2022 SESSION

22104647D

SENATE BILL NO. 271

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee on Commerce and Labor

on January 17, 2022

- (Patrons Prior to Substitute—Senators Ebbin and Hashmi [SBs 242 and 244])
- 4 5 6 A BILL to amend and reenact § 38.2-508 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by 7 adding in Chapter 3 of Title 40.1 an article numbered 2.2, consisting of sections numbered 40.1-33.7 8 through 40.1-33.12, relating to living organ donors; insurance discrimination prohibited and unpaid 9 organ donation leave; civil penalty.
- 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 38.2-508 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia 11 is amended by adding in Chapter 3 of Title 40.1 an article numbered 2.2, consisting of sections 12 numbered 40.1-33.7 through 40.1-33.12, as follows: 13 14

§ 38.2-508. Unfair discrimination.

No person shall:

1. Unfairly discriminate or permit any unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class 16 17 and equal expectation of life (i) in the rates charged for any life insurance or annuity contract, Θf (ii) in the dividends or other benefits payable on the contract, or (iii) in any other of the terms and conditions 18 19 of the contract:

20 2. Unfairly discriminate or permit any unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class 21 and of essentially the same hazard (i) in the amount of premium, policy fees, or rates charged for any 22 policy or contract of accident or health insurance, (ii) in the benefits payable under such policy or 23 contract, (iii) in any of the terms or conditions of such policy or contract, or (iv) in any other manner;

24 3. Refuse to insure, refuse to continue to insure, or limit the amount, extent, or kind of insurance 25 coverage available to an individual, or charge an individual a different rate for the same coverage solely because of blindness, or partial blindness, or mental or physical impairments, unless the refusal, 26 limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial principles. This paragraph subdivision shall not 27 28 be interpreted to modify any other provision of law relating to the termination, modification, issuance, or 29 renewal of any insurance policy or contract;

30 4. Unfairly discriminate or permit any unfair discrimination between individuals or risks of the same 31 class and of essentially the same hazards by refusing to issue, refusing to renew, cancelling, or limiting 32 the amount of insurance coverage solely because of the geographic location of the individual or risk, 33 unless: 34

a. The refusal, cancellation, or limitation is for a business purpose that is not a mere pretext for unfair discrimination: or

b. The refusal, cancellation, or limitation is required by law or regulatory mandate;

37 5. Make or permit any unfair discrimination between individuals or risks of the same class and of 38 essentially the same hazards by refusing to issue, refusing to renew, cancelling, or limiting the amount 39 of insurance coverage on a residential property risk, or the personal property contained in a residential 40 property risk, solely because of the age of the residential property, unless:

41 a. The refusal, cancellation, or limitation is for a business purpose that is not a mere pretext for 42 unfair discrimination: or 43

b. The refusal, cancellation, or limitation is required by law or regulatory mandate;

44 6. Refuse to issue or renew any individual accident and sickness insurance policy or contract for coverage over and above any lifetime benefit of a group accident and sickness policy or contract solely 45 because an individual is insured under a group accident and sickness insurance policy or contract, 46 provided that medical expenses covered by both individual and group coverage shall be paid first by the 47 **48** group policy or contract to the extent of the group coverage; or

49 7. Consider the status of a victim of domestic violence as a criterion in any decision with regard to 50 insurance underwriting, pricing, renewal, scope of coverage, or payment of claims on any and all 51 insurance defined in § 38.2-100 and further classified in Article 2 (§ 38.2-101 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of this title, other than (i) legal services plans as provided for in Chapter 44 (§ 38.2-4400 et seq.) of this 52 title and (ii) the insurance classified in §§ 38.2-110 through 38.2-133. The term "domestic violence" 53 54 means the occurrence of one or more of the following acts by a current or former family member, household member as defined in § 16.1-228, person against whom the victim obtained a protective order, 55 56 or caretaker:

a. Attempting to cause or causing or threatening another person physical harm, severe emotional 57 distress, psychological trauma, rape, or sexual assault; 58

59 b. Engaging in a course of conduct or repeatedly committing acts toward another person, including

2

1

3

15

35

36

8/24/22 12:25

60 following the person without proper authority, under circumstances that place the person in reasonable fear of bodily injury or physical harm; 61

62 c. Subjecting another person to false imprisonment; or

63 d. Attempting to cause or causing damage to property so as to intimidate or attempt to control the 64 behavior of another person.

65 Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit an insurer or insurance professional from asking about a 66 medical condition or from using medical information to underwrite or to carry out its duties under an insurance policy even if the medical information is related to a medical condition that the insurer or 67 68 insurance professional knows or has reason to know resulted from domestic violence, to the extent 69 otherwise permitted under this section and other applicable law; or

70 8. Refuse to insure, refuse to continue to insure, or limit the amount or extent of life insurance, 71 disability insurance, or long-term care insurance coverage available to an individual or charge an 72 individual a different rate for the same coverage based solely and without any additional actuarial risks upon the status of such individual as a living organ donor. For the purposes of this subdivision, "living 73 organ donor" means a living individual who donates one or more of such individual's human organs, 74 75 including bone marrow, to be medically transplanted into the body of another individual.

76 77

78

79

Article 2.2.

Organ Donation Leave.

§ 40.1-33.7. Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Eligible employee" means an individual who has requested that an employer provide organ 80 donation leave and who, as of the date that the requested organ donation leave begins, will have been 81 82 employed by that employer for at least (i) a 12-month period and (ii) 1,250 hours during the previous 83 12 months.

"Employer" means any employer as defined § 40.1-2 that employs 15 or more employees. Notwithstanding § 40.1-2.1, "employer" includes the Commonwealth and its agencies, institutions, and 84 85 86 political subdivisions. "Employer" does not include any agency of the federal government.

87 "Organ donation leave" means leave of an eligible employee for the purpose of donating one or 88 more of such employee's human organs, including bone marrow, to be medically transplanted into the 89 body of another individual. 90

§ 40.1-33.8. Organ donation leave.

91 A. An employer shall provide an eligible employee (i) up to 60 business days of unpaid organ 92 donation leave in any 12-month period to serve as an organ donor and (ii) up to 30 business days of 93 unpaid organ donation leave in any 12-month period to serve as a bone marrow donor.

94 B. To receive organ donation leave, the eligible employee shall provide written physician verification 95 to the employer that (i) the eligible employee is an organ donor or a bone marrow donor and (ii) there 96 is a medical necessity for the donation of the organ or bone marrow.

97 C. No employee shall take organ donation leave concurrently with leave taken under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act (29 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq.). 98 99

D. Nothing in this article shall be construed to:

100 1. Discourage an employer from adopting or retaining leave policies more generous than required by 101 this article:

102 2. Except as provided in subsection C, prohibit an employee from taking paid sick leave or other 103 paid time off to which the employee is otherwise entitled in addition to or in lieu of organ donation 104 leave:

105 3. Diminish the obligation of an employer to comply with a collective bargaining agreement or an 106 employment benefit program or plan that provides an amount of organ donation leave sufficient to meet the requirements of this article and that may be used for the same purposes and under the same 107 108 conditions as organ donation leave under this article. 109

§ 40.1-33.9. Employee's right to benefits; restoration of position.

110 A. No employer shall consider any period of time during which an eligible employee takes organ donation leave to be a break in the eligible employee's continuous service for the purpose of the eligible 111 112 employee's right to salary adjustments, sick leave, vacation, paid time off, annual leave, seniority, or other employee benefits. 113

114 B. An eligible employee who returns to work after taking organ donation leave shall be entitled to restoration by the employer of (i) the position of employment held by the eligible employee when the 115 116 organ donation leave began or (ii) an equivalent position with equivalent employment benefits, pay, and other terms and conditions of employment. An employer may deny restoration of the eligible employee's 117 position of employment under this subsection because of conditions unrelated to the exercise of rights 118 119 established under this article.

120 § 40.1-33.10. Health benefit plan; commission.

121 A. During any period that an eligible employee takes organ donation leave, an employer shall B. If an eligible employee works on a commission basis, an employer shall pay to the eligible
employee during any period of organ donation leave any commission that becomes due because of work
the eligible employee performed before taking organ donation leave.

128 § 40.1-33.11. Retaliatory action prohibited.

No employer shall discharge, discipline, threaten, discriminate against, or penalize an employee, or
take other retaliatory action regarding an employee's compensation, terms, conditions, location, or
privileges of employment, because the employee (i) has requested or exercised the benefits provided for
in this article or (ii) has alleged a violation of this article.

133 § 40.1-33.12. Enforcement; civil penalty.

A. The Commissioner shall enforce the provisions of this article and shall adopt appropriate
 regulations for the implementation and enforcement of this article.

B. Any person alleging a violation of this article shall have the right to file a complaint with the
Commissioner within one year of the date the person knew or should have known of the alleged
violation. The Commissioner shall encourage reporting pursuant to this subsection by keeping
confidential, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable laws, the name and other identifying
information of the employee or other person reporting the violation, provided, however, that with the
authorization of such person, the Commissioner may disclose the person's name and identifying
information as necessary to enforce this article or for other appropriate purposes.

143 C. Upon receiving a complaint alleging a violation of this article, the Commissioner shall investigate
144 such complaint and attempt to resolve it through mediation between the complainant and the subject of
145 the complaint, or other means. The Commissioner shall keep complainants notified regarding the status
146 of their complaint and any resultant investigation. If the Commissioner believes that a violation has
147 occurred, he shall issue to the offending person or employer a notice of violation and the relief required
148 of the offending person or entity. The Commissioner shall prescribe the form and wording of such
149 notices of violation, including any method of appealing a decision of the Commissioner.

D. The Commissioner shall notify any employer who he alleges has violated any provision of this article by certified mail. Such notice shall contain a description of the alleged violation. Within 15 days of receipt of notice of the alleged violation, the employer may request an informal conference with the Commissioner regarding such violation.

E. Any such employer who knowingly violates this article shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for the first violation and, for subsequent violations that occur within two years of any previous violation, not to exceed \$2,500 for the second violation and not to exceed \$5,000 for each successive violation. In determining the amount of any civil penalty to be imposed, the Commissioner shall consider the size of the business of the employer charged and the gravity of the violation. The decision of the Commissioner shall be final.

160 F. Civil penalties owed under this article shall be paid to the Commissioner for deposit into the 161 general fund. The Commissioner shall prescribe procedures for the payment of proposed assessments of 162 civil penalties that are not contested by employers.

163 2. That the provisions of subdivision 8 of § 38.2-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this 164 act, shall apply to life insurance, disability insurance, or long-term care insurance plans that are 165 entered into, amended, extended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2023.