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## HOUSE BILL NO. 1973

Offered January 11, 2023 Prefiled January 10, 2023

3 4 5 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 3.2-4112, 3.2-4113, 3.2-4114, 3.2-4114.2, 3.2-4115, 3.2-4116, 3.2-4118, 3.2-4119, 3.2-4121, 3.2-5145.1, 3.2-5145.2:1, 3.2-5145.4, 3.2-5145.5, 4.1-600, 18.2-247, 6 18.2-251.1, 18.2-251.1:3, 18.2-371.2, 54.1-3401, 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3423, 54.1-3443, and 54.1-3446 7 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 41.1 of Title 3.2 an article numbered 4, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-4122, 3.2-4123, and 3.2-4124, and by adding a section numbered 3.2-5145.4:1, relating to tetrahydrocannabinol; industrial hemp; 8 9 10 regulated hemp products. 11

Patrons-Leftwich, Avoli, Bloxom, Campbell, E.H., Cordoza, Durant, Fariss, Head, Hodges, Orrock, Runion, Tata, Walker and Wiley

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

15 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 3.2-4112, 3.2-4113, 3.2-4114, 3.2-4114.2, 3.2-4115, 3.2-4116, 3.2-4118, 3.2-4119, 3.2-4121, 16 3.2-5145.1, 3.2-5145.2:1, 3.2-5145.4, 3.2-5145.5, 4.1-600, 18.2-247, 18.2-251.1, 18.2-251.1:3, 17 18.2-371.2, 54.1-3401, 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3423, 54.1-3443, and 54.1-3446 of the Code of Virginia are 18 amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 41.1 of 19 Title 3.2 an article numbered 4, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-4122, 3.2-4123, and 3.2-4124, 20 21 and by adding a section numbered 3.2-5145.4:1 as follows: 22

Article 1.

General Provisions.

# § 3.2-4112. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Cannabis sativa product" means a product made from any part of the plant Cannabis sativa with a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol that is greater than that allowed by federal law.

28 "Deal" means to temporarily possess industrial hemp grown in compliance with state or federal law 29 that (i) has not been processed and (ii) was not grown and will not be processed by the person 30 temporarily possessing it.

31 "Dealer" means any person who is registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 to deal in 32 industrial hemp. "Dealer" does not include a retail establishment that sells or offers for sale a hemp 33 product.

34 "Dealership" means the location at which a dealer stores or intends to store the industrial hemp in 35 which he deals. 36

"Edible hemp product" means any hemp product that is or includes an industrial hemp extract, as defined in § 3.2-5145.1, and that is intended to be consumed orally.

"Federally licensed hemp producer" means a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by 38 39 the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990. 40

"Grow" means to plant, cultivate, or harvest a plant or crop.

"Grower" means any person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 to grow industrial 41 42 hemp.

43 "Handle" means to temporarily possess industrial hemp grown in compliance with state or federal law that (i) has not been processed and (ii) was not grown by and will not be processed by the person 44 45 temporarily possessing it.

'Handler" means any person who is registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 to handle 46 47 industrial hemp. "Handler" does not include a retail establishment that sells or offers for sale a hemp 48 product.

49 "Handler's storage site" means the location at which a handler stores or intends to store the 50 industrial hemp he handles.

51 "Hemp product" means a product, including any raw materials from industrial hemp that are used for 52 or added to a food or beverage product, that contains industrial hemp and has completed all stages of 53 processing needed for the product.

54 "Hemp product intended for smoking" means any hemp product intended to be consumed by 55 inhalation.

"Industrial hemp" means any part of the plant Cannabis sativa, including seeds thereof, whether 56 growing or not, with a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol that is no greater than that allowed by 57

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58 federal law. "Industrial hemp" includes an industrial hemp extract that has not completed all stages of 59 processing needed to convert the extract into a hemp product.

60 "Process" means to convert industrial hemp into a hemp product.

61 "Processor" means a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 to process industrial 62 hemp.

63 "Process site" means the location at which a processor processes or intends to process industrial 64 hemp.

65 "Production field" means the land or area on which a grower or a federally licensed hemp producer 66 is growing or intends to grow industrial hemp. 67

'Regulated hemp product" means a hemp product intended for smoking or an edible hemp product.

"Tetrahydrocannabinol" includes its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of 68 69 such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation and any 70 preparation, mixture, or substance containing, or mixed or infused with, any detectable amount of 71 tetrahydrocannabinol.

72 "Total tetrahydrocannabinol" means the sum, after the application of any necessary conversion 73 factor, of the percentage by weight of tetrahydrocannabinol and the percentage by weight of 74 tetrahydrocannabinolic acid. 75

### Article 2.

# Industrial Hemp Crop Production, Handling, and Processing.

## § 3.2-4113. Production of industrial hemp lawful.

78 A. It is lawful for a grower, his agent, or a federally licensed hemp producer to grow, a dealer 79 handler or his agent to deal in handle, or a processor or his agent to process industrial hemp in the Commonwealth for any lawful purpose. No federally licensed hemp producer or grower or his agent 80 shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 81 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 for the possession or growing of industrial hemp or any Cannabis 82 83 sativa with a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed the total delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration percentage established in federal regulations applicable to negligent 84 85 violations located at 7 C.F.R. § 990.6(b)(3). No dealer handler or his agent or processor or his agent shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 86 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 or issued a summons or judgment for the possession, dealing 87 88 handling, or processing of industrial hemp. In any complaint, information, or indictment, and in any 89 action or proceeding brought for the enforcement of any provision of Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it shall not be necessary to negate 90 91 any exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption contained in this chapter article or the Drug Control Act, 92 and the burden of proof of any such exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption shall be on the defendant.

93 B. Nothing in this chapter article shall be construed to authorize any person to violate any federal 94 law or regulation.

95 C. No person shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 for the involuntary growth of industrial hemp through the 96 97 inadvertent natural spread of seeds or pollen as a result of proximity to a production field, dealership 98 handler's storage site, or process site. 99

# § 3.2-4114. Regulations.

100 A. The Board may adopt regulations pursuant to this chapter article as necessary to register persons 101 to grow, deal in handle, or process industrial hemp or implement the provisions of this chapter article.

B. Upon publication by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in the Federal Register of any final rule 102 regarding industrial hemp that materially expands opportunities for growing, producing, or <del>dealing</del> in *handling* industrial hemp in the Commonwealth, the Board shall immediately adopt amendments conforming Department regulations to such federal final rule. Such adoption of regulations by the Board 103 104 105 106 shall be exempt from the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). 107

# § 3.2-4114.2. Authority of Commissioner; notice to law enforcement; report.

108 A. The Commissioner may charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$250 for any application for 109 registration or renewal of registration allowed under this chapter article. The Commissioner may charge a nonrefundable fee for the tetrahydrocannabinol testing allowed under this chapter article. All fees 110 collected by the Commissioner shall be deposited in the state treasury. 111

112 B. The Commissioner shall adopt regulations establishing a fee structure for a registration issued pursuant to § 3.2-4115. With the exception of § 2.2-4031, no provision of the Administrative Process 113 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) or public participation guideline adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the 114 adoption of any regulation pursuant to this subsection. However, prior to adopting any regulation 115 pursuant to this subsection, the Commissioner shall review the recommendation of an advisory panel 116 that shall consider the economic impact of any proposed fee amount on the Commonwealth's industrial 117 118 hemp industry. The advisory panel shall, at a minimum, include (i) an agribusiness representative or 119 organization, (ii) a farming representative or organization, and (iii) a hemp industry representative or 120 organization. Prior to adopting any regulation pursuant to this subsection, the Commissioner shall publish a notice of opportunity to comment in the Virginia Register of Regulations and post the action 121 122 on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall. Such notice shall contain (a) a summary of the proposed 123 regulation; (b) the text of the proposed regulation; and (c) the name, address, and telephone number of 124 the agency contact person responsible for receiving public comments. Such notice shall be made at least 125 60 days in advance of the last date prescribed in such notice of submittals of public comment. The 126 legislative review provisions of subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 shall apply to the promulgation or 127 final adoption process of regulations pursuant to this subsection. The Commissioner shall consider and 128 keep on file all public comments received for any regulation adopted pursuant to this subsection.

129 C. The Commissioner may establish an application period for a registration or renewal of registration130 allowed under this chapter article.

D. The Commissioner shall notify the Superintendent of State Police of each registration issued by
 the Commissioner under this chapter article and each license submitted to the Commissioner by a
 federally licensed hemp producer.

E. The Commissioner shall forward a copy or appropriate electronic record of each registration issued by the Commissioner under this <del>chapter</del> *article* and each license submitted to the Commissioner by a federally licensed hemp producer to the chief law-enforcement officer of the county or city where industrial hemp will be grown, <del>dealt</del> *handled*, or processed.

138 F. The Commissioner may monitor the industrial hemp grown, dealt handled, or processed by a 139 person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 and provide for random sampling and testing 140 of the industrial hemp in accordance with any criteria established by the Commissioner and at the cost 141 of the grower, dealer handler, or processor, for compliance with tetrahydrocannabinol limits and for 142 other appropriate purposes established pursuant to § 3.2-4114. In addition to any routine inspection and sampling, the Commissioner may inspect and sample the industrial hemp at any production field, 143 144 dealership handler's storage site, or process site during normal business hours without advance notice if 145 he has reason to believe a violation of this chapter *article* is occurring or has occurred.

G. The Commissioner may require a grower, dealer handler, or processor to destroy, at the cost of the grower, dealer handler, or processor and in a manner approved of and verified by the Commissioner, any Cannabis sativa that the grower grows, in which the dealer deals the handler handles, or that the processor processes that has been tested and is found to have a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol that is greater than that allowed by federal law, or any Cannabis sativa product that the processor produces.

H. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection G, if the provisions of subdivisions 1 and 2 are
included in a plan that (i) is submitted by the Department pursuant to § 10113 of the federal Agriculture
Improvement Act of 2018, P.L. 115-334, (ii) requires the Department to monitor and regulate the
production of industrial hemp in the Commonwealth, and (iii) is approved by the U.S. Secretary of
Agriculture:

157 1. The Commissioner may require a grower, dealer handler, or processor to destroy, at the cost of 158 the grower, dealer handler, or processor and in a manner approved of and verified by the Commissioner, 159 any Cannabis sativa that the grower grows, in which the dealer deals the handler handles, or that the 160 processor processes that has been tested and is found to have a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol 161 that is greater than 0.6 percent.

162 2. If such a test of Cannabis sativa indicates a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol that is greater
163 than 0.6 percent but less than one percent, the Commissioner shall allow the grower, dealer handler, or
164 processor to request that the Cannabis sativa be sampled and tested again before he requires its
165 destruction.

I. The Commissioner shall advise the Superintendent of State Police or the chief law-enforcement
 officer of the appropriate county or city when, with a culpable mental state greater than negligence, a
 grower grows, a dealer deals in a handler handles, or a processor processes any Cannabis sativa with a
 concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol that is greater than that allowed by federal law or a processor
 produces a Cannabis sativa product.

171 J. The Commissioner may pursue any permits or waivers from the U.S. Drug Enforcement
 172 Administration or appropriate federal agency that he determines to be necessary for the advancement of
 173 the industrial hemp industry.

K. The Commissioner may establish a corrective action plan to address a negligent violation of any provision of this chapter *article*.

# 176 § 3.2-4115. Issuance of registrations; exemption.

A. The Commissioner shall establish a registration program to allow a person to grow, deal in *handle*, or process industrial hemp in the Commonwealth.

179 B. Any person seeking to grow, deal in *handle*, or process industrial hemp in the Commonwealth 180 shall apply to the Commissioner for a registration on a form provided by the Commissioner. At a 203

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181 minimum, the application shall include:

182 1. The name and mailing address of the applicant;

183 2. The legal description and geographic data sufficient for locating (i) the land on which the 184 applicant intends to grow industrial hemp, (ii) the site at which the applicant intends to deal in handle 185 industrial hemp, or (iii) the site at which the applicant intends to process industrial hemp. A registration 186 shall authorize industrial hemp growth, dealing in handling, or processing only at the location specified 187 in the registration;

188 3. A signed statement indicating whether the applicant has ever been convicted of a felony. A person 189 with a prior felony drug conviction within 10 years of applying for a registration under this section shall 190 not be eligible to be registered;

4. Written consent allowing the sheriff's office, police department, or Department of State Police, if a 191 192 registration is ultimately issued to the applicant, to enter the premises on which the industrial hemp is 193 grown, dealt in handled, or processed to conduct physical inspections of the industrial hemp and to ensure compliance with the requirements of this chapter article. No more than two physical inspections 194 shall be conducted under this subdivision per year, unless a valid search warrant for an inspection has 195 196 been issued by a court of competent jurisdiction;

5. Written consent allowing the Commissioner or his designee to enter the premises on which the 197 198 industrial hemp is grown, dealt in handled, or processed to conduct inspections and sampling of the 199 industrial hemp to ensure compliance with the requirements of this chapter article;

200 6. A statement of the approximate square footage or acreage of the location he intends to use as a 201 production field, dealership handler's storage site, or process site; 202

7. Any other information required by the Commissioner; and

8. The payment of a nonrefundable application fee, in an amount set by the Commissioner.

C. Each registration issued pursuant to this section shall be valid for a period of one year from the 204 205 date of issuance and may be renewed in successive years. Each annual renewal shall require the payment of a registration renewal fee, in an amount set by the Commissioner. 206

207 D. All records, data, and information filed in support of a registration application submitted pursuant 208 to this section and all information on a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of 209 Agriculture submitted to the Commissioner pursuant to this section shall be considered proprietary and 210 excluded from the provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.).

211 E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, no federally licensed hemp producer shall be 212 required to apply to the Commissioner for a registration to grow industrial hemp in the Commonwealth. 213 Each federally licensed hemp producer shall submit to the Commissioner a copy of his hemp producer 214 license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990. 215

# § 3.2-4116. Registration conditions.

A. A person who is not a federally licensed hemp producer shall obtain a registration pursuant to 216 subsection A of § 3.2-4115 prior to growing, dealing in handling, or processing any industrial hemp in 217 218 the Commonwealth.

B. A person issued a registration pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 shall:

1. Maintain records that reflect compliance with this chapter article;

2. Retain all industrial hemp growing, dealing handling, or processing records for at least three years;

222 3. Allow his production field, dealership handler's storage site, or process site to be inspected by and 223 at the discretion of the Commissioner or his designee, the Department of State Police, or the chief 224 law-enforcement officer of the locality in which the production field, or dealership handler's storage 225 *site*, or process site exists;

226 4. Allow the Commissioner or his designee to monitor and test the grower's, dealer's handler's, or 227 processor's industrial hemp for compliance with tetrahydrocannabinol levels and for other appropriate 228 purposes established pursuant to § 3.2-4114, at the cost of the grower, dealer handler, or processor; and

229 5. If required by the Commissioner, destroy, at the cost of the grower, dealer handler, or processor 230 and in a manner approved of and verified by the Commissioner, any Cannabis sativa that the grower 231 grows, the dealer deals in handler handles, or the processor processes that has been tested and, 232 following any re-sampling and retesting as authorized pursuant to the provisions of § 3.2-4114.2, is 233 found to have a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol that is greater than that allowed by federal law, or 234 any Cannabis sativa product that the processor produces.

# § 3.2-4118. Forfeiture of industrial hemp grower, handler, or processor registration; violations.

236 A. The Commissioner shall deny the application, or suspend or revoke the registration, of any person 237 who, with a culpable mental state greater than negligence, violates any provision of this chapter article. 238 The Commissioner shall provide reasonable notice of an informal fact-finding conference pursuant to 239 § 2.2-4019 to any person in connection with the denial, suspension, or revocation of a registration.

240 B. If a registration is revoked as the result of an informal hearing, the decision may be appealed, and 241 upon appeal an administrative hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Process 242 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). The grower, dealer handler, or processor may appeal a final order to the

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243 circuit court in accordance with the Administrative Process Act.

244 C. A person issued a registration pursuant to subsection A of  $\S$  3.2-4115 who negligently (i) fails to 245 provide a description and geographic data sufficient for locating his production field, dealership handler's storage site, or process site; (ii) grows, deals in handles, or processes Cannabis sativa with a 246 247 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration greater than that allowed by federal law; or (iii) produces a Cannabis 248 sativa product shall comply with any corrective action plan established by the Commissioner in 249 accordance with the provisions of subsection E. The Commissioner shall not deem a grower negligent if 250 such grower makes reasonable efforts to grow industrial hemp and grows Cannabis sativa with a 251 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed the total delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol 252 concentration percentage established in federal regulations applicable to negligent violations located at 7 253 C.F.R. § 990.6(b)(3).

254 D. A person who grows, deals in handles, or processes industrial hemp and who negligently fails to 255 register pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 shall comply with any corrective action plan established 256 by the Commissioner in accordance with the provisions of subsection E.

257 E. A corrective action plan established by the Commissioner in response to a negligent violation of a 258 provision of this chapter article shall identify a reasonable date by which the person who is the subject 259 of the plan shall correct the negligent violation and shall require such person to report periodically for 260 not less than two calendar years to the Commissioner on the person's compliance with the provisions of 261 this chapter article.

262 F. No person who negligently violates the provisions of this chapter article three times in a five-year 263 period shall be eligible to grow, deal in handle, or process industrial hemp for a period of five years 264 beginning on the date of the third violation. 265

### § 3.2-4119. Eligibility to receive tobacco settlement funds.

266 Industrial hemp growers, dealers handlers, or processors registered under this chapter article or 267 federally licensed hemp producers may be eligible to receive funds from the Tobacco Indemnification 268 and Community Revitalization Fund established pursuant to § 3.2-3106.

Article 3.

#### Virginia Industrial Hemp Fund.

#### § 3.2-4121. Virginia Industrial Hemp Fund.

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272 There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Virginia 273 Industrial Hemp Fund, hereafter referred to as "the Fund-" for the purposes of this article. The Fund 274 shall be established on the books of the Comptroller. All moneys levied and collected under the 275 provisions of this chapter shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund. Interest earned 276 on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the 277 Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but 278 shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used by the Department solely for carrying out 279 the purposes of this chapter. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State 280 Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Commissioner.

Article 4.

# Regulated Hemp Products.

#### § 3.2-4122. Annual retail facility registration required; fee.

284 A. The Commissioner shall issue regulated hemp product retail facility registrations, which shall 285 authorize the registration holder to offer for sale or sell a regulated hemp product. No person shall 286 offer for sale or sell a regulated hemp product in the Commonwealth without a regulated hemp product 287 retail facility registration.

288 B. A nonrefundable annual registration fee of \$1,000 shall be required with each application for a 289 regulated hemp product retail facility registration.

290 C. Each registration issued pursuant to this section shall be valid for a period of one year from the 291 date of issuance and may be renewed in successive years. Each annual renewal shall require the 292 payment of the nonrefundable annual registration fee prescribed in subsection B.

293 D. An annual regulated hemp product retail facility registration shall be required for each location 294 that offers for sale or sells a regulated hemp product.

295 E. Any person seeking to offer for sale or sell a regulated hemp product in the Commonwealth shall 296 apply to the Commissioner for a regulated hemp product retail facility registration on a form provided 297 by the Commissioner. At a minimum, the application shall include: 298

1. The name and mailing address of the applicant;

299 2. The physical address of the facility from which the applicant intends to offer for sale or sell a 300 regulated hemp product. A registration shall authorize the offering for sale or sale of a regulated hemp 301 product only at the location specified in the registration;

302 3. Written consent allowing the Commissioner or his designee to enter the location from which the 303 regulated hemp product is offered for sale or sold to ensure compliance with the requirements of this

304 article;

305 4. If the applicant intends to offer for sale or sell an edible hemp product, a copy of the permit 306 issued by the Commissioner pursuant to § 3.2-5100;

307 5. Any other information required by the Commissioner; and

308 6. The payment of a nonrefundable application fee.

309 F. This section shall not apply to a person authorized to offer for sale or sell products (i) that are 310 approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) dispensed pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of Chapter 34 311 312 of Title 54.1.

313 § 3.2-4123. Product packaging, labeling, and testing.

314 A. No person shall offer for sale or sell a regulated hemp product unless the product is: 315

1. Contained in child-resistant packaging, as defined in § 4.1-600;

316 2. Equipped with a label that states, in English and in a font no less than 1/16 of an inch, (i) all ingredients contained in the substance; (ii) the amount of such substance that constitutes a single 317 318 serving; (iii) the total percentage and milligrams of all tetrahydrocannabinols included in the substance 319 and the total number of milligrams of all tetrahydrocannabinols that are contained in each serving; and 320 (iv) if the substance contains tetrahydrocannabinol, that the product may not be sold to persons younger 321 than 21 years of age: and

322 3. Accompanied by a certificate of analysis, produced by an independent laboratory that is 323 accredited pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International Organization for Standardization by a third-party accrediting body, that states the total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the substance 324 325 or the total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the batch from which the substance originates.

326 This subsection shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of Chapter 34 of Title 54.1. 327 328

329 B. No person shall offer for sale or sell a regulated hemp product that depicts or is in the shape of 330 a human, animal, vehicle, or fruit.

331 C. No person shall offer for sale or sell a regulated hemp product that, without authorization, bears, 332 is packaged in a container or wrapper that bears, or is otherwise labeled to bear the trademark, trade 333 name, famous mark as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1125, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any 334 likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor of a product intended for human 335 consumption other than the manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor that did in fact so 336 manufacture, process, pack, or distribute such substance. 337

# § 3.2-4124. Civil penalties.

338 A. The Commissioner may, in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), 339 deny the application for a regulated hemp product retail facility registration or suspend or revoke the 340 regulated hemp product retail facility registration of any person who violates the provisions of this 341 article.

342 B. Any person who (i) offers for sale or sells a regulated hemp product without first obtaining a 343 registration to do so from the Commissioner in accordance with § 3.2-4122, (ii) continues to offer for 344 sale or sell a regulated hemp product after revocation or suspension of such registration, (iii) offers for 345 sale or sells a regulated hemp product with a total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that is greater 346 than 0.3 percent, or (iv) offers for sale or sells a regulated hemp product in violation of § 3.2-4123, in 347 addition to any other penalties provided, is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 for each day 348 a violation occurs. Such penalty shall be collected by the Commissioner and the proceeds shall be 349 payable to the State Treasurer for remittance to the Department. 350

# § 3.2-5145.1. Definitions.

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As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

352 "Food" means any article that is intended for human consumption and introduction into commerce, 353 whether the article is simple, mixed, or compound, and all substances or ingredients used in the 354 preparation thereof. "Food" does not mean drug as defined in § 54.1-3401.

355 "Industrial hemp" means a Cannabis sativa plant that has a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol 356 that is no greater than that allowed by federal law.

"Industrial hemp extract" means an extract (i) of a Cannabis sativa plant that has a concentration of 357 358 tetrahydrocannabinol that is no greater than that allowed for hemp by federal law and (ii) any 359 phytochemical that has been removed from industrial hemp, that is intended for human consumption, 360 and that has a total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that is no greater than 0.3 percent. "Industrial hemp extract" is not a hemp seed-derived ingredient that is approved by the U.S. Food and Drug 361 Administration or is the subject of a generally recognized as safe notice for which the U.S. Food and 362 Drug Administration had no questions. 363

'Tetrahydrocannabinol" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112. 364

365 "Total tetrahydrocannabinol" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

#### 366 § 3.2-5145.2:1. Sellers or manufacturers of industrial hemp extract; penalties.

367 A. Any person who *manufactures*, sells, or offers for sale an industrial hemp extract or food 368 containing an industrial hemp extract shall be subject to the requirements of this chapter and regulations 369 adopted pursuant to this chapter.

370 B. Any person who (i) manufactures, sells, or offers for sale an industrial hemp extract or food 371 containing an industrial hemp extract without first obtaining a permit to do so from the Commissioner 372 pursuant to § 3.2-5100; (ii) continues to manufacturer, sell, or offer for sale an industrial hemp extract 373 or food containing an industrial hemp extract after revocation or suspension of such permit; (iii) 374 manufactures, sells, or offers for sale a food with a total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that is 375 greater than 0.3 percent; or (iv) otherwise violates any provision of this article or a regulation adopted 376 pursuant to this chapter, in addition to any other penalties provided, is subject to a civil penalty not to 377 exceed \$10,000 for each day a violation occurs. Such penalty shall be collected by the Commissioner 378 and the proceeds shall be payable to the State Treasurer for remittance to the Department.

379 C. Any person who (i) manufactures, sells, or offers for sale an industrial hemp extract or food 380 containing an industrial hemp extract without first obtaining a permit to do so from the Commissioner 381 pursuant to § 3.2-5100; (ii) continues to manufacturer, sell, or offer for sale an industrial hemp extract 382 or food containing an industrial hemp extract after revocation or suspension of such permit; or (iii) 383 otherwise violates any provision of this chapter or a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter, in 384 addition to any other penalties provided, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. Each day in violation shall 385 constitute a separate offense. 386

# § 3.2-5145.4. Industrial hemp extract requirements.

387 A. An industrial hemp extract shall (i) be produced from industrial hemp grown in compliance with 388 applicable law and (ii) notwithstanding any authority under federal law to have a greater concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol, have a total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent. 389

390 B. In addition to the requirements of this chapter, an industrial hemp extract or food containing an 391 industrial hemp extract shall comply with regulations adopted by the Board pursuant to § 3.2-5145.5. 392

# § 3.2-5145.4:1. Labeling and packaging requirements.

393 A. An industrial hemp extract or food containing an industrial hemp extract shall be packaged and 394 labeled to include (i) all ingredients contained in the industrial hemp extract or food containing an 395 industrial hemp extract, (ii) the amount of such industrial hemp extract or food containing an industrial 396 hemp extract that constitutes a single serving, and (iii) the number of milligrams and percent of total 397 tetrahydrocannabinol per serving and number of milligrams and percent of total tetrahydrocannabinol 398 per package.

399 B. Any industrial hemp extract or food containing an industrial hemp extract that contains 400 tetrahydrocannabinol shall (i) be equipped with a label that states that the industrial hemp extract or 401 food containing an industrial hemp extract contains tetrahydrocannabinol and (ii) may not be sold to 402 persons younger than 21 years of age.

403 C. A manufacturer shall identify each batch of an industrial hemp extract or a food containing an 404 industrial hemp extract with a unique code for traceability. Julian date coding or any other system 405 developed and documented by the manufacturer for assigning a unique code to a batch may be used. 406 The batch identification shall appear and be legible on the label of an industrial hemp extract or food 407 containing an industrial hemp extract.

408 D. The label of an industrial hemp extract or food containing an industrial hemp extract shall not 409 contain a claim indicating the product is intended for diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or 410 prevention of disease, which shall render the product a drug, as that term is defined in 21 U.S.C. §

411 321(g)(1). An industrial hemp extract or food containing an industrial hemp extract with a label that 412 contains a claim indicating the product is intended for diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or 413 prevention of disease shall be considered misbranded.

#### 414 § 3.2-5145.5. Regulations. 415

A. The Board is authorized to adopt regulations for the efficient enforcement of this article.

416 B. The Board shall adopt regulations identifying contaminants of an industrial hemp extract or a food 417 containing an industrial hemp extract and establishing tolerances for such identified contaminants.

418 C. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing labeling requirements for an industrial hemp extract 419 or a food containing an industrial hemp extract. Such regulations shall require that any industrial hemp 420 extract or food containing an industrial hemp extract that contains tetrahydrocannabinol be equipped 421 with a label that states (i) that the industrial hemp extract or food containing an industrial hemp extract 422 contains tetrahydrocannabinol and may not be sold to persons younger than 21 years of age, (ii) all 423 ingredients contained in the industrial hemp extract or food containing an industrial hemp extract, (iii) 424 the amount of such industrial hemp extract or food containing an industrial hemp extract that constitutes 425 a single serving, and (iv) the total percentage and milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol included in the 426 industrial hemp extract or food containing an industrial hemp extract and the number of milligrams of

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427 tetrahydrocannabinol that are contained in each serving.

428 D. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing batch testing requirements for industrial hemp 429 extracts. The Board shall require that batch testing of industrial hemp extracts be conducted by an 430 independent testing laboratory that meets criteria established by the Board.

431 E. D. With the exception of § 2.2-4031, neither the provisions of the Administrative Process Act 432 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) nor public participation guidelines adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the 433 adoption of any regulation pursuant to this section. Prior to adopting any regulation pursuant to this section, the Board shall publish a notice of opportunity to comment in the Virginia Register of 434 Regulations and post the action on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall. Such notice of opportunity to 435 comment shall contain (i) a summary of the proposed regulation; (ii) the text of the proposed regulation; 436 and (iii) the name, address, and telephone number of the agency contact person responsible for receiving 437 438 public comments. Such notice shall be made at least 60 days in advance of the last date prescribed in 439 such notice for submittals of public comment. The legislative review provisions of subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 shall apply to the promulgation or final adoption process for regulations pursuant to this 440 441 section. The Board shall consider and keep on file all public comments received for any regulation 442 adopted pursuant to this section.

## § 4.1-600. Definitions.

As used in this subtitle, unless the context requires a different meaning:

445 "Advertisement" or " advertising" means any written or verbal statement, illustration, or depiction 446 that is calculated to induce sales of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, marijuana plants, or 447 marijuana seeds, including any written, printed, graphic, digital, electronic, or other material, billboard, sign, or other outdoor display, publication, or radio or television broadcast. 448 449

"Authority" means the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority created pursuant to this subtitle.

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority.

"Cannabis Control Act" means Subtitle II (§ 4.1-600 et seq.).

452 "Child-resistant" means, with respect to packaging or a container, (i) specially designed or 453 constructed to be significantly difficult for a typical child under five years of age to open and not to be 454 significantly difficult for a typical adult to open and reseal and (ii) for any product intended for more 455 than a single use or that contains multiple servings, reseatable.

"Cultivation" or "cultivate" means the planting, propagation, growing, harvesting, drying, curing, 456 457 grading, trimming, or other similar processing of marijuana for use or sale. "Cultivation" or "cultivate" 458 does not include manufacturing or testing.

"Edible marijuana product" means a marijuana product intended to be consumed orally, including 459 460 marijuana intended to be consumed orally or marijuana concentrate intended to be consumed orally.

"Immature plant" means a nonflowering marijuana plant that is no taller than eight inches and no 461 462 wider than eight inches, is produced from a cutting, clipping, or seedling, and is growing in a container. 463 "Licensed" means the holding of a valid license granted by the Authority.

"Licensee" means any person to whom a license has been granted by the Authority.

464 465 "Manufacturing" or "manufacture" means the production of marijuana products or the blending, 466 infusing, compounding, or other preparation of marijuana and marijuana products, including marijuana extraction or preparation by means of chemical synthesis. "Manufacturing" or "manufacture" does not 467 468 include cultivation or testing.

469 "Marijuana" means (i) any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, its seeds 470 or resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its 471 seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids or (ii) any substance containing a 472 total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that exceeds 0.3 percent, including a hemp product as defined in § 3.2-5145.1. "Marijuana" does not include (i) the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from 473 such stalk, or oil or cake made from the seed of such plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil, or cake is 474 combined with other parts of plants of the genus Cannabis. "Marijuana" does not include (i); (ii) 475 476 industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent or (ii); (iii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by 477 478 a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 479 7 C.F.R. Part 990; (iv) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, containing a total 480 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, 481 as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt handled, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; (v) an industrial hemp extract, as defined in § 3.2-5145.1, containing a total tetrahydrocannabinol 482 483 concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in **484** § 3.2-4112, that is grown, handled, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; or (vi) any substance containing a tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such isomer where such 485 tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such isomer has been placed by the Board of Pharmacy into 486 **487** one of the schedules set forth in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) pursuant to § 54.1-3443.

488 "Marijuana concentrate" means marijuana that has undergone a process to concentrate one or more 489 active cannabinoids, thereby increasing the product's potency. Resin from granular trichomes from a490 marijuana plant is a concentrate for purposes of this subtitle.

491 "Marijuana cultivation facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to cultivate, label, and 492 package retail marijuana; to purchase or take possession of marijuana plants and seeds from other 493 marijuana cultivation facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana, immature marijuana 494 plants, and marijuana seeds to marijuana wholesalers and retail marijuana stores; to transfer possession 495 of and sell retail marijuana, marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to other marijuana cultivation 496 facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana to marijuana manufacturing facilities; and to 497 sell immature marijuana plants and marijuana seeds to consumers for the purpose of cultivating 498 marijuana at home for personal use.

499 "Marijuana establishment" means a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana testing facility, a
 500 marijuana manufacturing facility, a marijuana wholesaler, or a retail marijuana store.

501 "Marijuana manufacturing facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to manufacture, label, 502 and package retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; to purchase or take possession of retail 503 marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility or another marijuana manufacturing facility; and to 504 transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to marijuana wholesalers, 505 retail marijuana stores, or other marijuana manufacturing facilities.

"Marijuana paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind that are either
designed for use or are intended for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting,
manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, strength testing, analyzing,
packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into
the human body marijuana.

511 "Marijuana products" means (i) products that are composed of marijuana and other ingredients and 512 are intended for use or consumption, ointments, and tinctures or (ii) marijuana concentrate.

513 "Marijuana testing facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to develop, research, or test514 marijuana, marijuana products, and other substances.

515 "Marijuana wholesaler" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to purchase or take possession of 516 retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds from a 517 marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana manufacturing facility, or another marijuana wholesaler and to 518 transfer possession and sell or resell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana 519 plants, and marijuana seeds to a marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, retail 520 marijuana store, or another marijuana wholesaler.

521 "Non-retail marijuana" means marijuana that is not cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed
 522 marijuana establishment.

523 "Non-retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are not manufactured and sold by a524 licensed marijuana establishment.

<sup>525</sup> "Place or premises" means the real estate, together with any buildings or other improvements thereon,
<sup>526</sup> designated in the application for a license as the place at which the cultivation, manufacture, sale, or
<sup>527</sup> testing of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products shall be performed, except that portion of any
<sup>528</sup> such building or other improvement actually and exclusively used as a private residence.

529 "Public place" means any place, building, or conveyance to which the public has, or is permitted to
530 have, access, including restaurants, soda fountains, hotel dining areas, lobbies and corridors of hotels,
531 and any park, place of public resort or amusement, highway, street, lane, or sidewalk adjoining any
532 highway, street, or lane.

533 "Residence" means any building or part of a building or structure where a person resides, but does
534 not include any part of a building that is not actually and exclusively used as a private residence, nor
535 any part of a hotel or club other than a private guest room thereof.

536 "Retail marijuana" means marijuana that is cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed marijuana537 establishment.

538 "Retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are manufactured and sold by a licensed539 marijuana establishment.

540 "Retail marijuana store" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to purchase or take possession of
541 retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds from a
542 marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, or marijuana wholesaler and to sell retail
543 marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds to consumers.

544 "Sale" and "sell" includes soliciting or receiving an order for; keeping, offering, or exposing for sale;
545 peddling, exchanging, or bartering; or delivering otherwise than gratuitously, by any means, retail
546 marijuana or retail marijuana products.

547 "Special agent" means an employee of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority whom the Board has designated as a law-enforcement officer pursuant to this subtitle.

549 "Testing" or "test" means the research and analysis of marijuana, marijuana products, or other

substances for contaminants, safety, or potency. "Testing" or "test" does not include cultivation or 550 551 manufacturing. 552

"Tetrahydrocannabinol" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

553 "Total tetrahydrocannabinol" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

§ 18.2-247. Use of terms "controlled substances," "marijuana," "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V, and 554 VI," "imitation controlled substance," and "counterfeit controlled substance" in Title 18.2. 555

556 A. Wherever the terms "controlled substances" and "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V, and VI" are used in 557 Title 18.2, such terms refer to those terms as they are used or defined in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.). 558

B. The term "imitation controlled substance" when used in this article means (i) a counterfeit 559 560 controlled substance or (ii) a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any form whatsoever which is not a 561 controlled substance subject to abuse, and:

1. Which by overall dosage unit appearance, including color, shape, size, marking and packaging or 562 by representations made, would cause the likelihood that such a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any 563 564 other form whatsoever will be mistaken for a controlled substance unless such substance was introduced 565 into commerce prior to the initial introduction into commerce of the controlled substance which it is 566 alleged to imitate; or

 $\overline{2}$ . Which by express or implied representations purports to act like a controlled substance as a 567 568 stimulant or depressant of the central nervous system and which is not commonly used or recognized for 569 use in that particular formulation for any purpose other than for such stimulant or depressant effect, 570 unless marketed, promoted, or sold as permitted by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

C. In determining whether a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any other form whatsoever, is an "imitation controlled substance," there shall be considered, in addition to all other relevant factors, 571 572 comparisons with accepted methods of marketing for legitimate nonprescription drugs for medicinal 573 574 purposes rather than for drug abuse or any similar nonmedicinal use, including consideration of the 575 packaging of the drug and its appearance in overall finished dosage form, promotional materials or 576 representations, oral or written, concerning the drug, and the methods of distribution of the drug and 577 where and how it is sold to the public.

578 D. The term "marijuana" when used in this article means (i) any part of a plant of the genus 579 Cannabis, whether growing or not, its seeds or resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, 580 mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more 581 cannabinoids or (ii) any substance containing a total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that exceeds 582 0.3 percent, including a hemp product as defined in § 3.2-4112 or an industrial hemp extract as defined in § 3.2-5145.1. "Marijuana" does not include (i) the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from 583 such stalk, oil or cake made from the seed of such plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil or cake is **584** combined with other parts of plants of the genus Cannabis- Marijuana does not include (i); (ii) industrial 585 586 hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent; (ii) (iii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person 587 who holds a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. 588 589 Part 990;  $\Theta f(iii)$  (iv) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, containing a *total* tetrahydrocannabinol 590 concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt handled, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; (v) an 591 592 industrial hemp extract, as defined in § 3.2-5145.1, containing a total tetrahydrocannabinol 593 concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § **594** 3.2-4112, that is grown, handled, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; or (vi) any 595 substance containing a tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such isomer where such tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such isomer has been placed by the Board of Pharmacy into 596

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one of the schedules set forth in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) pursuant to § 54.1-3443. E. The term "counterfeit controlled substance" means a controlled substance that, without 598 599 authorization, bears, is packaged in a container or wrapper that bears, or is otherwise labeled to bear, the 600 trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint or device or any likeness thereof, of a drug 601 manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor other than the manufacturer, processor, packer, or 602 distributor who did in fact so manufacture, process, pack or distribute such drug.

F. The term "tetrahydrocannabinol" includes its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the 603 604 existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation and any preparation, mixture, or substance containing, or mixed or infused with, any detectable amount 605 of tetrahydrocannabinol. "Tetrahydrocannabinol" includes delta-6a(10a), delta-7, delta-8, delta-9, and 606 607 delta-10-tetrahydrocannibinol.

608 G. The term "total tetrahydrocannabinol" means the sum, after the application of any necessary 609 conversion factor, of the percentage by weight of tetrahydrocannabinol and the percentage by weight of 610 tetrahydrocannabinolic acid.

H. The Department of Forensic Science shall determine the proper methods for detecting the 611

612 concentration of delta 9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) tetrahydrocannabinol in substances for the purposes 613 of this title. Charten 11/(5,4,1,100) of  $\pi$  is a first of the state of

613 of this title, *Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1*, and  $\frac{1}{8}$  § 54.1-3401 and  $\frac{54.1-3446}{1}$ . The testing 614 methodology shall use post-decarboxylation testing or other equivalent method and shall consider the

615 potential conversion of <del>delta-9-tetrahydrocannibinol</del> *tetrahydrocannabinolic* acid (THC-A) into THC

616 *tetrahydrocannabinol*. The test result shall include the total available THC derived from the sum of the

617 THC and THC-A content.

618 § 18.2-251.1. Possession or distribution of marijuana for medical purposes permitted.

A. No person shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-250 or § 18.2-250.1 for the possession of marijuana
 or tetrahydrocannabinol when that possession occurs pursuant to a valid prescription issued by a medical doctor in the course of his professional practice for treatment of cancer or glaucoma.

B. No medical doctor shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-248 or § 18.2-248.1 for dispensing or distributing marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol for medical purposes when such action occurs in the course of his professional practice for treatment of cancer or glaucoma.

625 C. No pharmacist shall be prosecuted under §§ 18.2-248 to through 18.2-248.1 for dispensing or
626 distributing marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol to any person who holds a valid prescription of a medical
627 doctor for such substance issued in the course of such doctor's professional practice for treatment of
628 cancer or glaucoma.

§ 18.2-251.1:3. Possession or distribution of cannabis oil, or industrial hemp; laboratories;
 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Department of Law employees.

631 A. No person employed by an analytical laboratory to retrieve, deliver, or possess cannabis oil or 632 industrial hemp samples from a permitted pharmaceutical processor, a registered industrial hemp grower, 633 a federally licensed hemp producer, or a registered industrial hemp processor for the purpose of performing required testing shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or 634 § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, or 18.2-255 for the possession or distribution of cannabis oil or 635 industrial hemp or for storing cannabis oil or industrial hemp for testing purposes in accordance with 636 637 regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy and the Board of Agriculture and Consumer 638 Services.

B. No employee of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services or of the Department of *Law* shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 for the
possession or distribution of industrial hemp or any substance containing tetrahydrocannabinol when
possession of industrial hemp or any substance containing tetrahydrocannabinol is necessary in the
performance of his duties.

§ 18.2-371.2. Prohibiting purchase or possession of tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, alternative nicotine products, and hemp products intended for smoking by a person under 21 years of age or sale of tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, alternative nicotine products, and hemp products intended for smoking to persons under 21 years of age; civil penalties.

A. No person shall sell to, distribute to, purchase for, or knowingly permit the purchase by any person less than 21 years of age, knowing or having reason to believe that such person is less than 21 years of age, any tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product
intended for smoking.

Tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, alternative nicotine products, and hemp products intended for smoking may be sold from a vending machine only if the machine is (i) posted with a notice, in a conspicuous manner and place, indicating that the purchase or possession of such products by persons under 21 years of age is unlawful and (ii) located in a place that is not open to the general public and is not generally accessible to persons under 21 years of age. An establishment that prohibits the presence of persons under 21 years of age unless accompanied by a person 21 years of age or older is not open to the general public.

659 B. No person less than 21 years of age shall attempt to purchase, purchase, or possess any tobacco 660 product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product intended for smoking. The 661 provisions of this subsection shall not be applicable to the possession of tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, alternative nicotine products, or hemp products intended for smoking by a person less **662** 663 than 21 years of age (i) making a delivery of tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, alternative 664 nicotine products, or hemp products intended for smoking in pursuance of his employment or (ii) as part 665 of a scientific study being conducted by an organization for the purpose of medical research to further 666 efforts in cigarette and tobacco use prevention and cessation and tobacco product regulation, provided that such medical research has been approved by an institutional review board pursuant to applicable **667** 668 federal regulations or by a research review committee pursuant to Chapter 5.1 (§ 32.1-162.16 et seq.) of Title 32.1. This subsection shall not apply to purchase, attempt to purchase, or possession by a 669 670 law-enforcement officer or his agent when the same is necessary in the performance of his duties.

671 C. No person shall sell a tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or 672 hemp product intended for smoking to any individual who does not demonstrate, by producing a driver's

673 license or similar photo identification issued by a government agency, that the individual is at least 21 674 years of age. Such identification is not required from an individual whom the person has reason to believe is at least 21 years of age or who the person knows is at least 21 years of age. Proof that the 675 person demanded, was shown, and reasonably relied upon a photo identification stating that the 676 individual was at least 21 years of age shall be a defense to any action brought under this subsection. In **677** 678 determining whether a person had reason to believe an individual is at least 21 years of age, the trier of 679 fact may consider, but is not limited to, proof of the general appearance, facial characteristics, behavior, 680 and manner of the individual.

This subsection shall not apply to mail order or Internet sales, provided that the person offering the **681 682** tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product intended for smoking for sale through mail order or the Internet (i) prior to the sale of the tobacco product, nicotine **683** vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product intended for smoking verifies that the **684** 685 purchaser is at least 21 years of age through a commercially available database that is regularly used by businesses or governmental entities for the purpose of age and identity verification and (ii) uses a 686 method of mailing, shipping, or delivery that requires the signature of a person at least 21 years of age 687 688 before the tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product 689 intended for smoking will be released to the purchaser.

b. The provisions of subsections B and C shall not apply to the sale, giving, or furnishing of any tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product intended for smoking to any active duty military personnel who are 18 years of age or older. An identification card issued by the Armed Forces of the United States shall be accepted as proof of age for this purpose.

E. A violation of subsection A or C by an individual or by a separate retail establishment that
involves a nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, hemp product intended for smoking, or
tobacco product other than a bidi is punishable by a civil penalty not to exceed \$100 for a first
violation, a civil penalty not to exceed \$200 for a second violation, and a civil penalty not to exceed
\$500 for a third or subsequent violation.

699 A violation of subsection A or C by an individual or by a separate retail establishment that involves 700 the sale, distribution, or purchase of a bidi is punishable by a civil penalty in the amount of \$500 for a 701 first violation, a civil penalty in the amount of \$1,000 for a second violation, and a civil penalty in the 702 amount of \$2,500 for a third or subsequent violation. Where a defendant retail establishment offers 703 proof that it has trained its employees concerning the requirements of this section, the court shall 704 suspend all of the penalties imposed hereunder. However, where the court finds that a retail 705 establishment has failed to so train its employees, the court may impose a civil penalty not to exceed 706 \$1,000 in lieu of any penalties imposed hereunder for a violation of subsection A or C involving a 707 nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, hemp product intended for smoking, or tobacco 708 product other than a bidi.

A violation of subsection B is punishable by a civil penalty not to exceed \$100 for a first violation and a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for a second or subsequent violation. A court may, as an alternative to the civil penalty, and upon motion of the defendant, prescribe the performance of up to 20 hours of community service for a first violation of subsection B and up to 40 hours of community service for a second or subsequent violation. If the defendant fails or refuses to complete the community service as prescribed, the court may impose the civil penalty. Upon a violation of subsection B, the judge may enter an order pursuant to subdivision A 9 of § 16.1-278.8.

Any attorney for the Commonwealth of the county or city in which an alleged violation occurred
may bring an action to recover the civil penalty, which shall be paid into the state treasury. Any
law-enforcement officer may issue a summons for a violation of subsection A, B, or C.

719 F. 1. Cigarettes and hemp products intended for smoking shall be sold only in sealed packages 720 provided by the manufacturer, with the required health warning. The proprietor of every retail 721 establishment that offers for sale any tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine 722 product, or hemp product intended for smoking shall post in a conspicuous manner and place a sign or 723 signs indicating that the sale of tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, alternative nicotine products, or hemp products intended for smoking to any person under 21 years of age is prohibited by law. Any 724 725 attorney for the county, city, or town in which an alleged violation of this subsection occurred may 726 enforce this subsection by civil action to recover a civil penalty not to exceed \$50 \$500. The civil 727 penalty shall be paid into the local treasury. No filing fee or other fee or cost shall be charged to the 728 county, city, or town which instituted the action.

729 2. For the purpose of compliance with regulations of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health
730 Services Administration published at 61 Federal Register 1492, the Department of Agriculture and
731 Consumer Services may promulgate regulations which allow the Department to undertake the activities
732 necessary to comply with such regulations.

733 3. Any attorney for the county, city, or town in which an alleged violation of this subsection
734 occurred may enforce this subsection by civil action to recover a civil penalty not to exceed \$100 \$500.

735 The civil penalty shall be paid into the local treasury. No filing fee or other fee or cost shall be charged 736 to the county, city, or town which instituted the action. 737

G. Nothing in this section shall be construed to create a private cause of action.

738 H. Agents of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority designated pursuant to § 4.1-105 739 may issue a summons for any violation of this section.

740 I. As used in this section:

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741 "Alternative nicotine product" means any noncombustible product containing nicotine that is intended 742 for human consumption, whether chewed, absorbed, dissolved, or ingested by any other means. 743 "Alternative nicotine product" does not include any nicotine vapor product, tobacco product, or product 744 regulated as a drug or device by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) under Chapter V (21 745 U.S.C. § 351 et seq.) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

746 "Bidi" means a product containing tobacco that is wrapped in temburni leaf (diospyros melanoxylon) 747 or tendu leaf (diospyros exculpra), or any other product that is offered to, or purchased by, consumers as 748 a bidi or beedie.

'Hemp product'' means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

750 "Nicotine vapor product" means any noncombustible product containing nicotine that employs a 751 heating element, power source, electronic circuit, or other electronic, chemical, or mechanical means, 752 regardless of shape or size, that can be used to produce vapor from nicotine in a solution or other form. 753 "Nicotine vapor product" includes any electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic 754 pipe, or similar product or device and any cartridge or other container of nicotine in a solution or other 755 form that is intended to be used with or in an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, 756 electronic pipe, or similar product or device. "Nicotine vapor product" does not include any product regulated by the FDA under Chapter V (21 U.S.C. § 351 et seq.) of the Federal Food, Drug, and 757 758 Cosmetic Act.

759 "Tobacco product" means any product made of tobacco and includes cigarettes, cigars, smokeless tobacco, pipe tobacco, bidis, and wrappings. "Tobacco product" does not include any nicotine vapor 760 761 product, alternative nicotine product, or product that is regulated by the FDA under Chapter V (21 762 U.S.C. § 351 et seq.) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

763 "Wrappings" includes papers made or sold for covering or rolling tobacco or other materials for 764 smoking in a manner similar to a cigarette or cigar. 765

# § 54.1-3401. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, 767 768 ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by (i) a practitioner or by his 769 authorized agent and under his direction or (ii) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the 770 presence of the practitioner.

771 "Advertisement" means all representations disseminated in any manner or by any means, other than 772 by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or which are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase of drugs or devices. 773

"Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer. 774 775 distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or 776 employee of the carrier or warehouseman.

777 "Anabolic steroid" means any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and pharmacologically related 778 to testosterone, other than estrogens, progestins, corticosteroids, and dehydroepiandrosterone.

779 "Animal" means any nonhuman animate being endowed with the power of voluntary action.

780 "Automated drug dispensing system" means a mechanical or electronic system that performs operations or activities, other than compounding or administration, relating to pharmacy services, 781 782 including the storage, dispensing, or distribution of drugs and the collection, control, and maintenance of 783 all transaction information, to provide security and accountability for such drugs.

784 "Biological product" means a virus, therapeutic serum, toxin, antitoxin, vaccine, blood, blood 785 component or derivative, allergenic product, protein other than a chemically synthesized polypeptide, or 786 analogous product, or arsphenamine or any derivative of arsphenamine or any other trivalent organic 787 arsenic compound, applicable to the prevention, treatment, or cure of a disease or condition of human 788 beings.

789 "Biosimilar" means a biological product that is highly similar to a specific reference biological 790 product, notwithstanding minor differences in clinically inactive compounds, such that there are no 791 clinically meaningful differences between the reference biological product and the biological product that 792 has been licensed as a biosimilar pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k) in terms of safety, purity, and potency 793 of the product.

794 "Board" means the Board of Pharmacy.

795 "Bulk drug substance" means any substance that is represented for use, and that, when used in the 796 compounding, manufacturing, processing, or packaging of a drug, becomes an active ingredient or a
797 finished dosage form of the drug; however, "bulk drug substance" shall not include intermediates that
798 are used in the synthesis of such substances.

799 "Change of ownership" of an existing entity permitted, registered, or licensed by the Board means (i) 800 the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the entity or of any corporation that owns 801 or controls the entity; (ii) the creation of a partnership by a sole proprietor, the dissolution of a 802 partnership, or change in partnership composition; (iii) the acquisition or disposal of 50 percent or more 803 of the outstanding shares of voting stock of a corporation owning the entity or of the parent corporation 804 of a wholly owned subsidiary owning the entity, except that this shall not apply to any corporation the voting stock of which is actively traded on any securities exchange or in any over-the-counter market; 805 (iv) the merger of a corporation owning the entity or of the parent corporation of a wholly-owned 806 807 subsidiary owning the entity with another business or corporation; or (v) the expiration or forfeiture of a 808 corporation's charter.

809 "Co-licensed partner" means a person who, with at least one other person, has the right to engage in
810 the manufacturing or marketing of a prescription drug, consistent with state and federal law.

811 "Compounding" means the combining of two or more ingredients to fabricate such ingredients into a 812 single preparation and includes the mixing, assembling, packaging, or labeling of a drug or device (i) by 813 a pharmacist, or within a permitted pharmacy, pursuant to a valid prescription issued for a medicinal or 814 therapeutic purpose in the context of a bona fide practitioner-patient-pharmacist relationship, or in 815 expectation of receiving a valid prescription based on observed historical patterns of prescribing and 816 dispensing; (ii) by a practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine as an incident to his administering or dispensing, if authorized to dispense, a controlled substance in the 817 course of his professional practice; or (iii) for the purpose of, or as incident to, research, teaching, or 818 chemical analysis and not for sale or for dispensing. The mixing, diluting, or reconstituting of a 819 820 manufacturer's product drugs for the purpose of administration to a patient, when performed by a practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed under Chapter 29 (§ 54.1-2900 et seq.), a person 821 supervised by such practitioner pursuant to subdivision A 6 or 19 of § 54.1-2901, or a person 822 supervised by such practitioner or a licensed nurse practitioner or physician assistant pursuant to 823 subdivision A 4 of § 54.1-2901 shall not be considered compounding. 824

825 "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in Schedules I through VI of
826 this chapter. The term shall not include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco as those terms
827 are defined or used in Title 3.2 or Title 4.1. The term "controlled substance" includes a controlled
828 substance analog that has been placed into Schedule I or II by the Board pursuant to the regulatory
829 authority in subsection D of § 54.1-3443.

830 "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially 831 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and either (i) which has a 832 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar 833 to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a 834 controlled substance in Schedule I or II or (ii) with respect to a particular person, which such person represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 835 836 system that is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II. "Controlled substance 837 838 analog" does not include (a) any substance for which there is an approved new drug application as defined under § 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 355) or that is generally 839 840 recognized as safe and effective pursuant to §§ 501, 502, and 503 of the federal Food, Drug, and 841 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 351, 352, and 353) and 21 C.F.R. Part 330; (b) with respect to a particular 842 person, any substance for which an exemption is in effect for investigational use for that person under 843 § 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to the extent that the conduct with respect to that 844 substance is pursuant to such exemption; or (c) any substance to the extent not intended for human 845 consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance.

846 "DEA" means the Drug Enforcement Administration, U.S. Department of Justice, or its successor847 agency.

848 "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer of any item regulated by
849 this chapter, whether or not there exists an agency relationship, including delivery of a Schedule VI
850 prescription device to an ultimate user or consumer on behalf of a medical equipment supplier by a
851 manufacturer, nonresident manufacturer, wholesale distributor, nonresident wholesale distributor,
852 warehouser, nonresident warehouser, third-party logistics provider, or nonresident third-party logistics
853 provider at the direction of a medical equipment supplier in accordance with § 54.1-3415.1.

854 "Device" means instruments, apparatus, and contrivances, including their components, parts, and
855 accessories, intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in
856 man or animals or to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals.

857 "Dialysis care technician" or "dialysis patient care technician" means an individual who is certified

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858 by an organization approved by the Board of Health Professions pursuant to Chapter 27.01 (§
859 54.1-2729.1 et seq.) and who, under the supervision of a licensed physician, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or a registered nurse, assists in the care of patients undergoing renal dialysis treatments in a
861 Medicare-certified renal dialysis facility.

862 "Dialysis solution" means either the commercially available, unopened, sterile solutions whose
863 purpose is to be instilled into the peritoneal cavity during the medical procedure known as peritoneal
864 dialysis, or commercially available solutions whose purpose is to be used in the performance of
865 hemodialysis not to include any solutions administered to the patient intravenously.

866 "Dispense" means to deliver a drug to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the 867 lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing and administering, packaging, labeling, or 868 compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery. However, dispensing shall not include 869 the transportation of drugs mixed, diluted, or reconstituted in accordance with this chapter to other sites 870 operated by such practitioner or that practitioner's medical practice for the purpose of administration of 871 such drugs to patients of the practitioner or that practitioner's medical practice at such other sites. For practitioners of medicine or osteopathy, "dispense" shall only include the provision of drugs by a 872 practitioner to patients to take with them away from the practitioner's place of practice. 873

- **874** "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.
- 875 "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
- 876 "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

877 "Drug" means (i) articles or substances recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia
878 National Formulary or official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to any of them; (ii) articles or substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or animals; (iii) articles or substances, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; (iv) articles or substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in clause (i), (ii), or (iii); or (v) a biological product. "Drug"
883 does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.

- 884 "Drug product" means a specific drug in dosage form from a known source of manufacture, whether885 by brand or therapeutically equivalent drug product name.
- 886 "Electronic prescription" means a written prescription that is generated on an electronic application
  887 and is transmitted to a pharmacy as an electronic data file; Schedule II through V prescriptions shall be
  888 transmitted in accordance with 21 C.F.R. Part 1300.
- 889 "Facsimile (FAX) prescription" means a written prescription or order that is transmitted by an890 electronic device over telephone lines that sends the exact image to the receiving pharmacy in hard copy891 form.
- **892** "FDA" means the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

893 "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Board of Pharmacy has found to be and by
894 regulation designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use,
895 and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a
896 controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit manufacture.

**897** "Interchangeable" means a biosimilar that meets safety standards for determining interchangeability pursuant to 42 U.S.C.  $\S$  262(k)(4).

899 "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter upon the immediate container of any article. A requirement made by or under authority of this chapter that any word, statement, or other information appear on the label shall not be considered to be complied with unless such word, statement, or other information also appears on the outside container or wrapper, if any, of the retail
903 package of such article or is easily legible through the outside container or wrapper.

904 "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter on an article or any of its containers or wrappers, or accompanying such article.

906 "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, conversion, or processing of any item 907 regulated by this chapter, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or 908 independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical 909 synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its 910 container. This term does not include compounding.

911 "Manufacturer" means every person who manufactures, a manufacturer's co-licensed partner, or a 912 repackager.

913 "Marijuana" means (i) any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis whether growing or not, its seeds,
914 or its resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids or (ii) any substance containing a
916 total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that exceeds 0.3 percent, including a hemp product, as defined
917 in § 3.2-4112, or an industrial hemp extract, as defined in § 3.2-5145.1. "Marijuana" does not include (i)

**918** the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, or oil or cake made from the seeds of

919 such plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil, or cake is combined with other parts of plants of the genus 920 Cannabis- Marijuana does not include (i); (ii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed 921 by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent, (iii) industrial hemp, as 922 defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by the 923 U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990, or (iii); (iv) a hemp product, as defined 924 in § 3.2-4112, containing a *total* tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is 925 derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt handled, or processed in 926 compliance with state or federal law; (v) an industrial hemp extract, as defined in § 3.2-5145.1, 927 containing a total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived 928 from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with 929 state or federal law; or (vi) any substance containing a tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such 930 isomer where such tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such isomer has been placed by the Board of 931 Pharmacy into one of the schedules set forth in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) pursuant to 932 § 54.1-3443.

"Medical equipment supplier" means any person, as defined in § 1-230, engaged in the delivery to
the ultimate consumer, pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, of hypodermic syringes and
needles, medicinal oxygen, Schedule VI controlled devices, those Schedule VI controlled substances with
no medicinal properties that are used for the operation and cleaning of medical equipment, solutions for
peritoneal dialysis, and sterile water or saline for irrigation.

938 "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a 939 940 combination of extraction and chemical synthesis: (i) opium, opiates, and any salt, compound, derivative, 941 or preparation of opium or opiates; (ii) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in clause (i), but not 942 943 including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium; (iii) opium poppy and poppy straw; (iv) coca leaves and 944 any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, isomer, 945 derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these 946 substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves which do not contain 947 cocaine or ecgonine.

948 "New drug" means (i) any drug, except a new animal drug or an animal feed bearing or containing a 949 new animal drug, the composition of which is such that such drug is not generally recognized, among 950 experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate the safety and effectiveness of drugs, 951 as safe and effective for use under the conditions prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the labeling, except that such a drug not so recognized shall not be deemed to be a "new drug" if at any time prior 952 953 to the enactment of this chapter it was subject to the Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, as 954 amended, and if at such time its labeling contained the same representations concerning the conditions 955 of its use, or (ii) any drug, except a new animal drug or an animal feed bearing or containing a new 956 animal drug, the composition of which is such that such drug, as a result of investigations to determine 957 its safety and effectiveness for use under such conditions, has become so recognized, but which has not, 958 otherwise than in such investigations, been used to a material extent or for a material time under such 959 conditions.

960 "Nuclear medicine technologist" means an individual who holds a current certification with the
961 American Registry of Radiological Technologists or the Nuclear Medicine Technology Certification
962 Board.

963 "Official compendium" means the official United States Pharmacopoeia National Formulary, official964 Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to any of them.

965 "Official written order" means an order written on a form provided for that purpose by the U.S. Drug
966 Enforcement Administration, under any laws of the United States making provision therefor, if such order forms are authorized and required by federal law, and if no such order form is provided then on an official form provided for that purpose by the Board of Pharmacy.

969 "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to
970 morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or
971 addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under
972 Article 4 (§ 54.1-3437 et seq.), the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts
973 (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.

974 "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum L., except the seeds thereof.

975 "Original package" means the unbroken container or wrapping in which any drug or medicine is
976 enclosed together with label and labeling, put up by or for the manufacturer, wholesaler, or distributor
977 for use in the delivery or display of such article.

978 "Outsourcing facility" means a facility that is engaged in the compounding of sterile drugs and is
979 currently registered as an outsourcing facility with the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services and
980 that complies with all applicable requirements of federal and state law, including the Federal Food,

981 Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

982 "Person" means both the plural and singular, as the case demands, and includes an individual, 983 partnership, corporation, association, governmental agency, trust, or other institution or entity.

984 "Pharmacist-in-charge" means the person who, being licensed as a pharmacist, signs the application 985 for a pharmacy permit and assumes full legal responsibility for the operation of the relevant pharmacy in 986 a manner complying with the laws and regulations for the practice of pharmacy and the sale and dispensing of controlled substances; the "pharmacist-in-charge" shall personally supervise the pharmacy 987 988 and the pharmacy's personnel as required by § 54.1-3432. 989

"Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.

"Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, licensed nurse practitioner pursuant to § 54.1-2957.01, 990 991 licensed physician assistant pursuant to § 54.1-2952.1, pharmacist pursuant to § 54.1-3300, TPA-certified 992 optometrist pursuant to Article 5 (§ 54.1-3222 et seq.) of Chapter 32, veterinarian, scientific investigator, 993 or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, prescribe and 994 administer, or conduct research with respect to a controlled substance in the course of professional 995 practice or research in the Commonwealth.

"Prescriber" means a practitioner who is authorized pursuant to §§ 54.1-3303 and 54.1-3408 to issue 996 997 a prescription.

998 "Prescription" means an order for drugs or medical supplies, written or signed or transmitted by word 999 of mouth, telephone, telegraph, or other means of communication to a pharmacist by a duly licensed 1000 physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other practitioner authorized by law to prescribe and administer such 1001 drugs or medical supplies.

1002 "Prescription drug" means any drug required by federal law or regulation to be dispensed only 1003 pursuant to a prescription, including finished dosage forms and active ingredients subject to § 503(b) of 1004 the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 353(b)).

"Production" or "produce" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or harvesting of a 1005 1006 controlled substance or marijuana.

1007 "Proprietary medicine" means a completely compounded nonprescription drug in its unbroken, 1008 original package which does not contain any controlled substance or marijuana as defined in this chapter 1009 and is not in itself poisonous, and which is sold, offered, promoted, or advertised directly to the general 1010 public by or under the authority of the manufacturer or primary distributor, under a trademark, trade 1011 name, or other trade symbol privately owned, and the labeling of which conforms to the requirements of 1012 this chapter and applicable federal law. However, this definition shall not include a drug that is only 1013 advertised or promoted professionally to licensed practitioners, a narcotic or drug containing a narcotic, 1014 a drug that may be dispensed only upon prescription or the label of which bears substantially the 1015 statement "Warning — may be habit-forming," or a drug intended for injection.

1016 "Radiopharmaceutical" means any drug that exhibits spontaneous disintegration of unstable nuclei with the emission of nuclear particles or photons and includes any non-radioactive reagent kit or 1017 radionuclide generator that is intended to be used in the preparation of any such substance, but does not 1018 1019 include drugs such as carbon-containing compounds or potassium-containing salts that include trace 1020 quantities of naturally occurring radionuclides. The term also includes any biological product that is 1021 labeled with a radionuclide or intended solely to be labeled with a radionuclide.

1022 "Reference biological product" means the single biological product licensed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1023 § 262(a) against which a biological product is evaluated in an application submitted to the U.S. Food 1024 and Drug Administration for licensure of biological products as biosimilar or interchangeable pursuant to 1025 42 U.S.C. § 262(k).

1026 "Sale" includes barter, exchange, or gift, or offer therefor, and each such transaction made by any 1027 person, whether as an individual, proprietor, agent, servant, or employee.

1028 "Tetrahydrocannabinol" includes its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of 1029 such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation and any preparation, mixture, or substance containing, or mixed or infused with, any detectable amount of tetrahydrocannabinol. "Tetrahydrocannabinol" includes delta-6a(10a), delta-7, delta-8, delta-9, and 1030 1031 1032 delta-10-tetrahydrocannibinol.

1033 "Therapeutically equivalent drug products" means drug products that contain the same active 1034 ingredients and are identical in strength or concentration, dosage form, and route of administration and 1035 that are classified as being therapeutically equivalent by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration pursuant to the definition of "therapeutically equivalent drug products" set forth in the most recent 1036 1037 edition of the Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations, otherwise known as 1038 the "Orange Book."

1039 "Third-party logistics provider" means a person that provides or coordinates warehousing of or other 1040 logistics services for a drug or device in interstate commerce on behalf of a manufacturer, wholesale 1041 distributor, or dispenser of the drug or device but does not take ownership of the product or have

**1042** responsibility for directing the sale or disposition of the product.

1043 "Total tetrahydrocannabinol" means the sum, after the application of any necessary conversion 1044 factor, of the percentage by weight of tetrahydrocannabinol and the percentage by weight of 1045 tetrahydrocannabinolic acid.

1046 "USP-NF" means the current edition of the United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary.

1047 "Warehouser" means any person, other than a wholesale distributor, manufacturer, or third-party
1048 logistics provider, engaged in the business of (i) selling or otherwise distributing prescription drugs or
1049 devices to any person who is not the ultimate user or consumer and (ii) delivering Schedule VI
1050 prescription devices to the ultimate user or consumer pursuant to § 54.1-3415.1. No person shall be
1051 subject to any state or local tax by reason of this definition.

1052 "Wholesale distribution" means (i) distribution of prescription drugs to persons other than consumers
1053 or patients and (ii) delivery of Schedule VI prescription devices to the ultimate user or consumer
1054 pursuant to § 54.1-3415.1, subject to the exemptions set forth in the federal Drug Supply Chain Security
1055 Act.

1056 "Wholesale distributor" means any person other than a manufacturer, a manufacturer's co-licensed1057 partner, a third-party logistics provider, or a repackager that engages in wholesale distribution.

**1058** The words "drugs" and "devices" as used in Chapter 33 (§ 54.1-3300 et seq.) and in this chapter **1059** shall not include surgical or dental instruments, physical therapy equipment, X-ray apparatus, or glasses **1060** or lenses for the eyes.

**1061** The terms "pharmacist," "pharmacy," and "practice of pharmacy" as used in this chapter shall be defined as provided in Chapter 33 (§ 54.1-3300 et seq.) unless the context requires a different meaning.

# 1063 § 54.1-3408.3. Certification for use of cannabis oil for treatment.

1064 A. As used in this section:

1065 "Botanical cannabis" means cannabis that is composed wholly of usable cannabis from the same parts1066 of the same chemovar of cannabis plant.

"Cannabis oil" means any formulation of processed Cannabis plant extract, which may include
industrial hemp extracts, including isolates and distillates, acquired by a pharmaceutical processor
pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6, or a dilution of the resin of the Cannabis plant that contains no more than
10 milligrams of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol per dose. "Cannabis oil" does not include industrial hemp,
as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt handled, or processed in compliance with state or federal
law, unless it has been grown and processed in the Commonwealth by a registered industrial hemp
processor and acquired and formulated by a pharmaceutical processor.

1074 "Cannabis product" means a product that is (i) produced by a pharmaceutical processor, registered
1075 with the Board, and compliant with testing requirements and (ii) composed of cannabis oil or botanical
1076 cannabis.

1077 "Designated caregiver facility" means any hospice or hospice facility licensed pursuant to
1078 § 32.1-162.3, or home care organization as defined in § 32.1-162.7 that provides pharmaceutical services
1079 or home health services, private provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and
1080 Developmental Services pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2, assisted
1081 living facility licensed pursuant to § 63.2-1701, or adult day care center licensed pursuant to
1082 § 63.2-1701.

1083 "Practitioner" means a practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed by the Board of Medicine, a
1084 physician assistant licensed by the Board of Medicine, or a nurse practitioner jointly licensed by the
1085 Board of Medicine and the Board of Nursing.

1086 "Registered agent" means an individual designated by a patient who has been issued a written
1087 certification, or, if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, designated by
1088 such patient's parent or legal guardian, and registered with the Board pursuant to subsection G.

1089 "Usable cannabis" means any cannabis plant material, including seeds, but not (i) resin that has been
1090 extracted from any part of the cannabis plant, its seeds, or its resin; (ii) the mature stalks, fiber produced
1091 from the stalks, or any other compound, manufacture, salt, or derivative, mixture, or preparation of the
1092 mature stalks; or (iii) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant.

1093 B. A practitioner in the course of his professional practice may issue a written certification for the use of cannabis products for treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of any diagnosed condition or 1094 1095 disease determined by the practitioner to benefit from such use. The practitioner shall use his 1096 professional judgment to determine the manner and frequency of patient care and evaluation and may 1097 employ the use of telemedicine, provided that the use of telemedicine includes the delivery of patient 1098 care through real-time interactive audio-visual technology. If a practitioner determines it is consistent 1099 with the standard of care to dispense botanical cannabis to a minor, the written certification shall specifically authorize such dispensing. If not specifically included on the initial written certification, 1100 1101 authorization for botanical cannabis may be communicated verbally or in writing to the pharmacist at 1102 the time of dispensing.

1103 C. The written certification shall be on a form provided by the Board of Pharmacy. Such written

certification shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the practitioner; the name and 1104 1105 address of the patient issued the written certification; the date on which the written certification was 1106 made; and the signature or authentic electronic signature of the practitioner. Such written certification 1107 issued pursuant to subsection B shall expire no later than one year after its issuance unless the 1108 practitioner provides in such written certification an earlier expiration. A written certification shall not be 1109 issued to a patient by more than one practitioner during any given time period.

1110 D. No practitioner shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1 for the issuance of a 1111 certification for the use of cannabis products for the treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of a patient's 1112 diagnosed condition or disease pursuant to a written certification issued pursuant to subsection B. 1113 Nothing in this section shall preclude the Board of Medicine from sanctioning a practitioner for failing 1114 to properly evaluate or treat a patient's medical condition or otherwise violating the applicable standard 1115 of care for evaluating or treating medical conditions.

1116 E. A practitioner who issues a written certification to a patient pursuant to this section shall register 1117 with the Board and shall hold sufficient education and training to exercise appropriate professional 1118 judgment in the certification of patients. The Board shall not limit the number of patients to whom a 1119 practitioner may issue a written certification. The Board may report information to the applicable 1120 licensing board on unusual patterns of certifications issued by a practitioner.

1121 F. No patient shall be required to physically present the written certification after the initial 1122 dispensing by any pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility under each written 1123 certification, provided that the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility maintains an 1124 electronic copy of the written certification. Pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities 1125 shall electronically transmit, on a monthly basis, all new written certifications received by the 1126 pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility to the Board.

1127 G. A patient, or, if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such 1128 patient's parent or legal guardian, may designate an individual to act as his registered agent for the 1129 purposes of receiving cannabis products pursuant to a valid written certification. Such designated 1130 individual shall register with the Board. The Board may set a limit on the number of patients for whom 1131 any individual is authorized to act as a registered agent.

1132 H. Upon delivery of a cannabis product by a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility 1133 to a designated caregiver facility, any employee or contractor of a designated caregiver facility, who is 1134 licensed or registered by a health regulatory board and who is authorized to possess, distribute, or 1135 administer medications, may accept delivery of the cannabis product on behalf of a patient or resident 1136 for subsequent delivery to the patient or resident and may assist in the administration of the cannabis 1137 product to the patient or resident as necessary.

1138 I. Information obtained under the registration process shall be confidential and shall not be subject to the disclosure provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). However, 1139 1140 reasonable access to registry information shall be provided to (i) the Chairmen of the House Committee for Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, (ii) state and federal agencies or local 1141 1142 law enforcement for the purpose of investigating or prosecuting a specific individual for a specific 1143 violation of law, (iii) licensed practitioners or pharmacists, or their agents, for the purpose of providing 1144 patient care and drug therapy management and monitoring of drugs obtained by a patient, (iv) a 1145 pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility involved in the treatment of a patient, or (v) a 1146 registered agent, but only with respect to information related to such patient.

1147 § 54.1-3423. Board to issue registration unless inconsistent with public interest; authorization to 1148 conduct research; application and fees.

A. The Board shall register an applicant to manufacture or distribute controlled substances included 1149 1150 in Schedules I through V unless it determines that the issuance of that registration would be inconsistent 1151 with the public interest. In determining the public interest, the Board shall consider the following 1152 factors:

1153 1. Maintenance of effective controls against diversion of controlled substances into other than 1154 legitimate medical, scientific, or industrial channels; 1155

2. Compliance with applicable state and local law;

1156 3. Any convictions of the applicant under any federal and state laws relating to any controlled 1157 substance;

1158 4. Past experience in the manufacture or distribution of controlled substances, and the existence in 1159 the applicant's establishment of effective controls against diversion;

1160 5. Furnishing by the applicant of false or fraudulent material in any application filed under this 1161 chapter;

1162 6. Suspension or revocation of the applicant's federal registration to manufacture, distribute, or 1163 dispense controlled substances as authorized by federal law; and

1164 7. Any other factors relevant to and consistent with the public health and safety.

**1165** B. Registration under subsection A does not entitle a registrant to manufacture and distribute **1166** controlled substances in Schedule I or II other than those specified in the registration.

1167 C. Practitioners must be registered to conduct research or laboratory analysis with controlled
1168 substances in Schedules II through VI, tetrahydrocannabinol, or marijuana. Practitioners registered under
1169 federal law to conduct research with Schedule I substances, other than tetrahydrocannabinol marijuana,
1170 may conduct research with Schedule I substances within this the Commonwealth upon furnishing the
1171 evidence of that federal registration.

1172 D. The Board may register other persons or entities to possess controlled substances listed on 1173 Schedules II through VI upon a determination that (i) there is a documented need, (ii) the issuance of 1174 the registration is consistent with the public interest, (iii) the possession and subsequent use of the controlled substances complies with applicable state and federal laws and regulations, and (iv) the 1175 subsequent storage, use, and recordkeeping of the controlled substances will be under the general 1176 1177 supervision of a licensed pharmacist, practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine as specified in the Board's regulations. The Board shall consider, at a minimum, the 1178 1179 factors listed in subsection A of this section in determining whether the registration shall be issued. 1180 Notwithstanding the exceptions listed in § 54.1-3422 A, the Board may mandate a controlled substances 1181 registration for sites maintaining certain types and quantities of Schedules II through VI controlled substances as it may specify in its regulations. The Board shall promulgate regulations related to 1182 1183 requirements or criteria for the issuance of such controlled substances registration, storage, security, 1184 supervision, and recordkeeping.

1185 E. The Board may register a public or private animal shelter as defined in § 3.2-6500 to purchase, possess, and administer certain Schedule II through VI controlled substances approved by the State 1186 Veterinarian for the purpose of euthanizing injured, sick, homeless, and unwanted domestic pets and 1187 animals and to purchase, possess, and administer certain Schedule VI drugs and biological products for 1188 1189 the purpose of preventing, controlling, and treating certain communicable diseases that failure to control 1190 would result in transmission to the animal population in the shelter. Controlled substances used for 1191 euthanasia shall be administered only in accordance with protocols established by the State Veterinarian 1192 and only by persons trained in accordance with instructions by the State Veterinarian. The list of 1193 Schedule VI drugs and biological products used for treatment and prevention of communicable diseases 1194 within the shelter shall be determined by the supervising veterinarian of the shelter and the drugs and 1195 biological products shall be administered only pursuant to written protocols established or approved by 1196 the supervising veterinarian of the shelter and only by persons who have been trained in accordance 1197 with instructions established or approved by the supervising veterinarian. The shelter shall maintain a copy of the approved list of drugs and biological products, written protocols for administering, and 1198 1199 training records of those persons administering drugs and biological products on the premises of the 1200 shelter.

F. The Board may register a crisis stabilization unit established pursuant to § 37.2-500 or 37.2-601
and licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services to maintain a stock of
Schedule VI controlled substances necessary for immediate treatment of patients admitted to the crisis
stabilization unit, which may be accessed and administered by a nurse pursuant to a written or oral order
of a prescriber in the absence of a prescriber. Schedule II through Schedule V controlled substances
shall only be maintained if so authorized by federal law and Board regulations.

1207 G. The Board may register an entity at which a patient is treated by the use of instrumentation and 1208 diagnostic equipment through which images and medical records may be transmitted electronically for 1209 the purpose of establishing a bona fide practitioner-patient relationship and is prescribed Schedule II through VI controlled substances when such prescribing is in compliance with federal requirements for 1210 1211 the practice of telemedicine and the patient is not in the physical presence of a practitioner registered with the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration. In determining whether the registration shall be issued, 1212 1213 the Board shall consider (i) the factors listed in subsection A, (ii) whether there is a documented need 1214 for such registration, and (iii) whether the issuance of the registration is consistent with the public 1215 interest.

H. Applications for controlled substances registration certificates and renewals thereof shall be madeon a form prescribed by the Board and such applications shall be accompanied by a fee in an amount tobe determined by the Board.

I. Upon (i) any change in ownership or control of a business, (ii) any change of location of the controlled substances stock, (iii) the termination of authority by or of the person named as the responsible party on a controlled substances registration, or (iv) a change in the supervising practitioner, if applicable, the registrant or responsible party shall immediately surrender the registration. The registrant shall, within 14 days following surrender of a registration, file a new application and, if applicable, name the new responsible party or supervising practitioner.
§ 54.1-3443. Board to administer article.

#### 1225 § 54.1-3443. Board to administer article. 1226 A. The Board shall administer this article

A. The Board shall administer this article and may add substances to or deschedule or reschedule all

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- 1227 substances enumerated in the schedules in this article pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative
- 1228 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). In making a determination regarding a substance, the Board shall 1229 consider the following:
- 1230 1. The actual or relative potential for abuse:
- 1231 2. The scientific evidence of its pharmacological effect, if known;
- 1232 3. The state of current scientific knowledge regarding the substance;
- 1233 4. The history and current pattern of abuse;
- 1234 5. The scope, duration, and significance of abuse;
- 1235 6. The risk to the public health:
- 1236 7. The potential of the substance to produce psychic or physical dependence; and
- 1237 8. Whether the substance is an immediate precursor of a substance already controlled under this 1238 article.
- 1239 B. After considering the factors enumerated in subsection A, the Board shall make findings and issue 1240 a regulation controlling the substance if it finds the substance has a potential for abuse.

1241 C. If the Board designates a substance as an immediate precursor, substances which are precursors of 1242 the controlled precursor shall not be subject to control solely because they are precursors of the 1243 controlled precursor.

- 1244 D. If the Board, in consultation with the Department of Forensic Science, determines the substance 1245 shall be placed into Schedule I or II pursuant to § 54.1-3445 or 54.1-3447, the Board may amend its 1246 regulations pursuant to Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of the Administrative Process Act. Prior to making 1247 such amendments, the Board shall conduct a public hearing. At least 30 days prior to conducting such 1248 hearing, it shall post notice of the hearing on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall and shall send notice 1249 of the hearing to any persons requesting to be notified of a regulatory action. In the notice, the Board 1250 shall include a list of all substances it intends to schedule by regulation. The Board shall notify the 1251 House Committee for Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary of any new substance 1252 added to Schedule I or II pursuant to this subsection. Any substance added to Schedule I or II pursuant 1253 to this subsection shall remain on Schedule I or II for a period of 18 months. Upon expiration of such 1254 18-month period, such substance shall be descheduled unless a general law is enacted adding such 1255 substance to Schedule I or II. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Board from adding 1256 substances to or descheduling or rescheduling all substances enumerated in the schedules pursuant to the 1257 provisions of subsections A, B, and E.
- 1258 E. If any substance is designated, rescheduled, or descheduled as a controlled substance under federal 1259 law and notice of such action is given to the Board, the Board may similarly control the substance under 1260 this chapter after the expiration of 30 days from publication in the Federal Register of a final or interim 1261 final order or rule designating a substance as a controlled substance or rescheduling or descheduling a 1262 substance by amending its regulations in accordance with the requirements of Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et 1263 seq.) of the Administrative Process Act. Prior to making such amendments, the Board shall post notice 1264 of the hearing on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall and shall send notice of the hearing to any persons 1265 requesting to be notified of a regulatory action. The Board shall include a list of all substances it intends 1266 to schedule by regulation in such notice.
- 1267 F. Authority to control under this section does not extend to distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or 1268 tobacco as those terms are defined or used in Title 4.1.
- 1269 G. The Board shall exempt any nonnarcotic substance from a schedule if such substance may, under 1270 the provisions of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 301 et seq.) or state law, be 1271 lawfully sold over the counter without a prescription.
- 1272 H. The Board of Pharmacy may schedule, deschedule, or reschedule a tetrahydrocannabinol isomer, 1273 except delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol, or salts of such isomer in accordance with the provisions of 1274 subsections A, B, D, and E. Any tetrahydrocannabinol isomer or salts of such isomer scheduled 1275 pursuant to this section shall not be included in the definition of marijuana set forth in § 4.1-600, 1276 18.2-247, or 54.1-3401. 1277

# § 54.1-3446. Schedule I.

1278

- The controlled substances listed in this section are included in Schedule I:
- 1279 1. Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, 1280 esters, and ethers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers 1281 and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 1282 1-{1-[1-(4-bromophenyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl}-1,3-dihydro-2H-benzimidazol-2-one (other name: 1283 Brorphine);
- 1284 1-[2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-2-propen-1-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-butanone (other name: 2-methyl AP-237);
- 1285 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetyloxypiperidine (other name: PEPAP);
- 1286 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (other name: MPPP);
- 1287 2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-N,N-diethyl-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazole-1-ethanamine (other name:

- 1288 Metonitazene):
- 1289 2-methoxy-N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-acetamide (other name: Methoxyacetyl 1290 fentanvl):
- 1291 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzamide (other name: U-47700);
- 1292 3,4-dichloro-N-{[1-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]methyl}benzamide (other name: AH-7921);
- Acetvl fentanvl (other name: desmethyl fentanyl); 1293
- 1294 Acetylmethadol;
- 1295 Allylprodine;
- 1296 Alphacetylmethadol (except levo-alphacetylmethadol, also known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, 1297 levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM);
- 1298 Alphameprodine;
- Alphamethadol: 1299
- 1300 Benzethidine:
- 1301 Betacetylmethadol;
- Betameprodine; 1302
- 1303 Betamethadol;
- 1304 Betaprodine;
- 1305 Clonitazene:
- 1306 Dextromoramide:
- 1307 Diampromide:
- Diethylthiambutene; 1308
- 1309 Difenoxin;
- 1310 Dimenoxadol;
- Dimepheptanol: 1311
- 1312 Dimethylthiambutene;
- Dioxaphetylbutyrate; 1313
- 1314 Dipipanone;
- 1315 Ethylmethylthiambutene;
- 1316 Etonitazene;
- Etoxeridine: 1317
- 1318 Furethidine:
- 1319 Hydroxypethidine;
- 1320 Ketobemidone;
- 1321 Levomoramide;
- 1322 Levophenacylmorphan;
- 1323 Morpheridine:
- 1324 MT-45 (1-cyclohexyl-4-(1,2-diphenylethyl)piperazine);
- N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide (other name: Cyclopropyl fentanyl); 1325
- 1326 N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide (other name: Tetrahydrofuranyl 1327 fentanyl);
- 1328 N-[1-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 1329 alpha-methylthiofentanyl):
- N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylacetamide (other name: 1330 1331 acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl);
- $\dot{N}$ -{1-[2-hydroxy-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl}-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 1332 1333 beta-hydroxythiofentanyl);
- 1334 N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 1335 beta-hvdroxvfentanvl):
- 1336 N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]propionanilide (other names: 1337 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine, alpha-methylfentanyl);
- N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other names: 2-fluorofentanyl, 1338 1339 ortho-fluorofentanyl);
- 1340 N-(3-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: 3-fluorofentanyl);
- N-[3-methyl-1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl)4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 1341 1342 beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl);
- 1343 N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 3-methylfentanyl);
- 1344 N-[3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 1345 3-methylthiofentanyl);
- 1346 N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other names: para-chlorofentanyl, 4-chlorofentanyl); 1347
- 1348 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: para-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl); 1349

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- 1350 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: 1351 para-fluorobutyrylfentanyl);
- 1352 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: para-fluorofentanyl); 1353 N,N-diethyl-2-(2-(4-isopropoxybenzyl)-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl)ethan-1-amine (other name: 1354 Isotonitazene);
- 1355 N.N-diethyl-2-{[(4-ethoxyphenyl) methyl]-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl}-ethan-1-amine (other names: 1356 Etazene, Desnitroetonitazene);
- 1357 N,N-diethyl-2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-1H-benzimidazole-1-ethanamine (other name: 1358 Metodesnitazene);
- 1359 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-furancarboxamide (other name: N-benzyl Furanyl 1360 norfentanyl);
- 1361 N-phenyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)-propanamide (other name: Norfentanyl);
- 1362 Noracymethadol;
- 1363 Norlevorphanol;
- Normethadone; 1364
- 1365 Norpipanone;
- 1366 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-furancarboxamide (other name: Furanyl fentanyl);
- 1367 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-propenamide (other name: Acryl fentanyl);
- 1368 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: butyryl fentanyl);
- 1369 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-pentanamide (other name: Pentanoyl fentanyl);
- 1370 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: thiofentanyl);
- 1371 Phenadoxone:
- 1372 Phenampromide;
- 1373 Phenomorphan;
- 1374 Phenoperidine;
- 1375 Piritramide;
- 1376 Proheptazine:
- 1377 Properidine;
- 1378 Propiram;
- 1379 Racemoramide;
- 1380 Tilidine;
- 1381 Trimeperidine;

1382 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1.3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide (other name: 1383 Benzodioxole fentanyl);

- 1384 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(diethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide (other name: U-49900);
- 1385 2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl acetamide (other name: U-48800);
- 1386 2-(3.4-dichlorophenyl)-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl acetamide (other name: U-51754);
- 1387 N-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-acetamide (other name: Ocfentanil);
- 1388 N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: 1389 4-methoxybutyrylfentanyl);
- 1390 N-phenyl-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: Isobutyryl fentanyl); 1391 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-cyclopentanecarboxamide (other name: Cyclopentyl 1392 fentanyl);
- 1393 N-phenyl-N-(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-propanamide (other name: N-methyl norfentanyl);
- 1394 N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide (other names: 1395 3,4-methylenedioxy U-47700 or 3,4-MDO-U-47700);
- 1396 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-butenamide (other name: Crotonyl fentanyl);
- 1397 N-phenyl-N-[4-phenyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: 4-phenylfentanyl);
- 1398 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-benzamide (other names: Phenyl fentanyl, Benzoyl 1399 fentanyl);
- 1400 N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-phenylfuran-2-carboxamide (other name: Furanyl UF-17);
- N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-phenylpropionamide (other name: UF-17); 1401
- 1402 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-isopropyl-benzamide (other name: Isopropyl 1403 U-47700).
- 1404 2. Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers, unless 1405 specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible 1406 within the specific chemical designation:
- 1407 Acetorphine;
- 1408 Acetyldihydrocodeine;
- 1409 Benzylmorphine;
- 1410 Codeine methylbromide;

- 1411 Codeine-N-Oxide;
- 1412 Cyprenorphine;
- 1413 Desomorphine;
- 1414 Dihydromorphine;
- 1415 Drotebanol;
- 1416 Etorphine;
- **1417** Heroin;
- 1418 Hydromorphinol;
- 1419 Methyldesorphine;
- 1420 Methyldihydromorphine;
- 1421 Morphine methylbromide;
- 1422 Morphine methylsulfonate;
- 1423 Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 1424 Myrophine;
- 1425 Nicocodeine;
- 1426 Nicomorphine;
- 1427 Normorphine;
- 1428 Pholcodine;
- 1429 Thebacon.
- 1430 3. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture,
  1431 or preparation, which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, or which
  1432 contains any of its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers,
  1433 and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of this subdivision
  1434 only, the term "isomer" includes the optical, position, and geometric isomers):
- 1435 Alpha-ethyltryptamine (some trade or other names: Monase; a-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 1436 3-2-aminobutyl] indole; a-ET; AET);
- 1437 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (some trade or other names:
  1438 2-4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]-1-aminoethane;alpha-desmethyl DOB; 2C-B; Nexus);
- 1439 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- **1440** 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 1441 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
- 1442 Alpha-methyltryptamine (other name: AMT);
- 1443 Bufotenine;
- 1444 Diethyltryptamine;
- 1445 Dimethyltryptamine;
- **1446** 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine;
- 1447 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine (DOET);
- 1448 4-fluoro-N-ethylamphetamine;
- 1449 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine (other name: 2C-T-7);
- 1450 Ibogaine;
- 1451 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DIPT);
- 1452 Lysergic acid diethylamide;
- 1453 Mescaline;
- 1454Parahexyl(sometradeorothernames:14553-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran;Synhexyl);
- 1456 Peyote;
- 1457 N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 1458 N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 1459 Psilocybin;
- 1460 Psilocyn;
- 1461 Salvinorin A;
- 1462 Tetrahydrocannabinols, except as present in (i) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent; (ii) a hemp 1463 product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, containing a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 1464 1465 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed 1466 in compliance with state or federal law; (iii) marijuana; (iv) dronabinol in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration; or (v) 1467 industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person who holds a hemp producer 1468 license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990; 1469
- 1470 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (some trade or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 1471 2,5-DMA);
- 1472 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA), its optical, positional and geometric isomers, salts

1473 and salts of isomers;

- 1474 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (also known as N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4
  1475 (methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, MDE, MDEA);
- 1476 N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (some other names: 1477 N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, and N-hydroxy MDA);
- **1478** 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (some trade or other names: **1479** 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA);
- 4-methoxyamphetamine (some trade or other names: 4-methoxy-a-methylphenethylamine;
   paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA);
- **1482** Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine (some other names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, **1483** (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE);
- 1484 Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine (some other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy, 1485 PHP);
- **1486** Thiophene analog of phencyclidine (some other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine, **1487** 2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine, TPCP, TCP);
- **1488** 1-1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine (other name: TCPy);
- 1489 3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone (other name: MDPV);
- **1490** 4-methylmethcathinone (other names: mephedrone, 4-MMC);
- **1491** 3,4-methylenedioxymethcathinone (other name: methylone);
- **1492** Naphthylpyrovalerone (other name: naphyrone);
- **1493** 4-fluoromethcathinone (other names: flephedrone, 4-FMC);
- **1494** 4-methoxymethcathinone (other names: methedrone; bk-PMMA);
- **1495** Ethcathinone (other name: N-ethylcathinone);
- **1496** 3,4-methylenedioxyethcathinone (other name: ethylone);
- **1497** Beta-keto-N-methyl-3,4-benzodioxolylbutanamine (other name: butylone);
- 1498 N,N-dimethylcathinone (other name: metamfepramone);
- 1499 Alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: alpha-PPP);
- **1500** 4-methoxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MOPPP);
- **1501** 3,4-methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MDPPP);
- 1502 Alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: alpha-PVP);
- 1503 6,7-dihydro-5H-indeno-(5,6-d)-1,3-dioxol-6-amine (other name: MDAI);
- **1504** 3-fluoromethcathinone (other name: 3-FMC);
- **1505** 4-Ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: 2C-E);
- **1506** 4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: 2C-I);
- **1507** 4-Methylethcathinone (other name: 4-MEC);
- **1508** 4-Ethylmethcathinone (other name: 4-EMC);
- 1509 N,N-diallyl-5-methoxytryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DALT);
- **1510** Beta-keto-methylbenzodioxolylpentanamine (other names: Pentylone, bk-MBDP);
- 1511 Alpha-methylamino-butyrophenone (other name: Buphedrone);
- 1512 Alpha-methylamino-valerophenone (other name: Pentedrone);
- **1513** 3,4-Dimethylmethcathinone (other name: 3,4-dmmc);
- **1514** 4-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MPPP);
- 1515 4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names: 25-I,
- **1516** 25I-NBOMe, 2C-I-NBOMe);
- **1517** Methoxetamine (other names: MXE, 3-MeO-2-Oxo-PCE);
- **1518** 4-Fluoromethamphetamine (other name: 4-FMA);
- **1519** 4-Fluoroamphetamine (other name: 4-FA);
- **1520** 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-D);
- **1521** 2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-C);
- **1522** 2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (other name: 2C-T-2);
- **1523** 2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (other name: 2C-T-4);
- **1524** 2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-H);
- **1525** 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-N);
- **1526** 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-P);
- 1527 (2-aminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: APB);
- **1528** (2-aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (other name: APDB);
- 4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names:
  2C-C-NBOMe, 25C-NBOMe, 25C);
- 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names:
  2C-B-NBOMe, 25B-NBOMe, 25B);
- **1533** Acetoxydimethyltryptamine (other names: AcO-Psilocin, AcO-DMT, Psilacetin);

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- **1534** Benocyclidine (other names: BCP, BTCP);
- **1535** Alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone (other name: alpha-PBP);
- 1536 3,4-methylenedioxy-N,N-dimethylcathinone (other names: Dimethylone, bk-MDDMA);
- **1537** 4-bromomethcathinone (other name: 4-BMC);
- **1538** 4-chloromethcathinone (other name: 4-CMC);
- **1539** 4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25I-NBOH);
- 1540 Alpha-Pyrrolidinohexiophenone (other name: alpha-PHP);
- 1541 Alpha-Pyrrolidinoheptiophenone (other name: PV8);
- **1542** 5-methoxy-N,N-methylisopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-MIPT);
- 1543 Beta-keto-N,N-dimethylbenzodioxolylbutanamine (other names: Dibutylone, bk-DMBDB);
- **1544** Beta-keto-4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: bk-2C-B);
- **1545** 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-pentanone (other name: N-ethylpentylone);
- **1546** 1-[1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 3-methoxy PCP);
- **1547** 1-[1-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 4-methoxy PCP);
- **1548** 4-Chloroethcathinone (other name: 4-CEC);
- **1549** 3-Methoxy-2-(methylamino)-1-(4-methylphenyl)-1-propanone (other name: Mexedrone);
- 1550 1-propionyl lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: 1P-LSD);
- 1551 (2-Methylaminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: MAPB);
- 1552 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)-1-pentanone (other names: N,N-Dimethylpentylone, 1553 Dipentylone);
- 1554 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)octan-1-one (other name: 4-methoxy-PV9);
- 1555 3,4-tetramethylene-alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: TH-PVP);
- **1556** 4-allyloxy-3,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: Allylescaline);
- **1557** 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25B-NBOH);
- **1558** 4-chloro-alpha-methylamino-valerophenone (other name: 4-chloropentedrone);
- **1559** 4-chloro-alpha-Pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: 4-chloro-alpha-PVP);
- **1560** 4-fluoro-alpha-Pyrrolidinoheptiophenone (other name: 4-fluoro-PV8);
- **1561** 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 4-OH-DIPT);
- 1562 4-methyl-alpha-ethylaminopentiophenone;
- 1563 4-methyl-alpha-Pyrrolidinohexiophenone (other name: MPHP);
- 1564 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DMT);
- **1565** 5-methoxy-N-ethyl-N-isopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-EIPT);
- **1566** 6-ethyl-6-nor-lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: ETH-LAD);
- **1567** 6-allyl-6-nor-lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: AL-LAD);
- **1568** (N-methyl aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (other name: MAPDB);
- **1569** 2-(methylamino)-2-phenyl-cyclohexanone (other name: Deschloroketamine);
- 1570 2-(ethylamino)-2-phenyl-cyclohexanone (other name: deschloro-N-ethyl-ketamine);
- **1571** 2-methyl-1-(4-(methylthio)phenyl)-2-morpholinopropiophenone (other name: MMMP);
- 1572 Alpha-ethylaminohexanophenone (other name: N-ethylhexedrone);
- **1573** N-ethyl-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexylamine (other name: 3-methoxy-PCE);
- **1574** 4-fluoro-alpha-pyrrolidinohexiophenone (other name: 4-fluoro-alpha-PHP);
- 1575 N-ethyl-1,2-diphenylethylamine (other name: Ephenidine);
- 1576 2,5-dimethoxy-4-chloroamphetamine (other name: DOC);
- 1577 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-tert-butylcathinone;
- **1578** Alpha-pyrrolidinoisohexiophenone (other name: alpha-PiHP);
- 1579 1-[1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 3-hydroxy PCP);
- **1580** 4-acetyloxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine (other name: 4-AcO-DALT);
- **1581** 4-hydroxy-N,N-methylisopropyltryptamine (other name: 4-hydroxy-MiPT);
- 1582 3,4-Methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinohexanophenone (other name: MDPHP);
- **1583** 5-methoxy-N,N-dibutyltryptamine (other name: 5-methoxy-DBT);
- **1584** 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-butanone (other names: Eutylone, bk-EBDB);
- **1585** 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(butylamino)-1-pentanone (other name: N-butylpentylone);
- **1586** N-benzyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-benzyl-3,4-DMA);
- 1587 1-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-(sec-butylamino)pentan-1-one (other name: N-sec-butyl Pentylone);
- 1588 1-cyclopropionyl lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: 1cP-LSD);
- 1589 2-(ethylamino)-1-phenylheptan-1-one (other name: N-ethylheptedrone);
- **1590** (2-ethylaminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: EAPB);
- **1591** 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25E-NBOH);
- **1592** 2-fluoro-Deschloroketamine (other name: 2-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone);
- **1593** 4-hydroxy-N-ethyl-N-propyltryptamine (other name: 4-hydroxy-EPT);

<sup>1594 2-(</sup>isobutylamino)-1-phenylhexan-1-one (other names: N-Isobutyl Hexedrone,
1595 alpha-isobutylaminohexanphenone);

- **1596** 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-methylpropan-2-amine (other names: para-Methoxymethamphetamine,
- 1597 PMMA);
- **1598** N-ethyl-1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexylamine (other name: 3-hydroxy-PCE);
- 1599 N-heptyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-heptyl-3,4-DMA);
- 1600 N-hexyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-hexyl-3,4-DMA);
- **1601** 4-fluoro-3-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: 4-fluoro-3-methyl-alpha-PVP);
- **1602** 4-fluoro-alpha-methylamino-valerophenone (other name: 4-fluoropentedrone);
- **1603** N-(1,4-dimethylpentyl)-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-(1,4-dimethylpentyl)-3,4-DMA);
- 1604 4,5-methylenedioxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 4,5-MDO-DiPT);
- 1605 Alpha-pyrrolidinocyclohexanophenone (other name: alpha-PCYP);
- 1606 3,4-methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinoheptiophenone (other name: MDPV8);
- 1607 4-chloro-alpha-methylaminobutiophenone (other name: 4-chloro Buphedrone).
- 4. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture
  or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the
  central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such
  salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 1612 5-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-3-methyl-7-nitro-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (other name:
   1613 Meclonazepam):
- **1614** 7-chloro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (other name: Norfludiazepam);
- 1615 Bromazolam;
- 1616 Clonazolam;
- **1617** Deschloroetizolam;
- 1618 Etizolam;
- **1619** Flualprazolam;
- 1620 Flubromazepam;
- 1621 Flubromazolam;

**1622** Gamma hydroxybutyric acid (some other names include GHB; gamma hydroxybutyrate; **1623** 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutanoic acid; sodium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate);

- 1624 Mecloqualone;
- 1625 Methaqualone.

1626 5. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture
1627 or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the
1628 central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers:

**1629** 2-(3-fluorophenyl)-3-methylmorpholine (other name: 3-fluorophenmetrazine);

1630 Aminorex (some trade or other names; aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline;
1631 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);

- 1632 Cathinone (some trade or other names: 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone, alpha-aminopropiophenone, 2-aminopropiophenone, norephedrone), and any plant material from which Cathinone may be derived;
- 1634 Cis-4-methylaminorex (other name: cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
- 1635 Ethylamphetamine;
- **1636** Ethyl phenyl(piperidin-2-yl)acetate (other name: Ethylphenidate);
- **1637** Fenethylline;

1638 Methcathinone (some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone;
1639 alpha-(methylamino)-propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one;
1640 alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; monomethylpropion; ephedrone; N-methylcathinone;
1641 methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463 and UR 1432);

**1642** N-Benzylpiperazine (some other names: BZP, 1-benzylpiperazine);

1643 N,N-dimethylamphetamine (other names: N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine,
 1644 N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine);

- 1645 Methyl 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(2-piperidinyl)acetate (other name: 4-fluoromethylphenidate);
- **1646** Isopropyl-2-phenyl-2-(2-piperidinyl)acetate (other name: Isopropylphenidate);
- 1647 4-chloro-N,N-dimethylcathinone;
- 1648 3,4-methylenedioxy-Ň-benzylcathinone (other name: BMDP).

6. Any substance that contains one or more cannabimimetic agents or that contains their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation, and any preparation, mixture, or substance containing, or mixed or infused with, any detectable amount of one or more cannabimimetic agents.

- a. "Cannabimimetic agents" includes any substance that is within any of the following structural classes:
- 1655 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol with substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by alkyl or1656 alkenyl, whether or not substituted on the cyclohexyl ring to any extent;

1657 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole or 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane with substitution at the nitrogen atom of 1658 the indole ring, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthoyl or naphthyl ring to any extent; 1659 1660 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring, whether or not 1661 further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthoyl ring to 1662 any extent: 1663 1-(1-naphthylmethyl)indene with substitution of the 3-position of the indene ring, whether or not 1664 further substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthyl ring to 1665 any extent: 3-phenylacetylindole or 3-benzoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring, 1666 whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the 1667 1668 phenyl ring to any extent: 1669 3-cyclopropoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring, whether or not further 1670 substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the cyclopropyl ring to any 1671 extent: 1672 3-adamantoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring, whether or not further 1673 substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any 1674 extent: 1675 N-(adamantyl)-indole-3-carboxamide with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring, 1676 whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the 1677 adamantyl ring to any extent; and N-(adamantyl)-indazole-3-carboxamide with substitution at a nitrogen atom of the indazole ring, 1678 1679 whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the 1680 adamantyl ring to any extent. 1681 b. The term "cannabimimetic agents" includes: 5-(1,1-Dimethylheptyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497); 1682 5-(1,1-Dimethylhexyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C6 homolog); 1683 1684 5-(1,1-Dimethyloctyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C8 homolog); 5-(1.1-Dimethylnonyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C9 homolog); 1685 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other names: JWH-018, AM-678); 1686 1687 1-butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-073); 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (other name: JWH-250); 1688 1689 1-hexyl-3-(naphthalen-1-oyl)indole (other name: JWH-019); 1690 1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-200); 1691 (6aR,10aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-tet 1692 rahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol (other name: HU-210); 1693 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-081); 1-pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-122); 1694 1695 1-pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole (other name: JWH-203); 1696 1-pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-210); 1697 1-pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-398); 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (other name: AM-694); 1698 1699 1-((N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: AM-1220); 1700 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: AM-2201); 1-[(N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl]-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (other name: AM-2233); 1701 1702 (4-methoxyphenyl)-[2-methyl-1-(2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl)indol-3-yl]methanone Pravadoline (other name: WIN 48,098); 1703 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole (other names: RCS-4, SR-19); 1704 1705 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (other names: RCS-8, SR-18); 1706 1-pentyl-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other name: UR-144); 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other names: XLR-11, 1707 5-fluoro-UR-144); 1708 1709 N-adamantyl-1-fluoropentylindole-3-carboxamide (other name: STS-135); 1710 N-adamantyl-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other names: AKB48, APINACA); 1711 1-pentyl-3-(1-adamantoyl)indole (other name: AB-001); (8-quinolinyl)(1-pentylindol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: PB-22); 1712 1713 (8-quinolinyl)(1-(5-fluoropentyl)indol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: 5-fluoro-PB-22); 1714 (8-quinolinyl)(1-cyclohexylmethyl-indol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: BB-22); N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name: AB-PINACA); 1715 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 1716 **AB-FUBINACA**); 1717

**1718** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indazole (other name: THJ-2201);

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- 1719 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 1720 ADB-PINACA);
- **1721** N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: **1722** AB-CHMINACA);
- 1723 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
   1724 5-fluoro-AB-PINACA);
- N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other names:
   ADB-CHMINACA, MAB-CHMINACA);
- 1727 Methyl-2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3-methylbutanoate (other name:
  1728 5-fluoro-AMB);
- 1729 1-naphthalenyl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (other name: NM-2201);
- 1730 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other name: FUB-144);
- 1731 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name MAM-2201);
- **1732** N-(1-Amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide **1733** (other name: ADB-FUBINACA);
- Methyl 2-[1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name:
   MDMB-FUBINACA);
- 1736 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names:
  1737 5-fluoro-ADB, 5-Fluoro-MDMB-PINACA);
- **1738** Methyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate (other **1739** names: AMB-FUBINACA, FUB-AMB);
- 1740 N-(adamantan-1-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other names: FUB-AKB48, 1741 5F-APINACA);
- 1742 N-(adamantan-1-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5F-AKB48);
- 1743 N-(adamantanyl)-1-(5-chloropentyl) indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5-chloro-AKB48);
- 1744 Naphthalen-1-yl 1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxylate (other name: SDB-005);
- 1745 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indole-3-carboxamide (other name:
   1746 AB-CHMICA);
- 1747 1-pentyl-N-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (other name: SDB-006);
- 1748 Quinolin-8-yl 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (other name: FUB-PB-22);
- 1749 Methyl N-[1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carbonyl]valinate (other name: MMB-CHMICA);
- 1750 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
   1751 5-fluoro-ADB-PINACA);
- 1752 1-(4-cyanobutyl)-N-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 4-cyano
   1753 CUMYL-BUTINACA);
- 1754 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names: 5-fluoro 1755 MDMB-PICA, 5F-MDMB-PICA);
- Ethyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate (other name:
   EMB-FUBINACA);
- 1758 Methyl 2-[1-4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name:
  1759 4-fluoro-MDMB-BUTINACA);
- 1760 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5-fluoro
   1761 CUMYL-PICA);
- 1762 Methyl 2-[1-(pent-4-enyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamindo]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name:
  1763 MDMB-4en-PINACA);
- Methyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate (other names:
   MMB-FUBICA, AMB-FUBICA);
- 1766 Methyl 2-[1-(4-penten-1-yl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other names: MMB022, 1767 MMB-4en-PICA);
- 1768 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other name: MMB 2201);
- 1769 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-phenylpropanoate (other name:
  1770 5-fluoro-MPP-PICA);
- N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-butylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
   ADB-BUTINACA);
- 1773 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-chloropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
   1774 5-chloro-AB-PINACA);
- 1775 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other names:
   1776 5F-CUMYL-PINACA, 5-fluoro CUMYL-PINACA, CUMYL-5F-PINACA);
- 1777 Ethyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names:
  1778 5F-EDMB-PINACA, 5-fluoro EDMB-PINACA);
- **1779** Ethyl-2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other names:

- **1780** 5-fluoro-EMB-PINACA, 5F-AEB);
- 1781 Ethyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other name:
  1782 5-fluoro-EMB-PICA);
- **1783** Ethyl-2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name: 5-fluoro **1784** EDMB-PICA);
- 1785 Methyl 2-[1-(4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name:
  1786 4-fluoro-MDMB-BUTICA);
- **1787** Methyl 2-(1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names: **1788** MDMB-CHMICA, MMB-CHMINACA);
- 1789 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(pent-4-enyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
   1790 ADB-4en-PINACA).
- 1791 2. That the provisions of Article 4, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-4122, 3.2-4123, and 1792 3.2-4124, of Chapter 41.1 of Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, shall become 1793 effective on the date the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services has established the 1794 registration process as provided in such Article 4, as created by this act. The Commissioner of 1795 Agriculture and Consumer Services shall certify the effective date of such registration process to
- 1796 the Virginia Code Commission.
- 1797 3. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 1798 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the 1799 necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, 1800 1801 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary 1802 appropriation cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department 1803 1804 of Juvenile Justice.