 27 other resources. In keeping with this goal, the General Assembly shall provide for the support of public 28 education as set forth in Article VIII, Section 1 of the Constitution of Virginia.
- 29 B. The Board of Education shall establish educational objectives known as the Standards of 30 Learning, which shall form the core of Virginia's educational program, and other educational objectives, which together are designed to ensure the development of the skills that are necessary for success in 31 32 school and for preparation for life in the years beyond. At a minimum, the Board shall establish 33 Standards of Learning for English, mathematics, science, and history and social science. The Standards of Learning shall not be construed to be regulations as defined in § 2.2-4001. 34
- 35 The Board shall seek to ensure that the Standards of Learning are consistent with a high-quality 36 foundation educational program. The Standards of Learning shall include, but not be limited to, the basic 37 skills of communication (listening, speaking, reading, and writing); computation and critical reasoning, 38 including problem solving and decision making; proficiency in the use of computers and related technology; computer science and computational thinking, including computer coding; and the skills to 39 40 manage personal finances and to make sound financial decisions.
- 41 The English Standards of Learning for reading in kindergarten through grade three shall be based on components of effective reading instruction, to include, at a minimum, phonemic awareness, systematic 42 43 phonics, fluency, vocabulary development, and text comprehension.
- 44 The Standards of Learning in all subject areas shall be subject to regular review and revision to 45 maintain rigor and to reflect a balance between content knowledge and the application of knowledge in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning. The Board of Education shall establish a 46 regular schedule, in a manner it deems appropriate, for the review, and revision as may be necessary, of 47 48 the Standards of Learning in all subject areas. Such review of each subject area shall occur at least once 49 every seven years. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Board from conducting such 50 review and revision on a more frequent basis.
- 51 To provide appropriate opportunity for input from the general public, teachers, and local school 52 boards, the Board of Education shall conduct public hearings prior to establishing revised Standards of Learning. Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall give notice of the date, time, 53 and place of the hearings to all local school boards and any other persons requesting to be notified of 54 the hearings and publish notice of its intention to revise the Standards of Learning in the Virginia 55 Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be given reasonable opportunity to be heard and present 56 information prior to final adoption of any revisions of the Standards of Learning. 57

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In addition, the Department of Education shall make available and maintain a website, either separately or through an existing website utilized by the Department of Education, enabling public elementary, middle, and high school educators to submit recommendations for improvements relating to the Standards of Learning, when under review by the Board according to its established schedule, and related assessments required by the Standards of Quality pursuant to this chapter. Such website shall facilitate the submission of recommendations by educators.

64 School boards shall implement the Standards of Learning or objectives specifically designed for their
65 school divisions that are equivalent to or exceed the Board's requirements. Students shall be expected to
66 achieve the educational objectives established by the school division at appropriate age or grade levels.
67 The curriculum adopted by the local school division shall be aligned to the Standards of Learning.

68 The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for history and social science the
69 study of contributions to society of diverse people. For the purposes of this subsection, "diverse"
70 includes consideration of disability, ethnicity, race, and gender.

The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for health instruction in 71 72 emergency first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and the use of an automated external defibrillator, 73 including hands-on practice of the skills necessary to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Such 74 instruction shall be based on the current national evidence-based emergency cardiovascular care guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrillator, such as a 75 76 program developed by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross. No teacher who is 77 in compliance with subdivision D 3 of § 22.1-298.1 shall be required to be certified as a trainer of 78 cardiopulmonary resuscitation to provide instruction for non-certification.

With such funds as are made available for this purpose, the Board shall regularly review and revise
the competencies for career and technical education programs to require the full integration of English,
mathematics, science, and history and social science Standards of Learning. Career and technical
education programs shall be aligned with industry and professional standard certifications, where they
exist.

84 The Board shall establish content standards and curriculum guidelines for courses in career 85 investigation in elementary school, middle school, and high school. Each school board shall (i) require 86 each middle school student to take at least one course in career investigation or (ii) select an alternate 87 means of delivering the career investigation course to each middle school student, provided that such 88 alternative is equivalent in content and rigor and provides the foundation for such students to develop 89 their academic and career plans. Any school board may require (a) such courses in career investigation 90 at the high school level as it deems appropriate, subject to Board approval as required in subsection A 91 of § 22.1-253.13:4, and (b) such courses in career investigation at the elementary school level as it 92 deems appropriate. The Board shall develop and disseminate to each school board career investigation 93 resource materials that are designed to ensure that students have the ability to further explore interest in 94 career and technical education opportunities in middle and high school. In developing such resource 95 materials, the Board shall consult with representatives of career and technical education, industry, skilled 96 trade associations, chambers of commerce or similar organizations, and contractor organizations.

97 C. Local school boards shall develop and implement a program of instruction for grades K through 98 12 that is aligned to the Standards of Learning and meets or exceeds the requirements of the Board of 99 Education. The program of instruction shall emphasize reading, writing, speaking, mathematical concepts 100 and computations, proficiency in the use of computers and related technology, computer science and computational thinking, including computer coding, and scientific concepts and processes; essential skills 101 and concepts of citizenship, including knowledge of Virginia history and world and United States 102 history, economics, government, foreign languages, international cultures, health and physical education, 103 environmental issues, and geography necessary for responsible participation in American society and in 104 the international community; fine arts, which may include, but need not be limited to, music and art, 105 106 and practical arts; knowledge and skills needed to qualify for further education, gainful employment, or 107 training in a career or technical field; and development of the ability to apply such skills and knowledge 108 in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning and to achieve economic self-sufficiency.

109 Local school boards shall also develop and implement programs of prevention, intervention, or 110 remediation for students who are educationally at risk including, but not limited to, those who fail to 111 achieve a passing score on any Standards of Learning assessment in grades three through eight or who 112 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs shall include 113 components that are research-based.

114 Any student who achieves a passing score on one or more, but not all, of the Standards of Learning 115 assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight may be required to attend a 116 remediation program.

117 Any student who fails to achieve a passing score on all of the Standards of Learning assessments for 118 the relevant grade level in grades three through eight or who fails an end-of-course test required for the 119 award of a verified unit of credit shall be required to attend a remediation program or to participate in

120 another form of remediation. Division superintendents shall require such students to take special 121 programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation, which may include attendance in public summer 122 school programs, in accordance with clause (ii) of subsection A of § 22.1-254 and § 22.1-254.01.

123 Remediation programs shall include, when applicable, a procedure for early identification of students 124 who are at risk of failing the Standards of Learning assessments in grades three through eight or who 125 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs may also 126 include summer school for all elementary and middle school grades and for all high school academic 127 courses, as defined by regulations promulgated by the Board of Education, or other forms of 128 remediation. Summer school remediation programs or other forms of remediation shall be chosen by the division superintendent to be appropriate to the academic needs of the student. Students who are 129 130 required to attend such summer school programs or to participate in another form of remediation shall 131 not be charged tuition by the school division.

132 The requirement for remediation may, however, be satisfied by the student's attendance in a program 133 of prevention, intervention or remediation that has been selected by his parent, in consultation with the 134 division superintendent or his designee, and is either (i) conducted by an accredited private school or (ii) 135 a special program that has been determined to be comparable to the required public school remediation 136 program by the division superintendent. The costs of such private school remediation program or other 137 special remediation program shall be borne by the student's parent.

138 The Board of Education shall establish standards for full funding of summer remedial programs that 139 shall include, but not be limited to, the minimum number of instructional hours or the equivalent thereof 140 required for full funding and an assessment system designed to evaluate program effectiveness. Based on the number of students attending and the Commonwealth's share of the per pupil instructional costs, 141 142 state funds shall be provided for the full cost of summer and other remediation programs as set forth in 143 the appropriation act, provided such programs comply with such standards as shall be established by the 144 Board, pursuant to § 22.1-199.2.

145 D. Local school boards shall also implement the following:

146 1. Programs in grades K through three that emphasize developmentally appropriate learning to 147 enhance success.

148 2. Programs based on prevention, intervention, or remediation designed to increase the number of 149 students who earn a high school diploma and to prevent students from dropping out of school. Such 150 programs shall include components that are research-based.

151 3. Career and technical education programs incorporated into the K through 12 curricula that include: 152 a. Knowledge of careers and all types of employment opportunities, including, but not limited to, 153 apprenticeships, entrepreneurship and small business ownership, the military, and the teaching 154 profession, and emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills; 155

b. Career exploration opportunities in the middle school grades;

156 c. Competency-based career and technical education programs that integrate academic outcomes, 157 career guidance, and job-seeking skills for all secondary students. Programs shall be based upon labor 158 market needs and student interest. Career guidance shall include counseling about available employment 159 opportunities and placement services for students exiting school. Each school board shall develop and 160 implement a plan to ensure compliance with the provisions of this subdivision. Such plan shall be developed with the input of area business and industry representatives and local comprehensive 161 162 community colleges and shall be submitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction in accordance 163 with the timelines established by federal law;

d. Annual notice on its website to enrolled high school students and their parents of (i) the 164 availability of the postsecondary education and employment data published by the State Council of 165 166 Higher Education on its website pursuant to § 23.1-204.1 and (ii) the opportunity for such students to 167 obtain a nationally recognized career readiness certificate at a local public high school, comprehensive 168 community college, or workforce center; and

e. As part of each student's academic and career plan, a list of (i) the top 100 professions in the 169 170 Commonwealth by median pay and the education, training, and skills required for each such profession 171 and (ii) the top 10 degree programs at institutions of higher education in the Commonwealth by median 172 pay of program graduates. The Department of Education shall annually compile such lists and provide 173 them to each local school board.

174 4. Educational objectives in middle and high school that emphasize economic education and financial 175 literacy pursuant to § 22.1-200.03.

176 5. Early identification of students with disabilities and enrollment of such students in appropriate 177 instructional programs consistent with state and federal law.

178 6. Early identification of gifted students and enrollment of such students in appropriately 179 differentiated instructional programs.

180 7. Educational alternatives for students whose needs are not met in programs prescribed elsewhere in 181 these standards. Such students shall be counted in average daily membership (ADM) in accordance with 182 the regulations of the Board of Education.

183 8. Adult education programs for individuals functioning below the high school completion level. 184 Such programs may be conducted by the school board as the primary agency or through a collaborative 185 arrangement between the school board and other agencies.

186 9. A plan to make achievements for students who are educationally at risk a divisionwide priority 187 that shall include procedures for measuring the progress of such students.

10. An agreement for postsecondary degree attainment with a comprehensive community college in 188 189 the Commonwealth specifying the options for students to complete an associate degree or a one-year 190 Uniform Certificate of General Studies from a comprehensive community college concurrent with a high school diploma. Such agreement shall specify the credit available for dual enrollment courses and 191 Advanced Placement courses with qualifying exam scores of three or higher. 192

193 11. A plan to notify students and their parents of the availability of dual enrollment and advanced 194 placement classes; career and technical education programs, including internships, externships, apprenticeships, credentialing programs, certification programs, licensure programs, and other work-based 195 learning experiences; the International Baccalaureate Program and Academic Year Governor's School 196 197 Programs; the qualifications for enrolling in such classes, programs, and experiences; and the availability of financial assistance to low-income and needy students to take the advanced placement and 198 199 International Baccalaureate examinations. This plan shall include notification to students and parents of 200 the agreement with a comprehensive community college in the Commonwealth to enable students to complete an associate degree or a one-year Uniform Certificate of General Studies concurrent with a 201 202 high school diploma.

203 12. Identification of students with limited English proficiency and enrollment of such students in 204 appropriate instructional programs, which programs may include dual language programs whereby such 205 students receive instruction in English and in a second language.

13. Early identification, diagnosis, and assistance for students with reading and mathematics problems 206 and provision of instructional strategies and reading and mathematics practices that benefit the 207 208 development of reading and mathematics skills for all students.

209 Local school divisions shall provide reading intervention services to students in kindergarten through grade three who demonstrate deficiencies based on their individual performance on the Standards of 210 211 Learning reading test or any reading diagnostic test that meets criteria established by the Department of 212 Education. Local school divisions shall report the results of the diagnostic tests to the Department of 213 Education on an annual basis, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. 214 Such reading intervention services shall be evidence-based, including services that are grounded in the science of reading, and include (i) the components of effective reading instruction and (ii) explicit, 215 216 systematic, sequential, and cumulative instruction, to include phonemic awareness, systematic phonics, 217 fluency, vocabulary development, and text comprehension as appropriate based on the student's demonstrated reading deficiencies. The parent of each student who receives such reading intervention 218 219 services shall be notified before the services begin in accordance with the provisions of § 22.1-215.2, 220 and the progress of each such student shall be monitored throughout the provision of services. Each 221 student who receives such reading intervention services shall be assessed again at the end of that school year. The local school division, in its discretion, shall provide such reading intervention services prior to 222 223 promoting a student from grade three to grade four. Such reading intervention services may be 224 administered through the use of reading specialists; trained aides; trained volunteers under the 225 supervision of a certified teacher; computer-based reading tutorial programs; aides to instruct in-class 226 groups while the teacher provides direct instruction to the students who need extra assistance; and 227 extended instructional time in the school day or school year for these students. Funds appropriated for 228 prevention, intervention, and remediation; summer school remediation; at-risk; or early intervention 229 reading may be used to meet the requirements of this subdivision.

230 Local school divisions shall provide algebra readiness intervention services to students in grades six 231 through nine who are at risk of failing the Algebra I end-of-course test, as demonstrated by their 232 individual performance on any diagnostic test that has been approved by the Department of Education. 233 Local school divisions shall report the results of the diagnostic tests to the Department of Education on 234 an annual basis, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Each student 235 who receives algebra readiness intervention services will be assessed again at the end of that school 236 year. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and remediation; summer school remediation; 237 at-risk; or algebra readiness intervention services may be used to meet the requirements of this 238 subdivision. 239

As used in this subdivision:

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240 "Science of reading" means the study of the relationship between cognitive science and educational 241 outcomes.

14. Incorporation of art, music, and physical education as a part of the instructional program at the

243 elementary school level.

244 15. A program of physical activity available to all students in grades kindergarten through five 245 consisting of at least 20 minutes per day or an average of 100 minutes per week during the regular school year and available to all students in grades six through 12 with a goal of at least 150 minutes per 246 247 week on average during the regular school year. Such program may include any combination of (i) 248 physical education classes, (ii) extracurricular athletics, (iii) recess, or (iv) other programs and physical 249 activities deemed appropriate by the local school board. Each local school board shall implement such 250 program during the regular school year. Any physical education class offered to students in grades seven 251 and eight shall include at least one hour of personal safety training per school year in each such grade 252 level that is developed and delivered in partnership with the local law-enforcement agency and consists 253 of situation safety awareness training and social media education.

16. A program of student services for kindergarten through grade 12 that shall be designed to aid students in their educational, social, and career development.

17. The collection and analysis of data and the use of the results to evaluate and make decisionsabout the instructional program.

18. A program of instruction in the high school Virginia and U.S. Government course on all information and concepts contained in the civics portion of the U.S. Naturalization Test.

260 E. From such funds as may be appropriated or otherwise received for such purpose, there shall be 261 established within the Department of Education a unit to (i) conduct evaluative studies; (ii) provide the 262 resources and technical assistance to increase the capacity for school divisions to deliver quality 263 instruction; and (iii) assist school divisions in implementing those programs and practices that will 264 enhance pupil academic performance and improve family and community involvement in the public 265 schools. Such unit shall identify and analyze effective instructional programs and practices and 266 professional development initiatives; evaluate the success of programs encouraging parental and family involvement; assess changes in student outcomes prompted by family involvement; and collect and 267 268 disseminate among school divisions information regarding effective instructional programs and practices, 269 initiatives promoting family and community involvement, and potential funding and support sources. 270 Such unit may also provide resources supporting professional development for administrators and 271 teachers. In providing such information, resources, and other services to school divisions, the unit shall 272 give priority to those divisions demonstrating a less than 70 percent passing rate on the Standards of 273 Learning assessments.

274 F. Each local school board may enter into agreements for postsecondary course credit, credential, 275 certification, or license attainment, hereinafter referred to as College and Career Access Pathways 276 Partnerships (Partnerships), with comprehensive community colleges or other public institutions of higher 277 education or educational institutions established pursuant to Title 23.1 that offer a career and technical 278 education curriculum. Such Partnerships shall (i) specify the options for students to take courses as part 279 of the career and technical education curriculum that lead to course credit or an industry-recognized 280 credential, certification, or license concurrent with a high school diploma; (ii) specify the credit, 281 credentials, certifications, or licenses available for such courses; and (iii) specify available options for 282 students to participate in pre-apprenticeship and apprenticeship programs at comprehensive community 283 colleges concurrent with the pursuit of a high school diploma and receive college credit and high school 284 credit for successful completion of any such program.

G. There shall be established within the Department a unit to facilitate the development of
relationships between school divisions and business communities to ensure that all high school students
have access to meaningful work-based learning experiences such as internships, externships, and other
work-based learning experiences. Such unit shall (i) provide technical assistance and professional
development to school divisions and businesses to implement work-based learning programs and (ii)
catalog and promote successful models and best practices for work-based learning.

§ 22.1-253.13:1. (For Effective Date, see 2022 Acts, cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 1. Instructional
 programs supporting the Standards of Learning and other educational objectives.

293 A. The General Assembly and the Board of Education believe that the fundamental goal of the 294 public schools of the Commonwealth must be to enable each student to develop the skills that are 295 necessary for success in school, preparation for life, and reaching their full potential. The General 296 Assembly and the Board of Education find that the quality of education is dependent upon the provision 297 of (i) the appropriate working environment, benefits, and salaries necessary to ensure the availability of 298 high-quality instructional personnel; (ii) the appropriate learning environment designed to promote 299 student achievement; (iii) quality instruction that enables each student to become a productive and 300 educated citizen of Virginia and the United States of America; and (iv) the adequate commitment of 301 other resources. In keeping with this goal, the General Assembly shall provide for the support of public education as set forth in Article VIII, Section 1 of the Constitution of Virginia. 302

303 B. The Board of Education shall establish educational objectives known as the Standards of

Learning, which shall form the core of Virginia's educational program, and other educational objectives,
which together are designed to ensure the development of the skills that are necessary for success in
school and for preparation for life in the years beyond. At a minimum, the Board shall establish
Standards of Learning for English, mathematics, science, and history and social science. The Standards
of Learning shall not be construed to be regulations as defined in § 2.2-4001.

The Board shall seek to ensure that the Standards of Learning are consistent with a high-quality foundation educational program. The Standards of Learning shall include, but not be limited to, the basic skills of communication (listening, speaking, reading, and writing); computation and critical reasoning, including problem solving and decision making; proficiency in the use of computers and related technology; computer science and computational thinking, including computer coding; and the skills to manage personal finances and to make sound financial decisions.

The English Standards of Learning for reading in kindergarten through grade three shall be based on
 components of effective reading instruction, to include, at a minimum, phonemic awareness, systematic
 phonics, fluency, vocabulary development, and text comprehension.

The Standards of Learning in all subject areas shall be subject to regular review and revision to maintain rigor and to reflect a balance between content knowledge and the application of knowledge in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning. The Board of Education shall establish a regular schedule, in a manner it deems appropriate, for the review, and revision as may be necessary, of the Standards of Learning in all subject areas. Such review of each subject area shall occur at least once every seven years. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Board from conducting such review and revision on a more frequent basis.

To provide appropriate opportunity for input from the general public, teachers, and local school boards, the Board of Education shall conduct public hearings prior to establishing revised Standards of Learning. Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall give notice of the date, time, and place of the hearings to all local school boards and any other persons requesting to be notified of the hearings and publish notice of its intention to revise the Standards of Learning in the Virginia Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be given reasonable opportunity to be heard and present information prior to final adoption of any revisions of the Standards of Learning.

In addition, the Department of Education shall make available and maintain a website, either separately or through an existing website utilized by the Department of Education, enabling public elementary, middle, and high school educators to submit recommendations for improvements relating to the Standards of Learning, when under review by the Board according to its established schedule, and related assessments required by the Standards of Quality pursuant to this chapter. Such website shall facilitate the submission of recommendations by educators.

338 School boards shall implement the Standards of Learning or objectives specifically designed for their
339 school divisions that are equivalent to or exceed the Board's requirements. Students shall be expected to
340 achieve the educational objectives established by the school division at appropriate age or grade levels.
341 The curriculum adopted by the local school division shall be aligned to the Standards of Learning.

The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for history and social science the
study of contributions to society of diverse people. For the purposes of this subsection, "diverse"
includes consideration of disability, ethnicity, race, and gender.

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With such funds as are made available for this purpose, the Board shall regularly review and revise
the competencies for career and technical education programs to require the full integration of English,
mathematics, science, and history and social science Standards of Learning. Career and technical
education programs shall be aligned with industry and professional standard certifications, where they
exist.

358 The Board shall establish content standards and curriculum guidelines for courses in career 359 investigation in elementary school, middle school, and high school. Each school board shall (i) require 360 each middle school student to take at least one course in career investigation or (ii) select an alternate 361 means of delivering the career investigation course to each middle school student, provided that such alternative is equivalent in content and rigor and provides the foundation for such students to develop 362 their academic and career plans. Any school board may require (a) such courses in career investigation 363 at the high school level as it deems appropriate, subject to Board approval as required in subsection A 364 of § 22.1-253.13:4, and (b) such courses in career investigation at the elementary school level as it 365

deems appropriate. The Board shall develop and disseminate to each school board career investigation
 resource materials that are designed to ensure that students have the ability to further explore interest in
 career and technical education opportunities in middle and high school. In developing such resource
 materials, the Board shall consult with representatives of career and technical education, industry, skilled
 trade associations, chambers of commerce or similar organizations, and contractor organizations.

371 C. Local school boards shall develop and implement a program of instruction for grades K through 372 12 that is aligned to the Standards of Learning and meets or exceeds the requirements of the Board of 373 Education. The program of instruction shall emphasize reading, writing, speaking, mathematical concepts and computations, proficiency in the use of computers and related technology, computer science and 374 375 computational thinking, including computer coding, and scientific concepts and processes; essential skills and concepts of citizenship, including knowledge of Virginia history and world and United States 376 377 history, economics, government, foreign languages, international cultures, health and physical education, 378 environmental issues, and geography necessary for responsible participation in American society and in 379 the international community; fine arts, which may include, but need not be limited to, music and art, 380 and practical arts; knowledge and skills needed to qualify for further education, gainful employment, or 381 training in a career or technical field; and development of the ability to apply such skills and knowledge 382 in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning and to achieve economic self-sufficiency.

383 Local school boards shall also develop and implement programs of prevention, intervention, or
 384 remediation for students who are educationally at risk including, but not limited to, those who fail to
 385 achieve a passing score on any Standards of Learning assessment in grades three through eight or who
 386 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs shall include
 387 components that are research-based.

Any student who achieves a passing score on one or more, but not all, of the Standards of Learning
 assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight may be required to attend a
 remediation program.

Any student who fails to achieve a passing score on all of the Standards of Learning assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight or who fails an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit shall be required to attend a remediation program or to participate in another form of remediation. Division superintendents shall require such students to take special programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation, which may include attendance in public summer school programs, in accordance with clause (ii) of subsection A of § 22.1-254 and § 22.1-254.01.

397 Remediation programs shall include, when applicable, a procedure for early identification of students 398 who are at risk of failing the Standards of Learning assessments in grades three through eight or who 399 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs may also 400 include summer school for all elementary and middle school grades and for all high school academic 401 courses, as defined by regulations promulgated by the Board of Education, or other forms of 402 remediation. Summer school remediation programs or other forms of remediation shall be chosen by the 403 division superintendent to be appropriate to the academic needs of the student. Students who are 404 required to attend such summer school programs or to participate in another form of remediation shall 405 not be charged tuition by the school division.

The requirement for remediation may, however, be satisfied by the student's attendance in a program of prevention, intervention or remediation that has been selected by his parent, in consultation with the division superintendent or his designee, and is either (i) conducted by an accredited private school or (ii) a special program that has been determined to be comparable to the required public school remediation program by the division superintendent. The costs of such private school remediation program or other special remediation program shall be borne by the student's parent.

The Board of Education shall establish standards for full funding of summer remedial programs that shall include, but not be limited to, the minimum number of instructional hours or the equivalent thereof required for full funding and an assessment system designed to evaluate program effectiveness. Based on the number of students attending and the Commonwealth's share of the per pupil instructional costs, state funds shall be provided for the full cost of summer and other remediation programs as set forth in the appropriation act, provided such programs comply with such standards as shall be established by the Board, pursuant to § 22.1-199.2.

419 D. Local school boards shall also implement the following:

420 1. Programs in grades K through three that emphasize developmentally appropriate learning to 421 enhance success.

422 2. Programs based on prevention, intervention, or remediation designed to increase the number of
423 students who earn a high school diploma and to prevent students from dropping out of school. Such
424 programs shall include components that are research-based.

425 3. Career and technical education programs incorporated into the K through 12 curricula that include:426 a. Knowledge of careers and all types of employment opportunities, including, but not limited to,

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427 apprenticeships, entrepreneurship and small business ownership, the military, and the teaching 428 profession, and emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills; 429

b. Career exploration opportunities in the middle school grades;

430 c. Competency-based career and technical education programs that integrate academic outcomes, 431 career guidance, and job-seeking skills for all secondary students. Programs shall be based upon labor 432 market needs and student interest. Career guidance shall include counseling about available employment 433 opportunities and placement services for students exiting school. Each school board shall develop and 434 implement a plan to ensure compliance with the provisions of this subdivision. Such plan shall be developed with the input of area business and industry representatives and local comprehensive 435 community colleges and shall be submitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction in accordance 436 437 with the timelines established by federal law;

438 d. Annual notice on its website to enrolled high school students and their parents of (i) the 439 availability of the postsecondary education and employment data published by the State Council of Higher Education on its website pursuant to § 23.1-204.1 and (ii) the opportunity for such students to 440 441 obtain a nationally recognized career readiness certificate at a local public high school, comprehensive 442 community college, or workforce center; and

443 e. As part of each student's academic and career plan, a list of (i) the top 100 professions in the 444 Commonwealth by median pay and the education, training, and skills required for each such profession 445 and (ii) the top 10 degree programs at institutions of higher education in the Commonwealth by median 446 pay of program graduates. The Department of Education shall annually compile such lists and provide 447 them to each local school board.

448 4. Educational objectives in middle and high school that emphasize economic education and financial 449 literacy pursuant to § 22.1-200.03.

5. Early identification of students with disabilities and enrollment of such students in appropriate 450 451 instructional programs consistent with state and federal law.

452 6. Early identification of gifted students and enrollment of such students in appropriately 453 differentiated instructional programs.

454 7. Educational alternatives for students whose needs are not met in programs prescribed elsewhere in these standards. Such students shall be counted in average daily membership (ADM) in accordance with 455 456 the regulations of the Board of Education.

457 8. Adult education programs for individuals functioning below the high school completion level. Such programs may be conducted by the school board as the primary agency or through a collaborative 458 459 arrangement between the school board and other agencies.

460 9. A plan to make achievements for students who are educationally at risk a divisionwide priority that shall include procedures for measuring the progress of such students. 461

462 10. An agreement for postsecondary degree attainment with a comprehensive community college in 463 the Commonwealth specifying the options for students to complete an associate degree or a one-year 464 Uniform Certificate of General Studies from a comprehensive community college concurrent with a high school diploma. Such agreement shall specify the credit available for dual enrollment courses and 465 Advanced Placement courses with qualifying exam scores of three or higher. 466

11. A plan to notify students and their parents of the availability of dual enrollment and advanced 467 placement classes; career and technical education programs, including internships, externships, 468 469 apprenticeships, credentialing programs, certification programs, licensure programs, and other work-based learning experiences; the International Baccalaureate Program and Academic Year Governor's School 470 471 Programs; the qualifications for enrolling in such classes, programs, and experiences; and the availability of financial assistance to low-income and needy students to take the advanced placement and 472 International Baccalaureate examinations. This plan shall include notification to students and parents of 473 the agreement with a comprehensive community college in the Commonwealth to enable students to 474 475 complete an associate degree or a one-year Uniform Certificate of General Studies concurrent with a 476 high school diploma.

477 12. Identification of students with limited English proficiency and enrollment of such students in 478 appropriate instructional programs, which programs may include dual language programs whereby such 479 students receive instruction in English and in a second language.

13. Early identification, diagnosis, and assistance for students with mathematics problems and 480 481 provision of instructional strategies and mathematics practices that benefit the development of 482 mathematics skills for all students.

483 Local school divisions shall provide algebra readiness intervention services to students in grades six **484** through nine who are at risk of failing the Algebra I end-of-course test, as demonstrated by their 485 individual performance on any diagnostic test that has been approved by the Department of Education. Local school divisions shall report the results of the diagnostic tests to the Department of Education on 486 487 an annual basis, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Each student 488 who receives algebra readiness intervention services will be assessed again at the end of that school 489 year. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and remediation; summer school remediation;
490 at-risk; or algebra readiness intervention services may be used to meet the requirements of this
491 subdivision.

492 14. Incorporation of art, music, and physical education as a part of the instructional program at the493 elementary school level.

494 15. A program of physical activity available to all students in grades kindergarten through five 495 consisting of at least 20 minutes per day or an average of 100 minutes per week during the regular 496 school year and available to all students in grades six through 12 with a goal of at least 150 minutes per 497 week on average during the regular school year. Such program may include any combination of (i) 498 physical education classes, (ii) extracurricular athletics, (iii) recess, or (iv) other programs and physical 499 activities deemed appropriate by the local school board. Each local school board shall implement such 500 program during the regular school year. Any physical education class offered to students in grades seven and eight shall include at least one hour of personal safety training per school year in each such grade 501 502 level that is developed and delivered in partnership with the local law-enforcement agency and consists 503 of situational safety awareness training and social media education.

504 16. A program of student services for kindergarten through grade 12 that shall be designed to aid 505 students in their educational, social, and career development.

506 17. The collection and analysis of data and the use of the results to evaluate and make decisions 307 about the instructional program.

508 18. A program of instruction in the high school Virginia and U.S. Government course on all information and concepts contained in the civics portion of the U.S. Naturalization Test.

E. From such funds as may be appropriated or otherwise received for such purpose, there shall be 510 511 established within the Department of Education a unit to (i) conduct evaluative studies; (ii) provide the 512 resources and technical assistance to increase the capacity for school divisions to deliver quality 513 instruction; and (iii) assist school divisions in implementing those programs and practices that will enhance pupil academic performance and improve family and community involvement in the public 514 515 schools. Such unit shall identify and analyze effective instructional programs and practices and 516 professional development initiatives; evaluate the success of programs encouraging parental and family involvement; assess changes in student outcomes prompted by family involvement; and collect and 517 518 disseminate among school divisions information regarding effective instructional programs and practices, 519 initiatives promoting family and community involvement, and potential funding and support sources. 520 Such unit may also provide resources supporting professional development for administrators and 521 teachers. In providing such information, resources, and other services to school divisions, the unit shall 522 give priority to those divisions demonstrating a less than 70 percent passing rate on the Standards of 523 Learning assessments.

524 F. Each local school board may enter into agreements for postsecondary course credit, credential, 525 certification, or license attainment, hereinafter referred to as College and Career Access Pathways 526 Partnerships (Partnerships), with comprehensive community colleges or other public institutions of higher 527 education or educational institutions established pursuant to Title 23.1 that offer a career and technical 528 education curriculum. Such Partnerships shall (i) specify the options for students to take courses as part 529 of the career and technical education curriculum that lead to course credit or an industry-recognized 530 credential, certification, or license concurrent with a high school diploma; (ii) specify the credit, 531 credentials, certifications, or licenses available for such courses; and (iii) specify available options for 532 students to participate in pre-apprenticeship and apprenticeship programs at comprehensive community 533 colleges concurrent with the pursuit of a high school diploma and receive college credit and high school 534 credit for successful completion of any such program.

G. Each local school board shall provide a program of literacy instruction that is aligned with
science-based reading research and provides evidenced-based literacy instruction to students in
kindergarten through grade three and is consistent with the school board's literacy plan as required by
subsection B of § 22.1-253.13:6. Pursuant to such program:

539 1. Each local school board shall provide reading intervention services to students in kindergarten 540 through grade three who demonstrate substantial deficiencies based on their individual performance on 541 the Standards of Learning reading assessment or an early literacy screener provided or approved by the 542 Department. Such reading intervention services shall consist of evidence-based literacy instruction, align 543 with science-based reading research, and be documented for each student in a written student reading 544 plan, consistent with the requirements in subdivision 2 and the list developed by the Department 545 pursuant to subdivision H 2.

546 2. A reading specialist, in collaboration with the teacher of any student who receives reading
547 intervention services pursuant to subdivision 1, shall develop, oversee implementation of, and monitor
548 student progress on a student reading plan. The parent of each student who receives reading intervention
549 services pursuant to subdivision 1 shall receive notice of and have the opportunity to participate in the

572

550 development of the student reading plan. Each student reading plan (i) shall follow the Department 551 template created pursuant to subdivision H 3; (ii) shall document such reading intervention services; (iii) 552 shall include, at a minimum, (a) the student's specific, diagnosed reading skill deficiencies as determined 553 or identified by diagnostic assessment data or the early literacy screener provided or approved by the 554 Department; (b) the goals and benchmarks for student growth in reading; (c) a description of the specific 555 measures that will be used to evaluate and monitor the student's reading progress; (d) the specific 556 evidence-based literacy instruction that the student will receive; (e) the strategies, resources, and materials that will be provided to the student's parent to support the student to make reading progress; 557 558 and (f) any additional services the teacher deems available and appropriate to accelerate the student's 559 reading skill development; and (iv) may include the following services for the student: instruction from a reading specialist, trained aide, computer-based reading tutorial program, or classroom teacher with 560 support from an aide or extended instructional time in the school day or school year. In accordance with 561 562 § 22.1-215.2, the parent of each student shall receive notice before services begin and a copy of the 563 student reading plan.

564 3. Each student who receives such reading intervention services shall be assessed utilizing either the 565 early literacy screener provided or approved by the Department or the grade-level reading Standards of 566 Learning assessment again at the end of that school year.

4. The local school board shall provide such reading intervention services prior to promoting a 567 568 student from grade three to grade four.

569 5. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and remediation, summer school remediation, the at-risk add-on, or early intervention reading may be used to meet the requirements of this subsection. 570 571

H. In order to assist local school boards to implement the provisions of subsection G:

1. The Board shall provide guidance on the content of student reading plans;

573 2. The Department shall develop a list of core literacy curricula, supplemental instruction practices and programs, and intervention programs that consist of evidence-based literacy instruction aligned with 574 science-based reading research. The list shall be approved by the Board; 575

3. The Department shall develop a template for student reading plans that aligns with the 576 577 requirements of subsection G;

578 4. The Department shall develop and implement a plan for the annual collection and public reporting 579 of division-level and school-level literacy data, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent, to 580 include results on the early literacy screener provided or approved by the Department and the reading 581 Standards of Learning assessments; and

582 5. The Department shall provide free online evidence-based literacy instruction resources that can be 583 accessed by parents and local school boards to support student literacy development at home.

584 I. There shall be established within the Department a unit to facilitate the development of 585 relationships between school divisions and business communities to ensure that all high school students 586 have access to meaningful work-based learning experiences such as internships, externships, and other 587 work-based learning experiences. Such unit shall (i) provide technical assistance and professional development to school divisions and businesses to implement work-based learning programs and (ii) 588 589 catalog and promote successful models and best practices for work-based learning.

590 § 22.1-253.13:2. (For Expiration Date, see 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 2. Instructional, administrative, and support personnel. 591

592 A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, 593 and other professional personnel. 594

B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas.

595 C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces 596 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors or certain other 597 598 licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H I 4, and librarians, that are not greater than the 599 following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 students; if the average 600 daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class being larger than 30 601 602 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 35 students; and (iv) 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 30 of any school year, anytime 603 604 the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established by this subsection, the local 605 school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such fact no later than 10 days 606 after the date on which the class exceeded the class size limit. Such notification shall state the reason 607 that the class size exceeds the class size limit and describe the measures that the local school division 608 will take to reduce the class size to comply with this subsection.

Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher 609 610 ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities. 611

Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide
ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in
middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with
one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.

616 D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and
617 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional
618 personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation
619 act.

E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs
of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be
provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K
through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State
funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and
the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by
the local school boards.

627 To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may
628 employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services.
629 School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner
630 shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

F. 1. Each school board shall provide teacher leadership and teacher mentorship programs as
provided in subsection H of § 22.1-253.13:5. Each teacher leader shall support all teachers in the
school year through peer-level leadership, observation, consultation, and coordination of mentorship
programs and professional development. Each teacher mentor shall assist new teachers with a successful
transition into the teaching profession and ensure that adequate supports are in place for new teachers.

636 To support such programs and roles, each school board shall provide full-time equivalent teacher leader
637 and teacher mentor positions based upon the following ratios: (i) one position for every 15 teachers
638 with fewer than four years of experience, or fraction thereof, and (ii) one position for every 50 teachers

639 with four or more years of experience.

640 2. School boards are encouraged to fill such positions on a fractional basis shared among current
641 teachers to provide current teachers opportunities to serve as leaders and mentors while remaining in
642 active teaching roles. School boards shall not utilize teacher leader and teacher mentor positions to fill
643 teaching positions or to serve school administrator functions such as coordination of student discipline
644 or testing.

645 3. Instructional staff members who fill full-time equivalent teacher leader and teacher mentor
646 positions shall be provided a compensation adjustment of at least 20 percent of the state-recognized
647 statewide prevailing salary, as provided in the general appropriation act. Such compensation adjustment
648 shall be provided on a pro rata basis if the position is shared among several staff members.

649 4. Each teacher with fewer than four years of teaching experience shall be assigned a teacher
650 mentor for his first three years of teaching. Each such teacher shall be provided one hour of release
651 time from classroom instruction per week to collaborate with his teacher mentor.

652 G. 1. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the general 653 654 appropriation act, shall be provided to support (i) 18.5 full time equivalent instructional positions in the 655 2020-2021 school year for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency and (ii) 656 20 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter for each 1,000 657 students identified as having limited English proficiency, which divisionwide ratios of English language 658 learner students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, in addition to 659 those positions required pursuant to subsection C, as follows:

660 a. For each English language learner identified as proficiency level one, one position per 25 661 students;

662 b. For each English language learner identified as proficiency level two, one position per 30 663 students;

c. For each English language learner identified as proficiency level three, one position per 40 students; and

666 *d.* For all other English language learners, one position per 50 students. For the 2023-2024 school 667 year, this category includes English language learners for whom a proficiency score is not available.

2. Teaching positions may include dual language teachers who provide instruction in English and in a second language. To provide additional flexibility, school divisions that meet the ratio of 20 full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency may, for the 2023-2024 school year, use the portion of the state and local funds required by this subscription of the state and local funds required by this

672 subsection of the Standards of Quality for professional development programs and incentives to increase

673 the number of qualified instructors for English learners.

674 3. To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions boards 675 676 may use state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation 677 account to employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide 678 instruction to identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is 679 intended to supplement the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional 680 681 personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

682 G. H. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local 683 school board shall employ the following reading specialists in elementary schools, one full-time in each elementary school at the discretion of the local school board. One reading specialist employed by each **684** 685 local school board that employs a reading specialist shall have training in the identification of and the appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for students with dyslexia or a **686** related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related disorders. Such reading specialist 687 688 shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a working knowledge of (i) techniques to 689 help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) dyslexia characteristics that may manifest at 690 different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of the keys to reading, including multisensory, 691 explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and (iv) appropriate interventions, accommodations, 692 and assistive technology supports for students with dyslexia.

693 To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ
 694 reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early
 695 Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed
 696 by the Board of Education.

697 H. I. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent 698 positions for any school that reports fall membership, according to student enrollment:

699 1. Principals in elementary schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
 700 principals in middle schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis; principals in and high schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis;

2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half time at 600 students, one full-time at 900
students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals
in and high schools, one full-time for each 600 400 students; and school divisions that employ a
sufficient number of assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals
to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools
are elementary, middle, or secondary;

3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

4. School counselors, one full-time equivalent position per 325 250 students in grades kindergarten through 12.

716 However, in order to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision, any local school 717 board (i) may employ, under a provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with 718 an allowance for an additional two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, any 719 professional licensed by the Board of Counseling, clinical social worker licensed by the Board of Social 720 Work, psychologist licensed by the Board of Psychology, or other licensed counseling professional with 721 appropriate experience and training, provided that any such individual makes progress toward completing 722 the requirements for full licensure as a school counselor during such period of employment or (ii) in the 723 event that the school board does not receive any application from a licensed school counselor, 724 professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another licensed counseling professional 725 with appropriate experience and training to fill a school counselor vacancy in the school division, may enter into an annual contract with another entity for the provision of school counseling services by a 726 727 licensed professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another licensed counseling 728 professional with appropriate experience and training. Local school boards that employ a sufficient 729 number of individuals to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision may assign such 730 individuals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether 731 such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

732 I. J. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades
733 kindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.
734 J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in

735 grades kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional 736 technology resource teacher.

737 To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology 738 resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher 739 position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator 740 position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data 741 analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data 742 management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner 743 shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

K. L. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing 744 745 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the 746 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

747 L. M. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing 748 requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except 749 for school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and shall be 750 based on the school's total enrollment. The Board of Education may grant waivers from these staffing 751 levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs 752 that are not consistent with these staffing levels.

753 M. N. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the 754 actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the 755 current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local 756 school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 757 758 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any 759 classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 760 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 761 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities. 762

763 N. O. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in 764 the relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 765 766 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 767 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in 768 the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course 769 enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home 770 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 771 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 772 courses.

773 O. P. Each school board shall provide at least three four specialized student support positions per 774 1,000 students. For purposes of this subsection, specialized student support positions include school 775 social workers, school psychologists, school nurses, licensed behavior analysts, licensed assistant behavior analysts, and other licensed health and behavioral positions, which may either be employed by 776 777 the school board or provided through contracted services.

778 P. Q. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient 779 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

780 For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shall 781 include the following:

782 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and 783 assistant superintendents; 784

2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

785 3. Student support positions, including (i) social work administrative positions not included in 786 subsection ΘP ; (ii) school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H I 4; (iii) 787 homebound administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to 788 truancy and dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral administrative positions not included in 789 subsection ΘP ;

790 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and 791 media positions not included in subdivision H I 3;

792 5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J K;

793 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation 794 and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions;

795 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional

796 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

797 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 798 799 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 800 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 801 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of 802 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to 803 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 804 elementary, middle, or secondary.

805 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

806 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional 807 instructional services.

808 Q_{τ} R. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of 809 instructional and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J K, a local school board shall not be 810 required to include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.

§ 22.1-253.13:2. (For Effective Date, see 2022 Acts, cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 2. Instructional, 811 812 administrative, and support personnel.

A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, 813 814 and other professional personnel. 815

B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas.

816 C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces 817 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors or certain other 818 licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H I 4, and librarians, that are not greater than the 819 820 following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 students; if the average daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be 821 assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class being larger than 30 822 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 35 students; and (iv) 823 824 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 30 of any school year, anytime the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established by this subsection, the local 825 826 school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such fact no later than 10 days 827 after the date on which the class exceeded the class size limit. Such notification shall state the reason 828 that the class size exceeds the class size limit and describe the measures that the local school division 829 will take to reduce the class size to comply with this subsection.

830 Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher 831 ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained 832 classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.

833 Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide 834 ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with 835 one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties. 836

D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and 837 838 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional 839 personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation 840 act.

841 E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs 842 of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K 843 through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State 844 funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and 845 846 the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by 847 the local school boards.

848 To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may 849 employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services. 850 School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education. 851

852 F. 1. Each school board shall provide teacher leadership and teacher mentorship programs as provided in subsection H of § 22.1-253.13:5. Each teacher leader shall support all teachers in the 853 854 school year through peer-level leadership, observation, consultation, and coordination of mentorship programs and professional development. Each teacher mentor shall assist new teachers with a successful 855 856 transition into the teaching profession and ensure that adequate supports are in place for new teachers. To support such programs and roles, each school board shall provide full-time equivalent teacher leader 857

and teacher mentor positions based upon the following ratios: (i) one position for every 15 teachers
with fewer than four years of experience, or fraction thereof, and (ii) one position for every 50 teachers
with four or more years of experience.

861 2. School boards are encouraged to fill such positions on a fractional basis shared among current teachers to provide current teachers opportunities to serve as leaders and mentors while remaining in active teaching roles. School boards shall not utilize teacher leader and teacher mentor positions to fill teaching positions or to serve school administrator functions such as coordination of student discipline or testing.

866 3. Instructional staff members who fill full-time equivalent teacher leader and teacher mentor
867 positions shall be provided a compensation adjustment of at least 20 percent of the state-recognized
868 statewide prevailing salary, as provided in the general appropriation act. Such compensation adjustment
869 shall be provided on a pro rata basis if the position is shared among several staff members.

870 4. Each teacher with fewer than four years of teaching experience shall be assigned a teacher
871 mentor for his first three years of teaching. Each such teacher shall be provided one hour of release
872 time from classroom instruction per week to collaborate with his teacher mentor.

873 G. 1. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year 874 programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the general 875 appropriation act, shall be provided to support (i) 18.5 full time equivalent instructional positions in the 876 2020-2021 school year for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency and (ii) 877 20 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter for each 1,000 878 students identified as having limited English proficiency, which divisionwide ratios of English language 879 learner students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, in addition to 880 those positions required pursuant to subsection C, as follows:

881 a. For each English language learner identified as proficiency level one, one position per 25 882 students;

b. For each English language learner identified as proficiency level two, one position per 30
students;

885 *c.* For each English language learner identified as proficiency level three, one position per 40 students; and

887 d. For all other English language learners, one position per 50 students. For the 2023-2024 school year, this category includes English language learners for whom a proficiency score is not available.

2. Teaching positions may include dual language teachers who provide instruction in English and in
a second language. To provide additional flexibility, school divisions that meet the ratio of 20 full-time
equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency
may, for the 2023-2024 school year, use the portion of the state and local funds required by this
subsection of the Standards of Quality for professional development programs and incentives to increase
the number of qualified instructors for English learners.

895 3. To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English 896 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions boards 897 may use state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation 898 account to employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide 899 instruction to identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is 900 intended to supplement the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the 901 SOQ Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional 902 personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

903 G. H. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local 904 school board shall employ one reading specialist for each 550 students in kindergarten through grade 905 three. Each such reading specialist shall have training in science-based reading research and 906 evidence-based literacy instruction practices. In addition, each such reading specialist shall have training 907 in the identification of and the appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for 908 students with dyslexia or a related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related 909 disorders. Such reading specialist shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a 910 working knowledge of (i) techniques to help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) 911 dyslexia characteristics that may manifest at different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of 912 the keys to reading, including multisensory, explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and 913 (iv) appropriate interventions, accommodations, and assistive technology supports for students with dyslexia. 914

915 To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ
916 reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early
917 Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed
918 by the Board of Education.

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919 H. I. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent 920 positions for any school that reports fall membership, according to student enrollment:

921 1. Principals in elementary schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
922 principals in middle schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis; principals in and high schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis;

2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half time at 600 students, one full-time at 900
students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals
in and high schools, one full-time for each 600 400 students; and school divisions that employ a sufficient number of assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary;

3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

4. School counselors, one full-time equivalent position per 325 250 students in grades kindergarten
through 12.

938 However, in order to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision, any local school 939 board (i) may employ, under a provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with 940 an allowance for an additional two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, any professional counselor licensed by the Board of Counseling, clinical social worker licensed by the Board of Social Work, psychologist licensed by the Board of Psychology, or other licensed counseling 941 942 professional with appropriate experience and training, provided that any such individual makes progress 943 toward completing the requirements for full licensure as a school counselor during such period of 944 945 employment or (ii) in the event that the school board does not receive any application from a licensed 946 school counselor, professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another licensed 947 counseling professional with appropriate experience and training to fill a school counselor vacancy in the 948 school division, may enter into an annual contract with another entity for the provision of school 949 counseling services by a licensed professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or 950 another licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training. Local school boards 951 that employ a sufficient number of individuals to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this 952 subdivision may assign such individuals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest 953 need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

954 I. J. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades
 955 kindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

956 J. K. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional technology resource teacher.

959 To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology 960 resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher 961 position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator 962 position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data 963 analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data 964 management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner 965 shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

K. L. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing
 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the
 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

969 L. M. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing 970 requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except 971 for school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H I 4, and shall be 972 based on the school's total enrollment. The Board of Education may grant waivers from these staffing 973 levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs 974 that are not consistent with these staffing levels.

975 M. N. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 980 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any

981 classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 982 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection 983 shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 984 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

985 N. O. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in 986 the relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 987 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 988 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 989 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course 990 991 enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home 992 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 993 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 994 courses.

995 O. P. Each school board shall provide at least three four specialized student support positions per 996 1,000 students. For purposes of this subsection, specialized student support positions include school 997 social workers, school psychologists, school nurses, licensed behavior analysts, licensed assistant 998 behavior analysts, and other licensed health and behavioral positions, which may either be employed by 999 the school board or provided through contracted services.

1000 P. Q. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient 1001 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

1002 For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shall 1003 include the following:

1004 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and 1005 assistant superintendents; 1006

2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

1007 3. Student support positions, including (i) social work administrative positions not included in 1008 subsection ΘP ; (ii) school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H I 4; (iii) 1009 homebound administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to 1010 truancy and dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral administrative positions not included in 1011 subsection ΘP ;

1012 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and 1013 media positions not included in subdivision H I 3;

1014 5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J K;

1015 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions; 1016

1017 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional 1018 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

1019 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 1020 1021 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 1022 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 1023 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of 1024 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to 1025 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 1026 elementary, middle, or secondary.

1027 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

1028 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional 1029 instructional services.

1030 Q_{τ} R. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of 1031 instructional and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J K, a local school board shall not be required to include full-time students of approved virtual school programs. § 22.1-253.13:2. (Effective pursuant to Va. Const., Art. IV, § 13; for Expiration Date, see Acts 1032

1033 1034 2022, cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 2. Instructional, administrative, and support personnel.

1035 A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, 1036 and other professional personnel.

1037 B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas.

1038 C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces 1039 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, 1040 excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H I 4, and librarians, that are not greater than the 1041

1042 following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 students; if the average 1043 daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be 1044 assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class being larger than 30 1045 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 35 students; and (iv) 1046 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 30 of any school year, anytime 1047 the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established by this subsection, the local 1048 school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such fact no later than 10 days 1049 after the date on which the class exceeded the class size limit. Such notification shall state the reason 1050 that the class size exceeds the class size limit and describe the measures that the local school division 1051 will take to reduce the class size to comply with this subsection.

1052 Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher
1053 ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained
1054 classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.

Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide
ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in
middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with
one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.

1059 D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and 1060 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional 1061 personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation 1062 act.

E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by the local school boards.

1070 To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may
1071 employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services.
1072 School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner
1073 shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

1074 F. 1. Each school board shall provide teacher leadership and teacher mentorship programs as provided in subsection H of § 22.1-253.13:5. Each teacher leader shall support all teachers in the 1075 1076 school year through peer-level leadership, observation, consultation, and coordination of mentorship 1077 programs and professional development. Each teacher mentor shall assist new teachers with a successful 1078 transition into the teaching profession and ensure that adequate supports are in place for new teachers. To support such programs and roles, each school board shall provide full-time equivalent teacher leader 1079 and teacher mentor positions based upon the following ratios: (i) one position for every 15 teachers 1080 1081 with fewer than four years of experience, or fraction thereof, and (ii) one position for every 50 teachers 1082 with four or more years of experience.

2. School boards are encouraged to fill such positions on a fractional basis shared among current teachers to provide current teachers opportunities to serve as leaders and mentors while remaining in active teaching roles. School boards shall not utilize teacher leader and teacher mentor positions to fill teaching positions or to serve school administrator functions such as coordination of student discipline or testing.

1088 3. Instructional staff members who fill full-time equivalent teacher leader and teacher mentor
1089 positions shall be provided a compensation adjustment of at least 20 percent of the state-recognized
1090 statewide prevailing salary, as provided in the general appropriation act. Such compensation adjustment
1091 shall be provided on a pro rata basis if the position is shared among several staff members.

4. Each teacher with fewer than four years of teaching experience shall be assigned a teacher
mentor for his first three years of teaching. Each such teacher shall be provided one hour of release
time from classroom instruction per week to collaborate with his teacher mentor.

G. 1. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year 1095 programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the general 1096 1097 appropriation act, shall be provided to support (i) 18.5 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 1098 2020-2021 school year for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency and (ii) 20 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter for each 1,000 1099 students identified as having limited English proficiency, which divisionwide ratios of English language 1100 learner students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, in addition to 1101 those positions required pursuant to subsection C, as follows: 1102

1103 a. For each English language learner identified as proficiency level one, one position per 25

1104 *students*;

1105 b. For each English language learner identified as proficiency level two, one position per 30 **1106** students;

1107 c. For each English language learner identified as proficiency level three, one position per 40 **1108** students; and

1109 *d.* For all other English language learners, one position per 50 students. For the 2023-2024 school 1110 year, this category includes English language learners for whom a proficiency score is not available.

1111 2. Teaching positions may include dual language teachers who provide instruction in English and in
a second language. To provide additional flexibility, school divisions that meet the ratio of 20 full-time
equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency
may, for the 2023-2024 school year, use the portion of the state and local funds required by this
subsection of the Standards of Quality for professional development programs and incentives to increase
the number of qualified instructors for English learners.

1117 3. To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English 1118 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions may use 1119 state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation account to 1120 employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide instruction to 1121 identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is intended to 1122 supplement the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ 1123 Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel 1124 licensed by the Board of Education.

1125 G. H. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local 1126 school board shall employ the following reading specialists in elementary schools, one full-time in each 1127 elementary school at the discretion of the local school board. One reading specialist employed by each 1128 local school board that employs a reading specialist shall have training in the identification of and the 1129 appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for students with dyslexia or a 1130 related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related disorders. Such reading specialist 1131 shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a working knowledge of (i) techniques to 1132 help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) dyslexia characteristics that may manifest at 1133 different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of the keys to reading, including multisensory, 1134 explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and (iv) appropriate interventions, accommodations, 1135 and assistive technology supports for students with dyslexia.

1136 To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ
1137 reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early
1138 Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed
1139 by the Board of Education.

H. *I.* Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent positions for any school that reports fall membership, according to student enrollment:

1142 1. Principals, one full-time in each elementary school, middle school, and high school, to be 1143 employed on a 12-month basis;

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2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900
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1146 in and high schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals
1147 sufficient number of assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals
1148 to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools
1149 are elementary, middle, or secondary;

3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students; librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

4. School counselors, one full-time equivalent position per325 250 students in grades kindergartenthrough 12.

However, in order to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision, any local school board (i) may employ, under a provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with an allowance for an additional two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, any professional counselor licensed by the Board of Counseling, clinical social worker licensed by the Board of Social Work, psychologist licensed by the Board of Psychology, or other licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training, provided that any such individual makes progress toward completing the requirements for full licensure as a school counselor during such period of

1165 employment or (ii) in the event that the school board does not receive any application from a licensed 1166 school counselor, professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training to fill a school counselor vacancy in the 1167 school division, may enter into an annual contract with another entity for the provision of school 1168 1169 counseling services by a licensed professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or 1170 another licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training. Local school boards 1171 that employ a sufficient number of individuals to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this 1172 subdivision may assign such individuals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest 1173 need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

1174 L J. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades 1175 kindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

J. K. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in 1176 1177 grades kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional 1178 technology resource teacher.

1179 To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology 1180 resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator 1181 1182 position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data 1183 analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data 1184 management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner 1185 shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

1186 K. L. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the 1187 1188 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

1189 $L_{-}M$. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except 1190 1191 for school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H I 4, and shall be 1192 based on the school's total enrollment. The Board of Education may grant waivers from these staffing 1193 levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs 1194 that are not consistent with these staffing levels.

1195 M. N. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the 1196 actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the 1197 current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local 1198 school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the 1199 teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 1200 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any 1201 classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 1202 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection 1203 shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 1204 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

1205 $N_{\rm e}$ O. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in 1206 the relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 1207 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 1208 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 1209 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in 1210 the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home 1211 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 1212 1213 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 1214 courses.

1215 O. P. Each school board shall provide at least three four specialized student support positions per 1216 1,000 students. For purposes of this subsection, specialized student support positions include school 1217 social workers, school psychologists, school nurses, licensed behavior analysts, licensed assistant 1218 behavior analysts, and other licensed health and behavioral positions, which may either be employed by 1219 the school board or provided through contracted services.

1220 P. Q. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient 1221 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

1222 For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shall 1223 include the following:

1224 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and assistant superintendents; 1225 1226

2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

1227 3. Student support positions, including (i) social work administrative positions not included in 1228 subsection ΘP ; (ii) school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H I 4; (iii) 1229 homebound administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to 1230 truancy and dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral administrative positions not included in 1231 subsection ΘP ;

1232 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and 1233 media positions not included in subdivision H I 3;

1234

5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J K;

1235 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation 1236 and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions;

1237 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional 1238 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

1239 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 1240 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 1241 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 1242 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 1243 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of 1244 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to 1245 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 1246 elementary, middle, or secondary.

1247 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

1248 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional 1249 instructional services.

1250 Q. R. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of 1251 instructional and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J K, a local school board shall not be 1252 required to include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.

1253 § 22.1-253.13:2. (Effective pursuant to Va. Const, Art. IV, 13; for Effective Date, see Acts 2022, 1254 cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 2. Instructional, administrative, and support personnel.

1255 A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, 1256 and other professional personnel. 1257

B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas.

1258 C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces 1259 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, 1260 excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors or certain other 1261 licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H I 4, and librarians, that are not greater than the 1262 following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 students; if the average daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be 1263 1264 assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class being larger than 30 1265 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 35 students; and (iv) 1266 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 30 of any school year, anytime 1267 the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established by this subsection, the local 1268 school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such fact no later than 10 days 1269 after the date on which the class exceeded the class size limit. Such notification shall state the reason 1270 that the class size exceeds the class size limit and describe the measures that the local school division 1271 will take to reduce the class size to comply with this subsection.

1272 Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher 1273 ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained 1274 classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.

1275 Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide 1276 ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in 1277 middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with 1278 one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.

1279 D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and 1280 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional 1281 personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation 1282 act.

1283 E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be 1284 1285 provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State 1286 1287 funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and

1288 the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by1289 the local school boards.

To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may
employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services.
School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner
shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

1294 F. 1. Each school board shall provide teacher leadership and teacher mentorship programs as 1295 provided in subsection H of § 22.1-253.13:5. Each teacher leader shall support all teachers in the 1296 school year through peer-level leadership, observation, consultation, and coordination of mentorship 1297 programs and professional development. Each teacher mentor shall assist new teachers with a successful 1298 transition into the teaching profession and ensure that adequate supports are in place for new teachers. 1299 To support such programs and roles, each school board shall provide full-time equivalent teacher leader 1300 and teacher mentor positions based upon the following ratios: (i) one position for every 15 teachers 1301 with fewer than four years of experience, or fraction thereof, and (ii) one position for every 50 teachers 1302 with four or more years of experience.

2. School boards are encouraged to fill such positions on a fractional basis shared among current teachers to provide current teachers opportunities to serve as leaders and mentors while remaining in active teaching roles. School boards shall not utilize teacher leader and teacher mentor positions to fill teaching positions or to serve school administrator functions such as coordination of student discipline or testing.

1308 3. Instructional staff members who fill full-time equivalent teacher leader and teacher mentor
1309 positions shall be provided a compensation adjustment of at least 20 percent of the state-recognized
1310 statewide prevailing salary, as provided in the general appropriation act. Such compensation adjustment
1311 shall be provided on a pro rata basis if the position is shared among several staff members.

4. Each teacher with fewer than four years of teaching experience shall be assigned a teacher
mentor for his first three years of teaching. Each such teacher shall be provided one hour of release
time from classroom instruction per week to collaborate with his teacher mentor.

1315 G. 1. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the general 1316 1317 appropriation act, shall be provided to support (i) 18.5 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 1318 2020-2021 school year for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency and (ii) 1319 20 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter for each 1,000 1320 students identified as having limited English proficiency, which divisionwide ratios of English language 1321 learner students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, in addition to 1322 those positions required pursuant to subsection C, as follows:

1323 a. For each English language learner identified as proficiency level one, one position per 25 1324 students;

1325 b. For each English language learner identified as proficiency level two, one position per 30 1326 students;

1327 c. For each English language learner identified as proficiency level three, one position per 401328 students; and

d. For all other English language learners, one position per 50 students. For the 2023-2024 school
year, this category includes English language learners for whom a proficiency score is not available.

1331 2. Teaching positions may include dual language teachers who provide instruction in English and in
1332 a second language. To provide additional flexibility, school divisions that meet the ratio of 20 full-time
1333 equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency
1334 may, for the 2023-2024 school year, use the portion of the state and local funds required by this
1335 subsection of the Standards of Quality for professional development programs and incentives to increase
1336 the number of qualified instructors for English learners.

1337 3. To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English 1338 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions boards 1339 may use state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation 1340 account to employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide 1341 instruction to identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is 1342 intended to supplement the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the 1343 SOQ Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional 1344 personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

1345 G. H. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local
1346 school board shall employ one reading specialist for each 550 students in kindergarten through grade
1347 three. Each such reading specialist shall have training in science-based reading research and
1348 evidence-based literacy instruction practices. In addition, each such reading specialist shall have training
1349 in the identification of and the appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for

1350 students with dyslexia or a related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related 1351 disorders. Such reading specialist shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a 1352 working knowledge of (i) techniques to help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) 1353 dyslexia characteristics that may manifest at different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of 1354 the keys to reading, including multisensory, explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and 1355 (iv) appropriate interventions, accommodations, and assistive technology supports for students with 1356 dyslexia.

1357 To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ
1358 reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early
1359 Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed
1360 by the Board of Education.

1361 H. *I*. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent positions for any school that reports fall membership, according to student enrollment:

1363 1. Principals, one full-time in each elementary school, middle school, and high school, to be 1364 employed on a 12-month basis;

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3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

4. School counselors, one full-time equivalent position per 325 250 students in grades kindergartenthrough 12.

1379 However, in order to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision, any local school 1380 board (i) may employ, under a provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with 1381 an allowance for an additional two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, any 1382 professional counselor licensed by the Board of Counseling, clinical social worker licensed by the Board 1383 of Social Work, psychologist licensed by the Board of Psychology, or other licensed counseling 1384 professional with appropriate experience and training, provided that any such individual makes progress 1385 toward completing the requirements for full licensure as a school counselor during such period of 1386 employment or (ii) in the event that the school board does not receive any application from a licensed 1387 school counselor, professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another licensed 1388 counseling professional with appropriate experience and training to fill a school counselor vacancy in the 1389 school division, may enter into an annual contract with another entity for the provision of school 1390 counseling services by a licensed professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or 1391 another licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training. Local school boards 1392 that employ a sufficient number of individuals to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this 1393 subdivision may assign such individuals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest 1394 need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

1395 I. J. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades kindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

1397 J. K. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in
 1398 grades kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional
 1399 technology resource teacher.

To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

1407 K. L. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing
 1408 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the
 1409 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

1410 L. M. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing

1411 requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except 1412 for school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H I 4, and shall be based on the school's total enrollment. The Board of Education may grant waivers from these staffing 1413 levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs 1414 that are not consistent with these staffing levels. 1415

1416 M. N. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the 1417 actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the 1418 current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local 1419 school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the 1420 teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 1421 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 1422 1423 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 1424 1425 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

1426 N. O. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in 1427 the relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 1428 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 1429 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 1430 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in 1431 the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home 1432 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 1433 1434 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 1435 courses.

1436 O. P. Each school board shall provide at least three four specialized student support positions per 1437 1,000 students. For purposes of this subsection, specialized student support positions include school 1438 social workers, school psychologists, school nurses, licensed behavior analysts, licensed assistant 1439 behavior analysts, and other licensed health and behavioral positions, which may either be employed by 1440 the school board or provided through contracted services.

1441 P. Q. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient 1442 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

1443 For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shall 1444 include the following:

1445 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and 1446 assistant superintendents; 1447

2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

1448 3. Student support positions, including (i) social work administrative positions not included in 1449 subsection ΘP ; (ii) school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H I 4; (iii) 1450 homebound administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to 1451 truancy and dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral administrative positions not included in 1452 subsection ΘP :

1453 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and 1454 media positions not included in subdivision H I 3; 1455

5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J K;

1456 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation 1457 and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions;

7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional 1458 1459 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

1460 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 1461 1462 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 1463 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 1464 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of 1465 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to 1466 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 1467 elementary, middle, or secondary.

1468 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

1469 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional 1470 instructional services.

1471 Q- R. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of 1472 instructional and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J K, a local school board shall not be

1473 required to include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.

1474 § 22.1-253.13:5. (For Expiration Date, see 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 5. Quality of 1475 classroom instruction and educational leadership.

A. Each member of the Board of Education shall participate in high-quality professional development
 programs on personnel, curriculum and current issues in education as part of his service on the Board.

1478 B. Consistent with the finding that leadership is essential for the advancement of public education in 1479 the Commonwealth, teacher, principal, and superintendent evaluations shall be consistent with the 1480 performance standards included in the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards and Evaluation 1481 Criteria for Teachers, Principals, and Superintendents. Evaluations shall include student academic 1482 progress as a significant component and an overall summative rating. Teacher evaluations shall include 1483 regular observation and evidence that instruction is aligned with the school's curriculum. Evaluations 1484 shall include identification of areas of individual strengths and weaknesses and recommendations for 1485 appropriate professional activities. Evaluations shall include an evaluation of cultural competency.

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The Board shall also provide technical assistance on high-quality professional development to local
 school boards designed to ensure that all instructional personnel are proficient in the use of educational
 technology consistent with its comprehensive plan for educational technology.

1496 D. Each local school board shall require (i) its members to participate annually in high-quality 1497 professional development activities at the state, local, or national levels on governance, including, but 1498 not limited to, personnel policies and practices; the evaluation of personnel, curriculum, and instruction; 1499 use of data in planning and decision making; and current issues in education as part of their service on 1500 the local board and (ii) the division superintendent to participate annually in high-quality professional 1501 development activities at the local, state, or national levels, including the Standards of Quality, Board of 1502 Education regulations, and the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards and Evaluation Criteria 1503 for Teachers, Principals, and Superintendents.

1504 E. Each local school board shall provide a program of high-quality professional development (i) in 1505 the use and documentation of performance standards and evaluation criteria based on student academic 1506 progress and skills for teachers, principals, and superintendents to clarify roles and performance 1507 expectations and to facilitate the successful implementation of instructional programs that promote 1508 student achievement at the school and classroom levels; (ii) as part of the license renewal process, to 1509 assist teachers and principals in acquiring the skills needed to work with gifted students, students with 1510 disabilities, and students who have been identified as having limited English proficiency and to increase 1511 student achievement and expand the knowledge and skills students require to meet the standards for 1512 academic performance set by the Board of Education; (iii) in educational technology for all instructional 1513 personnel which is designed to facilitate integration of computer skills and related technology into the curricula; and (iv) for principals and supervisors designed to increase proficiency in instructional 1514 1515 leadership and management, including training in the evaluation and documentation of teacher and principal performance based on student academic progress and the skills and knowledge of such 1516 1517 instructional or administrative personnel.

In addition, each local school board shall also provide teachers and principals with high-quality
professional development programs each year in (a) instructional content; (b) the preparation of tests and
other assessment measures; (c) methods for assessing the progress of individual students, including
Standards of Learning assessment materials or other criterion-referenced tests that match locally
developed objectives; (d) instruction and remediation techniques in English, mathematics, science, and
history and social science; (e) interpreting test data for instructional purposes; (f) technology applications
to implement the Standards of Learning; and (g) effective classroom management.

F. Schools and school divisions shall include as an integral component of their comprehensive plans
required by § 22.1-253.13:6, high-quality professional development programs that support the
recruitment, employment, and retention of qualified teachers and principals. Each school board shall
require all instructional personnel to participate each year in these professional development programs.

1529 G. Each local school board shall annually review its professional development program for quality,1530 effectiveness, participation by instructional personnel, and relevancy to the instructional needs of1531 teachers and the academic achievement needs of the students in the school division.

1532 *H. The Board shall establish, and each local school board shall provide, teacher leadership and* 1533 *mentorship programs utilizing specially trained public school teachers. The Board shall issue guidelines* for teacher leadership and mentorship programs and shall set criteria for beginning and experienced
teacher participation, including self-referral and the qualifications and training of teacher leaders and
teacher mentors. Such guidelines shall provide that teacher leadership and mentorship programs shall
be administered by school boards with the assistance of local advisory committees made up of teachers,
principals, and supervisors.

1539 I. There shall be established within the Department a unit to develop and implement a statewide 1540 mentorship program to support each new principal and each principal of a school that does not meet 1541 the standards established by the Board. Such unit shall (i) establish standards for principal mentorship 1542 programs; (ii) recruit, train, and match mentors with all principals participating in the mentorship 1543 program; and (iii) monitor program outcomes.

1544 § 22.1-253.13:5. (For Effective Date, see 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 5. Quality of 1545 classroom instruction and educational leadership.

A. Each member of the Board of Education shall participate in high-quality professional development
 programs on personnel, curriculum and current issues in education as part of his service on the Board.

1548 B. Consistent with the finding that leadership is essential for the advancement of public education in 1549 the Commonwealth, teacher, principal, and superintendent evaluations shall be consistent with the 1550 performance standards included in the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards and Evaluation 1551 Criteria for Teachers, Principals, and Superintendents. Evaluations shall include student academic 1552 progress as a significant component and an overall summative rating. Teacher evaluations shall include 1553 regular observation and evidence that instruction is aligned with the school's curriculum. Evaluations 1554 shall include identification of areas of individual strengths and weaknesses and recommendations for 1555 appropriate professional activities. Evaluations shall include an evaluation of cultural competency.

1556 C. The Board of Education shall provide guidance on high-quality professional development for (i) teachers, principals, supervisors, division superintendents, and other school staff; (ii) principals, 1557 supervisors, and division superintendents in the evaluation and documentation of teacher and principal 1558 1559 performance based on student academic progress and the skills and knowledge of such instructional or 1560 administrative personnel; (iii) school board members on personnel, curriculum and current issues in 1561 education; (iv) teachers of the blind and visually impaired, in cooperation with the Virginia Department 1562 for the Blind and Vision Impaired, in Braille; and (v) any individual with an endorsement in early/primary education preschool through grade three, elementary education preschool through grade 1563 1564 six, special education general curriculum kindergarten through grade 12, special education deaf and hard of hearing preschool through grade 12, or special education blindness/visual impairments preschool 1565 1566 through grade 12 or as a reading specialist in science-based reading research and evidence-based literacy 1567 instruction.

1568 The Board shall also provide technical assistance on high-quality professional development to local1569 school boards designed to ensure that all instructional personnel are proficient in the use of educational1570 technology consistent with its comprehensive plan for educational technology.

1571 The Department shall provide technical assistance, including literacy coaching, to local school 1572 divisions to provide professional development in science-based reading research and evidence-based 1573 literacy instruction. The Department shall also create a list of professional development programs aligned 1574 with science-based reading research and evidence-based literacy instruction that includes programs that provide training in dyslexia for reading specialists as required by subsection G H of § 22.1-253.13:2. 1575 1576 The list shall be approved by the Board. The Department shall provide resources to local school 1577 divisions to ensure that each division is able to provide professional development to teachers and reading specialists listed in subdivision E 2 of $\frac{22.1-253.13}{5}$ in one of the programs enumerated in the 1578 1579 list approved by the Board pursuant to this subdivision and that such professional development is 1580 provided at no cost to the teachers and reading specialists.

1581 D. Each local school board shall require (i) its members to participate annually in high-quality 1582 professional development activities at the state, local, or national levels on governance, including, but 1583 not limited to, personnel policies and practices; the evaluation of personnel, curriculum, and instruction; 1584 use of data in planning and decision making; and current issues in education as part of their service on 1585 the local board and (ii) the division superintendent to participate annually in high-quality professional 1586 development activities at the local, state, or national levels, including the Standards of Quality, Board of 1587 Education regulations, and the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards and Evaluation Criteria 1588 for Teachers, Principals, and Superintendents.

E. Each local school board shall provide a program of high-quality professional development (i) in the use and documentation of performance standards and evaluation criteria based on student academic progress and skills for teachers, principals, and superintendents to clarify roles and performance expectations and to facilitate the successful implementation of instructional programs that promote student achievement at the school and classroom levels; (ii) as part of the license renewal process, to assist teachers and principals in acquiring the skills needed to work with gifted students, students with disabilities, and students who have been identified as having limited English proficiency and to increase

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1596 student achievement and expand the knowledge and skills students require to meet the standards for 1597 academic performance set by the Board of Education; (iii) in educational technology for all instructional 1598 personnel which is designed to facilitate integration of computer skills and related technology into the 1599 curricula; and (iv) for principals and supervisors designed to increase proficiency in instructional 1600 leadership and management, including training in the evaluation and documentation of teacher and 1601 principal performance based on student academic progress and the skills and knowledge of such 1602 instructional or administrative personnel.

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In addition, each local school board shall provide: 1604

1. Teachers and principals with high-quality professional development programs each year in (a) 1605 instructional content; (b) the preparation of tests and other assessment measures; (c) methods for 1606 assessing the progress of individual students, including Standards of Learning assessment materials or 1607 other criterion-referenced tests that match locally developed objectives; (d) instruction and remediation 1608 techniques in English, mathematics, science, and history and social science; (e) interpreting test data for instructional purposes; (f) technology applications to implement the Standards of Learning; and (g) 1609 1610 effective classroom management; and

1611 2. High-quality professional development and training in science-based reading research and 1612 evidence-based literacy instruction, from the list developed and the resources provided by the Department pursuant to subsection C of <u>§ 22.1-253.13:5</u> or an alternative program that consists of 1613 1614 evidence-based literacy instruction and aligns with science-based reading research approved by the 1615 Department, for each elementary school principal and each teacher with an endorsement in early/primary 1616 education preschool through grade three, elementary education preschool through grade six, special 1617 education general curriculum kindergarten through grade 12, special education deaf and hard of hearing 1618 preschool through grade 12, or special education blindness/visual impairments preschool through grade 1619 12 or as a reading specialist in order to aid in the licensure renewal process for such individuals.

1620 F. Schools and school divisions shall include as an integral component of their comprehensive plans required by § 22.1-253.13:6, high-quality professional development programs that support the 1621 1622 recruitment, employment, and retention of qualified teachers and principals. Each school board shall 1623 require all instructional personnel to participate each year in these professional development programs.

1624 G. Each local school board shall annually review its professional development program for quality, 1625 effectiveness, participation by instructional personnel, and relevancy to the instructional needs of 1626 teachers and the academic achievement needs of the students in the school division.

1627 H. The Board shall establish, and each local school board shall provide, teacher leadership and 1628 mentorship programs utilizing specially trained public school teachers. The Board shall issue guidelines 1629 for teacher leadership and mentorship programs and shall set criteria for beginning and experienced 1630 teacher participation, including self-referral and the qualifications and training of teacher leaders and teacher mentors. Such guidelines shall provide that teacher leadership and mentorship programs shall 1631 1632 be administered by school boards with the assistance of local advisory committees made up of teachers, 1633 principals, and supervisors.

1634 I. There shall be established within the Department a unit to develop and implement a statewide 1635 mentorship program to support each new principal and each principal of a school that does not meet 1636 the standards established by the Board. Such unit shall (i) establish standards for principal mentorship 1637 programs; (ii) recruit, train, and match mentors with all principals participating in the mentorship 1638 program; and (iii) monitor program outcomes.

1639 § 22.1-274. School health services.

1640 A. A school board shall provide pupil personnel and support services in compliance with 1641 § 22.1-253.13:2. A In accordance with the provisions of subsection P of § 22.1-253.13:2, a school 1642 board may employ school nurses, physicians, physical therapists, occupational therapists, and speech 1643 therapists. No such personnel shall be employed unless they meet such standards as may be determined 1644 by the Board. Subject to the approval of the appropriate local governing body, a local health department 1645 may provide personnel for health services for the school division.

1646 B. In implementing subsection P of § 22.1-253.13:2, relating to providing support services that are 1647 necessary for the efficient and cost effective operation and maintenance of its public schools, each 1648 school board may strive to employ, or contract with local health departments for, nursing services consistent with a ratio of at least one nurse per 1,000 students. In those school divisions in which there 1649 are more than 1,000 students in average daily membership in school buildings, this section shall not be 1650 1651 construed to encourage the employment of more than one nurse per school building. Further, this section 1652 shall not be construed to mandate the aspired-to ratios.

1653 C. The Board shall monitor the progress in achieving the ratio set forth in subsection B and any 1654 subsequent increase in prevailing statewide costs, and the mechanism for funding health services, 1655 pursuant to subsection P of § 22.1-253.13:2 and the appropriation act. The Board shall also determine how school health funds are used and school health services are delivered in each locality. 1656

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1657 D. With the exception of school administrative personnel and persons employed by school boards
 1658 who have the specific duty to deliver health-related services, no licensed instructional employee, instructional aide, or clerical employee shall be disciplined, placed on probation, or dismissed on the
 1660 basis of such employee's refusal to (i) perform nonemergency health-related services for students or (ii)
 1661 obtain training in the administration of insulin and glucagon. However, instructional aides and clerical
 1662 employees may not refuse to dispense oral medications.

1663 For the purposes of this subsection, "health-related services" means those activities that, when 1664 performed in a health care facility, must be delivered by or under the supervision of a licensed or 1665 certified professional.

E. Each school board shall ensure that in school buildings with an instructional and administrative 1666 1667 staff of 10 or more (i) at least three employees have current certification or training in emergency first 1668 aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and the use of an automated external defibrillator and (ii) if one or 1669 more students diagnosed as having diabetes attend such school, at least two employees have been trained 1670 in the administration of insulin and glucagon. In school buildings with an instructional and 1671 administrative staff of fewer than 10, school boards shall ensure that (a) at least two employees have 1672 current certification or training in emergency first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and the use of an 1673 automated external defibrillator and (b) if one or more students diagnosed as having diabetes attend such 1674 school, at least one employee has been trained in the administration of insulin and glucagon. For 1675 purposes of this subsection, "employee" includes any person employed by a local health department who 1676 is assigned to the public school pursuant to an agreement between the local health department and the 1677 school board. When a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, physician, or physician assistant is present, no employee who is not a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, physician, or physician assistant shall assist 1678 1679 with the administration of insulin or administer glucagon. Prescriber authorization and parental consent 1680 shall be obtained for any employee who is not a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, physician, or 1681 physician assistant to assist with the administration of insulin and administer glucagon.

1682 § 22.1-274.01:1. Students who are diagnosed with diabetes; self-care; insertion and reinsertion 1683 of insulin pump.

A. Each local school board shall permit each enrolled student who is diagnosed with diabetes, with parental consent and written approval from the prescriber, as that term is defined in § 54.1-3401, to (i) carry with him and use supplies, including a reasonable and appropriate short-term supply of carbohydrates, an insulin pump, and equipment for immediate treatment of high and low blood glucose levels, and (ii) self-check his own blood glucose levels on a school bus, on school property, and at a school-sponsored activity.

1690 B. A local school board employee who is a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or certified 1691 nurse aide and who has been trained in the administration of insulin, including the use and insertion of 1692 insulin pumps, and the administration of glucagon may assist a student who is diagnosed with diabetes 1693 and who carries an insulin pump with the insertion or reinsertion of the pump or any of its parts. For the purposes of this subsection, "employee" has the same meaning as in subsection $\mathbf{E} \ C$ of § 22.1-274. 1694 1695 Prescriber authorization and parental consent shall be obtained for any such employee to assist with the 1696 insertion or reinsertion of the pump or any of its parts. Nothing in this section shall require any 1697 employee to assist with the insertion or reinsertion of the pump or any of its parts.

1698 § 22.1-294. Probationary terms of service for principals, assistant principals, and supervisors; 1699 evaluation; reassigning principal, assistant principal, or supervisor to teaching position.

1700 A. A person employed as a principal, assistant principal, or supervisor, including a person who has 1701 previously achieved continuing contract status as a teacher, shall serve a probationary term of three 1702 years in such position in the same school division before acquiring continuing contract status as 1703 principal, assistant principal, or supervisor. With such funds as may be appropriated by the General 1704 Assembly for such purpose, school boards shall provide each probationary principal, except probationary 1705 principals who have prior successful experience as principals, as determined by the local school board in a school division, a mentor, as described in guidelines developed by the Board standards established by 1706 1707 the Department pursuant to subsection I of § 22.1-253.13:5, during the first year of the probationary 1708 period, to assist such probationary principal in achieving excellence in administration.

1709 B. Each local school board shall adopt for use by the division superintendent clearly defined criteria 1710 for a performance evaluation process for principals, assistant principals, and supervisors that are 1711 consistent with the performance standards set forth in the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards 1712 and Evaluation Criteria for Teachers, Principals, and Superintendents as provided in § 22.1-253.13:5 and 1713 that includes, among other things, an assessment of such administrators' skills and knowledge; student 1714 academic progress and school gains in student learning; and effectiveness in addressing school safety and enforcing student discipline. The division superintendent shall implement such performance 1715 1716 evaluation process in making employment recommendations to the school board pursuant to § 22.1-293. Principals and assistant principals who have achieved continuing contract status shall be formally 1717 1718 evaluated at least once every three years and evaluated informally at least once each year that they are

1719 not formally evaluated. Probationary principals and assistant principals shall be evaluated each school year. The division superintendent shall consider such evaluations, among other things, in making 1720 1721 recommendations to the school board regarding the nonrenewal of the probationary contract of any 1722 principal or assistant principal.

1723 C. Continuing contract status acquired by a principal, assistant principal, or supervisor shall not be 1724 construed (i) as prohibiting a school board from reassigning such principal, assistant principal, or 1725 supervisor to a teaching position if notice of reassignment is given by the school board by June 15 of 1726 any year or (ii) as entitling any such principal, assistant principal, or supervisor to the salary paid him as 1727 principal, assistant principal, or supervisor in the case of any such reassignment to a teaching position.

1728 D. No such salary reduction and reassignment, however, shall be made without first providing such 1729 principal, assistant principal, or supervisor with written notice of the reason for such reduction and 1730 reassignment and an opportunity to present his or her position at an informal meeting with the division 1731 superintendent, the division superintendent's designee, or the school board. Before recommending such 1732 reassignment, the division superintendent shall consider, among other things, the performance evaluations 1733 for such principal, assistant principal, or supervisor. The principal, assistant principal, or supervisor shall 1734 elect whether such meeting shall be with the division superintendent, the division superintendent's 1735 designee, or the school board. The school board, division superintendent, or the division superintendent's 1736 designee shall determine what processes are to be followed at the meeting. The decision to reassign and 1737 reduce salary shall be at the sole discretion of the school board.

1738 The intent of this section is to provide an opportunity for a principal, assistant principal, or 1739 supervisor to discuss the reasons for such salary reduction and reassignment with the division 1740 superintendent, his designee, or the school board, and the provisions of this section are meant to be 1741 procedural only. Nothing contained herein shall be taken to require cause, as defined in § 22.1-307, for 1742 the salary reduction and reassignment of a principal, assistant principal, or supervisor.

E. As used in this section, "supervisor" means a person who holds an instructional supervisory 1743 position as specified in the regulations of the Board of Education and who is required to hold a license 1744 1745 as prescribed by the Board of Education.

1746 § 22.1-299.7:1. (For Effective Date, See 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Microcredential program; 1747 reading specialists.

1748 A. The Department shall establish a microcredential program for the purpose of permitting any public 1749 elementary or secondary school teacher who holds a renewable or provisional license or any individual 1750 who participates in any alternate route to licensure program to earn a series of microcredentials in the 1751 reading specialist endorsement area. Such microcredential program shall require candidates to complete a 1752 performance-based assessment intended to allow the educator to demonstrate competency in 1753 evidence-based literacy instruction and science-based reading research as well as the identification of and 1754 the appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for students with dyslexia or a 1755 related disorder.

1756 B. The Board shall issue guidance that determines how the series of microcredentials awarded to 1757 teachers pursuant to the microcredential program established in accordance with subsection A will be 1758 used to award an add-on endorsement as a reading specialist. Any add-on endorsement that results from 1759 completion of such microcredential program shall be provisional for a period of five years.

1760 C. A local school board may employ a teacher with an add-on endorsement as a reading specialist 1761 pursuant to this section to satisfy the requirement set forth in subsection G H of § 22.1-253.13:2 if the 1762 local school board is unable to employ a teacher with a full endorsement as a reading specialist.

1763 D. Teachers who hold a renewable license and who participate, through the microcredential program 1764 established in accordance with subsection A, in courses that do not contribute to an endorsement are 1765 eligible for professional development points toward renewal of their license for the number of in-person 1766 hours of coursework completed upon providing a certificate of such participation from the course 1767 provider.

§ 22.1-303. Probationary terms of service for teachers.

1768 1769 A. A probationary term of service of three years in the same school division shall be required before 1770 a teacher is issued a continuing contract. School boards shall provide each probationary teacher except 1771 probationary teachers who have prior successful teaching experience, as determined by the local school 1772 board in a school division, a mentor teacher, as described by Board guidelines developed pursuant to $\frac{1}{2}$ 1773 22.1-305.1 subsection H of § 22.1-253.13:5, during the first year of the probationary period, to assist 1774 such probationary teacher in achieving excellence in instruction. During the probationary period, such 1775 probationary teacher shall be evaluated annually based upon the evaluation procedures developed by the 1776 employing school board for use by the division superintendent and principals in evaluating teachers as 1777 required by subsection C of § 22.1-295. A teacher in his first year of the probationary period shall be 1778 evaluated informally at least once during the first semester of the school year. The division 1779 superintendent shall consider such evaluations, among other things, in making any recommendations to

1780 the school board regarding the nonrenewal of such probationary teacher's contract as provided in1781 § 22.1-305.

Any teacher hired on or after July 1, 2001, shall be required, as a condition of achieving continuing
contract status, to have successfully completed training in instructional strategies and techniques for
intervention for or remediation of students who fail or are at risk of failing the Standards of Learning
assessments. Local school divisions shall be required to provide said training at no cost to teachers
employed in their division. In the event a local school division fails to offer said training in a timely
manner, no teacher will be denied continuing contract status for failure to obtain such training.

B. Once a continuing contract status has been attained in a school division in the Commonwealth, another probationary period need not be served in any other school division unless such probationary period, not to exceed two years, is made a part of the contract of employment. Further, when a teacher has attained continuing contract status in a school division in the Commonwealth and separates from and returns to teaching service in a school division in Virginia by the beginning of the third year, such teacher shall be required to serve a probationary period not to exceed two years, if made a part of the contract for employment.

1795 C. For the purpose of calculating the years of service required to attain continuing contract status, at
1796 least 160 contractual teaching days during the school year shall be deemed the equivalent of one year in
1797 the first year of service by a teacher.

1798 2. That § 22.1-305.1 of the Code of Virginia is repealed.