## **2022 SESSION**

ENGROSSED

	22101948D
1	SENATE BILL NO. 288
1 2	Senate Amendments in [] - February 14, 2022
3	Prefiled January 11, 2022
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-322.03 and 58.1-402 of the Code of Virginia, relating to Virginia
5	taxable income; corporations; deductions; business interest.
6	
_	Patron Prior to Engrossment—Senator Ebbin
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8 9	Referred to Committee on Finance and Appropriations
9 10	Poit anasted by the Conoral Assembly of Virginia
10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 58.1-322.03 and 58.1-402 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 58.1-322.03. Virginia taxable income; deductions.
13	In computing Virginia taxable income pursuant to § 58.1-322, there shall be deducted from Virginia
14	adjusted gross income as defined in § 58.1-321:
15	1. a. The amount allowable for itemized deductions for federal income tax purposes where the
16	taxpayer has elected for the taxable year to itemize deductions on his federal return, but reduced by the
17	amount of income taxes imposed by the Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction and deducted
18	on such federal return and increased by an amount that, when added to the amount deducted under
19	§ 170 of the Internal Revenue Code for mileage, results in a mileage deduction at the state level for
20	such purposes at a rate of 18 cents per mile; or
21	b. Provided that the taxpayer has not itemized deductions for the taxable year on his federal income
22	tax return: (i) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2019, and on and after January 1, 2026,
23	\$3,000 for single individuals and \$6,000 for married persons (one-half of such amounts in the case of a
24	married individual filing a separate return) and (ii) for taxable years beginning on and after January 1,
25	2019, but before January 1, 2026, \$4,500 for single individuals and \$9,000 for married persons (one-half
26	of such amounts in the case of a married individual filing a separate return). For purposes of this
27 28	section, any person who may be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's return for the taxable year
20 29	may compute the deduction only with respect to earned income. 2. a. A deduction in the amount of \$930 for each personal exemption allowable to the taxpayer for
<b>30</b>	federal income tax purposes.
31	b. Each blind or aged taxpayer as defined under § 63(f) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be
32	entitled to an additional personal exemption in the amount of \$800.
33	The additional deduction for blind or aged taxpayers allowed under this subdivision shall be
34	allowable regardless of whether the taxpayer itemizes deductions for the taxable year for federal income
35	tax purposes.
36	3. A deduction equal to the amount of employment-related expenses upon which the federal credit is
37	based under § 21 of the Internal Revenue Code for expenses for household and dependent care services
38	necessary for gainful employment.
39	4. An additional \$1,000 deduction for each child residing for the entire taxable year in a home under
40 41	permanent foster care placement as defined in § 63.2-908, provided that the taxpayer can also claim the
41	child as a personal exemption under § 151 of the Internal Revenue Code. 5. a. A deduction in the amount of \$12,000 for individuals born on or before January 1, 1939.
43	b. A deduction in the amount of \$12,000 for individuals born after January 1, 1939, who have
<b>4</b> 4	attained the age of 65. This deduction shall be reduced by \$1 for every \$1 that the taxpayer's adjusted
45	federal adjusted gross income exceeds \$50,000 for single taxpayers or \$75,000 for married taxpayers.
46	For married taxpayers filing separately, the deduction shall be reduced by \$1 for every \$1 that the total
47	combined adjusted federal adjusted gross income of both spouses exceeds \$75,000.
<b>48</b>	For the purposes of this subdivision, "adjusted federal adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted
49	gross income minus any benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits
50	subject to federal income taxation solely pursuant to § 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.
51	6. The amount an individual pays as a fee for an initial screening to become a possible bone marrow
52 52	donor, if (i) the individual is not reimbursed for such fee or (ii) the individual has not claimed a
53 54	deduction for the payment of such fee on his federal income tax return.
54 55	7. a. A deduction shall be allowed to the purchaser or contributor for the amount paid or contributed during the taxable year for a prepaid tuition contract or college sayings trust account entered into with
55 56	during the taxable year for a prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account entered into with the Virginia College Savings Plan, pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.) of Title 23.1. Except as
50 57	provided in subdivision b, the amount deducted on any individual income tax return in any taxable year
58	shall be limited to \$4,000 per prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account. No deduction

59 shall be allowed pursuant to this subdivision 7 if such payments or contributions are deducted on the 60 purchaser's or contributor's federal income tax return. If the purchase price or annual contribution to a college savings trust account exceeds \$4,000, the remainder may be carried forward and subtracted in 61 future taxable years until the purchase price or college savings trust contribution has been fully 62 63 deducted; however, except as provided in subdivision b, in no event shall the amount deducted in any 64 taxable year exceed \$4,000 per contract or college savings trust account. Notwithstanding the statute of 65 limitations on assessments contained in § 58.1-312, any deduction taken hereunder shall be subject to recapture in the taxable year or years in which distributions or refunds are made for any reason other 66 than (i) to pay qualified higher education expenses, as defined in § 529 of the Internal Revenue Code or 67 (ii) the beneficiary's death, disability, or receipt of a scholarship. For the purposes of this subdivision, 68 'purchaser" or "contributor" means the person shown as such on the records of the Virginia College 69 Savings Plan as of December 31 of the taxable year. In the case of a transfer of ownership of a prepaid 70 71 tuition contract or college savings trust account, the transferee shall succeed to the transferor's tax attributes associated with a prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account, including, but not 72 73 limited to, carryover and recapture of deductions.

b. A purchaser of a prepaid tuition contract or contributor to a college savings trust account who has
attained age 70 shall not be subject to the limitation that the amount of the deduction not exceed \$4,000
per prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account in any taxable year. Such taxpayer shall be
allowed a deduction for the full amount paid for the contract or contributed to a college savings trust
account, less any amounts previously deducted.

8. The total amount an individual actually contributed in funds to the Virginia Public School
Construction Grants Program and Fund, established in Chapter 11.1 (§ 22.1-175.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1,
provided that the individual has not claimed a deduction for such amount on his federal income tax return.

9. An amount equal to 20 percent of the tuition costs incurred by an individual employed as a primary or secondary school teacher licensed pursuant to Chapter 15 (§ 22.1-289.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1 to attend continuing teacher education courses that are required as a condition of employment; however, the deduction provided by this subdivision shall be available only if (i) the individual is not reimbursed for such tuition costs and (ii) the individual has not claimed a deduction for the payment of such tuition costs on his federal income tax return.

10. The amount an individual pays annually in premiums for long-term health care insurance,
provided that the individual has not claimed a deduction for federal income tax purposes, or, for taxable
years beginning before January 1, 2014, a credit under § 58.1-339.11. For taxable years beginning on
and after January 1, 2014, no such deduction for long-term health care insurance premiums paid by the
individual during the taxable year shall be allowed if the individual has claimed a federal income tax
deduction for such taxable year for long-term health care insurance premiums paid by him.

95 11. Contract payments to a producer of quota tobacco or a tobacco quota holder, or their spouses, as
96 provided under the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (P.L. 108-357), but only to the extent that such
97 payments have not been subtracted pursuant to subsection D of § 58.1-402, as follows:

a. If the payment is received in installment payments, then the recognized gain may be subtracted inthe taxable year immediately following the year in which the installment payment is received.

b. If the payment is received in a single payment, then 10 percent of the recognized gain may be
subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year in which the single payment is received.
The taxpayer may then deduct an equal amount in each of the nine succeeding taxable years.

103 12. An amount equal to 20 percent of the sum paid by an individual pursuant to Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.), not to exceed \$500 in each taxable year, in purchasing for his own use the 104 following items of tangible personal property: (i) any clothes washers, room air conditioners, 105 dishwashers, and standard size refrigerators that meet or exceed the applicable energy star efficiency 106 107 requirements developed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the U.S. Department of 108 Energy; (ii) any fuel cell that (a) generates electricity using an electrochemical process, (b) has an 109 electricity-only generation efficiency greater than 35 percent, and (c) has a generating capacity of at least 110 two kilowatts; (iii) any gas heat pump that has a coefficient of performance of at least 1.25 for heating 111 and at least 0.70 for cooling; (iv) any electric heat pump hot water heater that yields an energy factor of at least 1.7; (v) any electric heat pump that has a heating system performance factor of at least 8.0 and 112 113 a cooling seasonal energy efficiency ratio of at least 13.0; (vi) any central air conditioner that has a cooling seasonal energy efficiency ratio of at least 13.5; (vii) any advanced gas or oil water heater that 114 has an energy factor of at least 0.65; (viii) any advanced oil-fired boiler with a minimum annual 115 fuel-utilization rating of 85; (ix) any advanced oil-fired furnace with a minimum annual fuel-utilization 116 117 rating of 85; and (x) programmable thermostats.

118 13. The lesser of \$5,000 or the amount actually paid by a living donor of an organ or other living
119 tissue for unreimbursed out-of-pocket expenses directly related to the donation that arose within 12
120 months of such donation, provided that the donor has not taken a medical deduction in accordance with

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121 the provisions of § 213 of the Internal Revenue Code for such expenses. The deduction may be taken in 122 the taxable year in which the donation is made or the taxable year in which the 12-month period 123 expires.

124 14. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2013, the amount an individual age 66 or 125 older with earned income of at least \$20,000 for the year and federal adjusted gross income not in 126 excess of \$30,000 for the year pays annually in premiums for (i) a prepaid funeral insurance policy 127 covering the individual or (ii) medical or dental insurance for any person for whom individual tax filers 128 may claim a deduction for such premiums under federal income tax laws. As used in this subdivision, 129 "earned income" means the same as that term is defined in § 32(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. The 130 deduction shall not be allowed for any portion of such premiums paid for which the individual has (a) 131 been reimbursed, (b) claimed a deduction for federal income tax purposes, (c) claimed a deduction or 132 subtraction under another provision of this section, or (d) claimed a federal income tax credit or any 133 income tax credit pursuant to this chapter.

134 15. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2018, but before January 1 2022, 20 percent 135 of business interest disallowed as a deduction pursuant to § 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code. For 136 taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2022, 60 percent of business interest disallowed as a 137 deduction pursuant to § 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subdivision, "business 138 interest" means the same as that term is defined under § 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code.

139 16. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2019, the actual amount of real and personal 140 property taxes imposed by the Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction not otherwise deducted 141 solely on account of the dollar limitation imposed on individual deductions by § 164(b)(6)(B) of the 142 Internal Revenue Code.

143 17. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2020, but before January 1, 2021, up to 144 \$100,000 of the amount that is not deductible when computing federal adjusted gross income solely on 145 account of the portion of subdivision B 10 of § 58.1-301 related to Paycheck Protection Program loans.

## 146 § 58.1-402. Virginia taxable income.

147 A. For purposes of this article, Virginia taxable income for a taxable year means the federal taxable 148 income and any other income taxable to the corporation under federal law for such year of a corporation adjusted as provided in subsections B, C, D, E, G, and H. 149

150 For a regulated investment company and a real estate investment trust, such term means the 151 "investment company taxable income" and "real estate investment trust taxable income," respectively, to 152 which shall be added in each case any amount of capital gains and any other income taxable to the 153 corporation under federal law which shall be further adjusted as provided in subsections B, C, D, E, G, 154 and H. 155

B. There shall be added to the extent excluded from federal taxable income:

156 1. Interest, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal taxable income, on 157 obligations of any state other than Virginia, or of a political subdivision of any such other state unless 158 created by compact or agreement to which the Commonwealth is a party;

159 2. Interest or dividends, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal 160 taxable income, on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the 161 United States, which the laws of the United States exempt from federal income tax but not from state 162 income taxes;

163 3. [Repealed.]

164 4. The amount of any net income taxes and other taxes, including franchise and excise taxes, which 165 are based on, measured by, or computed with reference to net income, imposed by the Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent deducted in determining federal taxable income; 166

167 5. Unrelated business taxable income as defined by § 512 of the Internal Revenue Code;

168 6. [Repealed.]

169 7. The amount required to be included in income for the purpose of computing the partial tax on an 170 accumulation distribution pursuant to § 667 of the Internal Revenue Code;

171 8. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, the amount of any intangible 172 expenses and costs directly or indirectly paid, accrued, or incurred to, or in connection directly or 173 indirectly with one or more direct or indirect transactions with one or more related members to the 174 extent such expenses and costs were deductible or deducted in computing federal taxable income for 175 Virginia purposes. This addition shall not be required for any portion of the intangible expenses and 176 costs if one of the following applies:

177 (1) The corresponding item of income received by the related member is subject to a tax based on or 178 measured by net income or capital imposed by Virginia, another state, or a foreign government that has 179 entered into a comprehensive tax treaty with the United States government;

180 (2) The related member derives at least one-third of its gross revenues from the licensing of 181 intangible property to parties who are not related members, and the transaction giving rise to the

182 expenses and costs between the corporation and the related member was made at rates and terms 183 comparable to the rates and terms of agreements that the related member has entered into with parties 184 who are not related members for the licensing of intangible property; or

185 (3) The corporation can establish to the satisfaction of the Tax Commissioner that the intangible 186 expenses and costs meet both of the following: (i) the related member during the same taxable year 187 directly or indirectly paid, accrued or incurred such portion to a person who is not a related member, 188 and (ii) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expenses and costs between the corporation and the 189 related member did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of any portion of the tax due under 190 this chapter.

191 b. A corporation required to add to its federal taxable income intangible expenses and costs pursuant 192 to subdivision a may petition the Tax Commissioner, after filing the related income tax return for the taxable year and remitting to the Tax Commissioner all taxes, penalties, and interest due under this 193 194 article for such taxable year including tax upon any amount of intangible expenses and costs required to 195 be added to federal taxable income pursuant to subdivision a, to consider evidence relating to the 196 transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member or members that resulted in the 197 corporation's taxable income being increased, as required under subdivision a, for such intangible 198 expenses and costs.

199 If the corporation can demonstrate to the Tax Commissioner's sole satisfaction, by clear and 200 convincing evidence, that the transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member 201 or members resulting in such increase in taxable income pursuant to subdivision a had a valid business purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of the tax due under this chapter, the Tax Commissioner 202 203 shall permit the corporation to file an amended return. For purposes of such amended return, the 204 requirements of subdivision a shall not apply to any transaction for which the Tax Commissioner is satisfied (and has identified) that the transaction had a valid business purpose other than the avoidance 205 206 or reduction of the tax due under this chapter. Such amended return shall be filed by the corporation 207 within one year of the written permission granted by the Tax Commissioner and any refund of the tax 208 imposed under this article shall include interest at a rate equal to the rate of interest established under 209 § 58.1-15 and such interest shall accrue as provided under § 58.1-1833. However, upon the filing of 210 such amended return, any related member of the corporation that subtracted from taxable income 211 amounts received pursuant to subdivision C 21 shall be subject to the tax imposed under this article on 212 that portion of such amounts for which the corporation has filed an amended return pursuant to this subdivision. In addition, for such transactions identified by the Tax Commissioner herein by which he 213 214 has been satisfied by clear and convincing evidence, the Tax Commissioner may permit the corporation 215 in filing income tax returns for subsequent taxable years to deduct the related intangible expenses and 216 costs without making the adjustment under subdivision a.

217 The Tax Commissioner may charge a fee for all direct and indirect costs relating to the review of 218 any petition pursuant to this subdivision, to include costs necessary to secure outside experts in 219 evaluating the petition. The Tax Commissioner may condition the review of any petition pursuant to this 220 subdivision upon payment of such fee.

221 No suit for the purpose of contesting any action of the Tax Commissioner under this subdivision 222 shall be maintained in any court of this Commonwealth.

223 c. Nothing in subdivision B 8 shall be construed to limit or negate the Department's authority under 224 § 58.1-446;

225 9. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, the amount of any interest expenses 226 and costs directly or indirectly paid, accrued, or incurred to, or in connection directly or indirectly with 227 one or more direct or indirect transactions with one or more related members to the extent such 228 expenses and costs were deductible or deducted in computing federal taxable income for Virginia 229 purposes. This addition shall not be required for any portion of the interest expenses and costs, if:

230 (1) The related member has substantial business operations relating to interest-generating activities, in 231 which the related member pays expenses for at least five full-time employees who maintain, manage, 232 defend or are otherwise responsible for operations or administration relating to the interest-generating 233 activities; and

234 (2) The interest expenses and costs are not directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with 235 the direct or indirect acquisition, maintenance, management, sale, exchange, or disposition of intangible 236 property; and

237 (3) The transaction giving rise to the expenses and costs between the corporation and the related 238 member has a valid business purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation and payments 239 between the parties are made at arm's length rates and terms; and 240

(4) One of the following applies:

(i) The corresponding item of income received by the related member is subject to a tax based on or 241 242 measured by net income or capital imposed by Virginia, another state, or a foreign government that has entered into a comprehensive tax treaty with the United States government; 243

(ii) Payments arise pursuant to a pre-existing contract entered into when the parties were not relatedmembers provided the payments continue to be made at arm's length rates and terms;

(iii) The related member engages in transactions with parties other than related members thatgenerate revenue in excess of \$2 million annually; or

248 (iv) The transaction giving rise to the interest payments between the corporation and a related 249 member was done at arm's length rates and terms and meets any of the following: (a) the related 250 member uses funds that are borrowed from a party other than a related member or that are paid, 251 incurred or passed-through to a person who is not a related member; (b) the debt is part of a regular and 252 systematic funds management or portfolio investment activity conducted by the related member, whereby 253 the funds of two or more related members are aggregated for the purpose of achieving economies of 254 scale, the internal financing of the active business operations of members, or the benefit of centralized 255 management of funds; (c) financing the expansion of the business operations; or (d) restructuring the 256 debt of related members, or the pass-through of acquisition-related indebtedness to related members.

257 b. A corporation required to add to its federal taxable income interest expenses and costs pursuant to 258 subdivision a may petition the Tax Commissioner, after filing the related income tax return for the 259 taxable year and remitting to the Tax Commissioner all taxes, penalties, and interest due under this 260 article for such taxable year including tax upon any amount of interest expenses and costs required to be added to federal taxable income pursuant to subdivision a, to consider evidence relating to the 261 262 transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member or members that resulted in the 263 corporation's taxable income being increased, as required under subdivision a, for such interest expenses 264 and costs.

265 If the corporation can demonstrate to the Tax Commissioner's sole satisfaction, by clear and 266 convincing evidence, that the transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member 267 or members resulting in such increase in taxable income pursuant to subdivision a had a valid business 268 purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of the tax due under this chapter and that the related 269 payments between the parties were made at arm's length rates and terms, the Tax Commissioner shall 270 permit the corporation to file an amended return. For purposes of such amended return, the requirements 271 of subdivision a shall not apply to any transaction for which the Tax Commissioner is satisfied (and has 272 identified) that the transaction had a valid business purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of the 273 tax due under this chapter and that the related payments between the parties were made at arm's length 274 rates and terms. Such amended return shall be filed by the corporation within one year of the written 275 permission granted by the Tax Commissioner and any refund of the tax imposed under this article shall 276 include interest at a rate equal to the rate of interest established under § 58.1-15 and such interest shall 277 accrue as provided under § 58.1-1833. However, upon the filing of such amended return, any related 278 member of the corporation that subtracted from taxable income amounts received pursuant to subdivision 279 C 21 shall be subject to the tax imposed under this article on that portion of such amounts for which the 280 corporation has filed an amended return pursuant to this subdivision. In addition, for such transactions 281 identified by the Tax Commissioner herein by which he has been satisfied by clear and convincing 282 evidence, the Tax Commissioner may permit the corporation in filing income tax returns for subsequent 283 taxable years to deduct the related interest expenses and costs without making the adjustment under 284 subdivision a.

The Tax Commissioner may charge a fee for all direct and indirect costs relating to the review of any petition pursuant to this subdivision, to include costs necessary to secure outside experts in evaluating the petition. The Tax Commissioner may condition the review of any petition pursuant to this subdivision upon payment of such fee.

289 No suit for the purpose of contesting any action of the Tax Commissioner under this subdivision290 shall be maintained in any court of this Commonwealth.

c. Nothing in subdivision B 9 shall be construed to limit or negate the Department's authority under
 § 58.1-446.

**293** d. For purposes of subdivision B 9:

"Arm's-length rates and terms" means that (i) two or more related members enter into a written agreement for the transaction, (ii) such agreement is of a duration and contains payment terms substantially similar to those that the related member would be able to obtain from an unrelated entity, (iii) the interest is at or below the applicable federal rate compounded annually for debt instruments under § 1274(d) of the Internal Revenue Code that was in effect at the time of the agreement, and (iv) the borrower or payor adheres to the payment terms of the agreement governing the transaction or any amendments thereto.

301 "Valid business purpose" means one or more business purposes that alone or in combination
302 constitute the motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction
303 improves, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the taxpayer, as further defined by regulation.
304 10. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, the amount of dividends deductible

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305 under §§ 561 and 857 of the Internal Revenue Code by a Captive Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT). 306 For purposes of this subdivision, a REIT is a Captive REIT if:

307 (1) It is not regularly traded on an established securities market;

308 (2) More than 50 percent of the voting power or value of beneficial interests or shares of which, at 309 any time during the last half of the taxable year, is owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by a 310 single entity that is (i) a corporation or an association taxable as a corporation under the Internal 311 Revenue Code; and (ii) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to § 501(a) of the Internal 312 Revenue Code: and

313 (3) More than 25 percent of its income consists of rents from real property as defined in § 856(d) of 314 the Internal Revenue Code.

315 b. For purposes of applying the ownership test of subdivision 10 a (2), the following entities shall 316 not be considered a corporation or an association taxable as a corporation: 317

(1) Any REIT that is not treated as a Captive REIT;

318 (2) Any REIT subsidiary under § 856 of the Internal Revenue Code other than a qualified REIT 319 subsidiary of a Captive REIT;

320 (3) Any Listed Australian Property Trust, or an entity organized as a trust, provided that a Listed 321 Australian Property Trust owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 75 percent or more of the voting or 322 value of the beneficial interests or shares of such trust; and 323

(4) Any Qualified Foreign Entity.

324 c. For purposes of subdivision B 10, the constructive ownership rules prescribed under § 318(a) of 325 the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by § 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in 326 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any person. 327

d. For purposes of subdivision B 10:

"Listed Australian Property Trust" means an Australian unit trust registered as a Management 328 329 Investment Scheme, pursuant to the Australian Corporations Act, in which the principal class of units is 330 listed on a recognized stock exchange in Australia and is regularly traded on an established securities 331 market.

332 'Qualified Foreign Entity" means a corporation, trust, association or partnership organized outside the 333 laws of the United States and that satisfies all of the following criteria:

(1) At least 75 percent of the entity's total asset value at the close of its taxable year is represented 334 335 by real estate assets, as defined in § 856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, thereby including shares 336 or certificates of beneficial interest in any REIT, cash and cash equivalents, and U.S. Government 337 securities:

338 (2) The entity is not subject to a tax on amounts distributed to its beneficial owners, or is exempt 339 from entity level tax:

340 (3) The entity distributes, on an annual basis, at least 85 percent of its taxable income, as computed 341 in the jurisdiction in which it is organized, to the holders of its shares or certificates of beneficial 342 interest:

343 (4) The shares or certificates of beneficial interest of such entity are regularly traded on an 344 established securities market or, if not so traded, not more than 10 percent of the voting power or value 345 in such entity is held directly, indirectly, or constructively by a single entity or individual; and 346

(5) The entity is organized in a country that has a tax treaty with the United States.

347 e. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, for purposes of subdivision B 10, any voting power or value of the beneficial interests or shares in a REIT that is held in a segregated asset 348 349 account of a life insurance corporation as described in § 817 of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be taken into consideration when determining if such REIT is a Captive REIT. 350

11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, to the extent that tax credit is allowed for the same donation pursuant to § 58.1-439.12:12, any amount claimed as a federal income tax 351 352 353 deduction for such donation under § 170 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended or renumbered.

354 C. There shall be subtracted to the extent included in and not otherwise subtracted from federal 355 taxable income:

356 1. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the United States 357 and on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to 358 the extent exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States including, but not limited 359 to, stocks, bonds, treasury bills, and treasury notes, but not including interest on refunds of federal taxes, 360 interest on equipment purchase contracts, or interest on other normal business transactions.

2. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations of this Commonwealth 361 362 or of any political subdivision or instrumentality of this Commonwealth.

3. Dividends upon stock in any domestic international sales corporation, as defined by § 992 of the 363 364 Internal Revenue Code, 50 percent or more of the income of which was assessable for the preceding year, or the last year in which such corporation has income, under the provisions of the income tax laws 365 366 of the Commonwealth.

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- 367 4. The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by this368 Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction.
- 369 5. Any amount included therein by the operation of the provisions of § 78 of the Internal Revenue370 Code (foreign dividend gross-up).
- 6. The amount of wages or salaries eligible for the federal Targeted Jobs Credit which was notdeducted for federal purposes on account of the provisions of § 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 373 7. Any amount included therein by the operation of § 951 of the Internal Revenue Code (subpart F
  374 income) or, for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2018, § 951A of the Internal Revenue
  375 Code (Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income).
- 8. Any amount included therein which is foreign source income as defined in § 58.1-302.
  - 9. [Repealed.]

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- 378 10. The amount of any dividends received from corporations in which the taxpaying corporation379 owns 50 percent or more of the voting stock.
  - 11. [Repealed.]
    - 12, 13. [Expired.]
- 382 14. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, the amount for "qualified research expenses" or "basic research expenses" eligible for deduction for federal purposes, but which were not deducted, on account of the provisions of § 280C(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 385 15. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, the total amount actually contributed in
  386 funds to the Virginia Public School Construction Grants Program and Fund established in Chapter 11.1
  387 (§ 22.1-175.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1.
- 16. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, but before January 1, 2015, the gain derived from the sale or exchange of real property or the sale or exchange of an easement to real property which results in the real property or the easement thereto being devoted to open-space use, as that term is defined in § 58.1-3230, for a period of time not less than 30 years. To the extent a subtraction is taken in accordance with this subdivision, no tax credit under this chapter for donating land for its preservation shall be allowed for three years following the year in which the subtraction is taken.
- 395 17. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2001, any amount included therein with396 respect to § 58.1-440.1.
- 397 18. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1999, income received as a result of (i) the
  398 "Master Settlement Agreement," as defined in § 3.2-3100; and (ii) the National Tobacco Grower
  399 Settlement Trust dated July 19, 1999, by (a) tobacco farming businesses; (b) any business holding a
  400 tobacco marketing quota, or tobacco farm acreage allotment, under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of
  401 1938; or (c) any business having the right to grow tobacco pursuant to such a quota allotment.
- **402** 19, 20. [Repealed.]
- 403 21. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, any amount of intangible expenses and costs or interest expenses and costs added to the federal taxable income of a corporation pursuant to subdivision B 8 or B 9 shall be subtracted from the federal taxable income of the related member that received such amount if such related member is subject to Virginia income tax on the same amount.
- 407 22. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized from the sale of
  408 launch services to space flight participants, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, or launch services intended
  409 to provide individuals the training or experience of a launch, without performing an actual launch. To
  410 qualify for a deduction under this subdivision, launch services must be performed in Virginia or
  411 originate from an airport or spaceport in Virginia.
- 412 23. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized as a result of
  413 resupply services contracts for delivering payload, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, entered into with the
  414 Commercial Orbital Transportation Services division of the National Aeronautics and Space
  415 Administration or other space flight entity, as defined in § 8.01-227.8, and launched from an airport or
  416 spaceport in Virginia.
- 417 24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, any income taxed as a long-term capital 418 gain for federal income tax purposes, or any income taxed as investment services partnership interest 419 income (otherwise known as investment partnership carried interest income) for federal income tax 420 purposes. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, such income must be attributable to an investment in a "qualified business," as defined in § 58.1-339.4, or in any other technology business 421 approved by the Secretary of Administration, provided the business has its principal office or facility in 422 423 the Commonwealth and less than \$3 million in annual revenues in the fiscal year prior to the 424 investment. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment must be made between 425 the dates of April 1, 2010, and June 30, 2020. No taxpayer who has claimed a tax credit for an investment in a "qualified business" under § 58.1-339.4 shall be eligible for the subtraction under this 426 427 subdivision for an investment in the same business.

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428 25. a. Income, including investment services partnership interest income (otherwise known as 429 investment partnership carried interest income), attributable to an investment in a Virginia venture 430 capital account. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made on or 431 after January 1, 2018, but before December 31, 2023. No subtraction shall be allowed under this 432 subdivision for an investment in a company that is owned or operated by an affiliate of the taxpayer. No 433 subtraction shall be allowed under this subdivision for a taxpayer who has claimed a subtraction under 434 subdivision C 24 for the same investment.

435 b. As used in this subdivision 25:

"Qualified portfolio company" means a company that (i) has its principal place of business in the
Commonwealth; (ii) has a primary purpose of production, sale, research, or development of a product or
service other than the management or investment of capital; and (iii) provides equity in the company to
the Virginia venture capital account in exchange for a capital investment. "Qualified portfolio company"
does not include a company that is an individual or sole proprietorship.

441 "Virginia venture capital account" means an investment fund that has been certified by the 442 Department as a Virginia venture capital account. In order to be certified as a Virginia venture capital 443 account, the operator of the investment fund shall register the investment fund with the Department prior to December 31, 2023, (i) indicating that it intends to invest at least 50 percent of the capital committed 444 to its fund in qualified portfolio companies and (ii) providing documentation that it employs at least one 445 446 investor who has at least four years of professional experience in venture capital investment or 447 substantially equivalent experience. "Substantially equivalent experience" includes, but is not limited to, 448 an undergraduate degree from an accredited college or university in economics, finance, or a similar 449 field of study. The Department may require an investment fund to provide documentation of the 450 investor's training, education, or experience as deemed necessary by the Department to determine substantial equivalency. If the Department determines that the investment fund employs at least one 451 452 investor with the experience set forth herein, the Department shall certify the investment fund as a 453 Virginia venture capital account at such time as the investment fund actually invests at least 50 percent 454 of the capital committed to its fund in qualified portfolio companies.

455 26. a. Income attributable to an investment in a Virginia real estate investment trust. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made on or after January 1, 2019, but before
457 December 31, 2024. No subtraction shall be allowed for an investment in a trust that is managed by an affiliate of the taxpayer. No subtraction shall be allowed under this subdivision for a taxpayer who has claimed a subtraction under subdivision C 24 or 25 for the same investment.

b. As used in this subdivision 26:

**461** "Distressed" means satisfying the criteria applicable to a locality described in subdivision E 2 of **462** § 2.2-115.

**463** "Double distressed" means satisfying the criteria applicable to a locality described in subdivision E 3 of § 2.2-115.

465 'Virginia real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust, as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 856, that has been certified by the Department as a Virginia real estate investment trust. In order to be 466 certified as a Virginia real estate investment trust, the trustee shall register the trust with the Department 467 468 prior to December 31, 2024, indicating that it intends to invest at least 90 percent of trust funds in 469 Virginia and at least 40 percent of trust funds in real estate in localities that are distressed or double 470 distressed. If the Department determines that the trust satisfies the preceding criteria, the Department 471 shall certify the trust as a Virginia real estate investment trust at such time as the trust actually invests 472 at least 90 percent of trust funds in Virginia and at least 40 percent of trust funds in real estate in 473 localities that are distressed or double distressed.

474 27. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2019, any gain recognized from the taking of475 real property by condemnation proceedings.

476 28. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2020, but before January 1, 2021, up to
477 \$100,000 of all grant funds received by the taxpayer under the Rebuild Virginia program established by
478 the Governor and administered by the Department of Small Business and Supplier Diversity.

479 D. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2006, there shall be subtracted from federal
480 taxable income contract payments to a producer of quota tobacco or a tobacco quota holder as provided
481 under the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (P.L. 108-357) as follows:

482 1. If the payment is received in installment payments, then the recognized gain, including any gain recognized in taxable year 2005, may be subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year 484 in which the installment payment is received.

485 2. If the payment is received in a single payment, then 10 percent of the recognized gain may be
486 subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year in which the single payment is received.
487 The taxpayer may then deduct an equal amount in each of the nine succeeding taxable years.

**488** E. Adjustments to federal taxable income shall be made to reflect the transitional modifications **489** provided in § 58.1-315.

490 F. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the income from any disposition of real property 491 which is held by the taxpayer for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or 492 business, as defined in § 453(1)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, of property made on or after 493 January 1, 2009, may, at the election of the taxpayer, be recognized under the installment method 494 described under § 453 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that (i) the election relating to the dealer 495 disposition of the property has been made on or before the due date prescribed by law (including 496 extensions) for filing the taxpayer's return of the tax imposed under this chapter for the taxable year in 497 which the disposition occurs, and (ii) the dealer disposition is in accordance with restrictions or 498 conditions established by the Department, which shall be set forth in guidelines developed by the 499 Department. Along with such restrictions or conditions, the guidelines shall also address the recapture of 500 such income under certain circumstances. The development of the guidelines shall be exempt from the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). 501

502 G. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2018, but before January 1, 2022, there shall 503 be deducted to the extent included in and not otherwise subtracted from federal taxable income 20 504 percent of business interest disallowed as a deduction pursuant to § 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code. 505 For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2022, there shall be deducted to the extent included in and not otherwise subtracted from federal taxable income 60 percent of business interest 506 507 disallowed as a deduction pursuant to § 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this 508 subsection, "business interest" means the same as that term is defined under § 163(j) of the Internal 509 Revenue Code.

H. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2020, but before January 1, 2021, there shall
be deducted to the extent not otherwise subtracted from federal taxable income up to \$100,000 of the amount that is not deductible when computing federal taxable income solely on account of the portion of subdivision B 10 of § 58.1-301 related to Paycheck Protection Program loans.

514 [2. That the provisions of this act shall not become effective unless the revenue change reasonably

515 anticipated to result from the implementation of this act is affirmatively accounted for in the total 516 projected revenues set forth in § 3 of the first enactment of the general appropriation act passed 517 by the General Assembly in 2022 that becomes law.

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