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HOUSE BILL NO. 291**AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE**(Proposed by the House Committee on Finance
on January 26, 2022)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Rasoul)

*A BILL to amend and reenact § 58.1-322.03 of the Code of Virginia, relating to family caregiver tax deduction.***Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:****1. That § 58.1-322.03 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:****§ 58.1-322.03. Virginia taxable income; deductions.**

In computing Virginia taxable income pursuant to § 58.1-322, there shall be deducted from Virginia adjusted gross income as defined in § 58.1-321:

1. a. The amount allowable for itemized deductions for federal income tax purposes where the taxpayer has elected for the taxable year to itemize deductions on his federal return, but reduced by the amount of income taxes imposed by the Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction and deducted on such federal return and increased by an amount that, when added to the amount deducted under § 170 of the Internal Revenue Code for mileage, results in a mileage deduction at the state level for such purposes at a rate of 18 cents per mile; or

b. Provided that the taxpayer has not itemized deductions for the taxable year on his federal income tax return: (i) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2019, and on and after January 1, 2026, \$3,000 for single individuals and \$6,000 for married persons (one-half of such amounts in the case of a married individual filing a separate return) and (ii) for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2019, but before January 1, 2026, \$4,500 for single individuals and \$9,000 for married persons (one-half of such amounts in the case of a married individual filing a separate return). For purposes of this section, any person who may be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's return for the taxable year may compute the deduction only with respect to earned income.

2. a. A deduction in the amount of \$930 for each personal exemption allowable to the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes.

b. Each blind or aged taxpayer as defined under § 63(f) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be entitled to an additional personal exemption in the amount of \$800.

The additional deduction for blind or aged taxpayers allowed under this subdivision shall be allowable regardless of whether the taxpayer itemizes deductions for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes.

3. A deduction equal to the amount of employment-related expenses upon which the federal credit is based under § 21 of the Internal Revenue Code for expenses for household and dependent care services necessary for gainful employment.

4. An additional \$1,000 deduction for each child residing for the entire taxable year in a home under permanent foster care placement as defined in § 63.2-908, provided that the taxpayer can also claim the child as a personal exemption under § 151 of the Internal Revenue Code.

5. a. A deduction in the amount of \$12,000 for individuals born on or before January 1, 1939.

b. A deduction in the amount of \$12,000 for individuals born after January 1, 1939, who have attained the age of 65. This deduction shall be reduced by \$1 for every \$1 that the taxpayer's adjusted federal adjusted gross income exceeds \$50,000 for single taxpayers or \$75,000 for married taxpayers. For married taxpayers filing separately, the deduction shall be reduced by \$1 for every \$1 that the total combined adjusted federal adjusted gross income of both spouses exceeds \$75,000.

For the purposes of this subdivision, "adjusted federal adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted gross income minus any benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits subject to federal income taxation solely pursuant to § 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

6. The amount an individual pays as a fee for an initial screening to become a possible bone marrow donor, if (i) the individual is not reimbursed for such fee or (ii) the individual has not claimed a deduction for the payment of such fee on his federal income tax return.

7. a. A deduction shall be allowed to the purchaser or contributor for the amount paid or contributed during the taxable year for a prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account entered into with the Virginia College Savings Plan, pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.) of Title 23.1. Except as provided in subdivision b, the amount deducted on any individual income tax return in any taxable year shall be limited to \$4,000 per prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account. No deduction shall be allowed pursuant to this subdivision 7 if such payments or contributions are deducted on the purchaser's or contributor's federal income tax return. If the purchase price or annual contribution to a college savings trust account exceeds \$4,000, the remainder may be carried forward and subtracted in

60 future taxable years until the purchase price or college savings trust contribution has been fully
61 deducted; however, except as provided in subdivision b, in no event shall the amount deducted in any
62 taxable year exceed \$4,000 per contract or college savings trust account. Notwithstanding the statute of
63 limitations on assessments contained in § 58.1-312, any deduction taken hereunder shall be subject to
64 recapture in the taxable year or years in which distributions or refunds are made for any reason other
65 than (i) to pay qualified higher education expenses, as defined in § 529 of the Internal Revenue Code or
66 (ii) the beneficiary's death, disability, or receipt of a scholarship. For the purposes of this subdivision,
67 "purchaser" or "contributor" means the person shown as such on the records of the Virginia College
68 Savings Plan as of December 31 of the taxable year. In the case of a transfer of ownership of a prepaid
69 tuition contract or college savings trust account, the transferee shall succeed to the transferor's tax
70 attributes associated with a prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account, including, but not
71 limited to, carryover and recapture of deductions.

72 b. A purchaser of a prepaid tuition contract or contributor to a college savings trust account who has
73 attained age 70 shall not be subject to the limitation that the amount of the deduction not exceed \$4,000
74 per prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account in any taxable year. Such taxpayer shall be
75 allowed a deduction for the full amount paid for the contract or contributed to a college savings trust
76 account, less any amounts previously deducted.

77 8. The total amount an individual actually contributed in funds to the Virginia Public School
78 Construction Grants Program and Fund, established in Chapter 11.1 (§ 22.1-175.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1,
79 provided that the individual has not claimed a deduction for such amount on his federal income tax
80 return.

81 9. An amount equal to 20 percent of the tuition costs incurred by an individual employed as a
82 primary or secondary school teacher licensed pursuant to Chapter 15 (§ 22.1-289.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1
83 to attend continuing teacher education courses that are required as a condition of employment; however,
84 the deduction provided by this subdivision shall be available only if (i) the individual is not reimbursed
85 for such tuition costs and (ii) the individual has not claimed a deduction for the payment of such tuition
86 costs on his federal income tax return.

87 10. The amount an individual pays annually in premiums for long-term health care insurance,
88 provided that the individual has not claimed a deduction for federal income tax purposes, or, for taxable
89 years beginning before January 1, 2014, a credit under § 58.1-339.11. For taxable years beginning on
90 and after January 1, 2014, no such deduction for long-term health care insurance premiums paid by the
91 individual during the taxable year shall be allowed if the individual has claimed a federal income tax
92 deduction for such taxable year for long-term health care insurance premiums paid by him.

93 11. Contract payments to a producer of quota tobacco or a tobacco quota holder, or their spouses, as
94 provided under the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (P.L. 108-357), but only to the extent that such
95 payments have not been subtracted pursuant to subsection D of § 58.1-402, as follows:

96 a. If the payment is received in installment payments, then the recognized gain may be subtracted in
97 the taxable year immediately following the year in which the installment payment is received.

98 b. If the payment is received in a single payment, then 10 percent of the recognized gain may be
99 subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year in which the single payment is received.
100 The taxpayer may then deduct an equal amount in each of the nine succeeding taxable years.

101 12. An amount equal to 20 percent of the sum paid by an individual pursuant to Chapter 6
102 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.), not to exceed \$500 in each taxable year, in purchasing for his own use the
103 following items of tangible personal property: (i) any clothes washers, room air conditioners,
104 dishwashers, and standard size refrigerators that meet or exceed the applicable energy star efficiency
105 requirements developed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the U.S. Department of
106 Energy; (ii) any fuel cell that (a) generates electricity using an electrochemical process, (b) has an
107 electricity-only generation efficiency greater than 35 percent, and (c) has a generating capacity of at least
108 two kilowatts; (iii) any gas heat pump that has a coefficient of performance of at least 1.25 for heating
109 and at least 0.70 for cooling; (iv) any electric heat pump hot water heater that yields an energy factor of
110 at least 1.7; (v) any electric heat pump that has a heating system performance factor of at least 8.0 and
111 a cooling seasonal energy efficiency ratio of at least 13.0; (vi) any central air conditioner that has a
112 cooling seasonal energy efficiency ratio of at least 13.5; (vii) any advanced gas or oil water heater that
113 has an energy factor of at least 0.65; (viii) any advanced oil-fired boiler with a minimum annual
114 fuel-utilization rating of 85; (ix) any advanced oil-fired furnace with a minimum annual fuel-utilization
115 rating of 85; and (x) programmable thermostats.

116 13. The lesser of \$5,000 or the amount actually paid by a living donor of an organ or other living
117 tissue for unreimbursed out-of-pocket expenses directly related to the donation that arose within 12
118 months of such donation, provided that the donor has not taken a medical deduction in accordance with
119 the provisions of § 213 of the Internal Revenue Code for such expenses. The deduction may be taken in
120 the taxable year in which the donation is made or the taxable year in which the 12-month period
121 expires.

14. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2013, the amount an individual age 66 or older with earned income of at least \$20,000 for the year and federal adjusted gross income not in excess of \$30,000 for the year pays annually in premiums for (i) a prepaid funeral insurance policy covering the individual or (ii) medical or dental insurance for any person for whom individual tax filers may claim a deduction for such premiums under federal income tax laws. As used in this subdivision, "earned income" means the same as that term is defined in § 32(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. The deduction shall not be allowed for any portion of such premiums paid for which the individual has (a) been reimbursed, (b) claimed a deduction for federal income tax purposes, (c) claimed a deduction or subtraction under another provision of this section, or (d) claimed a federal income tax credit or any income tax credit pursuant to this chapter.

15. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2018, 20 percent of business interest disallowed as a deduction pursuant to § 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subdivision, "business interest" means the same as that term is defined under § 163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code.

16. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2019, the actual amount of real and personal property taxes imposed by the Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction not otherwise deducted solely on account of the dollar limitation imposed on individual deductions by § 164(b)(6)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code.

17. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2020, but before January 1, 2021, up to \$100,000 of the amount that is not deductible when computing federal adjusted gross income solely on account of the portion of subdivision B 10 of § 58.1-301 related to Paycheck Protection Program loans.

18. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2022, but before January 1, 2027, 50 percent of the eligible expenditures incurred by the family caregiver not to exceed \$1,000. In order to qualify for the deduction, the family caregiver shall not have received any compensation or reimbursement for the eligible expenditures and shall not have claimed the deduction under subdivision 3 for the same expenditures.

For the purposes of this subdivision:

"Activities of daily living" or "ADLs" means bathing, dressing, toileting, transferring or moving, bowel control, bladder control, and eating or feeding.

"Eligible expenditures" means expenses incurred by a family caregiver that are directly related to the care of an eligible family member, including (i) improvements or alterations to the family caregiver's primary residence to permit the eligible family member to remain mobile, safe, and independent; (ii) the purchase or lease of equipment or technology that assists the eligible family member in carrying out one or more activities of daily living; or (iii) expenditures related to hiring a home care aide or personal care attendant, respite care, adult day care, transportation, and legal or financial services. "Eligible expenditures" does not include expenses incurred in carrying out general household maintenance, including painting, plumbing, electrical repairs, or exterior maintenance.

"Eligible family member" means an individual who (i) is at least 18 years of age during the taxable year; (ii) requires assistance with one or more ADLs, as certified by a licensed physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or registered nurse; and (iii) qualifies as a dependent of the family caregiver, is related by blood, marriage, or adoption to the family caregiver, or is in the care of the family caregiver as a legally appointed guardian.

"Family caregiver" means an individual or, in the case of married persons, an individual and his spouse, who (i) provides care to one or more eligible family members during the taxable year and (ii) has federal adjusted gross income that is no greater than \$100,000 for an individual or \$200,000 for married persons.