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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 401
2	Offered January 12, 2022
2 3	Prefiled January 11, 2022
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-322.02, 58.1-390.1, and 58.1-390.2 of the Code of Virginia and
4 5	to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 58.1-390.3, relating to income
6	taxation; pass-through entities.
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,	Patrons—Watts and McNamara
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9	Referred to Committee on Finance
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11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That §§ 58.1-322.02, 58.1-390.1, and 58.1-390.2 of the Code of Virginia are amended and
13	reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 58.1-390.3 as
14	follows:
15	§ 58.1-322.02. Virginia taxable income; subtractions.
16	In computing Virginia taxable income pursuant to § 58.1-322, to the extent included in federal
17	adjusted gross income, there shall be subtracted:
18	1. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the United States
19	and on obligations or securities of any authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States to
20	the extent exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States, including, but not
21	limited to, stocks, bonds, treasury bills, and treasury notes but not including interest on refunds of
22	federal taxes, interest on equipment purchase contracts, or interest on other normal business transactions.
$\overline{23}$	2. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the Commonwealth
<b>2</b> 4	or of any political subdivision or instrumentality of the Commonwealth.
25	3. Benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits subject to federal
26	income taxation solely pursuant to § 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
<b>2</b> 7	4. Up to \$20,000 of disability income, as defined in $22(c)(2)(B)(iii)$ of the Internal Revenue Code;
28	however, any person who claims a deduction under subdivision 5 of § 58.1-322.03 may not also claim a
29	subtraction under this subdivision.
30	5. The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by the
31	Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction.
32	6. The amount of wages or salaries eligible for the federal Work Opportunity Credit which was not
33	deducted for federal purposes on account of the provisions of § 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
34	7. Any amount included therein less than \$600 from a prize awarded by the Virginia Lottery.
35	8. The wages or salaries received by any person for active and inactive service in the National Guard
36	of the Commonwealth of Virginia, not to exceed the amount of income derived from 39 calendar days
37	of such service or \$3,000, whichever amount is less; however, only those persons in the ranks of O3
38	and below shall be entitled to the deductions specified in this subdivision.
39	9. Amounts received by an individual, not to exceed \$1,000 for taxable years beginning on or before
40	December 31, 2019, and \$5,000 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, as a reward for
41	information provided to a law-enforcement official or agency, or to a nonprofit corporation created
42	exclusively to assist such law-enforcement official or agency, in the apprehension and conviction of
43	perpetrators of crimes. This subdivision shall not apply to the following: an individual who is an
44	employee of, or under contract with, a law-enforcement agency, a victim or the perpetrator of the crime
45	for which the reward was paid, or any person who is compensated for the investigation of crimes or
46	accidents.
47 48	10. The amount of "qualified research expenses" or "basic research expenses" eligible for deduction for federal purposes, but which were not deducted on account of the provisions of $\delta = 280C(a)$ of the
40 49	for federal purposes, but which were not deducted, on account of the provisions of § 280C(c) of the
49 50	Internal Revenue Code and which shall be available to partners, shareholders of S corporations, and members of limited liability companies to the extent and in the same manner as other deductions may
50 51	pass through to such partners, shareholders, and members.
52	11. Any income received during the taxable year derived from a qualified pension, profit-sharing, or
52 53	stock bonus plan as described by § 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, an individual retirement account
53 54	or annuity established under § 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, a deferred compensation plan as
55	defined by § 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, or any federal government retirement program, the
56	contributions to which were deductible from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income, but only to the
57	extent the contributions to such plan or program were subject to taxation under the income tax in
58	another state.

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59 12. Any income attributable to a distribution of benefits or a refund from a prepaid tuition contract 60 or savings trust account with the Virginia College Savings Plan, created pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.) of Title 23.1. The subtraction for any income attributable to a refund shall be 61 62 limited to income attributable to a refund in the event of a beneficiary's death, disability, or receipt of a 63 scholarship.

13. All military pay and allowances, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income and not 64 65 otherwise subtracted, deducted, or exempted under this section, earned by military personnel while serving by order of the President of the United States with the consent of Congress in a combat zone or 66 qualified hazardous duty area that is treated as a combat zone for federal tax purposes pursuant to § 112 67 68 of the Internal Revenue Code.

69 14. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2015, the gain derived from the sale or exchange 70 of real property or the sale or exchange of an easement to real property which results in the real property or the easement thereto being devoted to open-space use, as that term is defined in § 71 58.1-3230, for a period of time not less than 30 years. To the extent that a subtraction is taken in 72

73 accordance with this subdivision, no tax credit under this chapter for donating land for its preservation 74 shall be allowed for three years following the year in which the subtraction is taken.

15. Fifteen thousand dollars of military basic pay for military service personnel on extended active 75 duty for periods in excess of 90 days; however, the subtraction amount shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar 76 77 by the amount by which the taxpayer's military basic pay exceeds \$15,000 and shall be reduced to zero 78 if such military basic pay amount is equal to or exceeds \$30,000.

79 16. The first \$15,000 of salary for each federal and state employee whose total annual salary from all 80 employment for the taxable year is \$15,000 or less. 81

17. Unemployment benefits taxable pursuant to § 85 of the Internal Revenue Code.

18. Any amount received as military retirement income by an individual awarded the Congressional 82 83 Medal of Honor.

84 19. Items of income attributable to, derived from, or in any way related to (i) assets stolen from, 85 hidden from, or otherwise lost by an individual who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution or (ii) 86 damages, reparations, or other consideration received by a victim or target of Nazi persecution to 87 compensate such individual for performing labor against his will under the threat of death, during World 88 War II and its prelude and direct aftermath. This subtraction shall not apply to assets acquired with such 89 items of income or with the proceeds from the sale of assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost 90 to, during World War II and its prelude and direct aftermath, a victim or target of Nazi persecution. The 91 provisions of this subdivision shall only apply to an individual who was the first recipient of such items 92 of income and who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution, or a spouse, surviving spouse, or child 93 or stepchild of such victim. 94

As used in this subdivision:

95 "Nazi regime" means the country of Nazi Germany, areas occupied by Nazi Germany, those European countries allied with Nazi Germany, or any other neutral European country or area in Europe 96 97 under the influence or threat of Nazi invasion.

98 "Victim or target of Nazi persecution" means any individual persecuted or targeted for persecution by 99 the Nazi regime who had assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost as a result of any act or 100 omission in any way relating to (i) the Holocaust, (ii) World War II and its prelude and direct aftermath, 101 (iii) transactions with or actions of the Nazi regime, (iv) treatment of refugees fleeing Nazi persecution, or (v) the holding of such assets by entities or persons in the Swiss Confederation during World War II 102 and its prelude and aftermath. A "victim or target of Nazi persecution" also includes any individual 103 forced into labor against his will, under the threat of death, during World War II and its prelude and 104 105 direct aftermath.

20. The military death gratuity payment made after September 11, 2001, to the survivor of deceased 106 107 military personnel killed in the line of duty, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Chapter 75; however, the subtraction 108 amount shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the amount that the survivor may exclude from his federal 109 gross income in accordance with § 134 of the Internal Revenue Code.

110 21. The death benefit payments from an annuity contract that are received by a beneficiary of such 111 contract, provided that (i) the death benefit payment is made pursuant to an annuity contract with an insurance company and (ii) the death benefit payment is paid solely by lump sum. The subtraction under 112 this subdivision shall be allowed only for that portion of the death benefit payment that is included in 113 114 federal adjusted gross income.

115 22. Any gain recognized from the sale of launch services to space flight participants, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, or launch services intended to provide individuals with the training or experience of 116 a launch, without performing an actual launch. To qualify for a deduction under this subdivision, launch 117 services must be performed in Virginia or originate from an airport or spaceport in Virginia. 118

119 23. Any gain recognized as a result of resupply services contracts for delivering payload, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, entered into with the Commercial Orbital Transportation Services division of the 120

121 National Aeronautics and Space Administration or other space flight entity, as defined in § 8.01-227.8,122 and launched from an airport or spaceport in Virginia.

123 24. Any income taxed as a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, or any income 124 taxed as investment services partnership interest income (otherwise known as investment partnership 125 carried interest income) for federal income tax purposes. To qualify for a subtraction under this 126 subdivision, such income shall be attributable to an investment in a "qualified business," as defined in 127 § 58.1-339.4, or in any other technology business approved by the Secretary of Administration, provided 128 that the business has its principal office or facility in the Commonwealth and less than \$3 million in 129 annual revenues in the fiscal year prior to the investment. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made between the dates of April 1, 2010, and June 30, 2020. No 130 131 taxpayer who has claimed a tax credit for an investment in a "qualified business" under § 58.1-339.4 132 shall be eligible for the subtraction under this subdivision for an investment in the same business.

25. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2014, any income of an account holder for
the taxable year taxed as (i) a capital gain for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's
first-time home buyer savings account established pursuant to Chapter 12 (§ 36-171 et seq.) of Title 36
and (ii) interest income or other income for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's
first-time home buyer savings account.

138 Notwithstanding the statute of limitations on assessments contained in § 58.1-312, any subtraction 139 taken under this subdivision shall be subject to recapture in the taxable year or years in which moneys 140 or funds withdrawn from the first-time home buyer savings account were used for any purpose other 141 than the payment of eligible costs by or on behalf of a qualified beneficiary, as provided under 142 § 36-174. The amount subject to recapture shall be a portion of the amount withdrawn in the taxable 143 year that was used for other than the payment of eligible costs, computed by multiplying the amount 144 withdrawn and used for other than the payment of eligible costs by the ratio of the aggregate earnings in 145 the account at the time of the withdrawal to the total balance in the account at such time.

However, recapture shall not apply to the extent of moneys or funds withdrawn that were (i)
withdrawn by reason of the qualified beneficiary's death or disability; (ii) a disbursement of assets of the
account pursuant to a filing for protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101
through 1330; or (iii) transferred from an account established pursuant to Chapter 12 (§ 36-171 et seq.)
of Title 36 into another account established pursuant to such chapter for the benefit of another qualified

For purposes of this subdivision, "account holder," "eligible costs," "first-time home buyer savings account," and "qualified beneficiary" mean the same as those terms are defined in § 36-171.

154 26. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2015, any income for the taxable year
155 attributable to the discharge of a student loan solely by reason of the student's death. For purposes of
156 this subdivision, "student loan" means the same as that term is defined under § 108(f) of the Internal
157 Revenue Code.

158 27. a. Income, including investment services partnership interest income (otherwise known as 159 investment partnership carried interest income), attributable to an investment in a Virginia venture 160 capital account. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made on or 161 after January 1, 2018, but before December 31, 2023. No subtraction shall be allowed under this 162 subdivision for an investment in a company that is owned or operated by a family member or an 163 affiliate of the taxpayer. No subtraction shall be allowed under this subdivision for a taxpayer who has 164 claimed a subtraction under subdivision 24 or a tax credit under § 58.1-339.4 for the same investment.

165 b. As used in this subdivision 27:

"Qualified portfolio company" means a company that (i) has its principal place of business in the
Commonwealth; (ii) has a primary purpose of production, sale, research, or development of a product or
service other than the management or investment of capital; and (iii) provides equity in the company to
the Virginia venture capital account in exchange for a capital investment. "Qualified portfolio company"
does not include a company that is an individual or sole proprietorship.

171 "Virginia venture capital account" means an investment fund that has been certified by the 172 Department as a Virginia venture capital account. In order to be certified as a Virginia venture capital 173 account, the operator of the investment fund shall register the investment fund with the Department prior 174 to December 31, 2023, (i) indicating that it intends to invest at least 50 percent of the capital committed 175 to its fund in qualified portfolio companies and (ii) providing documentation that it employs at least one investor who has at least four years of professional experience in venture capital investment or 176 177 substantially equivalent experience. "Substantially equivalent experience" includes, but is not limited to, 178 an undergraduate degree from an accredited college or university in economics, finance, or a similar 179 field of study. The Department may require an investment fund to provide documentation of the 180 investor's training, education, or experience as deemed necessary by the Department to determine 181 substantial equivalency. If the Department determines that the investment fund employs at least one

182 investor with the experience set forth herein, the Department shall certify the investment fund as a 183 Virginia venture capital account at such time as the investment fund actually invests at least 50 percent 184 of the capital committed to its fund in qualified portfolio companies.

185 28. a. Income attributable to an investment in a Virginia real estate investment trust. To qualify for a 186 subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made on or after January 1, 2019, but before 187 December 31, 2024. No subtraction shall be allowed for an investment in a trust that is managed by a 188 family member or an affiliate of the taxpayer. No subtraction shall be allowed under this subdivision for 189 a taxpayer who has claimed a subtraction under subdivision 24 or 27 or a tax credit under § 58.1-339.4 190 for the same investment.

191 b. As used in this subdivision 28:

192 "Distressed" means satisfying the criteria applicable to a locality described in subdivision E 2 of 193 § 2.2-115.

194 "Double distressed" means satisfying the criteria applicable to a locality described in subdivision E 3 195 of § 2.2-115.

196 'Virginia real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 197 § 856, that has been certified by the Department as a Virginia real estate investment trust. In order to be 198 certified as a Virginia real estate investment trust, the trustee shall register the trust with the Department 199 prior to December 31, 2024, indicating that it intends to invest at least 90 percent of trust funds in 200 Virginia and at least 40 percent of trust funds in real estate in localities that are distressed or double 201 distressed. If the Department determines that the trust satisfies the preceding criteria, the Department shall certify the trust as a Virginia real estate investment trust at such time as the trust actually invests 202 203 at least 90 percent of trust funds in Virginia and at least 40 percent of trust funds in real estate in 204 localities that are distressed or double distressed.

205 29. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2019, any gain recognized from the taking of 206 real property by condemnation proceedings.

207 30. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2020, but before January 1, 2021, up to \$100,000 of all grant funds received by the taxpayer under the Rebuild Virginia program established by 208 209 the Governor and administered by the Department of Small Business and Supplier Diversity.

210 31. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2021, but before January 1, 2026, any 211 amount of income derived from a pass-through entity having Virginia taxable income, as determined 212 under § 58.1-391, if such pass-through entity makes the election authorized, and pays the tax imposed, 213 by § 58.1-390.3. 214

## § 58.1-390.1. Definitions.

215 The following words and terms, when used in this article, shall have the following meanings unless 216 the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Owner" means any individual or entity who is treated as a partner, member, or shareholder of a 217 218 pass-through entity for federal income tax purposes.

219 "Pass-through entity" means any entity, including a limited partnership, a limited liability partnership, a general partnership, a limited liability company, a professional limited liability company, a business 220 221 trust or a Subchapter S corporation, that is recognized as a separate entity for federal income tax purposes, in which the partners, members, or shareholders report their share of the income, gains, losses, 222 223 deductions, and credits from the entity on their federal income tax returns or make the election and pay 224 the tax levied pursuant to § 58.1-390.3.

"Qualifying pass-through entity" means a pass-through entity that is 100 percent owned by natural persons or other individuals eligible to be shareholders in an S corporation. 225 226 227

## § 58.1-390.2. Taxation of pass-through entities.

228 Except as provided for in this article, owners of pass-through entities shall be liable for tax under 229 this chapter only in their separate or individual capacities on income passed through to the owners of pass-through entities. Any taxes imposed on the pass-through entity itself, such as, but not limited to, 230 231 including the tax levied pursuant to § 58.1-390.3, sales and use taxes, withholding taxes with respect to 232 employees or nonresident owners, and minimum taxes in lieu of income taxes, shall be paid by the 233 pass-through entity. 234

## § 58.1-390.3. Elective income tax on pass-through entities.

235 A. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2021, but before January 1, 2026, a 236 qualifying pass-through entity may make an annual election, on its timely filed return pursuant to 237 § 58.1-392, to pay the tax levied by this section at the entity level for the taxable period covered by 238 such return. Such election shall be made on or before the due date for filing the applicable return, including any extensions that have been granted. 239

B. A tax at the rate of 5.75 percent is hereby annually imposed on the Virginia taxable income, as calculated pursuant to § 58.1-391, for each taxable year of every qualifying pass-through entity that 240 241 242 makes the election provided under subsection A.

243 C. A pass-through entity that elects to pay the tax levied by this subsection shall be eligible for all 244 credits, deductions, or other adjustments to taxable income provided under § 58.1-391.

245 D. If a pass-through entity makes an election pursuant to this section and an individual owner

246 taxpayer of such pass-through entity claims the subtraction provided by subsection 31 of § 58.1-322.02,

247 such individual owner taxpayer shall not be eligible to claim any other deduction, subtraction, credit, or other adjustment for any amount of taxable income derived from the pass-through entity having Virginia

248 249 taxable income.