22103521D **SENATE BILL NO. 63** 1 Offered January 12, 2022 2 3 Prefiled January 3, 2022 4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-228, 18.2-371, 18.2-371.1, 40.1-103, and 63.2-100 of the Code of 5 Virginia, relating to abuse and neglect of a child; safe haven defense. 6 Patrons-Ruff, Peake and Suetterlein 7 8 Referred to Committee on the Judiciary 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 16.1-228, 18.2-371, 18.2-371.1, 40.1-103, and 63.2-100 of the Code of Virginia are 11 amended and reenacted as follows: 12 § 16.1-228. Definitions. 13 14 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning: 15 "Abused or neglected child" means any child: 16 1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than 17 accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement or impairment of bodily or mental 18 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 19 20 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 21 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 22 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 23 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248; 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 24 25 necessary for his health; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 26 27 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a 28 decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal 29 authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child who refuses a particular medical 30 treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary 31 care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the 32 33 subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have 34 considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the 35 child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4; 36 37 3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child; 38 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any act 39 of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law; 40 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or 41 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco 42 parentis; 43 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or 44 mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as defined in § 55.1-2000, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who 45 46 the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a 47 minor for which registration is required as a Tier III offender pursuant to § 9.1-902; or 7. Who has been identified as a victim of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as defined in 48 49 the federal Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 U.S.C. § 7102 et seq., and in the federal Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, 42 U.S.C. § 5101 et seq. 50 51 If a civil proceeding under this chapter is based solely on the parent having left the child at a 52 hospital or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely 53 delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency medical services agency that employs emergency medical services personnel, within 14 30 days of the 54 55 child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment. 56

57 "Adoptive home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which a child resides as a
58 member of the household and in which he has been placed for the purposes of adoption or in which he

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59 has been legally adopted by another member of the household.

60 "Adult" means a person 18 years of age or older.

"Ancillary crime" or "ancillary charge" means any delinquent act committed by a juvenile as a part 61 62 of the same act or transaction as, or that constitutes a part of a common scheme or plan with, a 63 delinquent act that would be a felony if committed by an adult.

64 "Boot camp" means a short-term secure or nonsecure juvenile residential facility with highly 65 structured components including, but not limited to, military style drill and ceremony, physical labor, education and rigid discipline, and no less than six months of intensive aftercare. 66

"Child," "juvenile," or "minor" means a person who is (i) younger than 18 years of age or (ii) for 67 purposes of the Fostering Futures program set forth in Article 2 (§ 63.2-917 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of 68 Title 63.2, younger than 21 years of age and meets the eligibility criteria set forth in § 63.2-919. 69

"Child in need of services" means (i) a child whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results 70 71 in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of the child or (ii) a child under the age of 14 whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and 72 physical safety of another person; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by 73 74 spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or 75 religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be a child in need of services, nor shall any child who habitually remains away from or habitually deserts or abandons his family as a 76 77 result of what the court or the local child protective services unit determines to be incidents of physical, 78 emotional or sexual abuse in the home be considered a child in need of services for that reason alone.

79 However, to find that a child falls within these provisions, (i) the conduct complained of must present a clear and substantial danger to the child's life or health or to the life or health of another 80 person, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not presently being 81 received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, rehabilitation or 82 83 services needed by the child or his family. 84

"Child in need of supervision" means:

85 1. A child who, while subject to compulsory school attendance, is habitually and without justification absent from school, and (i) the child has been offered an adequate opportunity to receive the benefit of 86 any and all educational services and programs that are required to be provided by law and which meet 87 88 the child's particular educational needs, (ii) the school system from which the child is absent or other 89 appropriate agency has made a reasonable effort to effect the child's regular attendance without success, 90 and (iii) the school system has provided documentation that it has complied with the provisions of 91 § 22.1-258: or

92 2. A child who, without reasonable cause and without the consent of his parent, lawful custodian or 93 placement authority, remains away from or deserts or abandons his family or lawful custodian on more than one occasion or escapes or remains away without proper authority from a residential care facility in 94 95 which he has been placed by the court, and (i) such conduct presents a clear and substantial danger to the child's life or health, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not 96 97 presently being received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, 98 rehabilitation or services needed by the child or his family.

99 "Child welfare agency" means a child-placing agency, child-caring institution or independent foster 100 home as defined in § 63.2-100.

101 "The court" or the "juvenile court" or the "juvenile and domestic relations court" means the juvenile and domestic relations district court of each county or city. 102

103 "Delinquent act" means (i) an act designated a crime under the law of the Commonwealth, or an ordinance of any city, county, town, or service district, or under federal law, (ii) a violation of 104 § 18.2-308.7, or (iii) a violation of a court order as provided for in § 16.1-292, but does not include an 105 act other than a violation of § 18.2-308.7, which is otherwise lawful, but is designated a crime only if 106 107 committed by a child.

108 "Delinquent child" means a child who has committed a delinquent act or an adult who has committed 109 a delinquent act prior to his 18th birthday, except where the jurisdiction of the juvenile court has been 110 terminated under the provisions of § 16.1-269.6.

"Department" means the Department of Juvenile Justice and "Director" means the administrative head 111 in charge thereof or such of his assistants and subordinates as are designated by him to discharge the 112 113 duties imposed upon him under this law.

"Driver's license" means any document issued under Chapter 3 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Title 46.2, or 114 115 the comparable law of another jurisdiction, authorizing the operation of a motor vehicle upon the 116 highways.

117 "Family abuse" means any act involving violence, force, or threat that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury and that is committed by 118 119 a person against such person's family or household member. Such act includes, but is not limited to, any 120 forceful detention, stalking, criminal sexual assault in violation of Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of 121 Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, or any criminal offense that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable122 apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury.

123 "Family or household member" means (i) the person's spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the 124 same home with the person, (ii) the person's former spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the same 125 home with the person, (iii) the person's parents, stepparents, children, stepchildren, brothers, sisters, 126 half-brothers, half-sisters, grandparents and grandchildren, regardless of whether such persons reside in 127 the same home with the person, (iv) the person's mother-in-law, father-in-law, sons-in-law, 128 daughters-in-law, brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law who reside in the same home with the person, (v) 129 any individual who has a child in common with the person, whether or not the person and that 130 individual have been married or have resided together at any time, or (vi) any individual who cohabits 131 or who, within the previous 12 months, cohabited with the person, and any children of either of them 132 then residing in the same home with the person.

133 "Fictive kin" means persons who are not related to a child by blood or adoption but have an134 established relationship with the child or his family.

135 "Foster care services" means the provision of a full range of casework, treatment and community 136 services for a planned period of time to a child who is abused or neglected as defined in § 63.2-100 or 137 in need of services as defined in this section and his family when the child (i) has been identified as 138 needing services to prevent or eliminate the need for foster care placement, (ii) has been placed through 139 an agreement between the local board of social services or a public agency designated by the 140 community policy and management team and the parents or guardians where legal custody remains with 141 the parents or guardians, (iii) has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services or 142 child welfare agency, (iv) has been placed under the supervisory responsibility of the local board 143 pursuant to § 16.1-293, or (v) is living with a relative participating in the Federal-Funded Kinship 144 Guardianship Assistance program set forth in § 63.2-1305 and developed consistent with 42 U.S.C. 145 § 673 or the State-Funded Kinship Guardianship Assistance program set forth in § 63.2-1306.

"Independent living arrangement" means placement of (i) a child at least 16 years of age who is in the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency by the local board or licensed child-placing agency or (ii) a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement by the Department of Juvenile Justice, in a living arrangement in which such child or person does not have daily substitute parental supervision.

152 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years 153 of age or older and who has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child 154 welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services 155 and activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet 156 reached the age of 21 years; (ii) is between the ages of 18 and 21 and who, immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of a local board of social 157 158 services; or (iii) is a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was 159 committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement in an independent living arrangement. "Independent living services" includes counseling, education, housing, employment, 160 161 and money management skills development and access to essential documents and other appropriate 162 services to help children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

163 "Intake officer" means a juvenile probation officer appointed as such pursuant to the authority of this chapter.

<sup>165</sup> <sup>"Jail"</sup> or "other facility designed for the detention of adults" means a local or regional correctional <sup>166</sup> facility as defined in § 53.1-1, except those facilities utilized on a temporary basis as a court holding <sup>167</sup> cell for a child incident to a court hearing or as a temporary lock-up room or ward incident to the <sup>168</sup> transfer of a child to a juvenile facility.

"The judge" means the judge or the substitute judge of the juvenile and domestic relations districtcourt of each county or city.

171 "This law" or "the law" means the Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court Law embraced in172 this chapter.

"Legal custody" means (i) a legal status created by court order which vests in a custodian the right to
have physical custody of the child, to determine and redetermine where and with whom he shall live,
the right and duty to protect, train and discipline him and to provide him with food, shelter, education
and ordinary medical care, all subject to any residual parental rights and responsibilities or (ii) the legal
status created by court order of joint custody as defined in § 20-107.2.

178 "Permanent foster care placement" means the place of residence in which a child resides and in
179 which he has been placed pursuant to the provisions of §§ 63.2-900 and 63.2-908 with the expectation
180 and agreement between the placing agency and the place of permanent foster care that the child shall
181 remain in the placement until he reaches the age of majority unless modified by court order or unless

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182 removed pursuant to § 16.1-251 or 63.2-1517. A permanent foster care placement may be a place of 183 residence of any natural person or persons deemed appropriate to meet a child's needs on a long-term 184 basis.

185 'Qualified individual" means a trained professional or licensed clinician who is not an employee of 186 the local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency that placed the child in a qualified 187 residential treatment program and is not affiliated with any placement setting in which children are 188 placed by such local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency.

189 "Qualified residential treatment program" means a program that (i) provides 24-hour residential placement services for children in foster care; (ii) has adopted a trauma-informed treatment model that 190 191 meets the clinical and other needs of children with serious emotional or behavioral disorders, including 192 any clinical or other needs identified through assessments conducted pursuant to clause (viii) of this 193 definition; (iii) employs registered or licensed nursing and other clinical staff who provide care, on site 194 and within the scope of their practice, and are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; (iv) conducts outreach with the child's family members, including efforts to maintain connections between the child 195 196 and his siblings and other family; documents and maintains records of such outreach efforts; and 197 maintains contact information for any known biological family and fictive kin of the child; (v) whenever 198 appropriate and in the best interest of the child, facilitates participation by family members in the child's 199 treatment program before and after discharge and documents the manner in which such participation is 200 facilitated; (vi) provides discharge planning and family-based aftercare support for at least six months 201 after discharge; (vii) is licensed in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 671(a)(10) and accredited by an organization approved by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services; and (viii) requires that 202 203 any child placed in the program receive an assessment within 30 days of such placement by a qualified individual that (a) assesses the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based, 204 validated, and functional assessment tool approved by the Commissioner of Social Services; (b) 205 206 identifies whether the needs of the child can be met through placement with a family member or in a foster home or, if not, in a placement setting authorized by 42 U.S.C. § 672(k)(2), including a qualified 207 208 residential treatment program, that would provide the most effective and appropriate level of care for the 209 child in the least restrictive environment and be consistent with the short-term and long-term goals 210 established for the child in his foster care or permanency plan; (c) establishes a list of short-term and long-term mental and behavioral health goals for the child; and (d) is documented in a written report to 211 212 be filed with the court prior to any hearing on the child's placement pursuant to § 16.1-281, 16.1-282, 213 16.1-282.1, or 16.1-282.2.

214 "Residual parental rights and responsibilities" means all rights and responsibilities remaining with the 215 parent after the transfer of legal custody or guardianship of the person, including but not limited to the 216 right of visitation, consent to adoption, the right to determine religious affiliation and the responsibility 217 for support.

218 "Secure facility" or "detention home" means a local, regional or state public or private locked residential facility that has construction fixtures designed to prevent escape and to restrict the movement 219 220 and activities of children held in lawful custody. 221

"Shelter care" means the temporary care of children in physically unrestricting facilities.

"State Board" means the State Board of Juvenile Justice.

223 "Status offender" means a child who commits an act prohibited by law which would not be criminal 224 if committed by an adult.

225 "Status offense" means an act prohibited by law which would not be an offense if committed by an 226 adult.

227 "Violent juvenile felony" means any of the delinquent acts enumerated in subsection B or C of 228 § 16.1-269.1 when committed by a juvenile 14 years of age or older.

229 § 18.2-371. Causing or encouraging acts rendering children delinquent, abused, etc.; penalty; 230 abandoned infant.

231 Any person 18 years of age or older, including the parent of any child, who (i) willfully contributes 232 to, encourages, or causes any act, omission, or condition that renders a child delinquent, in need of 233 services, in need of supervision, or abused or neglected as defined in § 16.1-228 or (ii) engages in 234 consensual sexual intercourse or anal intercourse with or performs cunnilingus, fellatio, or anilingus 235 upon or by a child 15 or older not his spouse, child, or grandchild is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 236 This section shall not be construed as repealing, modifying, or in any way affecting §§ 18.2-18, 237 18.2-19, 18.2-61, 18.2-63, and 18.2-347.

238 If the prosecution under this section is based solely on the accused parent having left the child at a 239 hospital or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense to prosecution of a 240 parent under this section that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency medical services agency that employs emergency 241 medical services personnel, within the first 14~30 days of the child's life. In order for the affirmative 242 243 defense to apply, the child shall be delivered in a manner reasonably calculated to ensure the child's

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244 safety.

#### 245 § 18.2-371.1. Abuse and neglect of children; penalty; abandoned infant.

246 A. Any parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the care of a child under the age of 18 who 247 by willful act or willful omission or refusal to provide any necessary care for the child's health causes or 248 permits serious injury to the life or health of such child is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For purposes of 249 this subsection, "serious injury" includes but is not limited to (i) disfigurement, (ii) a fracture, (iii) a 250 severe burn or laceration, (iv) mutilation, (v) maiming, (vi) forced ingestion of dangerous substances, 251 and (vii) life-threatening internal injuries. For purposes of this subsection, "willful act or willful 252 omission" includes operating or engaging in the conduct of a child welfare agency as defined in 253 § 63.2-100 without first obtaining a license such person knows is required by Subtitle IV (§ 63.2-1700 et 254 seq.) of Title 63.2 or after such license has been revoked or has expired and not been renewed.

255 B. 1. Any parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the care of a child under the age of 18 256 whose willful act or omission in the care of such child was so gross, wanton, and culpable as to show a 257 reckless disregard for human life is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

258 2. If a prosecution under this subsection is based solely on the accused parent having left the child at 259 a hospital or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense to prosecution of a 260 parent under this subsection that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 261 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency medical services agency that employs emergency medical services personnel, within the first 4 30 days of the child's life. In order for the 262 263 affirmative defense to apply, the child shall be delivered in a manner reasonably calculated to ensure the 264 child's safety.

265 C. Any parent, guardian, or other person having care, custody, or control of a minor child who in 266 good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and 267 practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall not, for that reason alone, be considered 268 in violation of this section. 269

#### § 40.1-103. Cruelty and injuries to children; penalty; abandoned infant.

270 A. It shall be unlawful for any person employing or having the custody of any child willfully or 271 negligently to cause or permit the life of such child to be endangered or the health of such child to be 272 injured, or willfully or negligently to cause or permit such child to be placed in a situation that its life, 273 health or morals may be endangered, or to cause or permit such child to be overworked, tortured, 274 tormented, mutilated, beaten or cruelly treated. Any person violating this section is guilty of a Class 6 275 felony.

276 B. If a prosecution under this section is based solely on the accused parent having left the child at a 277 hospital or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense to prosecution of a 278 parent under this section that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour 279 emergency services or to an attended emergency medical services agency that employs emergency medical services personnel, within the first  $\frac{14}{30}$  days of the child's life. In order for the affirmative 280 281 defense to apply, the child shall be delivered in a manner reasonably calculated to ensure the child's 282 safety.

## § 63.2-100. Definitions.

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As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

285 "Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age:

286 1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or 287 inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than 288 accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental 289 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 290 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 291 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 292 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 293 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

294 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual 295 296 means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 297 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a 298 decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal 299 authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical 300 treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary 301 care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the 302 303 subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have 304 considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the

305 child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision 306 shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4; 307

3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

308 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any act 309 of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

310 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or 311 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis; 312

313 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or 314 mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as defined in § 55.1-2000, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who 315 316 the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a 317 minor for which registration is required as a Tier III offender pursuant to § 9.1-902; or

7. Who has been identified as a victim of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as defined in 318 319 the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 U.S.C § 7102 et seq., and in the Justice for Victims 320 of Trafficking Act of 2015, 42 U.S.C. § 5101 et seq.

If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital 321 322 or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely 323 delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency 324 medical services agency that employs emergency medical services providers, within 14 30 days of the 325 child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment. 326

327 "Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption. 328

"Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a 329 child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption. 330

331 "Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable 332 confinement of an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603.

333 "Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure 334 and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more aged, 335 infirm or disabled adults who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by 336 the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and (ii) 337 the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage. 338 Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or 339 controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total 340 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults.

341 "Adult exploitation" means the illegal, unauthorized, improper, or fraudulent use of an adult as 342 defined in § 63.2-1603 or his funds, property, benefits, resources, or other assets for another's profit, 343 benefit, or advantage, including a caregiver or person serving in a fiduciary capacity, or that deprives the 344 adult of his rightful use of or access to such funds, property, benefits, resources, or other assets. "Adult 345 exploitation" includes (i) an intentional breach of a fiduciary obligation to an adult to his detriment or 346 an intentional failure to use the financial resources of an adult in a manner that results in neglect of 347 such adult; (ii) the acquisition, possession, or control of an adult's financial resources or property 348 through the use of undue influence, coercion, or duress; and (iii) forcing or coercing an adult to pay for 349 goods or services or perform services against his will for another's profit, benefit, or advantage if the 350 adult did not agree, or was tricked, misled, or defrauded into agreeing, to pay for such goods or services 351 or to perform such services.

352 'Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a 353 physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three 354 adults. "Adult foster care" does not include services or support provided to individuals through the 355 Fostering Futures program set forth in Article 2 (§ 63.2-917 et seq.) of Chapter 9.

356 "Adult neglect" means that an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603 is living under such circumstances 357 that he is not able to provide for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his 358 physical and mental health and that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to 359 impair his well-being. However, no adult shall be considered neglected solely on the basis that such 360 adult is receiving religious nonmedical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing care in lieu of medical care, provided that such treatment or care is performed in good faith and in accordance with the 361 362 religious practices of the adult and there is a written or oral expression of consent by that adult.

Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary to 363 364 protect an adult as defined in § 63.2-1603 from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

"Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who 365 366 may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with

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**367** activities of daily living.

368 "Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates 369 personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for 370 the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged, infirm or disabled and who are cared for 371 in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board 372 of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, but including any 373 portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for or 374 maintains only persons related to him by blood or marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility 375 serving infirm or disabled persons between the ages of 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational 376 program for the handicapped pursuant to § 22.1-214, when such facility is licensed by the Department as 377 a children's residential facility under Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.), but including any portion of the 378 facility not so licensed; and (iv) any housing project for persons 62 years of age or older or the disabled 379 that provides no more than basic coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of 380 Housing and Urban Development, by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing 381 Development Authority. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or 382 institutions owned or operated by a single entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total 383 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. Maintenance or care means the protection, general 384 supervision and oversight of the physical and mental well-being of an aged, infirm or disabled 385 individual.

"Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who
receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive
these benefits except for excess income.

**389** "Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling.

390 "Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, means391 parent(s) by previous adoption.

**392** "Board" means the State Board of Social Services.

"Child" means any natural person who is (i) under 18 years of age or (ii) for purposes of the
Fostering Futures program set forth in Article 2 (§ 63.2-917 et seq.) of Chapter 9, under 21 years of age
and meets the eligibility criteria set forth in § 63.2-919.

396 "Child-placing agency" means (i) any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or 397 independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819, (ii) a local board that places children in foster 398 homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221, or (iii) an entity that assists 399 parents with the process of delegating parental and legal custodial powers of their children pursuant to 400 Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20. "Child-placing agency" does not include the persons to whom 401 such parental or legal custodial powers are delegated pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 402 20. Officers, employees, or agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their 403 authority as such, who serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

404 "Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints 405 and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes 406 assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child 407 and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being 408 abused or neglected.

"Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of
Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or
collect child support, or child and spousal support.

412 "Child-welfare agency" means a child-placing agency, children's residential facility, or independent
413 foster home.

"Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is
maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time
care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services
to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care.
Children's residential facility shall not include:

419 1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events,
420 return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer
421 vacation;

422 2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

423 3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

424 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized425 representative.

- **426** "Department" means the State Department of Social Services.
- 427 "Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services

428 of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated429 as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

"Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remainingafter the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

"Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and
cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating,
repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or
repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance
with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of Public Law 97-35), as amended.

438 "Family and permanency team" means the group of individuals assembled by the local department to 439 assist with determining planning and placement options for a child, which shall include, as appropriate, 440 all biological relatives and fictive kin of the child, as well as any professionals who have served as a 441 resource to the child or his family, such as teachers, medical or mental health providers, and clergy 442 members. In the case of a child who is 14 years of age or older, the family and permanency team shall 443 also include any members of the child's case planning team that were selected by the child in 444 accordance with subsection A of § 16.1-281.

445 "Federal-Funded Kinship Guardianship Assistance program" means a program consistent with 42
446 U.S.C. § 673 that provides, subject to a kinship guardianship assistance agreement developed in accordance with § 63.2-1305, payments to eligible individuals who have received custody of a child of whom they had been the foster parents.

449 "Fictive kin" means persons who are not related to a child by blood or adoption but have an450 established relationship with the child or his family.

451 "Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or guardians and the local board where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an
453 entrustment or commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency. "Foster care placement" does not include placement of a child in accordance with a power of attorney pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20.

456 "Foster home" means a residence approved by a child-placing agency or local board in which any 457 child, other than a child by birth or adoption of such person or a child who is the subject of a power of 458 attorney to delegate parental or legal custodial powers by his parents or legal custodian to the natural 459 person who has been designated the child's legal guardian pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of 460 Title 20 and who exercises legal authority over the child on a continuous basis for at least 24 hours 461 without compensation, resides as a member of the household.

462 "General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned
463 in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with §
464 63.2-401.

465 "Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein 466 467 independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such 468 469 person; (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of 470 subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8; 471 and (iii) a home in which are received only children who are the subject of a properly executed power 472 of attorney pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 20-166 et seq.) of Title 20.

473 "Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child age 16 and over
474 and persons who are former foster care children or were formerly committed to the Department of
475 Juvenile Justice and are between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning to self-sufficiency.

"Independent living arrangement" means placement of (i) a child at least 16 years of age who is in
the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency by the local board or licensed child-placing
agency or (ii) a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was
committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement by the Department of
Juvenile Justice, in a living arrangement in which such child or person does not have daily substitute
parental supervision.

482 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years 483 of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and 484 activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached 485 the age of 21 years; (ii) is between the ages of 18 and 21 and who, immediately prior to his 486 commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of a local board of social 487 488 services; or (iii) is a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was 489 committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement in an independent

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490 living arrangement. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, and money 491 management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate services to help 492 children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

493 "Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living 494 facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an 495 owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

496 "Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster 497 care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other **498** entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under 499 which it operates.

500 "Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster care 501 placement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of 502 the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the 503 504 action of any court. 505

"Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

506 "Kinship guardian" means the adult relative of a child in a kinship guardianship established in 507 accordance with § 63.2-1305 or 63.2-1306 who has been awarded custody of the child by the court after 508 acting as the child's foster parent.

509 "Kinship guardianship" means a relationship established in accordance with § 63.2-1305 or 63.2-1306 510 between a child and an adult relative of the child who has formerly acted as the child's foster parent that 511 is intended to be permanent and self-sustaining as evidenced by the transfer by the court to the adult 512 relative of the child of the authority necessary to ensure the protection, education, care and control, and 513 custody of the child and the authority for decision making for the child.

514 "Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities.

515 "Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in this 516 Commonwealth.

517 "Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the 518 city or county.

519 "Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation 520 of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel 521 Management.

522 "Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in 523 a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

524 "Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the 525 aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child 526 care; and general relief.

527 "Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services 528 to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for 529 a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the 530 Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents 531 of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical 532 Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

533 "Qualified individual" means a trained professional or licensed clinician who is not an employee of 534 the local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency that placed the child in a qualified 535 residential treatment program and is not affiliated with any placement setting in which children are 536 placed by such local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency.

537 "Qualified residential treatment program" means a program that (i) provides 24-hour residential 538 placement services for children in foster care; (ii) has adopted a trauma-informed treatment model that 539 meets the clinical and other needs of children with serious emotional or behavioral disorders, including 540 any clinical or other needs identified through assessments conducted pursuant to clause (viii) of this 541 definition; (iii) employs registered or licensed nursing and other clinical staff who provide care, on site 542 and within the scope of their practice, and are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; (iv) conducts 543 outreach with the child's family members, including efforts to maintain connections between the child 544 and his siblings and other family; documents and maintains records of such outreach efforts; and 545 maintains contact information for any known biological family and fictive kin of the child; (v) whenever 546 appropriate and in the best interest of the child, facilitates participation by family members in the child's 547 treatment program before and after discharge and documents the manner in which such participation is 548 facilitated; (vi) provides discharge planning and family-based aftercare support for at least six months after discharge; (vii) is licensed in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 671(a)(10) and accredited by an 549 organization approved by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services; and (viii) requires that 550

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551 any child placed in the program receive an assessment within 30 days of such placement by a qualified 552 individual that (a) assesses the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based, validated, and functional assessment tool approved by the Commissioner of Social Services; (b) 553 554 identifies whether the needs of the child can be met through placement with a family member or in a 555 foster home or, if not, in a placement setting authorized by 42 U.S.C. § 672(k)(2), including a qualified 556 residential treatment program, that would provide the most effective and appropriate level of care for the 557 child in the least restrictive environment and be consistent with the short-term and long-term goals established for the child in his foster care or permanency plan; (c) establishes a list of short-term and 558 long-term mental and behavioral health goals for the child; and (d) is documented in a written report to 559 560 be filed with the court prior to any hearing on the child's placement pursuant to § 16.1-281, 16.1-282, 16.1-282.1, or 16.1-282.2. 561

562 "Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults
563 who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of
564 daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent
565 living facilities that voluntarily become licensed.

"Sibling" means each of two or more children having one or more parents in common.

567 "Social services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, child-protective services, domestic
568 violence services, or any other services program implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by
569 the Board. Social services also includes adult services pursuant to Article 4 (§ 51.5-144 et seq.) of
570 Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 and adult protective services pursuant to Article 5 (§ 51.5-148) of Chapter 14
571 of Title 51.5 provided by local departments of social services in accordance with regulations and under
572 the supervision of the Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services.

573 "Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed
574 pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A
575 special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

576 "State-Funded Kinship Guardianship Assistance program" means a program that provides payments to
577 eligible individuals who have received custody of a relative child subject to a kinship guardianship
578 assistance agreement developed in accordance with § 63.2-1306.

579 "Supervised independent living setting" means the residence of a person 18 years of age or older
580 who is participating in the Fostering Futures program set forth in Article 2 (§ 63.2-917 et seq.) of
581 Chapter 9 where supervision includes a monthly visit with a service worker or, when appropriate,
582 contracted supervision. "Supervised independent living setting" does not include residential facilities or
583 group homes.

584 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the
 585 Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible
 586 children.

587 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the
588 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive
589 parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from Virginia Initiative for Education
590 and Work (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609.

591 "Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social
592 Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on
593 behalf of qualifying children.

566