# 2022 SESSION

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### **HOUSE BILL NO. 896**

### AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE (Proposed by the House Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions

on February 8, 2022)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Adams, D.M.)

A BILL to amend and reenact § 54.1-2957, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, relating to nurse practitioners; patient care team providers. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

9 1. That § 54.1-2957, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, of the Code of 10 Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

## § 54.1-2957. (Effective until July 1, 2022) Licensure and practice of nurse practitioners.

A. As used in this section, "clinical experience" means the postgraduate delivery of health care 12 13 directly to patients pursuant to a practice agreement with a patient care team physician.

B. The Board of Medicine and the Board of Nursing shall jointly prescribe the regulations governing 14 15 the licensure of nurse practitioners. It is unlawful for a person to practice as a nurse practitioner in the Commonwealth unless he holds such a joint license. 16

17 C. Every nurse practitioner other than a certified nurse midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist, or clinical nurse specialist or a nurse practitioner who meets the requirements of subsection I shall 18 maintain appropriate collaboration and consultation, as evidenced in a written or electronic practice 19 20 agreement, with at least one patient care team physician. A nurse practitioner who meets the 21 requirements of subsection I may practice without a written or electronic practice agreement. A certified nurse midwife shall practice pursuant to subsection H. A nurse practitioner who is licensed by the 22 Boards of Medicine and Nursing as a clinical nurse specialist shall practice pursuant to subsection J. A 23 24 certified registered nurse anesthetist shall practice under the supervision of a licensed doctor of 25 medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, or dentistry. A nurse practitioner who is appointed as a medical examiner pursuant to § 32.1-282 shall practice in collaboration with a licensed doctor of medicine or 26 27 osteopathic medicine who has been appointed to serve as a medical examiner pursuant to § 32.1-282. 28 Collaboration and consultation among nurse practitioners and patient care team physicians may be 29 provided through telemedicine as described in § 38.2-3418.16.

30 Physicians on patient care teams may require that a nurse practitioner be covered by a professional 31 liability insurance policy with limits equal to the current limitation on damages set forth in 32 § 8.01-581.15.

33 Service on a patient care team by a patient care team member shall not, by the existence of such 34 service alone, establish or create liability for the actions or inactions of other team members.

35 D. The Boards of Medicine and Nursing shall jointly promulgate regulations specifying collaboration 36 and consultation among physicians and nurse practitioners working as part of patient care teams that 37 shall include the development of, and periodic review and revision of, a written or electronic practice 38 agreement; guidelines for availability and ongoing communications that define consultation among the 39 collaborating parties and the patient; and periodic joint evaluation of the services delivered. Practice 40 agreements shall include provisions for (i) periodic review of health records, which may include visits to 41 the site where health care is delivered, in the manner and at the frequency determined by the nurse 42 practitioner and the patient care team physician and (ii) input from appropriate health care providers in 43 complex clinical cases and patient emergencies and for referrals. Evidence of a practice agreement shall be maintained by a nurse practitioner and provided to the Boards upon request. For nurse practitioners 44 providing care to patients within a hospital or health care system, the practice agreement may be 45 included as part of documents delineating the nurse practitioner's clinical privileges or the electronic or 46 47 written delineation of duties and responsibilities in collaboration and consultation with a patient care **48** team physician.

49 E. The Boards of Medicine and Nursing may issue a license by endorsement to an applicant to 50 practice as a nurse practitioner if the applicant has been licensed as a nurse practitioner under the laws of another state and, pursuant to regulations of the Boards, the applicant meets the qualifications for 51 licensure required of nurse practitioners in the Commonwealth. A nurse practitioner to whom a license is 52 53 issued by endorsement may practice without a practice agreement with a patient care team physician 54 pursuant to subsection I if such application provides an attestation to the Boards that the applicant has completed the equivalent of at least two years of full-time clinical experience, as determined by the 55 Boards, in accordance with the laws of the state in which the nurse practitioner was licensed. 56

F. Pending the outcome of the next National Specialty Examination, the Boards may jointly grant

58 temporary licensure to nurse practitioners.

59 G. In the event a physician who is serving as a patient care team physician dies, becomes disabled,

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60 retires from active practice, surrenders his license or has it suspended or revoked by the Board, or 61 relocates his practice such that he is no longer able to serve, and a nurse practitioner is unable to enter into a new practice agreement with another patient care team physician, the nurse practitioner may 62 63 continue to practice upon notification to the designee or his alternate of the Boards and receipt of such 64 notification. Such nurse practitioner may continue to treat patients without a patient care team physician 65 for an initial period not to exceed 60 days, provided the nurse practitioner continues to prescribe only 66 those drugs previously authorized by the practice agreement with such physician and to have access to appropriate input from appropriate health care providers in complex clinical cases and patient 67 emergencies and for referrals. The designee or his alternate of the Boards shall grant permission for the 68 69 nurse practitioner to continue practice under this subsection for another 60 days, provided the nurse 70 practitioner provides evidence of efforts made to secure another patient care team physician and of 71 access to physician input.

72 H. Every certified nurse midwife shall practice in accordance with regulations adopted by the Boards 73 and consistent with the Standards for the Practice of Midwifery set by the American College of 74 Nurse-Midwives governing such practice. A certified nurse midwife who has practiced fewer than 1,000 75 hours shall practice in consultation with a certified nurse midwife who has practiced for at least two years prior to entering into the practice agreement or a licensed physician, in accordance with a practice 76 77 agreement. Such practice agreement shall address the availability of the certified nurse midwife who has 78 practiced for at least two years prior to entering into the practice agreement or the licensed physician for 79 routine and urgent consultation on patient care. Evidence of the practice agreement shall be maintained 80 by the certified nurse midwife and provided to the Boards upon request. A certified nurse midwife who 81 has completed 1,000 hours of practice as a certified nurse midwife may practice without a practice 82 agreement upon receipt by the certified nurse midwife of an attestation from the certified nurse midwife who has practiced for at least two years prior to entering into the practice agreement or the licensed 83 84 physician with whom the certified nurse midwife has entered into a practice agreement stating (i) that such certified nurse midwife or licensed physician has provided consultation to the certified nurse 85 86 midwife pursuant to a practice agreement meeting the requirements of this section and (ii) the period of 87 time for which such certified nurse midwife or licensed physician practiced in collaboration and consultation with the certified nurse midwife pursuant to the practice agreement. A certified nurse 88 89 midwife authorized to practice without a practice agreement shall consult and collaborate with and refer 90 patients to such other health care providers as may be appropriate for the care of the patient.

I. A nurse practitioner, other than a nurse practitioner licensed by the Boards of Medicine and 91 92 Nursing in the category of certified nurse midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist, or clinical nurse 93 specialist, who has completed the equivalent of at least two years of full-time clinical experience as a 94 licensed nurse practitioner, as determined by the Boards, may practice in the practice category in which 95 he is certified and licensed without a written or electronic practice agreement upon receipt by the nurse 96 practitioner of an attestation from the patient care team physician stating (i) that the patient care team 97 physician has served as a patient care team physician on a patient care team with the nurse practitioner 98 pursuant to a practice agreement meeting the requirements of this section and § 54.1-2957.01; (ii) that 99 while a party to such practice agreement, the patient care team physician routinely practiced with a 100 patient population and in a practice area included within the category for which the nurse practitioner was certified and licensed; and (iii) the period of time for which the patient care team physician 101 102 practiced with the nurse practitioner under such a practice agreement. A copy of such attestation shall be submitted to the Boards together with a fee established by the Boards. Upon receipt of such attestation 103 104 and verification that a nurse practitioner satisfies the requirements of this subsection, the Boards shall issue to the nurse practitioner a new license that includes a designation indicating that the nurse 105 practitioner is authorized to practice without a practice agreement. In the event that a nurse practitioner 106 is unable to obtain the attestation required by this subsection, the Boards may accept other evidence 107 108 demonstrating that the applicant has met the requirements of this subsection in accordance with 109 regulations adopted by the Boards.

A nurse practitioner authorized to practice without a practice agreement pursuant to this subsection shall (a) only practice within the scope of his clinical and professional training and limits of his knowledge and experience and consistent with the applicable standards of care, (b) consult and collaborate with other health care providers based on the clinical conditions of the patient to whom health care is provided, and (c) establish a plan for referral of complex medical cases and emergencies to physicians or other appropriate health care providers.

116 A nurse practicioner practicing without a practice agreement pursuant to this subsection shall obtain 117 and maintain coverage by or shall be named insured on a professional liability insurance policy with 118 limits equal to the current limitation on damages set forth in § 8.01-581.15.

J. Nurse practitioners licensed by the Boards of Medicine and Nursing in the category of clinical
 nurse specialist shall practice in consultation with a licensed physician in accordance with a practice
 agreement between the nurse practitioner and the licensed physician. Such practice agreement shall

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122 address the availability of the physician for routine and urgent consultation on patient care. Evidence of 123 a practice agreement shall be maintained by a nurse practitioner and provided to the Boards upon 124 request. The practice of clinical nurse specialists shall be consistent with the standards of care for the 125 profession and with applicable laws and regulations.

#### 126 § 54.1-2957. (Effective July 1, 2022) Licensure and practice of nurse practitioners.

A. As used in this section, "clinical experience" means the postgraduate delivery of health care directly to patients pursuant to a practice agreement with a patient care team physician.

B. The Board of Medicine and the Board of Nursing shall jointly prescribe the regulations governing
the licensure of nurse practitioners. It is unlawful for a person to practice as a nurse practitioner in the
Commonwealth unless he holds such a joint license.

132 C. Every nurse practitioner other than a certified nurse midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist, 133 or clinical nurse specialist or a nurse practitioner who meets the requirements of subsection I shall 134 maintain appropriate collaboration and consultation, as evidenced in a written or electronic practice 135 agreement, with at least one patient care team physician. A nurse practitioner who meets the 136 requirements of subsection I may practice without a written or electronic practice agreement. A certified 137 nurse midwife shall practice pursuant to subsection H. A nurse practitioner who is licensed by the 138 Boards of Medicine and Nursing as a clinical nurse specialist shall practice pursuant to subsection J. A 139 certified registered nurse anesthetist shall practice under the supervision of a licensed doctor of 140 medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, or dentistry. A nurse practitioner who is appointed as a medical 141 examiner pursuant to § 32.1-282 shall practice in collaboration with a licensed doctor of medicine or 142 osteopathic medicine who has been appointed to serve as a medical examiner pursuant to § 32.1-282. Collaboration and consultation among nurse practitioners and patient care team physicians may be 143 144 provided through telemedicine as described in § 38.2-3418.16.

145 Physicians on patient care teams may require that a nurse practitioner be covered by a professional146 liability insurance policy with limits equal to the current limitation on damages set forth in147 § 8.01-581.15.

148 Service on a patient care team by a patient care team member shall not, by the existence of such service alone, establish or create liability for the actions or inactions of other team members.

150 D. The Boards of Medicine and Nursing shall jointly promulgate regulations specifying collaboration 151 and consultation among physicians and nurse practitioners working as part of patient care teams that 152 shall include the development of, and periodic review and revision of, a written or electronic practice 153 agreement; guidelines for availability and ongoing communications that define consultation among the 154 collaborating parties and the patient; and periodic joint evaluation of the services delivered. Practice 155 agreements shall include provisions for (i) periodic review of health records, which may include visits to 156 the site where health care is delivered, in the manner and at the frequency determined by the nurse 157 practitioner and the patient care team physician and (ii) input from appropriate health care providers in 158 complex clinical cases and patient emergencies and for referrals. Evidence of a practice agreement shall 159 be maintained by a nurse practitioner and provided to the Boards upon request. For nurse practitioners 160 providing care to patients within a hospital or health care system, the practice agreement may be included as part of documents delineating the nurse practitioner's clinical privileges or the electronic or 161 162 written delineation of duties and responsibilities in collaboration and consultation with a patient care 163 team physician.

164 E. The Boards of Medicine and Nursing may issue a license by endorsement to an applicant to 165 practice as a nurse practitioner if the applicant has been licensed as a nurse practitioner under the laws 166 of another state and, pursuant to regulations of the Boards, the applicant meets the qualifications for licensure required of nurse practitioners in the Commonwealth. A nurse practitioner to whom a license is 167 168 issued by endorsement may practice without a practice agreement with a patient care team physician 169 pursuant to subsection I if such application provides an attestation to the Boards that the applicant has 170 completed the equivalent of at least five years of full-time clinical experience, as determined by the 171 Boards, in accordance with the laws of the state in which the nurse practitioner was licensed.

F. Pending the outcome of the next National Specialty Examination, the Boards may jointly granttemporary licensure to nurse practitioners.

174 G. In the event a physician who is serving as a patient care team physician dies, becomes disabled, 175 retires from active practice, surrenders his license or has it suspended or revoked by the Board, or 176 relocates his practice such that he is no longer able to serve, and a nurse practitioner is unable to enter 177 into a new practice agreement with another patient care team physician, the nurse practitioner may 178 continue to practice upon notification to the designee or his alternate of the Boards and receipt of such 179 notification. Such nurse practitioner may continue to treat patients without a patient care team physician 180 for an initial period not to exceed 60 days, provided the nurse practitioner continues to prescribe only 181 those drugs previously authorized by the practice agreement with such physician and to have access to 182 appropriate input from appropriate health care providers in complex clinical cases and patient 183 emergencies and for referrals. The designee or his alternate of the Boards shall grant permission for the nurse practitioner to continue practice under this subsection for another 60 days, provided the nurse practitioner provides evidence of efforts made to secure another patient care team physician and of access to physician input.

187 H. Every certified nurse midwife shall practice in accordance with regulations adopted by the Boards 188 and consistent with the Standards for the Practice of Midwifery set by the American College of 189 Nurse-Midwives governing such practice. A certified nurse midwife who has practiced fewer than 1,000 190 hours shall practice in consultation with a certified nurse midwife who has practiced for at least two 191 years prior to entering into the practice agreement or a licensed physician, in accordance with a practice 192 agreement. Such practice agreement shall address the availability of the certified nurse midwife who has 193 practiced for at least two years prior to entering into the practice agreement or the licensed physician for routine and urgent consultation on patient care. Evidence of the practice agreement shall be maintained 194 195 by the certified nurse midwife and provided to the Boards upon request. A certified nurse midwife who 196 has completed 1,000 hours of practice as a certified nurse midwife may practice without a practice 197 agreement upon receipt by the certified nurse midwife of an attestation from the certified nurse midwife 198 who has practiced for at least two years prior to entering into the practice agreement or the licensed 199 physician with whom the certified nurse midwife has entered into a practice agreement stating (i) that such certified nurse midwife or licensed physician has provided consultation to the certified nurse 200 201 midwife pursuant to a practice agreement meeting the requirements of this section and (ii) the period of 202 time for which such certified nurse midwife or licensed physician practiced in collaboration and 203 consultation with the certified nurse midwife pursuant to the practice agreement. A certified nurse 204 midwife authorized to practice without a practice agreement shall consult and collaborate with and refer 205 patients to such other health care providers as may be appropriate for the care of the patient.

I. A nurse practitioner, other than a nurse practitioner licensed by the Boards of Medicine and 206 207 Nursing in the category of certified nurse midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist, or clinical nurse 208 specialist, who has completed the equivalent of at least five years of full-time clinical experience as a 209 licensed nurse practitioner, as determined by the Boards, may practice in the practice category in which 210 he is certified and licensed without a written or electronic practice agreement upon receipt by the nurse 211 practitioner of an attestation from the patient care team physician stating (i) that the patient care team 212 physician has served as a patient care team physician on a patient care team with the nurse practitioner 213 pursuant to a practice agreement meeting the requirements of this section and § 54.1-2957.01; (ii) that 214 while a party to such practice agreement, the patient care team physician routinely practiced with a patient population and in a practice area included within the category for which the nurse practitioner 215 216 was certified and licensed; and (iii) the period of time for which the patient care team physician 217 practiced with the nurse practitioner under such a practice agreement. A copy of such attestation shall be 218 submitted to the Boards together with a fee established by the Boards. Upon receipt of such attestation 219 and verification that a nurse practitioner satisfies the requirements of this subsection, the Boards shall 220 issue to the nurse practitioner a new license that includes a designation indicating that the nurse 221 practitioner is authorized to practice without a practice agreement. In the event that a nurse practitioner 222 is unable to obtain the attestation required by this subsection, the Boards may accept other evidence 223 demonstrating that the applicant has met the requirements of this subsection in accordance with 224 regulations adopted by the Boards.

A nurse practitioner authorized to practice without a practice agreement pursuant to this subsection shall (a) only practice within the scope of his clinical and professional training and limits of his knowledge and experience and consistent with the applicable standards of care, (b) consult and collaborate with other health care providers based on the clinical conditions of the patient to whom health care is provided, and (c) establish a plan for referral of complex medical cases and emergencies to physicians or other appropriate health care providers.

A nurse practitioner practicing without a practice agreement pursuant to this subsection shall obtain
 and maintain coverage by or shall be named insured on a professional liability insurance policy with
 limits equal to the current limitation on damages set forth in § 8.01-581.15.

J. Nurse practitioners licensed by the Boards of Medicine and Nursing in the category of clinical nurse specialist shall practice in consultation with a licensed physician in accordance with a practice agreement between the nurse practitioner and the licensed physician. Such practice agreement shall address the availability of the physician for routine and urgent consultation on patient care. Evidence of a practice agreement shall be maintained by a nurse practitioner and provided to the Boards upon request. The practice of clinical nurse specialists shall be consistent with the standards of care for the profession and with applicable laws and regulations.