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HOUSE BILL NO. 813

Offered January 12, 2022

Prefiled January 12, 2022

A *BILL to amend and reenact §§ 9.1-101, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 9.1-102, 15.2-1123.1, and 52-11.3 of the Code of Virginia and to repeal Chapter 55.4 (§ 2.2-5515) of Title 2.2, § 15.2-1721.1, and Chapter 7.1 (§§ 19.2-83.3 through 19.2-83.7) of Title 19.2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to acquisition and use of military property by law-enforcement agencies.*

Patron—Williams

Referred to Committee on Public Safety

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 9.1-101, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 9.1-102, 15.2-1123.1, and 52-11.3 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 9.1-101. (For contingent expiration date, see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, cc. 524 and 542) Definitions.

As used in this chapter or in Chapter 23 (§ 19.2-387 et seq.) of Title 19.2, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Administration of criminal justice" means performance of any activity directly involving the detection, apprehension, detention, pretrial release, post-trial release, prosecution, adjudication, correctional supervision, or rehabilitation of accused persons or criminal offenders or the collection, storage, and dissemination of criminal history record information.

"Board" means the Criminal Justice Services Board.

"Conviction data" means information in the custody of any criminal justice agency relating to a judgment of conviction, and the consequences arising therefrom, in any court.

"Correctional status information" means records and data concerning each condition of a convicted person's custodial status, including probation, confinement, work release, study release, escape, or termination of custody through expiration of sentence, parole, pardon, or court decision.

"Criminal history record information" means records and data collected by criminal justice agencies on adult individuals consisting of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, informations, or other formal charges, and any disposition arising therefrom. The term shall not include juvenile record information which is controlled by Chapter 11 (§ 16.1-226 et seq.) of Title 16.1, criminal justice intelligence information, criminal justice investigative information, or correctional status information.

"Criminal justice agency" means (i) a court or any other governmental agency or subunit thereof which as its principal function performs the administration of criminal justice and any other agency or subunit thereof which performs criminal justice activities, but only to the extent that it does so; (ii) for the purposes of Chapter 23 (§ 19.2-387 et seq.) of Title 19.2, any private corporation or agency which, within the context of its criminal justice activities, employs special conservators of the peace appointed under Chapter 2 (§ 19.2-12 et seq.) of Title 19.2, provided that (a) such private corporation or agency requires its officers or special conservators to meet compulsory training standards established by the Criminal Justice Services Board and submits reports of compliance with the training standards and (b) the private corporation or agency complies with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 9.1-126 et seq.), but only to the extent that the private corporation or agency so designated as a criminal justice agency performs criminal justice activities; and (iii) the Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under clause (i) and for the purpose of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.).

"Criminal justice agency" includes any program certified by the Commission on VASAP pursuant to § 18.2-271.2.

"Criminal justice agency" includes the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

"Criminal justice agency" includes the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission.

"Criminal justice agency" includes the Virginia State Crime Commission.

"Criminal justice information system" means a system including the equipment, facilities, procedures, agreements, and organizations thereof, for the collection, processing, preservation, or dissemination of criminal history record information. The operations of the system may be performed manually or by using electronic computers or other automated data processing equipment.

"Department" means the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

"Dissemination" means any transfer of information, whether orally, in writing, or by electronic

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59 means. The term shall not include access to the information by officers or employees of a criminal
60 justice agency maintaining the information who have both a need and right to know the information.

61 "Law-enforcement officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or
62 sheriff's office which is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision
63 thereof, or any full-time or part-time employee of a private police department, and who is responsible
64 for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of
65 the Commonwealth, and shall include any (i) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control
66 Authority; (ii) police agent appointed under the provisions of § 56-353; (iii) officer of the Virginia
67 Marine Police; (iv) conservation police officer who is a full-time sworn member of the enforcement
68 division of the Department of Wildlife Resources; (v) investigator who is a sworn member of the
69 security division of the Virginia Lottery; (vi) conservation officer of the Department of Conservation and
70 Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115; (vii) full-time sworn member of the enforcement
71 division of the Department of Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to § 46.2-217; (viii) animal protection
72 police officer employed under § 15.2-632 or 15.2-836.1; (ix) campus police officer appointed under
73 Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1; (x) member of the investigations unit
74 designated by the State Inspector General pursuant to § 2.2-311 to investigate allegations of criminal
75 behavior affecting the operations of a state or nonstate agency; (xi) employee with internal investigations
76 authority designated by the Department of Corrections pursuant to subdivision 11 of § 53.1-10 or by the
77 Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to subdivision A 7 of § 66-3; or (xii) private police officer
78 employed by a private police department. Part-time employees are those compensated officers who are
79 not full-time employees as defined by the employing police department, sheriff's office, or private police
80 department.

81 "Private police department" means any police department, other than a department that employs
82 police agents under the provisions of § 56-353, that employs private police officers operated by an entity
83 authorized by statute or an act of assembly to establish a private police department or such entity's
84 successor in interest, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein. No entity is authorized
85 to operate a private police department or represent that it is a private police department unless such
86 entity has been authorized by statute or an act of assembly or such entity is the successor in interest of
87 an entity that has been authorized pursuant to this section, provided it complies with the requirements
88 set forth herein. The authority of a private police department shall be limited to real property owned,
89 leased, or controlled by the entity and, if approved by the local chief of police or sheriff, any contiguous
90 property; such authority shall not supersede the authority, duties, or jurisdiction vested by law with the
91 local police department or sheriff's office including as provided in §§ 15.2-1609 and 15.2-1704. The
92 chief of police or sheriff who is the chief local law-enforcement officer shall enter into a memorandum
93 of understanding with the private police department that addresses the duties and responsibilities of the
94 private police department and the chief law-enforcement officer in the conduct of criminal investigations.
95 Private police departments and private police officers shall be subject to and comply with the
96 Constitution of the United States; the Constitution of Virginia; the laws governing municipal police
97 departments, including the provisions of §§ 9.1-600, 15.2-1705 through 15.2-1708, 15.2-1719, 15.2-1721,
98 15.2-1721.1, and 15.2-1722; and any regulations adopted by the Board that the Department designates as
99 applicable to private police departments. Any person employed as a private police officer pursuant to
100 this section shall meet all requirements, including the minimum compulsory training requirements, for
101 law-enforcement officers pursuant to this chapter. A private police officer is not entitled to benefits
102 under the Line of Duty Act (§ 9.1-400 et seq.) or under the Virginia Retirement System, is not a
103 "qualified law enforcement officer" or "qualified retired law enforcement officer" within the meaning of
104 the federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B et seq., and shall not be deemed an
105 employee of the Commonwealth or any locality. An authorized private police department may use the
106 word "police" to describe its sworn officers and may join a regional criminal justice academy created
107 pursuant to Article 5 (§ 15.2-1747 et seq.) of Chapter 17 of Title 15.2. Any private police department in
108 existence on January 1, 2013, that was not otherwise established by statute or an act of assembly and
109 whose status as a private police department was recognized by the Department at that time is hereby
110 validated and may continue to operate as a private police department as may such entity's successor in
111 interest, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein.

112 "School resource officer" means a certified law-enforcement officer hired by the local
113 law-enforcement agency to provide law-enforcement and security services to Virginia public elementary
114 and secondary schools.

115 "School security officer" means an individual who is employed by the local school board or a private
116 or religious school for the singular purpose of maintaining order and discipline, preventing crime,
117 investigating violations of the policies of the school board or the private or religious school, and
118 detaining students violating the law or the policies of the school board or the private or religious school
119 on school property, school buses, or at school-sponsored events and who is responsible solely for
120 ensuring the safety, security, and welfare of all students, faculty, staff, and visitors in the assigned

school.

"Unapplied criminal history record information" means information pertaining to criminal offenses submitted to the Central Criminal Records Exchange that cannot be applied to the criminal history record of an arrested or convicted person (i) because such information is not supported by fingerprints or other accepted means of positive identification or (ii) due to an inconsistency, error, or omission within the content of the submitted information.

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"Department" means the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

"Dissemination" means any transfer of information, whether orally, in writing, or by electronic means. The term shall not include access to the information by officers or employees of a criminal justice agency maintaining the information who have both a need and right to know the information.

"Law-enforcement officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or sheriff's office which is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, or any full-time or part-time employee of a private police department, and who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the Commonwealth, and shall include any (i) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority; (ii) police agent appointed under the provisions of § 56-353; (iii) officer of the Virginia Marine Police; (iv) conservation police officer who is a full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Wildlife Resources; (v) investigator who is a sworn member of the security division of the Virginia Lottery; (vi) conservation officer of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115; (vii) full-time sworn member of the enforcement

182 division of the Department of Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to § 46.2-217; (viii) animal protection
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188 Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to subdivision A 7 of § 66-3; or (xii) private police officer
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190 not full-time employees as defined by the employing police department, sheriff's office, or private police
191 department.

192 "Private police department" means any police department, other than a department that employs
193 police agents under the provisions of § 56-353, that employs private police officers operated by an entity
194 authorized by statute or an act of assembly to establish a private police department or such entity's
195 successor in interest, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein. No entity is authorized
196 to operate a private police department or represent that it is a private police department unless such
197 entity has been authorized by statute or an act of assembly or such entity is the successor in interest of
198 an entity that has been authorized pursuant to this section, provided it complies with the requirements
199 set forth herein. The authority of a private police department shall be limited to real property owned,
200 leased, or controlled by the entity and, if approved by the local chief of police or sheriff, any contiguous
201 property; such authority shall not supersede the authority, duties, or jurisdiction vested by law with the
202 local police department or sheriff's office including as provided in §§ 15.2-1609 and 15.2-1704. The
203 chief of police or sheriff who is the chief local law-enforcement officer shall enter into a memorandum
204 of understanding with the private police department that addresses the duties and responsibilities of the
205 private police department and the chief law-enforcement officer in the conduct of criminal investigations.
206 Private police departments and private police officers shall be subject to and comply with the
207 Constitution of the United States; the Constitution of Virginia; the laws governing municipal police
208 departments, including the provisions of §§ 9.1-600, 15.2-1705 through 15.2-1708, 15.2-1719, 15.2-1721,
209 15.2-1721.1, and 15.2-1722; and any regulations adopted by the Board that the Department designates as
210 applicable to private police departments. Any person employed as a private police officer pursuant to
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212 law-enforcement officers pursuant to this chapter. A private police officer is not entitled to benefits
213 under the Line of Duty Act (§ 9.1-400 et seq.) or under the Virginia Retirement System, is not a
214 "qualified law enforcement officer" or "qualified retired law enforcement officer" within the meaning of
215 the federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B et seq., and shall not be deemed an
216 employee of the Commonwealth or any locality. An authorized private police department may use the
217 word "police" to describe its sworn officers and may join a regional criminal justice academy created
218 pursuant to Article 5 (§ 15.2-1747 et seq.) of Chapter 17 of Title 15.2. Any private police department in
219 existence on January 1, 2013, that was not otherwise established by statute or an act of assembly and
220 whose status as a private police department was recognized by the Department at that time is hereby
221 validated and may continue to operate as a private police department as may such entity's successor in
222 interest, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein.

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224 law-enforcement agency to provide law-enforcement and security services to Virginia public elementary
225 and secondary schools.

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227 or religious school for the singular purpose of maintaining order and discipline, preventing crime,
228 investigating violations of the policies of the school board or the private or religious school, and
229 detaining students violating the law or the policies of the school board or the private or religious school
230 on school property, school buses, or at school-sponsored events and who is responsible solely for
231 ensuring the safety, security, and welfare of all students, faculty, staff, and visitors in the assigned
232 school.

233 "Sealing" means (i) restricting dissemination of criminal history record information contained in the
234 Central Criminal Records Exchange, including any records relating to an arrest, charge, or conviction, in
235 accordance with the purposes set forth in § 19.2-392.13 and pursuant to the rules and regulations
236 adopted pursuant to § 9.1-128 and the procedures adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134 and (ii) prohibiting
237 dissemination of court records related to an arrest, charge, or conviction, unless such dissemination is
238 authorized by a court order for one or more of the purposes set forth in § 19.2-392.13.

239 "Unapplied criminal history record information" means information pertaining to criminal offenses
240 submitted to the Central Criminal Records Exchange that cannot be applied to the criminal history
241 record of an arrested or convicted person (i) because such information is not supported by fingerprints
242 or other accepted means of positive identification or (ii) due to an inconsistency, error, or omission
243 within the content of the submitted information.

§ 9.1-102. Powers and duties of the Board and the Department.

The Department, under the direction of the Board, which shall be the policy-making body for carrying out the duties and powers hereunder, shall have the power and duty to:

1. Adopt regulations, pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), for the administration of this chapter including the authority to require the submission of reports and information by law-enforcement officers within the Commonwealth. Any proposed regulations concerning the privacy, confidentiality, and security of criminal justice information shall be submitted for review and comment to any board, commission, or committee or other body which may be established by the General Assembly to regulate the privacy, confidentiality, and security of information collected and maintained by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof;

2. Establish compulsory minimum training standards subsequent to employment as a law-enforcement officer in (i) permanent positions and (ii) temporary or probationary status and establish the time required for completion of such training. Such compulsory minimum training standards shall include crisis intervention training in accordance with clause (i) of § 9.1-188;

3. Establish minimum training standards and qualifications for certification and recertification for law-enforcement officers serving as field training officers;

4. Establish compulsory minimum curriculum requirements for in-service and advanced courses and programs for schools, whether located in or outside the Commonwealth, which are operated for the specific purpose of training law-enforcement officers;

5. Establish (i) compulsory minimum training standards for law-enforcement officers who utilize radar or an electrical or microcomputer device to measure the speed of motor vehicles as provided in § 46.2-882 and establish the time required for completion of the training and (ii) compulsory minimum qualifications for certification and recertification of instructors who provide such training;

6. [Repealed];

7. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service and advanced training standards for those persons designated to provide courthouse and courtroom security pursuant to the provisions of § 53.1-120, and to establish the time required for completion of such training;

8. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service and advanced training standards for deputy sheriffs designated to serve process pursuant to the provisions of § 8.01-293, and establish the time required for the completion of such training;

9. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service, and advanced training standards, as well as the time required for completion of such training, for persons employed as deputy sheriffs and jail officers by local criminal justice agencies and correctional officers employed by the Department of Corrections under the provisions of Title 53.1. For correctional officers employed by the Department of Corrections, such standards shall include training on the general care of pregnant women, the impact of restraints on pregnant inmates and fetuses, the impact of being placed in restrictive housing or solitary confinement on pregnant inmates, and the impact of body cavity searches on pregnant inmates;

10. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for all dispatchers employed by or in any local or state government agency, whose duties include the dispatching of law-enforcement personnel. Such training standards shall apply only to dispatchers hired on or after July 1, 1988;

11. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for all auxiliary police officers employed by or in any local or state government agency. Such training shall be graduated and based on the type of duties to be performed by the auxiliary police officers. Such training standards shall not apply to auxiliary police officers exempt pursuant to § 15.2-1731;

12. Consult and cooperate with counties, municipalities, agencies of the Commonwealth, other state and federal governmental agencies, and institutions of higher education within or outside the Commonwealth, concerning the development of police training schools and programs or courses of instruction;

13. Approve institutions, curricula and facilities, whether located in or outside the Commonwealth, for school operation for the specific purpose of training law-enforcement officers; but this shall not prevent the holding of any such school whether approved or not;

14. Establish and maintain police training programs through such agencies and institutions as the Board deems appropriate;

15. Establish compulsory minimum qualifications of certification and recertification for instructors in criminal justice training academies approved by the Department;

16. Conduct and stimulate research by public and private agencies which shall be designed to improve police administration and law enforcement;

17. Make recommendations concerning any matter within its purview pursuant to this chapter;

18. Coordinate its activities with those of any interstate system for the exchange of criminal history record information, nominate one or more of its members to serve upon the council or committee of any such system, and participate when and as deemed appropriate in any such system's activities and

305 programs;

306 19. Conduct inquiries and investigations it deems appropriate to carry out its functions under this
307 chapter and, in conducting such inquiries and investigations, may require any criminal justice agency to
308 submit information, reports, and statistical data with respect to its policy and operation of information
309 systems or with respect to its collection, storage, dissemination, and usage of criminal history record
310 information and correctional status information, and such criminal justice agencies shall submit such
311 information, reports, and data as are reasonably required;

312 20. Conduct audits as required by § 9.1-131;

313 21. Conduct a continuing study and review of questions of individual privacy and confidentiality of
314 criminal history record information and correctional status information;

315 22. Advise criminal justice agencies and initiate educational programs for such agencies with respect
316 to matters of privacy, confidentiality, and security as they pertain to criminal history record information
317 and correctional status information;

318 23. Maintain a liaison with any board, commission, committee, or other body which may be
319 established by law, executive order, or resolution to regulate the privacy and security of information
320 collected by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof;

321 24. Adopt regulations establishing guidelines and standards for the collection, storage, and
322 dissemination of criminal history record information and correctional status information, and the privacy,
323 confidentiality, and security thereof necessary to implement state and federal statutes, regulations, and
324 court orders;

325 25. Operate a statewide criminal justice research center, which shall maintain an integrated criminal
326 justice information system, produce reports, provide technical assistance to state and local criminal
327 justice data system users, and provide analysis and interpretation of criminal justice statistical
328 information;

329 26. Develop a comprehensive, statewide, long-range plan for strengthening and improving law
330 enforcement and the administration of criminal justice throughout the Commonwealth, and periodically
331 update that plan;

332 27. Cooperate with, and advise and assist, all agencies, departments, boards and institutions of the
333 Commonwealth, and units of general local government, or combinations thereof, including planning
334 district commissions, in planning, developing, and administering programs, projects, comprehensive
335 plans, and other activities for improving law enforcement and the administration of criminal justice
336 throughout the Commonwealth, including allocating and subgranting funds for these purposes;

337 28. Define, develop, organize, encourage, conduct, coordinate, and administer programs, projects and
338 activities for the Commonwealth and units of general local government, or combinations thereof, in the
339 Commonwealth, designed to strengthen and improve law enforcement and the administration of criminal
340 justice at every level throughout the Commonwealth;

341 29. Review and evaluate programs, projects, and activities, and recommend, where necessary,
342 revisions or alterations to such programs, projects, and activities for the purpose of improving law
343 enforcement and the administration of criminal justice;

344 30. Coordinate the activities and projects of the state departments, agencies, and boards of the
345 Commonwealth and of the units of general local government, or combination thereof, including planning
346 district commissions, relating to the preparation, adoption, administration, and implementation of
347 comprehensive plans to strengthen and improve law enforcement and the administration of criminal
348 justice;

349 31. Do all things necessary on behalf of the Commonwealth and its units of general local
350 government, to determine and secure benefits available under the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
351 Streets Act of 1968 (P.L. 90-351, 82 Stat. 197), as amended, and under any other federal acts and
352 programs for strengthening and improving law enforcement, the administration of criminal justice, and
353 delinquency prevention and control;

354 32. Receive, administer, and expend all funds and other assistance available to the Board and the
355 Department for carrying out the purposes of this chapter and the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
356 Streets Act of 1968, as amended;

357 33. Apply for and accept grants from the United States government or any other source in carrying
358 out the purposes of this chapter and accept any and all donations both real and personal, and grants of
359 money from any governmental unit or public agency, or from any institution, person, firm or
360 corporation, and may receive, utilize and dispose of the same. Any arrangements pursuant to this section
361 shall be detailed in the annual report of the Board. Such report shall include the identity of the donor,
362 the nature of the transaction, and the conditions, if any. Any moneys received pursuant to this section
363 shall be deposited in the state treasury to the account of the Department. To these ends, the Board shall
364 have the power to comply with conditions and execute such agreements as may be necessary;

365 34. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of
366 its duties and execution of its powers under this chapter, including but not limited to, contracts with the

United States, units of general local government or combinations thereof, in Virginia or other states, and with agencies and departments of the Commonwealth;

35. Adopt and administer reasonable regulations for the planning and implementation of programs and activities and for the allocation, expenditure and subgranting of funds available to the Commonwealth and to units of general local government, and for carrying out the purposes of this chapter and the powers and duties set forth herein;

36. Certify and decertify law-enforcement officers in accordance with §§ 15.2-1706 and 15.2-1707;

37. Establish training standards and publish and periodically update model policies for law-enforcement personnel in the following subjects:

a. The handling of family abuse, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking cases, including standards for determining the predominant physical aggressor in accordance with § 19.2-81.3. The Department shall provide technical support and assistance to law-enforcement agencies in carrying out the requirements set forth in subsection A of § 9.1-1301;

b. Communication with and facilitation of the safe return of individuals diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease;

c. Sensitivity to and awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural diversity, and the potential for racially biased policing and bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1, which shall include recognizing implicit biases in interacting with persons who have a mental illness, substance use disorder, or developmental or cognitive disability;

d. Protocols for local and regional sexual assault response teams;

e. Communication of death notifications;

f. The questioning of individuals suspected of driving while intoxicated concerning the physical location of such individual's last consumption of an alcoholic beverage and the communication of such information to the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority;

g. Vehicle patrol duties that embody current best practices for pursuits and for responding to emergency calls;

h. Criminal investigations that embody current best practices for conducting photographic and live lineups;

i. Sensitivity to and awareness of human trafficking offenses and the identification of victims of human trafficking offenses for personnel involved in criminal investigations or assigned to vehicle or street patrol duties; *and*

j. Missing children, missing adults, and search and rescue protocol; *and*

~~k. The handling and use of tear gas or other gases and kinetic impact munitions, as defined in § 19.2-83.3, that embody current best practices for using such items as a crowd control measure or during an arrest or detention of another person;~~

38. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training and the recertification of law-enforcement officers to ensure (i) sensitivity to and awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural diversity, and the potential for racially biased policing and bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1, which shall include recognizing implicit biases in interacting with persons who have a mental illness, substance use disorder, or developmental or cognitive disability; (ii) training in de-escalation techniques; and (iii) training in the lawful use of force, including the use of deadly force, as defined in § 19.2-83.3, only when necessary to protect the law-enforcement officer or another person;

39. Review and evaluate community-policing programs in the Commonwealth, and recommend where necessary statewide operating procedures, guidelines, and standards that strengthen and improve such programs, including sensitivity to and awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural diversity, and the potential for racially biased policing and bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1, which shall include recognizing implicit biases in interacting with persons who have a mental illness, substance use disorder, or developmental or cognitive disability;

40. Establish a Virginia Law-Enforcement Accreditation Center. The Center may, in cooperation with Virginia law-enforcement agencies, provide technical assistance and administrative support, including staffing, for the establishment of voluntary state law-enforcement accreditation standards. The Center may provide accreditation assistance and training, resource material, and research into methods and procedures that will assist the Virginia law-enforcement community efforts to obtain Virginia accreditation status;

41. Promote community policing philosophy and practice throughout the Commonwealth by providing community policing training and technical assistance statewide to all law-enforcement agencies, community groups, public and private organizations and citizens; developing and distributing innovative policing curricula and training tools on general community policing philosophy and practice and contemporary critical issues facing Virginia communities; serving as a consultant to Virginia organizations with specific community policing needs; facilitating continued development and implementation of community policing programs statewide through discussion forums for community

428 policing leaders, development of law-enforcement instructors; promoting a statewide community policing
429 initiative; and serving as a statewide information source on the subject of community policing including,
430 but not limited to periodic newsletters, a website and an accessible lending library;

431 42. Establish, in consultation with the Department of Education and the Virginia State Crime
432 Commission, compulsory minimum standards for employment and job-entry and in-service training
433 curricula and certification requirements for school security officers, including school security officers
434 described in clause (b) of § 22.1-280.2:1, which training and certification shall be administered by the
435 Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety (VCSCS) pursuant to § 9.1-184. Such training standards
436 shall be specific to the role and responsibility of school security officers and shall include (i) relevant
437 state and federal laws; (ii) school and personal liability issues; (iii) security awareness in the school
438 environment; (iv) mediation and conflict resolution, including de-escalation techniques such as a physical
439 alternative to restraint; (v) disaster and emergency response; (vi) awareness of systemic and individual
440 racism, cultural diversity, and implicit bias; (vii) working with students with disabilities, mental health
441 needs, substance use disorders, and past traumatic experiences; and (viii) student behavioral dynamics,
442 including child and adolescent development and brain research. The Department shall establish an
443 advisory committee consisting of local school board representatives, principals, superintendents, and
444 school security personnel to assist in the development of the standards and certification requirements in
445 this subdivision. The Department shall require any school security officer who carries a firearm in the
446 performance of his duties to provide proof that he has completed a training course provided by a
447 federal, state, or local law-enforcement agency that includes training in active shooter emergency
448 response, emergency evacuation procedure, and threat assessment;

449 43. License and regulate property bail bondsmen and surety bail bondsmen in accordance with
450 Article 11 (§ 9.1-185 et seq.);

451 44. License and regulate bail enforcement agents in accordance with Article 12 (§ 9.1-186 et seq.);

452 45. In conjunction with the Virginia State Police and the State Compensation Board, advise criminal
453 justice agencies regarding the investigation, registration, and dissemination of information requirements
454 as they pertain to the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry Act (§ 9.1-900 et seq.);

455 46. Establish minimum standards for (i) employment, (ii) job-entry and in-service training curricula,
456 and (iii) certification requirements for campus security officers. Such training standards shall include, but
457 not be limited to, the role and responsibility of campus security officers, relevant state and federal laws,
458 school and personal liability issues, security awareness in the campus environment, and disaster and
459 emergency response. The Department shall provide technical support and assistance to campus police
460 departments and campus security departments on the establishment and implementation of policies and
461 procedures, including but not limited to: the management of such departments, investigatory procedures,
462 judicial referrals, the establishment and management of databases for campus safety and security
463 information sharing, and development of uniform record keeping for disciplinary records and statistics,
464 such as campus crime logs, judicial referrals and Clery Act statistics. The Department shall establish an
465 advisory committee consisting of college administrators, college police chiefs, college security
466 department chiefs, and local law-enforcement officials to assist in the development of the standards and
467 certification requirements and training pursuant to this subdivision;

468 47. Assess and report, in accordance with § 9.1-190, the crisis intervention team programs established
469 pursuant to § 9.1-187;

470 48. In conjunction with the Office of the Attorney General, advise law-enforcement agencies and
471 attorneys for the Commonwealth regarding the identification, investigation, and prosecution of human
472 trafficking offenses using the common law and existing criminal statutes in the Code of Virginia;

473 49. Register tow truck drivers in accordance with § 46.2-116 and carry out the provisions of
474 § 46.2-117;

475 50. Administer the activities of the Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Program Professional
476 Standards Committee by providing technical assistance and administrative support, including staffing, for
477 the Committee;

478 51. In accordance with § 9.1-102.1, design and approve the issuance of photo-identification cards to
479 private security services registrants registered pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.);

480 52. In consultation with the State Council of Higher Education for Virginia and the Virginia
481 Association of Campus Law Enforcement Administrators, develop multidisciplinary curricula on
482 trauma-informed sexual assault investigation;

483 53. In consultation with the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, develop a
484 model addiction recovery program that may be administered by sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, jail officers,
485 administrators, or superintendents in any local or regional jail. Such program shall be based on any
486 existing addiction recovery programs that are being administered by any local or regional jails in the
487 Commonwealth. Participation in the model addiction recovery program shall be voluntary, and such
488 program may address aspects of the recovery process, including medical and clinical recovery,
489 peer-to-peer support, availability of mental health resources, family dynamics, and aftercare aspects of

the recovery process;

54. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for certification and recertification of law-enforcement officers serving as school resource officers. Such training shall be specific to the role and responsibility of a law-enforcement officer working with students in a school environment and shall include (i) relevant state and federal laws; (ii) school and personal liability issues; (iii) security awareness in the school environment; (iv) mediation and conflict resolution, including de-escalation techniques; (v) disaster and emergency response; (vi) awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural diversity, and implicit bias; (vii) working with students with disabilities, mental health needs, substance use disorders, or past traumatic experiences; and (viii) student behavioral dynamics, including current child and adolescent development and brain research;

55. Establish a model policy for the operation of body-worn camera systems as defined in § 15.2-1723.1 that also addresses the storage and maintenance of body-worn camera system records;

56. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for detector canine handlers employed by the Department of Corrections, standards for the training and retention of detector canines used by the Department of Corrections, and a central database on the performance and effectiveness of such detector canines that requires the Department of Corrections to submit comprehensive information on each canine handler and detector canine, including the number and types of calls and searches, substances searched for and whether or not detected, and the number of false positives, false negatives, true positives, and true negatives;

57. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training of law-enforcement officers for recognizing and managing stress, self-care techniques, and resiliency;

58. Establish guidelines and standards for psychological examinations conducted pursuant to subsection C of § 15.2-1705;

59. Establish compulsory in-service training standards, to include frequency of retraining, for law-enforcement officers in the following subjects: (i) relevant state and federal laws; (ii) awareness of cultural diversity and the potential for bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1; (iii) de-escalation techniques; (iv) working with individuals with disabilities, mental health needs, or substance use disorders; and (v) the lawful use of force, including the use of deadly force, as defined in § 19.2-83.3, only when necessary to protect the law-enforcement officer or another person;

60. Develop a uniform curriculum and lesson plans for the compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service, and advanced training standards to be employed by criminal justice training academies approved by the Department when conducting training;

61. Adopt statewide professional standards of conduct applicable to all certified law-enforcement officers and certified jail officers and appropriate due process procedures for decertification based on serious misconduct in violation of those standards;

~~62. Establish and administer a waiver process, in accordance with §§ 2.2-5515 and 15.2-1721.1, for law-enforcement agencies to use certain military property. Any waivers granted by the Criminal Justice Services Board shall be published by the Department on the Department's website;~~

63. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training and the recertification of law-enforcement officers to include crisis intervention training in accordance with clause (ii) of § 9.1-188;

~~64.~~ 63. Advise and assist the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and support local law-enforcement cooperation, with the development and implementation of the Marcus alert system, as defined in § 37.2-311.1, including the establishment of local protocols for law-enforcement participation in the Marcus alert system pursuant to § 9.1-193 and for reporting requirements pursuant to §§ 9.1-193 and 37.2-311.1; and

~~65.~~ 64. Perform such other acts as may be necessary or convenient for the effective performance of its duties.

§ 15.2-1123.1. Lynchburg Regional Airport police department.

The City of Lynchburg may by ordinance establish an airport police department at the Lynchburg Regional Airport. The authority of the airport police department shall be limited to real property owned, leased, or controlled by the Airport. Such authority shall not supersede the authority, duties, or jurisdiction vested by law with the local police department or sheriff's office, including as provided in §§ 15.2-1609 and 15.2-1704. The airport police department and airport police officers shall be subject to and comply with the Constitution of the United States; the Constitution of Virginia; the laws governing municipal police departments, including the provisions of §§ 9.1-600, 15.2-1705 through 15.2-1708, 15.2-1719, 15.2-1721, ~~45.2-1721.1~~ and 15.2-1722; and any regulations adopted by the Criminal Justice Services Board that the Department of Criminal Justice Services designates as applicable to private police departments. Any person employed as an airport police officer pursuant to this section shall meet all requirements, including the minimum compulsory training requirements, for law-enforcement officers pursuant to Chapter 1 (§ 9.1-100 et seq.) of Title 9.1. An airport police officer is not entitled to benefits

551 under the Line of Duty Act (§ 9.1-400 et seq.) or under the Virginia Retirement System, is not a
552 "qualified law-enforcement officer" or "qualified retired law-enforcement officer" within the meaning of
553 the federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B et seq., and shall not be deemed an
554 employee of the Commonwealth. The airport police department may use the word "police" to describe
555 its sworn officers and may join a regional criminal justice academy created pursuant to Article 5
556 (§ 15.2-1747 et seq.) of Chapter 17 of Title 15.2.

557 **§ 52-11.3. Acquisition of military property.**

558 A. The Superintendent of State Police is authorized to apply for and accept grants or loans of
559 personal property from the U.S. Department of Defense for use in the law-enforcement activities of the
560 Department of State Police or any other law-enforcement agency of the Commonwealth or its political
561 subdivisions. In connection with the receipt of such property, the Department of State Police and any
562 other law-enforcement agency to which the property is transferred may agree to hold the United States
563 government harmless against claims for damages arising out of the use of the property received. Such
564 other law-enforcement agencies may also agree to hold the Commonwealth harmless against such
565 claims.

566 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, the Superintendent shall not acquire or purchase
567 (i) weaponized unmanned aerial vehicles; (ii) aircraft that are configured for combat or are
568 combat-coded and have no established commercial flight application; (iii) grenades or similar explosives
569 or grenade launchers from a surplus program operated by the federal government; (iv) armored
570 multi-wheeled vehicles that are mine-resistant, ambush-protected, and configured for combat, also known
571 as MRAPs, from a surplus program operated by the federal government; (v) bayonets; (vi) firearms of
572 .50 caliber or higher; (vii) ammunition of .50 caliber or higher; or (viii) weaponized tracked armored
573 vehicles.

574 Nothing in this subsection shall restrict the acquisition or purchase of an armored high mobility
575 multi-purpose wheeled vehicle, also known as HMMWVs, or preclude the seizure of any prohibited item
576 in connection with a criminal investigation or proceeding or subject to a civil forfeiture. Any property
577 obtained by seizure shall be disposed of at the conclusion of any investigation or as otherwise provided
578 by law.

579 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the acquisition, purchase, or otherwise
580 acceptance of any personal protective equipment, naloxone or other lifesaving medication, or any
581 personal property that is not specifically prohibited pursuant to subsection B from the federal
582 government.

583 2. That Chapter 55.4 (§ 2.2-5515) of Title 2.2, § 15.2-1721.1, and Chapter 7.1 (§§ 19.2-83.3 through
584 19.2-83.7) of Title 19.2 of the Code of Virginia are repealed.