2022 SESSION

22103509D HOUSE BILL NO. 1191 1 Offered January 17, 2022 2 3 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 9.1-193 and 37.2-311.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to Marcus 4 alert system; optional participation. 5 Patrons-Ransone, Avoli, Ballard, Batten, Brewer, Campbell, R.R., Cherry, Durant, Fowler, Greenhalgh, Hodges, LaRock, March, Robinson, Runion, Taylor, Walker, Wiley, Wright and Wyatt 6 7 Referred to Committee on Public Safety 8 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 10 1. That §§ 9.1-193 and 37.2-311.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: § 9.1-193. Mental health awareness response and community understanding services (Marcus) 11 alert system; law-enforcement protocols. 12 13 A. As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Area" means a combination of one or more localities or institutions of higher education contained 14 15 therein that may have law-enforcement officers as defined in § 9.1-101. "Body-worn camera system" means the same as that term is defined in § 15.2-1723.1. 16 "Community care team" means the same as that term is defined in § 37.2-311.1. 17 18 "Comprehensive crisis system" means the same as that term is defined in § 37.2-311.1. "Developmental disability" means the same as that term is defined in § 37.2-100. "Developmental services" means the same as that term is defined in § 37.2-100. 19 20 "Historically economically disadvantaged community" means the same as that term is defined in 21 22 § 56-576. 23 "Mental health awareness response and community understanding services alert system" or "Marcus 24 alert system" means the same as that term is defined in § 37.2-311.1. 25 "Mental health service provider" means the same as that term is defined in § 54.1-2400.1. 26 "Mobile crisis response" means the same as that term is defined in § 37.2-311.1. 27 "Mobile crisis team" means the same as that term is defined in § 37.2-311.1. "Registered peer recovery specialist" means the same as that term is defined in § 54.1-3500. 28 29 "Substance abuse" means the same as that term is defined in § 37.2-100. 30 B. The Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and the Department shall collaborate to ensure that the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services maintains 31 32 purview over best practices to promote a behavioral health response through the use of a mobile crisis 33 response to behavioral health crises whenever possible, or law-enforcement backup of a mobile crisis 34 response when necessary, and that the Department maintains purview over requirements associated with 35 decreased use of force and body-worn camera system policies and enforcement of such policies in the 36 protocols established pursuant to this article and § 37.2-311.1. 37 C. By July 1, 2021, the Department shall develop a written plan outlining (i) the Department's and 38 law-enforcement agencies' roles and engagement with the development of the Marcus alert system; (ii) the Department's role in the development of minimum standards, best practices, and the review and 39 40 approval of the protocols for law-enforcement participation in the Marcus alert system set forth in subsection D; and (iii) plans for the measurement of progress toward the goals for law-enforcement 41 participation in the Marcus alert system set forth in subsection E. 42 D. All protocols and training for law-enforcement participation in the Marcus alert system shall be 43 developed in coordination with local behavioral health and developmental services stakeholders and 44 45 approved by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services according to standards developed pursuant to § 37.2-311.1. Such protocols and training shall provide for a specialized response 46 by law enforcement designed to meet the goals set forth in this article to ensure that individuals 47 experiencing a mental health, substance abuse, or developmental disability-related behavioral health crisis 48 49 receive a specialized response when diversion to the comprehensive crisis system is not feasible. 50 Specialized response protocols and training by law enforcement shall consider the impact to care that the 51 presence of an officer in uniform or a marked vehicle at a response has and shall mitigate such impact 52 when feasible through the use of plain clothes and unmarked vehicles. The specialized response protocols and training shall also set forth best practices, guidelines, and procedures regarding the role of 53 law enforcement during a mobile crisis response, including the provisions of backup services when 54 requested, in order to achieve the goals set forth in subsection E and to support the effective diversion 55 of mental health crises to the comprehensive crisis system whenever feasible. 56 57 E. The goals of law-enforcement participation, including the development of local protocols, in

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58 comprehensive crisis services and the Marcus alert system shall be:

59 1. Ensuring that individuals experiencing behavioral health crises are served by the behavioral health 60 comprehensive crisis service system when considered feasible pursuant to protocols and training and 61 associated clinical guidance provided pursuant to Title 37.2;

2. Ensuring that local law-enforcement departments and institutions of higher education with 62 63 law-enforcement officers establish standardized agreements for the provision of law-enforcement backup 64 and specialized response when required for a mobile crisis response;

3. Providing immediate response and services when diversion to the comprehensive crisis system 65 continuum is not feasible with a protocol that meets the minimum standards and strives for the best 66 practices developed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and the 67 Department pursuant to § 37.2-311.1; 68

4. Affording individuals whose behaviors are consistent with mental illness, substance abuse, 69 70 intellectual or developmental disabilities, brain injury, or any combination thereof a sense of dignity in 71 crisis situations; 72

5. Reducing the likelihood of physical confrontation;

6. Decrease arrests and use-of-force incidents by law-enforcement officers;

74 7. Ensuring the use of unobstructed body-worn cameras for the continuous improvement of the 75 response team:

76 8. Identifying underserved populations in historically economically disadvantaged communities whose 77 behaviors are consistent with mental illness, substance abuse, developmental disabilities, or any 78 combination thereof and ensuring individuals experiencing a mental health crisis, including individuals 79 experiencing a behavioral health crisis secondary to mental illness, substance use problem, developmental or intellectual disabilities, brain injury, or any combination thereof, are directed or referred to and provided with appropriate care, including follow-up and wrap-around services to 80 81 individuals, family members, and caregivers to reduce the likelihood of future crises; 82 83

9. Providing support and assistance for mental health service providers and law-enforcement officers;

10. Decreasing the use of arrest and detention of persons whose behaviors are consistent with mental 84 85 illness, substance abuse, developmental or intellectual disabilities, brain injury, or any combination 86 thereof by providing better access to timely treatment;

87 11. Providing a therapeutic location or protocol to bring individuals in crisis for assessment that is 88 not a law-enforcement or jail facility;

89 12. Increasing public recognition and appreciation for the mental health needs of a community;

90 13. Decreasing injuries during crisis events;

91 14. Decreasing the need for mental health treatment in jail;

92 15. Accelerating access to care for individuals in crisis through improved and streamlined referral 93 mechanisms to mental health and developmental services;

94 16. Improving the notifications made to the comprehensive crisis system concerning an individual 95 experiencing a mental health crisis if the individual poses an immediate public safety threat or threat to 96 self: and 97

17. Decreasing the use of psychiatric hospitalizations as a treatment for mental health crises.

98 F. By July 1, 2021, every A locality shall may establish a voluntary database to be made available to 99 the 9-1-1 alert system and the Marcus alert system to provide relevant mental health information and 100 emergency contact information for appropriate response to an emergency or crisis. Identifying and health information concerning behavioral health illness, mental health illness, developmental or intellectual 101 disability, or brain injury may be voluntarily provided to the database by the individual with the behavioral health illness, mental health illness, developmental or intellectual disability, or brain injury; 102 103 the parent or legal guardian of such individual if the individual is under the age of 18; or a person 104 appointed the guardian of such person as defined in § 64.2-2000. An individual shall be removed from 105 106 the database when he reaches the age of 18, unless he or his guardian, as defined in § 64.2-2000, 107 requests that the individual remain in the database. Information provided to the database shall not be 108 used for any other purpose except as set forth in this subsection.

109 G. By July 1, 2022, every Every locality shall have established may establish local protocols that meet the requirements set forth in the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services 110 plan set forth in clauses (vi), (vii), and (viii) of subdivision B 2 of § 37.2-311.1. In addition, by July 1, 111 112 2022, every locality shall have established, or be part of an area that has established, A locality that opts to participate in the Marcus alert system shall develop protocols for law-enforcement participation in the 113 Marcus alert system that has been, which shall be approved by the Department of Behavioral Health and 114 115 Developmental Services and the Department prior to such participation.

§ 37.2-311.1. Comprehensive crisis system; Marcus alert system; powers and duties of the 116 Department related to comprehensive mental health, substance abuse, and developmental disability 117 118 crisis services.

A. As used in this section and §§ 37.2-311.2 through 37.2-311.6, unless the context requires a 119

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120 different meaning:

121 "Community care team" means a team of mental health service providers, and may include registered 122 peer recovery specialists and law-enforcement officers as a team, with the mental health service 123 providers leading such team, to help stabilize individuals in crisis situations. Law enforcement may 124 provide backup support as needed to a community care team in accordance with the protocols and best 125 practices developed pursuant to § 9.1-193. In addition to serving as a co-response unit, community care 126 teams may, at the discretion of the employing locality, engage in community mental health awareness 127 and services.

128 "Comprehensive crisis system" means the continuum of care established by the Department of129 Behavioral Health and Developmental Services pursuant to this section.

"Crisis call center" means a call center that provides crisis intervention that meets NSPL standards
 for risk assessment and engagement and the requirements of § 37.2-311.2.

"Crisis stabilization center" means a facility providing short-term (under 24 hours) observation and
 crisis stabilization services to all referrals in a home-like, nonhospital environment.

134 "Fund" means the Crisis Call Center Fund established under § 37.2-311.4.

135 "Historically economically disadvantaged community" means the same as that term is defined in 136 § 56-576.

"Mental health awareness response and community understanding services alert system" or "Marcus alert system" means a set of protocols to (i) initiate a behavioral health response to a behavioral health crisis, including for individuals experiencing a behavioral health crisis secondary to mental illness, substance abuse, developmental disabilities, or any combination thereof; (ii) divert such individuals to the behavioral health or developmental services system whenever feasible; and (iii) facilitate a specialized response in accordance with § 9.1-193 when diversion is not feasible.

143 "Mobile crisis response" means the provision of professional, same-day intervention for children or
144 adults who are experiencing crises and whose behaviors are consistent with mental illness or substance
145 abuse, or both, including individuals experiencing a behavioral health crisis that is secondary to mental
146 illness, substance abuse, developmental or intellectual disability, brain injury, or any combination
147 thereof. "Mobile crisis response" may be provided by a community care team or a mobile crisis team,
148 and a locality may establish either or both types of teams to best meet its needs.

149 "Mobile crisis team" means a team of one or more qualified or licensed mental health professionals 150 and may include a registered peer recovery specialist or a family support partner. A law-enforcement 151 officer shall not be a member of a mobile crisis team, but law enforcement may provide backup support 152 as needed to a mobile crisis team in accordance with the protocols and best practices developed pursuant 153 to § 9.1-193.

"NSPL" or "National Suicide Prevention Lifeline" means the national suicide prevention and mental
health crisis hotline established by the federal government in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 290bb—36c
to provide a national network of crisis centers linked by a toll-free number to route callers in suicidal
crisis or emotional distress to the closest certified local crisis center.

158 "NSPL Administrator" means the entity designated by the federal government to administer the159 NSPL.

160 "Registered peer recovery specialist" means the same as such term is defined in § 54.1-3500.

161 "SAMHSA" or "Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration" means the agency162 within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services that leads federal behavioral health efforts.

B. The Department shall have the following duties and responsibilities for the provision of crisis
 services and support for individuals with mental illness, substance abuse, developmental or intellectual
 disabilities, or brain injury who are experiencing a crisis related to mental health, substance abuse, or
 behavioral support needs:

167 1. The Department shall develop a comprehensive crisis system, with such funds as may be
appropriated for such purpose, based on national best practice models and composed of a crisis call
169 center, community care and mobile crisis teams, crisis stabilization centers, and the Marcus alert system.
170 In addition to all requirements under this section, the crisis call center shall meet the requirements of
§ 37.2-311.2.

172 2. By July 1, 2021, the Department, in collaboration with the Department of Criminal Justice 173 Services and law-enforcement, mental health, behavioral health, developmental services, emergency 174 management, brain injury, and racial equity stakeholders, shall develop a written plan for the 175 development of a Marcus alert system. Such plan shall (i) inventory past and current crisis intervention 176 teams established pursuant to Article 13 (§ 9.1-187 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1 throughout the 177 Commonwealth that have received state funding; (ii) inventory the existence, status, and experiences of 178 community services board mobile crisis teams and crisis stabilization units; (iii) identify any other 179 existing cooperative relationships between community services boards and law-enforcement agencies; (iv) review the prevalence of crisis situations involving mental illness or substance abuse, or both, 180

181 including individuals experiencing a behavioral health crisis that is secondary to mental illness, 182 substance abuse, developmental or intellectual disability, brain injury, or any combination thereof; (v) 183 identify state and local funding of emergency and crisis services; (vi) include protocols to divert calls 184 from the 9-1-1 dispatch and response system to a crisis call center for risk assessment and engagement, 185 including assessment for mobile crisis or community care team dispatch; (vii) include protocols for local 186 law-enforcement agencies to enter into memorandums of agreement with mobile crisis response 187 providers regarding requests for law-enforcement backup during a mobile crisis or community care team 188 response; (viii) develop minimum standards, best practices, and a system for the review and approval of 189 protocols for law-enforcement participation in the Marcus alert system set forth in § 9.1-193; (ix) assign 190 specific responsibilities, duties, and authorities among responsible state and local entities; and (x) assess 191 the effectiveness of a locality's or area's plan for community involvement, including engaging with and 192 providing services to historically economically disadvantaged communities, training, and therapeutic response alternatives. 193

194 C. 1. No later than December 1, 2021, the The Department shall establish five a Marcus alert 195 programs program and a community care or mobile crisis teams, one located in each of the team in the 196 geographic area served by each community services board or behavioral health authority that has opted 197 to participate in the Marcus alert program. The Department shall establish at least five Department 198 regions.

199 2. No later than July 1, 2023, the Department shall establish five additional Marcus alert system 200 programs and community care or mobile crisis teams, by December 1, 2021, and at least five Marcus 201 alert programs and community care or mobile crisis teams per year in every year thereafter until a 202 Marcus alert program and a community care or mobile crisis team has been established in the service 203 area of each community services board or behavioral health authority that has opted to participate in the Marcus alert system. In establishing such programs, the Department shall: 1. Annually establish at least one located Marcus alert program and a community care or mobile 204

205 206 crisis team in each of the five Department regions- Community; however if no community services 207 board or behavioral health authority in a region that has not yet established a Marcus alert program 208 and a community care or mobile crisis team has opted to participate in the Marcus alert system, the 209 Department shall not be required to establish a Marcus alert program and a community care or mobile 210 crisis team in that region: and

211 2. Prioritize establishment of a Marcus alert program and a community care or mobile crisis team at 212 the community services boards or behavioral health authorities that have not yet established a Marcus 213 alert program and a community care or mobile crisis team that serve the largest populations population 214 in each the region, excluding those community services boards or behavioral health authorities already selected under subdivision 1, shall be selected for programs under this subdivision. 215

3. The Department shall establish additional Marcus alert systems and community care teams in 216 217 geographical areas served by a community services board or behavioral health authority by July 1, 2024; July 1, 2025; and July 1, 2026. No later than July 1, 2026, all community services board and behavioral 218 219 health authority geographical areas shall have established a Marcus alert system that uses a community 220 care or mobile crisis team. 221

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Every community care teams team and mobile crisis teams team established under pursuant to this section shall meet the standards set forth in § 37.2-311.3.

224 No community services board or behavioral health authority shall be required to establish a Marcus 225 alert program and a community care or mobile crisis team unless the localities participating in the 226 community services board or behavioral health authority have agreed to participate in the Marcus alert 227 system.

228 D. The Department shall assess and report on annually by November 15 to the Governor and the 229 Chairmen of the House Committees for Courts of Justice and Health, Welfare and Institutions, the 230 Senate Committees on the Judiciary and Education and Health, and the Joint Commission on Health 231 Care regarding the impact and effectiveness of the comprehensive crisis system and the effectiveness of 232 such system in meeting its the goals set forth in this section. The assessment report shall include, for the 233 previous calendar year, (i) a description of approved local Marcus alert programs in the 234 Commonwealth, including the number of such programs operating in the Commonwealth, the number of 235 such programs added in the previous calendar year, and an analysis of how such programs work to 236 connect the Commonwealth's comprehensive crisis system and mobile crisis response programs; (ii) the 237 number of crisis incidents occurring in the Commonwealth and the number of such incidents that 238 involved injuries to parties involved in such incidents; (iii) the number of calls to received by the crisis 239 call center, established pursuant to this section; (iv) the number of mobile crisis responses, undertaken 240 by community care teams and mobile crisis teams in the Commonwealth; (v) the number of mobile crisis 241 responses that involved law-enforcement backup, and overall function of the comprehensive crisis 242 system. A portion of the report, focused on the function of the Marcus alert system and local protocols

243 for law-enforcement participation in the Marcus alert system, shall be written in collaboration with the 244 Department of Criminal Justice Services and shall include the number and description of approved local 245 programs and how the programs interface comprehensive crisis system and mobile crisis response; the 246 number of crisis incidents and injuries to any parties involved; a description of successes and problems 247 encountered; and an analysis of the overall operation of any local protocols or programs, including any 248 disparities in response and outcomes by race and ethnicity of individuals experiencing a behavioral 249 health crisis and recommendations for improvement of the programs; (vi) an analysis of the overall 250 operation of local protocols adopted or programs established pursuant to §9.1-193, including any 251 disparities in response and outcomes by race and ethnicity of individuals experiencing a behavioral 252 health crisis; (vii) a description of the overall function of the Marcus alert program, including a 253 description of any successes of the program and any challenges encountered; (viii) a description of the 254 overall function of the comprehensive crisis system; and (ix) recommendations for improvement of the 255 Marcus alert system and approved local Marcus alert programs. The report shall also include a specific 256 plan to phase in (a) a description of barriers to establishment of a local Marcus alert system program 257 and community care or mobile crisis team to provide mobile crisis response in each remaining 258 geographical area served by a community services board or behavioral health authority as required in 259 subdivision C 3 in which such program and team has not been established and (b) a plan for 260 addressing those barriers to increase the number of local Marcus alert programs and community care or mobile crisis teams are established. The Department, in collaboration with the Department of 261 262 Criminal Justice Services, shall (i) submit a report by November 15, 2021, to the Joint Commission on 263 Health Care outlining progress toward the assessment of these factors and any assessment items that are 264 available for the reporting period and (ii) submit a comprehensive annual report to the Joint Commission 265 on Health Care by November 15 of each subsequent year assist the Department in the preparation of 266 the report required by this subsection.