Department of Planning and Budget 2022 Fiscal Impact Statement

1.	Bill Number	Bill Number: SB307-ER					
	House of Orig	in 🗌	Introduced		Substitute		Engrossed
	Second House		In Committee		Substitute	\boxtimes	Enrolled
2.	Patron:	Mason					
3.	Committee:	Passed Both Houses					
4.	Title:	Kinship foster care; notice and appeal.					

5. Summary: Requires local boards of social services (local boards), upon receiving a request from a child's relative to become a kinship foster parent, to provide the relative with an application to become a kinship foster parent within 15 days. The bill requires local boards, upon denying a relative's application to become a kinship foster parent, to provide to the relative (i) a clear and specific explanation of the reasons for denial, (ii) a statement that such denial is appealable, and (iii) an explanation of the procedure for filing such appeal. The bill allows relatives to file an appeal regarding such decisions with the Commissioner of Social Services and requires the Board of Social Services to adopt certain regulations regarding the timeline of such appeals.

The bill also adds an enactment clause that exempts the Board's initial adoption of regulations necessary to implement the provisions of the bill from the Administrative Process Act.

- 6. Budget Amendment Necessary: Yes.
- 7. Fiscal Impact Estimates:

7a. Expenditure Impact:

Expenditure impact:								
Fiscal Year	Dollars	Positions	Fund					
2023	\$144,887	1.5	General Fund					
	\$50,629	0.5	Nongeneral Funds					
2024	\$129,825	1.5	General Fund					
	\$45,365	0.5	Nongeneral Funds					
2025	\$129,825	1.5	General Fund					
	\$45,365	0.5	Nongeneral Funds					
2026	\$129,825	1.5	General Fund					
	\$45,365	0.5	Nongeneral Funds					
2027	\$129,825	1.5	General Fund					
	\$45,365	0.5	Nongeneral Funds					
2028	\$129,825	1.5	General Fund					
	\$45,365	0.5	Nongeneral Funds					
2028	\$129,825	1.5	General Fund					
	\$45,365	0.5	Nongeneral Funds					

8. Fiscal Implications: This bill requires that the local board of social services, through the local department of social services (LDSS), provide a relative requesting an application to foster a child with that application within 15 days of the request. The bill creates a state-level appeals process for local determinations that result in a relative being denied as a foster parent.

Current law requires that local department of social services contact relatives about their option to become a foster parent for a child when that child enters care and every six months, as long as the child is in care. In calendar year 2021, 2,743 children entered foster care and 151 of those children were placed with approved kinship foster parents upon entering care. It is assumed that not every child entering foster care would have a relative that is denied approval as a foster parent and not every relative who is denied would appeal the local department's decision. However, multiple relatives could appeal one local determination and a relative could be denied multiple times by the LDSS. The Department of Social Services (DSS) data systems do not currently track when a relative is not approved as a foster parent. DSS estimates that for all children in foster care not already placed with a relative (2,743 - 151 = 2,592), 15 percent will result in a state-level appeal (389). Based on an estimate of 32 appeals each month (389 / 12 = 32), two positions will be required in the DSS Office of Appeals and Fair Hearing.

Position cost estimates for state effort are based on full-time equivalent (FTE) positions and are assumed to have 1,500 productive work hours annually. Average position costs include salary, fringe benefits, non-personal position costs (such as a phone and computer charges), as well as a one-time onboarding cost of \$5,163 in fiscal year (FY) 2023.

To meet the workload demands that will result from the implementation of this legislation, one additional Appeals Officer will be required at an estimated cost of \$105,276 in FY 2023 and \$100,113 in FY 2024 and thereafter. One additional administrative position is also required at an estimated cost of \$80,240 in FY 2023 and \$75,077 in FY 2024. DSS also estimates that there will be an additional one-time cost in FY 2023 of \$10,000 to secure technology and supplies for the additional employees and to establish the new relative appeal process.

These costs are eligible for federal financial participation (FFP) under the Title IV-E grant. Title IV-E funds will pay for 50 percent of the administrative expenses of IV-E eligible children. The penetration rate of eligible Title IV-E children in foster care to all children in foster care was 51.79 percent in the quarter ending December 2021. The fund split is anticipated to be 74.1 percent general fund and 25.9 percent federal funds in FY 2023 and beyond.

The cost estimates for two positions and one-time operating costs are \$195,516 (\$144,887 general fund and \$50,629 nongeneral funds) in FY 2023 and \$175,190 (\$129,825 general fund and \$45,365 non-general funds) in FY 2024 and beyond.

- **9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected:** Department of Social Services, local departments of social services
- 10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No.
- 11. Other Comments: None.