

2021 SPECIAL SESSION I

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SENATE BILL NO. 1256

Offered January 13, 2021

Prefiled January 12, 2021

A *BILL to amend and reenact §§ 9.1-102, 9.1-108, and 9.1-112, as they shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, relating to membership on Criminal Justice Services Board and Committee on Training; law-enforcement training.*

Patron—Marsden

Referred to Committee on the Judiciary

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 9.1-102, 9.1-108, and 9.1-112, as they shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 9.1-102. (Effective March 1, 2021) Powers and duties of the Board and the Department.

The Department, under the direction of the Board, which shall be the policy-making body for carrying out the duties and powers hereunder, shall have the power and duty to:

1. Adopt regulations, pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), for the administration of this chapter including the authority to require the submission of reports and information by law-enforcement officers within the Commonwealth. Any proposed regulations concerning the privacy, confidentiality, and security of criminal justice information shall be submitted for review and comment to any board, commission, or committee or other body which may be established by the General Assembly to regulate the privacy, confidentiality, and security of information collected and maintained by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof;

2. Establish compulsory minimum training standards subsequent to employment as a law-enforcement officer in (i) permanent positions and (ii) temporary or probationary status and establish the time required for completion of such training. Such compulsory minimum training standards shall include crisis intervention training in accordance with clause (i) of § 9.1-188;

3. Establish minimum training standards and qualifications for certification and recertification for law-enforcement officers serving as field training officers;

4. Establish compulsory minimum curriculum requirements for in-service and advanced courses and programs for schools, whether located in or outside the Commonwealth, which are operated for the specific purpose of training law-enforcement officers;

5. Establish (i) compulsory minimum training standards for law-enforcement officers who utilize radar or an electrical or microcomputer device to measure the speed of motor vehicles as provided in § 46.2-882 and establish the time required for completion of the training and (ii) compulsory minimum qualifications for certification and recertification of instructors who provide such training;

6. [Repealed];

7. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service and advanced training standards for those persons designated to provide courthouse and courtroom security pursuant to the provisions of § 53.1-120, and to establish the time required for completion of such training;

8. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service and advanced training standards for deputy sheriffs designated to serve process pursuant to the provisions of § 8.01-293, and establish the time required for the completion of such training;

9. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service, and advanced training standards, as well as the time required for completion of such training, for persons employed as deputy sheriffs and jail officers by local criminal justice agencies and correctional officers employed by the Department of Corrections under the provisions of Title 53.1. For correctional officers employed by the Department of Corrections, such standards shall include training on the general care of pregnant women, the impact of restraints on pregnant inmates and fetuses, the impact of being placed in restrictive housing or solitary confinement on pregnant inmates, and the impact of body cavity searches on pregnant inmates;

10. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for all dispatchers employed by or in any local or state government agency, whose duties include the dispatching of law-enforcement personnel. Such training standards shall apply only to dispatchers hired on or after July 1, 1988;

11. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for all auxiliary police officers employed by or in any local or state government agency. Such training shall be graduated and based on the type of duties to be performed by the auxiliary police officers. Such training standards shall not apply to auxiliary police officers exempt pursuant to § 15.2-1731;

12. Consult and cooperate with counties, municipalities, agencies of the Commonwealth, other state

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59 and federal governmental agencies, and institutions of higher education within or outside the
60 Commonwealth, concerning the development of police training schools and programs or courses of
61 instruction;

62 13. Approve institutions, curricula and facilities, whether located in or outside the Commonwealth,
63 for school operation for the specific purpose of training law-enforcement officers; but this shall not
64 prevent the holding of any such school whether approved or not;

65 14. Establish and maintain police training programs through such agencies and institutions as the
66 Board deems appropriate;

67 15. Establish compulsory minimum qualifications of certification and recertification for instructors in
68 criminal justice training academies approved by the Department;

69 16. Conduct and stimulate research by public and private agencies which shall be designed to
70 improve police administration and law enforcement;

71 17. Make recommendations concerning any matter within its purview pursuant to this chapter;

72 18. Coordinate its activities with those of any interstate system for the exchange of criminal history
73 record information, nominate one or more of its members to serve upon the council or committee of any
74 such system, and participate when and as deemed appropriate in any such system's activities and
75 programs;

76 19. Conduct inquiries and investigations it deems appropriate to carry out its functions under this
77 chapter and, in conducting such inquiries and investigations, may require any criminal justice agency to
78 submit information, reports, and statistical data with respect to its policy and operation of information
79 systems or with respect to its collection, storage, dissemination, and usage of criminal history record
80 information and correctional status information, and such criminal justice agencies shall submit such
81 information, reports, and data as are reasonably required;

82 20. Conduct audits as required by § 9.1-131;

83 21. Conduct a continuing study and review of questions of individual privacy and confidentiality of
84 criminal history record information and correctional status information;

85 22. Advise criminal justice agencies and initiate educational programs for such agencies with respect
86 to matters of privacy, confidentiality, and security as they pertain to criminal history record information
87 and correctional status information;

88 23. Maintain a liaison with any board, commission, committee, or other body which may be
89 established by law, executive order, or resolution to regulate the privacy and security of information
90 collected by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof;

91 24. Adopt regulations establishing guidelines and standards for the collection, storage, and
92 dissemination of criminal history record information and correctional status information, and the privacy,
93 confidentiality, and security thereof necessary to implement state and federal statutes, regulations, and
94 court orders;

95 25. Operate a statewide criminal justice research center, which shall maintain an integrated criminal
96 justice information system, produce reports, provide technical assistance to state and local criminal
97 justice data system users, and provide analysis and interpretation of criminal justice statistical
98 information;

99 26. Develop a comprehensive, statewide, long-range plan for strengthening and improving law
100 enforcement and the administration of criminal justice throughout the Commonwealth, and periodically
101 update that plan;

102 27. Cooperate with, and advise and assist, all agencies, departments, boards and institutions of the
103 Commonwealth, and units of general local government, or combinations thereof, including planning
104 district commissions, in planning, developing, and administering programs, projects, comprehensive
105 plans, and other activities for improving law enforcement and the administration of criminal justice
106 throughout the Commonwealth, including allocating and subgranting funds for these purposes;

107 28. Define, develop, organize, encourage, conduct, coordinate, and administer programs, projects and
108 activities for the Commonwealth and units of general local government, or combinations thereof, in the
109 Commonwealth, designed to strengthen and improve law enforcement and the administration of criminal
110 justice at every level throughout the Commonwealth;

111 29. Review and evaluate programs, projects, and activities, and recommend, where necessary,
112 revisions or alterations to such programs, projects, and activities for the purpose of improving law
113 enforcement and the administration of criminal justice;

114 30. Coordinate the activities and projects of the state departments, agencies, and boards of the
115 Commonwealth and of the units of general local government, or combination thereof, including planning
116 district commissions, relating to the preparation, adoption, administration, and implementation of
117 comprehensive plans to strengthen and improve law enforcement and the administration of criminal
118 justice;

119 31. Do all things necessary on behalf of the Commonwealth and its units of general local
120 government, to determine and secure benefits available under the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe

Streets Act of 1968 (P.L. 90-351, 82 Stat. 197), as amended, and under any other federal acts and programs for strengthening and improving law enforcement, the administration of criminal justice, and delinquency prevention and control;

32. Receive, administer, and expend all funds and other assistance available to the Board and the Department for carrying out the purposes of this chapter and the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended;

33. Apply for and accept grants from the United States government or any other source in carrying out the purposes of this chapter and accept any and all donations both real and personal, and grants of money from any governmental unit or public agency, or from any institution, person, firm or corporation, and may receive, utilize and dispose of the same. Any arrangements pursuant to this section shall be detailed in the annual report of the Board. Such report shall include the identity of the donor, the nature of the transaction, and the conditions, if any. Any moneys received pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the state treasury to the account of the Department. To these ends, the Board shall have the power to comply with conditions and execute such agreements as may be necessary;

34. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and execution of its powers under this chapter, including but not limited to, contracts with the United States, units of general local government or combinations thereof, in Virginia or other states, and with agencies and departments of the Commonwealth;

35. Adopt and administer reasonable regulations for the planning and implementation of programs and activities and for the allocation, expenditure and subgranting of funds available to the Commonwealth and to units of general local government, and for carrying out the purposes of this chapter and the powers and duties set forth herein;

36. Certify and decertify law-enforcement officers in accordance with §§ 15.2-1706 and 15.2-1707;

37. Establish training standards and publish and periodically update model policies for law-enforcement personnel in the following subjects:

a. The handling of family abuse, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking cases, including standards for determining the predominant physical aggressor in accordance with § 19.2-81.3. The Department shall provide technical support and assistance to law-enforcement agencies in carrying out the requirements set forth in subsection A of § 9.1-1301;

b. Communication with and facilitation of the safe return of individuals diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease;

c. Sensitivity to and awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural diversity, and the potential for racially biased policing and bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1, which shall include recognizing implicit biases in interacting with persons who have a mental illness, substance use disorder, or developmental or cognitive disability;

d. Protocols for local and regional sexual assault response teams;

e. Communication of death notifications;

f. The questioning of individuals suspected of driving while intoxicated concerning the physical location of such individual's last consumption of an alcoholic beverage and the communication of such information to the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority;

g. Vehicle patrol duties that embody current best practices for pursuits and for responding to emergency calls;

h. Criminal investigations that embody current best practices for conducting photographic and live lineups;

i. Sensitivity to and awareness of human trafficking offenses and the identification of victims of human trafficking offenses for personnel involved in criminal investigations or assigned to vehicle or street patrol duties;

j. Missing children, missing adults, and search and rescue protocol; and

k. The handling and use of tear gas or other gases and kinetic impact munitions, as defined in § 19.2-83.3, that embody current best practices for using such items as a crowd control measure or during an arrest or detention of another person;

38. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training and the recertification of law-enforcement officers to ensure (i) sensitivity to and awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural diversity, and the potential for racially biased policing and bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1, which shall include recognizing implicit biases in interacting with persons who have a mental illness, substance use disorder, or developmental or cognitive disability; (ii) training in de-escalation techniques; and (iii) training in the lawful use of force, including the use of deadly force, as defined in § 19.2-83.3, only when necessary to protect the law-enforcement officer or another person;

39. Review and evaluate community-policing programs in the Commonwealth, and recommend where necessary statewide operating procedures, guidelines, and standards that strengthen and improve such programs, including sensitivity to and awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural diversity,

182 and the potential for racially biased policing and bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1, which
183 shall include recognizing implicit biases in interacting with persons who have a mental illness, substance
184 use disorder, or developmental or cognitive disability;

185 40. Establish a Virginia Law-Enforcement Accreditation Center. The Center may, in cooperation with
186 Virginia law-enforcement agencies, provide technical assistance and administrative support, including
187 staffing, for the establishment of voluntary state law-enforcement accreditation standards. The Center
188 may provide accreditation assistance and training, resource material, and research into methods and
189 procedures that will assist the Virginia law-enforcement community efforts to obtain Virginia
190 accreditation status;

191 41. Promote community policing philosophy and practice throughout the Commonwealth by
192 providing community policing training and technical assistance statewide to all law-enforcement
193 agencies, community groups, public and private organizations and citizens; developing and distributing
194 innovative policing curricula and training tools on general community policing philosophy and practice
195 and contemporary critical issues facing Virginia communities; serving as a consultant to Virginia
196 organizations with specific community policing needs; facilitating continued development and
197 implementation of community policing programs statewide through discussion forums for community
198 policing leaders, development of law-enforcement instructors; promoting a statewide community policing
199 initiative; and serving as a statewide information source on the subject of community policing including,
200 but not limited to periodic newsletters, a website and an accessible lending library;

201 42. Establish, in consultation with the Department of Education and the Virginia State Crime
202 Commission, compulsory minimum standards for employment and job-entry and in-service training
203 curricula and certification requirements for school security officers, including school security officers
204 described in clause (b) of § 22.1-280.2:1, which training and certification shall be administered by the
205 Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety (VCSCS) pursuant to § 9.1-184. Such training standards
206 shall be specific to the role and responsibility of school security officers and shall include (i) relevant
207 state and federal laws; (ii) school and personal liability issues; (iii) security awareness in the school
208 environment; (iv) mediation and conflict resolution, including de-escalation techniques such as a physical
209 alternative to restraint; (v) disaster and emergency response; (vi) awareness of systemic and individual
210 racism, cultural diversity, and implicit bias; (vii) working with students with disabilities, mental health
211 needs, substance use disorders, and past traumatic experiences; and (viii) student behavioral dynamics,
212 including child and adolescent development and brain research. The Department shall establish an
213 advisory committee consisting of local school board representatives, principals, superintendents, and
214 school security personnel to assist in the development of the standards and certification requirements in
215 this subdivision. The Department shall require any school security officer who carries a firearm in the
216 performance of his duties to provide proof that he has completed a training course provided by a
217 federal, state, or local law-enforcement agency that includes training in active shooter emergency
218 response, emergency evacuation procedure, and threat assessment;

219 43. License and regulate property bail bondsmen and surety bail bondsmen in accordance with
220 Article 11 (§ 9.1-185 et seq.);

221 44. License and regulate bail enforcement agents in accordance with Article 12 (§ 9.1-186 et seq.);

222 45. In conjunction with the Virginia State Police and the State Compensation Board, advise criminal
223 justice agencies regarding the investigation, registration, and dissemination of information requirements
224 as they pertain to the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry Act (§ 9.1-900 et seq.);

225 46. Establish minimum standards for (i) employment, (ii) job-entry and in-service training curricula,
226 and (iii) certification requirements for campus security officers. Such training standards shall include, but
227 not be limited to, the role and responsibility of campus security officers, relevant state and federal laws,
228 school and personal liability issues, security awareness in the campus environment, and disaster and
229 emergency response. The Department shall provide technical support and assistance to campus police
230 departments and campus security departments on the establishment and implementation of policies and
231 procedures, including but not limited to: the management of such departments, investigatory procedures,
232 judicial referrals, the establishment and management of databases for campus safety and security
233 information sharing, and development of uniform record keeping for disciplinary records and statistics,
234 such as campus crime logs, judicial referrals and Clery Act statistics. The Department shall establish an
235 advisory committee consisting of college administrators, college police chiefs, college security
236 department chiefs, and local law-enforcement officials to assist in the development of the standards and
237 certification requirements and training pursuant to this subdivision;

238 47. Assess and report, in accordance with § 9.1-190, the crisis intervention team programs established
239 pursuant to § 9.1-187;

240 48. In conjunction with the Office of the Attorney General, advise law-enforcement agencies and
241 attorneys for the Commonwealth regarding the identification, investigation, and prosecution of human
242 trafficking offenses using the common law and existing criminal statutes in the Code of Virginia;

243 49. Register tow truck drivers in accordance with § 46.2-116 and carry out the provisions of

§ 46.2-117;

50. Administer the activities of the Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Program Professional Standards Committee by providing technical assistance and administrative support, including staffing, for the Committee;

51. In accordance with § 9.1-102.1, design and approve the issuance of photo-identification cards to private security services registrants registered pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.);

52. In consultation with the State Council of Higher Education for Virginia and the Virginia Association of Campus Law Enforcement Administrators, develop multidisciplinary curricula on trauma-informed sexual assault investigation;

53. In consultation with the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, develop a model addiction recovery program that may be administered by sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, jail officers, administrators, or superintendents in any local or regional jail. Such program shall be based on any existing addiction recovery programs that are being administered by any local or regional jails in the Commonwealth. Participation in the model addiction recovery program shall be voluntary, and such program may address aspects of the recovery process, including medical and clinical recovery, peer-to-peer support, availability of mental health resources, family dynamics, and aftercare aspects of the recovery process;

54. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for certification and recertification of law-enforcement officers serving as school resource officers. Such training shall be specific to the role and responsibility of a law-enforcement officer working with students in a school environment and shall include (i) relevant state and federal laws; (ii) school and personal liability issues; (iii) security awareness in the school environment; (iv) mediation and conflict resolution, including de-escalation techniques; (v) disaster and emergency response; (vi) awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural diversity, and implicit bias; (vii) working with students with disabilities, mental health needs, substance use disorders, or past traumatic experiences; and (viii) student behavioral dynamics, including current child and adolescent development and brain research;

55. Establish a model policy for the operation of body-worn camera systems as defined in § 15.2-1723.1 that also addresses the storage and maintenance of body-worn camera system records;

56. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for detector canine handlers employed by the Department of Corrections, standards for the training and retention of detector canines used by the Department of Corrections, and a central database on the performance and effectiveness of such detector canines that requires the Department of Corrections to submit comprehensive information on each canine handler and detector canine, including the number and types of calls and searches, substances searched for and whether or not detected, and the number of false positives, false negatives, true positives, and true negatives;

57. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training of law-enforcement officers for recognizing and managing stress, self-care techniques, and resiliency;

58. Establish guidelines and standards for psychological examinations conducted pursuant to subsection C of § 15.2-1705;

59. Establish compulsory in-service training standards, *to include frequency of retraining*, for law-enforcement officers in the following subjects: (i) relevant state and federal laws; (ii) awareness of cultural diversity and the potential for bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1; (iii) de-escalation techniques; (iv) working with individuals with disabilities, mental health needs, or substance use disorders; and (v) the lawful use of force, including the use of deadly force, as defined in § 19.2-83.3, only when necessary to protect the law-enforcement officer or another person;

60. Develop a uniform curriculum and lesson plans for the compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service, and advanced training standards to be employed by criminal justice training academies approved by the Department when conducting training;

61. Adopt statewide professional standards of conduct applicable to all certified law-enforcement officers and certified jail officers and appropriate due process procedures for decertification based on serious misconduct in violation of those standards;

62. Establish and administer a waiver process, in accordance with §§ 2.2-5515 and 15.2-1721.1, for law-enforcement agencies to use certain military property. Any waivers granted by the Criminal Justice Services Board shall be published by the Department on the Department's website;

63. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training and the recertification of law-enforcement officers to include crisis intervention training in accordance with clause (ii) of § 9.1-188;

64. Advise and assist the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and support local law-enforcement cooperation, with the development and implementation of the Marcus alert system, as defined in § 37.2-311.1, including the establishment of local protocols for law-enforcement participation in the Marcus alert system pursuant to § 9.1-193 and for reporting requirements pursuant to

305 §§ 9.1-193 and 37.2-311.1; and

306 65. Perform such other acts as may be necessary or convenient for the effective performance of its
307 duties.

308 **§ 9.1-108. (Effective March 1, 2021) Criminal Justice Services Board membership; terms;**
309 **vacancies; members not disqualified from holding other offices; designation of chairmen; meetings;**
310 **compensation.**

311 A. The Criminal Justice Services Board is established as a policy board within the meaning of
312 § 2.2-2100, in the executive branch of state government. The Board shall consist of 32 members as
313 follows: the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Virginia, or his designee; the Attorney General or his
314 designee; the Superintendent of the Department of State Police; the Director of the Department of
315 Corrections; the Director of the Department of Juvenile Justice; the Chairman of the Parole Board; the
316 Executive Director of the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission or his designee; and the Executive
317 Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia. In those instances in which the Executive Secretary of the
318 Supreme Court of Virginia, the Superintendent of the Department of State Police, the Director of the
319 Department of Corrections, the Director of the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Chairman of the
320 Parole Board will be absent from a Board meeting, he may appoint a member of his staff to represent
321 him at the meeting.

322 Twenty members shall be appointed by the Governor from among citizens of the Commonwealth. At
323 least one shall be a representative of a crime victims' organization or a victim of crime as defined in
324 subsection B of § 19.2-11.01, one shall be a representative of a social justice organization *that is*
325 *engaged in advancing inclusion and human rights*, one shall be a mental health service provider, and
326 two shall represent community interests, at least one of whom shall represent the community interests of
327 minority individuals from one of the four groups defined in subsection F of § 2.2-4310. The remainder
328 shall be representative of the broad categories of state and local governments, criminal justice systems,
329 and law-enforcement agencies, including but not limited to, police officials, sheriffs, attorneys for the
330 Commonwealth, defense counsel, the judiciary, correctional and rehabilitative activities, and other locally
331 elected and appointed administrative and legislative officials. Among these members there shall be two
332 sheriffs representing the Virginia Sheriffs' Association selected from among names submitted by the
333 Association; one member who is an active duty law-enforcement officer appointed after consideration of
334 the names, if any, submitted by police or fraternal associations that have memberships of at least 1,000;
335 two representatives of the Virginia Association of Chiefs of Police appointed after consideration of the
336 names submitted by the Association, if any; one attorney for the Commonwealth appointed after
337 consideration of the names submitted by the Virginia Association of Commonwealth's Attorneys, if any;
338 one person who is a mayor, city or town manager, or member of a city or town council representing the
339 Virginia Municipal League appointed after consideration of the names submitted by the League, if any;
340 one person who is a county executive, manager, or member of a county board of supervisors
341 representing the Virginia Association of Counties appointed after consideration of the names submitted
342 by the Association, if any; one member representing the Virginia Association of Campus Law
343 Enforcement Administrators appointed after consideration of the names submitted by the Association, if
344 any; one member of the Private Security Services Advisory Board; and one representative of the
345 Virginia Association of Regional Jails appointed after consideration of the names submitted by the
346 Association, if any.

347 Four members of the Board shall be members of the General Assembly appointed as follows: one
348 member of the House Committee on Appropriations appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates
349 after consideration of the recommendation by the committee's chairman; one member of the House
350 Committee for Courts of Justice appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates after consideration
351 of the recommendation by the committee's chairman; one member of the Senate Committee on Finance
352 and Appropriations appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules after consideration of the
353 recommendation of the chairman of the Senate Committee on Finance and Appropriations; and one
354 member of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules after
355 consideration of the recommendation of the chairman of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary. The
356 legislative members shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office and shall serve as ex officio,
357 nonvoting members. Legislative members may be reappointed for successive terms.

358 B. The members of the Board appointed by the Governor shall serve for terms of four years,
359 provided that no member shall serve beyond the time when he holds the office or employment by
360 reason of which he was initially eligible for appointment. Gubernatorial appointed members of the Board
361 shall not be eligible to serve for more than two consecutive full terms. Three or more years within a
362 four-year period shall be deemed a full term. Any vacancy on the Board shall be filled in the same
363 manner as the original appointment, but for the unexpired term.

364 C. The Governor shall appoint a chairman of the Board for a two-year term. No member shall be
365 eligible to serve more than two consecutive terms as chairman. The Board shall designate one or more
366 vice-chairmen from among its members, who shall serve at the pleasure of the Board.

367 D. Notwithstanding any provision of any statute, ordinance, local law, or charter provision to the
368 contrary, membership on the Board shall not disqualify any member from holding any other public
369 office or employment, or cause the forfeiture thereof.

370 E. The Board shall hold no less than four regular meetings a year. Subject to the requirements of this
371 subsection, the chairman shall fix the times and places of meetings, either on his own motion or upon
372 written request of any five members of the Board.

373 F. The Board may adopt bylaws for its operation.

374 G. Legislative members of the Board shall receive such compensation as provided in § 30-19.12 and
375 nonlegislative citizen members shall receive such compensation as provided in § 2.2-2813 for the
376 performance of their duties. All members shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses
377 incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825. Funding for the
378 costs of compensation and expenses of the members shall be provided by the Department of Criminal
379 Justice Services.

380 **§ 9.1-112. (Effective March 1, 2021) Committee on Training; membership.**

381 There is created a permanent Committee on Training under the Board that shall be the policy-making
382 body responsible to the Board for effecting the provisions of subdivisions 2 through 17 of § 9.1-102.
383 The Committee on Training shall be composed of 19 members of the Board as follows: the
384 Superintendent of the Department of State Police; the Director of the Department of Corrections; a
385 member of the Private Security Services Advisory Board; the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court
386 of Virginia; two sheriffs representing the Virginia Sheriffs' Association; two representatives of the
387 Virginia Association of Chiefs of Police; the active-duty law-enforcement officer representing police and
388 fraternal associations; the attorney for the Commonwealth representing the Virginia Association of
389 Commonwealth's Attorneys; an attorney representing the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission; a
390 representative of the Virginia Municipal League; a representative of the Virginia Association of
391 Counties; a mental health service provider; a regional jail superintendent representing the Virginia
392 Association of Regional Jails; one citizen representing a social justice organization *that is engaged in*
393 *advancing inclusion and human rights*; two citizens representing community interests, at least one of
394 whom shall represent the community interests of minority individuals from one of the four groups
395 defined in subsection F of § 2.2-4310; and one member designated by the chairman of the Board from
396 among the other appointments made by the Governor.

397 The Committee on Training shall annually elect its chairman from among its members.

398 The Committee on Training may appoint curriculum review committees to assist the Committee on
399 Training in carrying out its duties under this section. Any curriculum review committee shall be
400 composed of nine members appointed by the Committee on Training. At least one member shall be a
401 representative from the Department of State Police Training Academy, one member shall be a
402 representative of a regional criminal justice academy, one member shall be a representative of an
403 independent criminal justice academy, and one member shall be a representative of a community-based
404 organization. The remainder shall be selected from names submitted by the Department of individuals
405 with relevant experience.