

Department of Planning and Budget 2021 Fiscal Impact Statement

1. Bill Number: SB 1227

House of Origin	<input type="checkbox"/> Introduced	<input type="checkbox"/> Substitute	<input type="checkbox"/> Engrossed
Second House	<input type="checkbox"/> In Committee	<input type="checkbox"/> Substitute	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enrolled

2. Patron: Boysko

3. Committee: Passed Both Houses

4. Title: State plan for medical assistance; payment of medical assistance; 12-month supply of hormonal contraceptives.

5. Summary: The enrolled bill requires the payment of medical assistance for the dispensing or furnishing of up to a 12-month supply of hormonal contraceptives at one time for Medicaid and FAMIS enrollees. Absent clinical contraindications, the Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS) is not allowed to impose any utilization controls or other forms of medical management limiting the supply of hormonal contraceptives that may be dispensed or furnished to an amount less than a 12-month supply. Further, the bill's provisions must not be construed to (i) require a provider to prescribe, dispense, or furnish a 12-month supply of self-administered hormonal contraceptives at one time or (ii) exclude coverage for hormonal contraceptives as prescribed by a prescriber, acting within his scope of practice, for reasons other than contraceptive purposes. Under the bill's provisions, "hormonal contraceptive" means a medication taken to prevent pregnancy by means of ingestion of hormones, including medications containing estrogen or progesterone, that is self-administered, requires a prescription, and is approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for such purpose.

6. Budget Amendment Necessary: No. Language in the Governor's Introduced Budget (HB 1100/SB 1100) requires DMAS to authorize prescriptions of contraceptives up to a 12 month supply for eligible beneficiaries in the Medicaid and CHIP programs. The agency was provided \$1.5 million (\$0.1 million general fund) to support this proposal. Since the provisions of this legislation are more restrictive than those provided in the budget bill, no additional funding is necessary.

7. Minimal Fiscal Impact

8. Fiscal Implications DMAS estimates that the cost of dispensing up to a 12-month supply of hormonal contraceptives taken by means of ingestion, as required by this bill, would be less than \$40,000 annually.

9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected:
Department of Medical Assistance Services

10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No

11. Other Comments: None