2021 SPECIAL SESSION I

21103854D **SENATE BILL NO. 1468** 1 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the Senate Committee on the Judiciary 4 on January 27, 2021) 5 (Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Surovell) A BILL to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Title 9.1 a chapter numbered 15, consisting of 6 7 sections numbered 9.1-1500, 9.1-1501, and 9.1-1502, relating to certifications for victims of 8 qualifying criminal activity. 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Title 9.1 a chapter numbered 15, consisting 10 of sections numbered 9.1-1500, 9.1-1501, and 9.1-1502, as follows: 11 CHAPTER 15. 12 13 CERTIFICATIONS FOR VICTIMS OF QUALIFYING CRIMINAL ACTIVITY. 14 § 9.1-1500. Definitions. 15 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Certification form" means a certification form or declaration completed by a certifying agency that 16 17 is required by federal immigration law certifying that a person is a victim of qualifying criminal activity. Such form or declaration may include any information required (i) by 8 U.S.C. § 1184(p), including the 18 current United States Citizenship and Immigration Services Form I-918, Supplement B, or any successor 19 20 form for purposes of obtaining a U visa, or (ii) by 8 U.S.C. § 1184(o), including the current United 21 States Citizenship and Immigration Services Form I-914, Supplement B, or any successor form for 22 purposes of obtaining a T visa. 'Certifying agency" means a state or local law-enforcement agency, an attorney for the 23 24 Commonwealth, the Attorney General, or any other agency or department employing law-enforcement 25 officers as defined in § 9.1-101 that has responsibility for the investigation or prosecution of a 26 qualifying criminal activity. 27 "Certifying official" means (i) the head of the certifying agency, a law-enforcement officer as defined 28 in § 9.1-101, or any person employed by a certifying agency in a supervisory role who has been 29 specifically designated by the head of the certifying agency to issue U nonimmigrant status certifications 30 on behalf of that agency or (ii) a federal or state judge or justice. A certifying official may act on behalf of his employing certifying agency or on behalf of another certifying agency through an 31 32 agreement with the other certifying agency. Each certifying agency shall designate at least one certifying 33 official for its agency. 34 "Oualifying criminal activity" means any activity, regardless of the stage of detection, investigation, 35 or prosecution, designated in 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(iii), or in any implementing federal regulations, 36 supplementary information, guidance, and instructions. 37 "Victim of qualifying criminal activity" means a person described in 8 U.S.C. 38 1101(a)(15)(U)(i)(III), in the definition of "victim of a severe form of trafficking" in 22 U.S.C. 39 § 7102(11), or in any implementing federal regulations, supplementary information, guidance, and 40 instructions. 41 § 9.1-1501. Certifications for victims of qualifying criminal activity. 42 A. A certifying official shall (i) respond to requests for completion of certification forms received by 43 the agency, as required by this section, and (ii) make information regarding the agency's procedures for 44 certification requests publicly available for victims of qualifying criminal activity and their 45 representatives. B. Any person seeking completion of a certification form shall first submit a request for completion 46 47 of the certification form to any certifying official for the certifying agency that detected, investigated, or **48** prosecuted the criminal activity upon which the request is based. 49 C. A request for completion of a certification form under this section may be submitted by the victim 50 of qualifying criminal activity or a representative of the person seeking the certification form. Such 51 representative of the person may include an attorney, a licensed clinical social worker, a guardian ad litem, or an employee of a crime victim and witness assistance program or a domestic violence or 52 53 sexual assault services provider. 54 D. Upon receiving a request for completion of a certification form, a certifying official shall provide 55 a response to the request within 120 days. Within such time, the certifying official shall complete the certification except (i) if the person making the request for completion of the certification form is in 56 federal immigration removal proceedings or detained, the certifying official shall complete and provide 57 the certification form to the person no later than 21 business days after the request is received by the 58

certifying agency; (ii) if the twenty-first birthdate of the applicant's children or the eighteenth birthdate

2/17/21 10:25

59

Ŋ

SB1468S1

60 of the applicant's sibling is within 120 days of the date of the request, the certifying official shall respond within 30 days; (iii) if the person's children, parents, or siblings under clause (ii) would become ineligible for benefits under 8 U.S.C. § 1184(p) and 1184(o) in less than 21 business days of 61 62 63 receipt of the certification request, the certifying official shall complete and provide a certification form 64 to the person within seven days; or (iv) a certifying official may extend the time period by which it must 65 complete and provide the certification form to the person as required under this subsection upon written 66 agreement with the person or person's representative. If the certifying official cannot determine whether 67 the applicant is a victim of qualifying criminal activity or determines that the applicant does not qualify, the certifying official shall provide a written explanation to the person or the person's representative 68 69 setting forth reasons why the available evidence does not support a finding that the person is a victim of 70 qualifying criminal activity.

71 Requests for expedited completion of a certification form under clause (i), (ii), or (iii) shall be 72 affirmatively raised by the person or that person's representative in writing to the certifying agency and shall establish that the person is eligible for expedited review. 73

74 E. A certifying official who issued an initial certification form shall complete and reissue a 75 certification form within 90 business days of receiving a request from a victim to reissue the certification form. If the victim seeking recertification has a deadline to respond to a request for 76 77 evidence from United States Citizenship and Immigration Services, the certifying official shall complete 78 and issue the form no later than 21 business days after the request is received by the certifying official. 79 Requests for expedited recertification shall be affirmatively raised by the victim or victim's representative in writing and shall establish that the victim is eligible for expedited review. A certifying 80 81 official may extend the deadline by which he will complete and reissue the certification form only upon 82 written agreement with the victim or victim's representative.

83 F. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a certifying official's completion of a 84 certification form shall not be considered sufficient evidence that an applicant for a U or T visa has met 85 all eligibility requirements for that visa, and completion of a certification form by a certifying official 86 shall not be construed to guarantee that the victim will receive federal immigration relief. It is the 87 exclusive responsibility of federal immigration officials to determine whether a person is eligible for a U88 or T visa. Completion of a certification form by a certifying official merely verifies factual information 89 relevant to the federal immigration benefit sought, including information relevant for federal 90 immigration officials to determine eligibility for a U or T visa. By completing a certification form, the 91 certifying official attests that the information is true and correct to the best of the certifying official's 92 knowledge. No provision in this chapter limits the manner in which a certifying official or certifying 93 agency may describe whether the person has cooperated or been helpful to the agency or provide any 94 additional information the certifying official or certifying agency believes might be relevant to a federal immigration officer's adjudication of a U or T visa application. If, after completion of a certification 95 96 form, the certifying official later determines that the person was not the victim of qualifying criminal 97 activity or the victim unreasonably refuses to assist in the investigation or prosecution of the qualifying 98 criminal activity of which he is a victim, the certifying official may notify United States Citizenship and 99 Immigration Services in writing.

100 G. A certifying official or agency receiving requests for completion of certification forms shall not 101 disclose the immigration status of a victim or person requesting the certification form, except to comply 102 with federal or state law or a legal process or if authorized by the victim or person requesting the 103 certification form. 104

§ 9.1-1502. Proceedings for Enforcement of Chapter.

105 A. A certifying agency or certifying official acting or failing to act in good faith in compliance with 106 this chapter shall have immunity from civil or criminal liability that may otherwise occur as a result of 107 so acting or failing to act, except for gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.

108 B. If a certifying agency fails to respond within the statutory timeframes or refuses to certify that an 109 applicant was a victim of qualifying criminal activity, the applicant may petition a circuit court to review the determination of the certifying agency within 30 days of such determination or within 30 110 111 days of the expiration of the statutory timeframe in subsection D. The circuit court shall conduct an 112 evidentiary hearing on such petition within 30 days of the filing of the petition. Upon conducting a 113 hearing and the circuit court being satisfied that the applicant having proven their eligibility for 114 completion of a certification form by a preponderance of the evidence and the circuit court having found that the certifying agency's refusal to sign was unreasonable, a circuit court judge may execute 115 116 the certification form. In assessing the reasonableness of the certifying agency's decision or failure to respond, the circuit court may consider whether the applicant has complied with the terms of this 117 section and whether circumstances exist that would justify a deferral of a decision including whether a 118 119 certification would jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation or prosecution or the safety of an 120 individual, cause a suspect to flee or evade detection, result in the destruction of evidence, or the 121 applicant's cooperation is not complete.

Upon finding that the certifying agency denied the application without a factual or legal justification,
or failed to respond to the applicant, the circuit court shall make an award of reasonable costs and
attorney fees to a prevailing applicant. Such determination shall be without prejudice to any future
proceeding premised upon a material change in circumstances.

126 C. Any petition filed pursuant to subsection B, along with the record of all hearings and all other
 127 pleadings and papers filed, and orders entered in connection with such petition shall be kept under seal
 128 by the clerk unless otherwise ordered by the court.

129 D. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to alter or diminish the duties and requirements of a

130 law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, the attorney for the Commonwealth, or the Attorney
 131 General from disclosing exculpatory information to a defendant in a criminal case.

SENATE SUBSTITUTE