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HOUSE BILL NO. 2331

2 Offered January 22, 2021 3 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 3.2-4212, 4.1-302, 18.2-186.4, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.03, 4 18.2-248.1, 18.2-248.5, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 46.2-357, and 46.2-391 of the Code of Virginia and to 5 amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 19.2-303.03, relating to elimination of 6 mandatory minimum sentences; modification of sentence to mandatory minimum term of confinement 7 for felony offenses. 8

Patrons-Mullin and Herring

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 3.2-4212, 4.1-302, 18.2-186.4, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-248.5, 13

18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 46.2-357, and 46.2-391 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted 14 and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 19.2-303.03 as follows: 15 16

§ 3.2-4212. Penalties and other remedies.

17 A. In addition to any other civil or criminal penalty or remedy provided by law, upon a determination that any person has violated § 3.2-4207 or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, the 18 19 Commissioner may revoke or suspend such person's privilege to purchase tax stamps at a discounted rate. Each stamp affixed and each offer to sell cigarettes in violation of § 3.2-4207 shall constitute a separate violation. Upon a determination of a violation of § 3.2-4207 or any regulations adopted 20 21 22 pursuant thereto, the Commissioner may also impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed the 23 greater of (i) 500 percent of the retail value of the cigarettes sold or (ii) \$5,000.

24 B. Any cigarettes that have been sold, offered for sale or possessed for sale in the Commonwealth, 25 or imported for personal consumption in the Commonwealth, in violation of § 3.2-4207, shall be deemed contraband and may not be sold or offered for sale unless such cigarettes are listed in the Directory. 26 27 Any such cigarettes that are sold or offered for sale when not included in the Directory shall be subject 28 to confiscation and forfeiture. Any such confiscation and forfeiture shall be governed by the procedures 29 contained in Chapter 22.1 (§ 19.2-386.1 et seq.) of Title 19.2, which shall apply mutatis mutandis; 30 except that all such cigarettes so confiscated and forfeited shall be destroyed and not resold.

31 C. The Attorney General may seek an injunction to restrain a threatened or actual violation of § 3.2-4207, subsection A of § 3.2-4209, subsection B of § 3.2-4209, or subsection C of § 3.2-4209 by a 32 33 stamping agent and to compel the stamping agent to comply with such provisions. In any action brought 34 pursuant to this subsection in which the Commonwealth prevails, the Commonwealth shall be entitled to 35 recover the reasonable costs of investigation, costs of the action and reasonable attorney fees.

36 D. It shall be unlawful for a person to (i) sell or distribute cigarettes or (ii) acquire, hold, own, 37 possess, transport, import, or cause to be imported cigarettes that the person knows or should know are intended for distribution or sale in the Commonwealth in violation of § 3.2-4207. A violation of this 38 39 section involving less than 3,000 packages of cigarettes is a Class 1 misdemeanor. A violation of this 40 section involving 3,000 or more packages of cigarettes is a Class 1 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, 41 the sentence of such person shall include a mandatory minimum term of confinement of 90 days. 42

§ 4.1-302. Illegal sale of alcoholic beverages in general; penalty.

43 If any person who is not licensed sells any alcoholic beverages except as permitted by this title, he shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 44

In the event of a second or subsequent conviction under this section, a jail sentence of no less than 45 46 thirty days shall be imposed and in no case be suspended. 47

§ 18.2-186.4. Use of a person's identity with the intent to coerce, intimidate, or harass; penalty.

It shall be unlawful for any person, with the intent to coerce, intimidate, or harass another person, to 48 49 publish the person's name or photograph along with identifying information as defined in clauses (iii) 50 through (ix), or clause (xii) of subsection C of § 18.2-186.3, or identification of the person's primary 51 residence address. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

52 Any person who violates this section knowing or having reason to know that person is a 53 law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, is guilty of a Class 6 felony. The sentence shall 54 include a mandatory minimum term of confinement of six months.

55 § 18.2-248. Manufacturing, selling, giving, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute a controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance 56 57 prohibited; penalties.

58 A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it shall be unlawful for any HB2331

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59 person to manufacture, sell, give, distribute, or possess with intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute 60 a controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance.

61 B. In determining whether any person intends to manufacture, sell, give or distribute an imitation 62 controlled substance, the court may consider, in addition to all other relevant evidence, whether any 63 distribution or attempted distribution of such pill, capsule, tablet or substance in any other form 64 whatsoever included an exchange of or a demand for money or other property as consideration, and, if 65 so, whether the amount of such consideration was substantially greater than the reasonable value of such pill, capsule, tablet or substance in any other form whatsoever, considering the actual chemical 66 composition of such pill, capsule, tablet or substance in any other form whatsoever and, where 67 applicable, the price at which over-the-counter substances of like chemical composition sell. **68**

C. Except as provided in subsection C1, any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II shall upon conviction be imprisoned for not less than 69 70 five nor more than 40 years and fined not more than \$500,000. Upon a second conviction of such a 71 violation, and it is alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information that the person has been before 72 convicted of such an offense or of a substantially similar offense in any other jurisdiction, which offense 73 74 would be a felony if committed in the Commonwealth, and such prior conviction occurred before the 75 date of the offense alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, any such person may, in the discretion of the court or jury imposing the sentence, be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for any 76 77 period not less than five years, three years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 78 imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence, and he shall be fined not more than 79 \$500,000.

80 When a person is convicted of a third or subsequent offense under this subsection and it is alleged in 81 the warrant, indictment or information that he has been before convicted of two or more such offenses or of substantially similar offenses in any other jurisdiction which offenses would be felonies if 82 83 committed in the Commonwealth and such prior convictions occurred before the date of the offense 84 alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, he shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for a period of not less than 10 years, 10 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 85 imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence, and he shall be fined not more than 86 87 \$500,000.

88 Any person who manufactures, sells, gives, distributes or possesses with the intent to manufacture, 89 sell, give, or distribute the following is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 90 million and imprisonment for five years to life, five years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term 91 of imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence: 92

1. 100 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

2. 500 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

94 a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and 95 derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed; 96

b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

98 d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of any of the substances 99 referred to in subdivisions 2a through 2c;

100 3. 250 grams or more of a mixture or substance described in subdivisions 2a through 2d that contain cocaine base: or 101

102 4. 10 grams or more of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or 20 grams or 103 more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, 104 or salts of its isomers.

105 The mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be imposed for a violation of this subsection shall 106 not be applicable if the court finds that:

a. The person does not have a prior conviction for an offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805;

108 b. The person did not use violence or credible threats of violence or possess a firearm or other 109 dangerous weapon in connection with the offense or induce another participant in the offense to do so; 110 c. The offense did not result in death or serious bodily injury to any person;

d. The person was not an organizer, leader, manager, or supervisor of others in the offense, and was 111 not engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise as defined in subsection I; and

112 113 e. Not later than the time of the sentencing hearing, the person has truthfully provided to the Commonwealth all information and evidence the person has concerning the offense or offenses that were 114 115 part of the same course of conduct or of a common scheme or plan, but the fact that the person has no relevant or useful other information to provide or that the Commonwealth already is aware of the 116 information shall not preclude a determination by the court that the defendant has complied with this 117 118 requirement.

119 C1. Any person who violates this section with respect to the manufacturing of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or less than 200 grams of a mixture or substance containing a 120

121 detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers shall, upon conviction, 122 be imprisoned for not less than 10 nor more than 40 years and fined not more than \$500,000. Upon a 123 second conviction of such a violation, any such person may, in the discretion of the court or jury imposing the sentence, be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for any period not less than 10 years, 124 125 and be fined not more than \$500,000. When a person is convicted of a third or subsequent offense 126 under this subsection and it is alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information that he has been 127 previously convicted of two or more such offenses or of substantially similar offenses in any other 128 jurisdiction, which offenses would be felonies if committed in the Commonwealth and such prior 129 convictions occurred before the date of the offense alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, he 130 shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for a period not less than 10 years, three years of which 131 shall be a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence 132 and he shall be fined not more than \$500,000.

133 Upon conviction, in addition to any other punishment, a person found guilty of this offense shall be 134 ordered by the court to make restitution, as the court deems appropriate, to any innocent property owner 135 whose property is damaged, destroyed, or otherwise rendered unusable as a result of such 136 methamphetamine production. This restitution shall include the person's or his estate's estimated or actual 137 expenses associated with cleanup, removal, or repair of the affected property. If the property that is 138 damaged, destroyed, or otherwise rendered unusable as a result of such methamphetamine production is 139 property owned in whole or in part by the person convicted, the court shall order the person to pay to 140 the Methamphetamine Cleanup Fund authorized in § 18.2-248.04 the reasonable estimated or actual 141 expenses associated with cleanup, removal, or repair of the affected property or, if actual or estimated expenses cannot be determined, the sum of \$10,000. The convicted person shall also pay the cost of 142 143 certifying that any building that is cleaned up or repaired pursuant to this section is safe for human 144 occupancy according to the guidelines established pursuant to § 32.1-11.7.

D. If such person proves that he gave, distributed or possessed with intent to give or distribute a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II only as an accommodation to another individual who is not an inmate in a community correctional facility, local correctional facility or state correctional facility as defined in § 53.1-1 or in the custody of an employee thereof, and not with intent to profit thereby from any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of the controlled substance to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance, he shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony.

152 E. If the violation of the provisions of this article consists of the filling by a pharmacist of the 153 prescription of a person authorized under this article to issue the same, which prescription has not been 154 received in writing by the pharmacist prior to the filling thereof, and such written prescription is in fact 155 received by the pharmacist within one week of the time of filling the same, or if such violation consists 156 of a request by such authorized person for the filling by a pharmacist of a prescription which has not 157 been received in writing by the pharmacist and such prescription is, in fact, written at the time of such 158 request and delivered to the pharmacist within one week thereof, either such offense shall constitute a 159 Class 4 misdemeanor.

E1. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule
III except for an anabolic steroid classified in Schedule III, constituting a violation of § 18.2-248.5, shall
be guilty of a Class 5 felony.

E2. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in ScheduleIV shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony.

165 E3. Any person who proves that he gave, distributed or possessed with the intent to give or distribute a controlled substance classified in Schedule III or IV, except for an anabolic steroid classified in 166 167 Schedule III, constituting a violation of § 18.2-248.5, only as an accommodation to another individual 168 who is not an inmate in a community correctional facility, local correctional facility or state correctional 169 facility as defined in § 53.1-1 or in the custody of an employee thereof, and not with the intent to profit 170 thereby from any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of 171 the controlled substance to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance, is 172 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

F. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule
V or Schedule VI or an imitation controlled substance which imitates a controlled substance classified in
Schedule V or Schedule VI, shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

G. Any person who violates this section with respect to an imitation controlled substance which
imitates a controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony.
In any prosecution brought under this subsection, it is not a defense to a violation of this subsection that
the defendant believed the imitation controlled substance to actually be a controlled substance.

180 H. Any person who manufactures, sells, gives, distributes or possesses with the intent to manufacture,181 sell, give or distribute the following:

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182 1. 1.0 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

183 2. 5.0 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

184 a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and 185 derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

186 b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

187 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the substances 188 189 referred to in subdivisions a through c;

190 3. 2.5 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance described in subdivision 2 which contains 191 cocaine base; 192

4. 100 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana; or

193 5. 100 grams or more of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or 200 grams or 194 more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, 195 or salts of its isomers shall be guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million and imprisonment for 20 years to life, 20 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum sentence. Such 196 197 mandatory minimum sentence shall not be applicable if the court finds that (i) the person does not have a prior conviction for an offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805; (ii) the person did not use 198 199 violence or credible threats of violence or possess a firearm or other dangerous weapon in connection 200 with the offense or induce another participant in the offense to do so; (iii) the offense did not result in 201 death or serious bodily injury to any person; (iv) the person was not an organizer, leader, manager, or 202 supervisor of others in the offense, and was not engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise as defined 203 in subsection I of this section; and (v) not later than the time of the sentencing hearing, the person has truthfully provided to the Commonwealth all information and evidence the person has concerning the 204 205 offense or offenses that were part of the same course of conduct or of a common scheme or plan, but 206 the fact that the person has no relevant or useful other information to provide or that the Commonwealth 207 already is aware of the information shall not preclude a determination by the court that the defendant 208 has complied with this requirement.

209 H1. Any person who was the principal or one of several principal administrators, organizers or leaders of a continuing criminal enterprise shall be guilty of a felony if (i) the enterprise received at 210 least \$100,000 but less than \$250,000 in gross receipts during any 12-month period of its existence from 211 212 the manufacture, importation, or distribution of heroin or cocaine or ecgonine or methamphetamine or 213 the derivatives, salts, isomers, or salts of isomers thereof or marijuana or (ii) the person engaged in the 214 enterprise to manufacture, sell, give, distribute or possess with the intent to manufacture, sell, give or 215 distribute the following during any 12-month period of its existence:

216 1. At least 1.0 kilograms but less than 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a 217 detectable amount of heroin:

218 2. At least 5.0 kilograms but less than 10 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable 219 amount of:

220 a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and 221 derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the substances 224 225 referred to in subdivisions a through c;

226 3. At least 2.5 kilograms but less than 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance described in 227 subdivision 2 which contains cocaine base;

228 4. At least 100 kilograms but less than 250 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a 229 detectable amount of marijuana; or

230 5. At least 100 grams but less than 250 grams of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its 231 isomers or at least 200 grams but less than 1.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a 232 detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers.

233 A conviction under this section shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million and 234 imprisonment for 20 years to life. 20 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum sentence.

235 H2. Any person who was the principal or one of several principal administrators, organizers or 236 leaders of a continuing criminal enterprise if (i) the enterprise received \$250,000 or more in gross 237 receipts during any 12-month period of its existence from the manufacture, importation, or distribution 238 of heroin or cocaine or ecgonine or methamphetamine or the derivatives, salts, isomers, or salts of 239 isomers thereof or marijuana or (ii) the person engaged in the enterprise to manufacture, sell, give, 240 distribute or possess with the intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute the following during any 241 12-month period of its existence: 242

1. At least 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

243 2. At least 10 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of: 244 a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and 245 derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

246 b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

247 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

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248 d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the substances 249 referred to in subdivisions a through c:

250 3. At least 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance described in subdivision 2 which contains cocaine 251 base;

4. At least 250 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana; or

253 5. At least 250 grams of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or at least 1.0 254 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, 255 isomers, or salts of its isomers shall be guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 256 million and imprisonment for life, which shall be served with no suspension in whole or in part. Such 257 punishment shall be made to run consecutively with any other sentence. However, the court may impose 258 a mandatory minimum sentence of 40 years if the court finds that the defendant substantially cooperated 259 with law-enforcement authorities.

260 I. For purposes of this section, a person is engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise if (i) he 261 violates any provision of this section, the punishment for which is a felony and either (ii) such violation 262 is a part of a continuing series of violations of this section which are undertaken by such person in 263 concert with five or more other persons with respect to whom such person occupies a position of 264 organizer, a supervisory position, or any other position of management, and from which such person 265 obtains substantial income or resources or (iii) such violation is committed, with respect to 266 methamphetamine or other controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II, for the benefit of, at the 267 direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1.

J. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), any person who possesses any 268 269 two or more different substances listed below with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine, 270 methcathinone, or amphetamine is guilty of a Class 6 felony: liquefied ammonia gas, ammonium nitrate, 271 ether, hypophosphorus acid solutions, hypophosphite salts, hydrochloric acid, iodine crystals or tincture 272 of iodine, phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, red phosphorus, methylamine, methyl formamide, lithium, 273 sodium metal, sulfuric acid, sodium hydroxide, potassium dichromate, sodium dichromate, potassium 274 permanganate, chromium trioxide, methylbenzene, methamphetamine precursor drugs, trichloroethane, or 275 2-propanone.

276 K. The term "methamphetamine precursor drug," when used in this article, means a drug or product 277 containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine or any of their salts, optical isomers, or 278 salts of optical isomers. 279

§ 18.2-248.01. Transporting controlled substances into the Commonwealth; penalty.

280 Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) it is unlawful for any person to 281 transport into the Commonwealth by any means with intent to sell or distribute one ounce or more of 282 cocaine, coca leaves or any salt, compound, derivative or preparation thereof as described in Schedule II 283 of the Drug Control Act or one ounce or more of any other Schedule I or II controlled substance or five 284 or more pounds of marijuana. A violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct felony. 285 Upon conviction, the person shall be sentenced to not less than five years nor more than 40 years 286 imprisonment, three years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, and a fine not 287 to exceed \$1,000,000. A second or subsequent conviction hereunder shall be punishable by a mandatory 288 minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10 years no more than 40 years, which shall be served 289 consecutively with any other sentence.

290 § 18.2-248.03. Manufacturing, selling, giving, distributing, or possessing with intent to 291 manufacture, sell, give, or distribute methamphetamine; penalty.

292 A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person who manufactures, sells, gives, 293 distributes, or possesses with intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute 28 grams or more of a 294 mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of 295 its isomers is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$500,000 and imprisonment for 296 not less than five nor more than 40 years, three years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 297 imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence.

298 B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person who manufactures, sells, gives, 299 distributes, or possesses with intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute 227 grams or more of a 300 mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of 301 its isomers is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million and imprisonment for 302 not less than five years nor more than life, five years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 303 imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence.

304 § 18.2-248.1. Penalties for sale, gift, distribution or possession with intent to sell, give or HB233

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305 distribute marijuana.

306 Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it is unlawful for any person to 307 sell, give, distribute or possess with intent to sell, give, or distribute marijuana. 308

(a) Any person who violates this section with respect to:

(1) Not more than one ounce of marijuana is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor;

310 (2) More than one ounce but not more than five pounds of marijuana is guilty of a Class 5 felony;

311 (3) More than five pounds of marijuana is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment of not less 312 than five nor more than 30 years.

313 There shall be a rebuttable presumption that a person who possesses no more than one ounce of 314 marijuana possesses it for personal use.

315 If such person proves that he gave, distributed, or possessed with intent to give or distribute 316 marijuana only as an accommodation to another individual and not with intent to profit thereby from 317 any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of the marijuana 318 to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such marijuana, he is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

319 (b) Any person who gives, distributes, or possesses marijuana as an accommodation and not with 320 intent to profit thereby, to an inmate of a state or local correctional facility, as defined in § 53.1-1, or in 321 the custody of an employee thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

(c) Any person who manufactures marijuana, or possesses marijuana with the intent to manufacture 322 323 such substance, not for his own use is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment of not less than 324 five nor more than 30 years and a fine not to exceed \$10,000.

325 (d) When a person is convicted of a third or subsequent felony offense under this section and it is 326 alleged in the warrant, indictment or information that he has been before convicted of two or more 327 felony offenses under this section or of substantially similar offenses in any other jurisdiction which offenses would be felonies if committed in the Commonwealth, and such prior convictions occurred 328 329 before the date of the offense alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, he shall be sentenced to 330 imprisonment for life or for any period not less than five years, five years of which shall be a 331 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence and he 332 shall be fined not more than \$500,000.

§ 18.2-248.5. Illegal stimulants and steroids; penalty.

334 A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), Chapter 34 of Title 54.1, it 335 shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly manufacture, sell, give, distribute or possess with intent 336 to manufacture, sell, give or distribute any anabolic steroid.

337 A violation of subsection A shall be punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than one year 338 nor more than 10 years or, in the discretion of the jury or the court trying the case without a jury, 339 confinement in jail for not more than 12 months or a fine of not more than \$20,000, either or both. Any 340 person violating the provisions of this subsection shall, upon conviction, be incarcerated for a mandatory 341 minimum term of six months to be served consecutively with any other sentence.

342 B. It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly sell or otherwise distribute, without prescription, 343 to a minor any pill, capsule or tablet containing any combination of caffeine and ephedrine sulfate. 344

A violation of this subsection B shall be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 18.2-255. Distribution of certain drugs to persons under 18 prohibited; penalty.

A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act, Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1, it 346 347 shall be unlawful for any person who is at least 18 years of age to knowingly or intentionally (i) distribute any drug classified in Schedule I, II, III or IV or marijuana to any person under 18 years of 348 349 age who is at least three years his junior or (ii) cause any person under 18 years of age to assist in such 350 distribution of any drug classified in Schedule I, II, III or IV or marijuana. Any person violating this provision shall upon conviction be imprisoned in a state correctional facility for a period not less than 351 352 10 nor more than 50 years, and fined not more than \$100,000. Five years of the sentence imposed for a 353 conviction under this section involving a Schedule I or II controlled substance or one ounce or more of 354 marijuana shall be a mandatory minimum sentence. Two years of the sentence imposed for a conviction 355 under this section involving less than one ounce of marijuana shall be a mandatory minimum sentence.

356 B. It shall be unlawful for any person who is at least 18 years of age to knowingly or intentionally 357 (i) distribute any imitation controlled substance to a person under 18 years of age who is at least three 358 years his junior or (ii) cause any person under 18 years of age to assist in such distribution of any 359 imitation controlled substance. Any person violating this provision shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony.

§ 18.2-255.2. Prohibiting the sale or manufacture of drugs on or near certain properties; 360 361 penalty.

362 A. It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell or distribute or possess with intent to sell, 363 give or distribute any controlled substance, imitation controlled substance, or marijuana while:

1. (Effective until July 1, 2021) Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any public or 364 private elementary or secondary school, any institution of higher education, or any clearly marked 365 366 licensed child day center as defined in § 63.2-100;

367 1. (Effective July 1, 2021) Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any public or 368 private elementary or secondary school, any institution of higher education, or any clearly marked 369 licensed child day center as defined in § 22.1-289.02;

370 2. Upon public property or any property open to public use within 1,000 feet of the property 371 described in subdivision 1; 372

3. On any school bus as defined in § 46.2-100;

373 4. Upon a designated school bus stop, or upon either public property or any property open to public 374 use which is within 1,000 feet of such school bus stop, during the time when school children are 375 waiting to be picked up and transported to or are being dropped off from school or a school-sponsored 376 activity;

377 5. Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any publicly owned or publicly operated 378 recreation or community center facility or any public library; or

379 6. Upon the property of any state facility as defined in § 37.2-100 or upon public property or 380 property open to public use within 1,000 feet of such an institution. It is a violation of the provisions of 381 this section if the person possessed the controlled substance, imitation controlled substance, or marijuana 382 on the property described in subdivisions 1 through 6, regardless of where the person intended to sell, 383 give or distribute the controlled substance, imitation controlled substance, or marijuana. Nothing in this 384 section shall prohibit the authorized distribution of controlled substances.

385 B. Violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct felony. Any person violating the 386 provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned for a term of not less than one year nor 387 more than five years and fined not more than \$100,000. A second or subsequent conviction hereunder 388 for an offense involving a controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, or III of the Drug Control 389 Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or more than one-half ounce of marijuana shall be punished by a mandatory 390 minimum term of imprisonment of one year to be served consecutively with any other sentence. 391 However, if such person proves that he sold such controlled substance or marijuana only as an 392 accommodation to another individual and not with intent to profit thereby from any consideration 393 received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of the controlled substance or 394 marijuana to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance or marijuana, he is 395 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

396 C. If a person commits an act violating the provisions of this section, and the same act also violates 397 another provision of law that provides for penalties greater than those provided for by this section, then 398 nothing in this section shall prohibit or bar any prosecution or proceeding under that other provision of 399 law or the imposition of any penalties provided for thereby.

400 § 19.2-303.03. Modification of sentence to mandatory minimum term of confinement for certain 401 felony offenses.

402 A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or rule of court, upon a petition of a person who (i)was convicted of a violation of §§ 3.2-4212, 4.1-302, 18.2-186.4, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-248.5, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 46.2-357, or 46.2-391 committed prior to July 1, 2021; (ii) 403 404 405 was sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of confinement for such conviction; and (iii) remains 406 incarcerated in a state or local correctional facility or secure facility, as defined in § 16.1-228, serving 407 the sentence for such conviction or for a combination of any convictions requiring at least one 408 mandatory minimum term of confinement, the circuit court that entered the original judgment or order 409 may, at any time before the mandatory minimum term of confinement has been completely served, 410 suspend the unserved portion of any such sentence, place the person on probation for such time as the 411 court shall determine, or otherwise modify the sentence imposed, except that any modification of any 412 term of confinement shall not exceed the original term of confinement imposed by the court.

413 B. The circuit court shall have the authority to conduct hearings on petitions for the modification of 414 a mandatory minimum term of confinement pursuant to this section.

415 C. Any person eligible for modification of a mandatory minimum sentence under subsection A may 416 file a petition for the assistance of counsel and a statement of indigency with the court on a form 417 provided by the Supreme Court of Virginia. The court may summarily dismiss the petition if the person 418 is not eligible for modification of a mandatory minimum sentence based on the criteria set forth in 419 subsection A or if the court finds that the person is not entitled to representation by counsel under the 420 provisions of Article 3 (§ 19.2-157 et seq.) of Chapter 10. If the petition is not summarily dismissed and 421 the court finds that the person is entitled to representation by counsel subject to the provisions of Article 422 *3, the court shall appoint counsel to represent the petitioner.*

423 D. The petition for modification of a mandatory minimum term of confinement shall be filed with the 424 circuit court that entered the original judgment or order on a form provided by the Supreme Court of 425 Virginia by the petitioner or by counsel for the petitioner. Such petition shall allege with specificity all 426 of the following: (i) the petitioner's full name and date of birth; (ii) the felony offense for which the 427 petitioner was convicted; (iii) the date on which such felony offense was alleged to have been

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428 committed; (iv) the date on which the petitioner was sentenced to serve a mandatory minimum term of 429 confinement for such felony offense; (v) whether the petitioner remains incarcerated in a state or local 430 correctional facility or secure facility serving the mandatory minimum term of confinement for such 431 felony offense, and if so, which facility; (vi) whether the petitioner has previously filed any other petition 432 in accordance with this section; and (vii) the reason the petitioner is requesting a sentence modification 433 and any information in support thereof. If the petitioner fails to submit a completed form, the circuit 434 court may allow the petitioner to amend the petition to correct any deficiency.

E. The Commonwealth shall be made party to the proceeding. The petitioner shall provide a copy of 435 436 the petition by delivery or by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the attorney for the Commonwealth of 437 the city or county in which the petition is filed. The attorney for the Commonwealth may file an objection or answer to the petition within 30 days after it is received from the petitioner. Upon the 438 motion of the attorney for the Commonwealth and for good cause shown, the court may allow the 439 440 attorney for the Commonwealth up to an additional 30 days to respond to the petition.

F. The court shall review all petitions filed to determine whether the person is eligible for 441 442 modification of a mandatory minimum sentence based on the criteria set forth in subsection A. If the 443 person is not eligible for modification of a mandatory minimum sentence, the court shall dismiss the 444 petition. If the person is eligible for modification of a mandatory minimum sentence, the court shall review any court records in the possession of the circuit court clerk related to such petition, including 445 446 any additional information presented by the petitioner, presentence investigation report, discretionary 447 sentencing guidelines, objection or answer by the attorney for the Commonwealth, and Victim Impact 448 Statement.

449 G. Upon review of the petition and court records pursuant to subsection F, the court may dismiss the petition without a hearing. If the court dismisses the petition without a hearing, the court shall file with 450 451 the record of the case a written explanation for such dismissal and shall provide a copy of such written 452 explanation to the petitioner and to the attorney for the Commonwealth.

453 H. If the court does not dismiss the petition pursuant to subsection F or G, the court shall conduct a 454 hearing after reasonable notice to both the petitioner and the attorney for the Commonwealth. The 455 attorney for the Commonwealth shall make reasonable efforts to notify any victim, as defined in 456 § 19.2-11.01, of such hearing. At such hearing, the court may dismiss the petition or, upon good cause 457 shown by the petitioner, at any time before the mandatory minimum term of confinement has been 458 completely served, suspend the unserved portion of any such sentence, place the person on probation for 459 such time as the court shall determine, or otherwise modify the sentence imposed, except that any 460 modification of any term of confinement shall not exceed the original term of confinement imposed by 461 the court.

462 I. Subject to the provisions of § 19.2-295.3, the court shall permit any victim to testify at any hearing 463 conducted pursuant to subsection H. Subject to the provisions of § 19.2-299.1, any victim may submit a 464 Victim Impact Statement to be considered by the court at any hearing conducted pursuant to subsection 465 Н.

J. Following the entry of an order to modify a sentence pursuant to subsection H, the clerk of the 466 467 circuit court shall cause a copy of such order to be forwarded to the Virginia Criminal Sentencing 468 Commission, the Department of State Police, and the state or local correctional facility or secure facility 469 where the petitioner is incarcerated within five days.

470 K. Upon entry of an order to dismiss a petition or to modify a sentence pursuant to this section, the 471 court shall not be required to review or conduct a hearing on any subsequent petition filed by the same 472 petitioner for the same offense.

473 L. The decision of a circuit court to dismiss a petition or to modify a sentence pursuant to this section shall not form the basis for relief in any habeas corpus or appellate proceeding, unless such 474 475 decision was contrary to law. 476

M. No fee shall be charged for filing a petition under subsections C or D.

477 N. Any petition seeking a modification of a mandatory minimum term of confinement pursuant to this 478 section shall be filed by July 1, 2024. Any petition filed after July 1, 2024, shall be dismissed by the 479 court.

480 § 46.2-357. Operation of motor vehicle or self-propelled machinery or equipment by habitual 481 offender prohibited; penalty; enforcement of section.

482 A. It shall be unlawful for any person determined or adjudicated an habitual offender to drive any 483 motor vehicle or self-propelled machinery or equipment on the highways of the Commonwealth while 484 the revocation of the person's driving privilege remains in effect. However, the revocation determination 485 shall not prohibit the person from operating any farm tractor on the highways when it is necessary to move the tractor from one tract of land used for agricultural purposes to another tract of land used for 486 487 agricultural purposes, provided that the distance between the said tracts of land is no more than five 488 miles.

B. Except as provided in subsection D, any person found to be an habitual offender under this

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490 article, who is thereafter convicted of driving a motor vehicle or self-propelled machinery or equipment491 in the Commonwealth while the revocation determination is in effect, shall be punished as follows:

492 1. If such driving does not of itself endanger the life, limb, or property of another, such person shall
493 be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor punishable by a mandatory minimum term of confinement in jail of
494 10 days except in cases wherein such operation is necessitated in situations of apparent extreme
495 emergency that require such operation to save life or limb, the sentence, or any part thereof, may be
496 suspended.

497 2. If such driving of itself endangers the life, limb, or property of another or takes place while such 498 person is in violation of §§ 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266 or § 46.2-341.24, irrespective of whether the 499 driving of itself endangers the life, limb or property of another and the person has been previously convicted of a violation of §§ 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266 or § 46.2-341.24, such person shall be 500 501 guilty of a felony punishable by confinement in a state correctional facility for not less than one year 502 nor more than five years, one year of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of confinement or, in 503 the discretion of the jury or the court trying the case without a jury, by mandatory minimum 504 confinement in jail for a period of 12 months. However, in cases wherein such operation is necessitated 505 in situations of apparent extreme emergency that require such operation to save life or limb, the 506 sentence, or any part thereof, may be suspended. For the purposes of this section, an offense in violation 507 of a valid local ordinance, or law of any other jurisdiction, which ordinance or law is substantially 508 similar to any provision of law herein shall be considered an offense in violation of such provision of 509 law.

510 3. If the offense of driving while a determination as an habitual offender is in effect is a second or
511 subsequent such offense, such person shall be punished as provided in subdivision 2 of this subsection,
512 irrespective of whether the offense, of itself, endangers the life, limb, or property of another.

513 C. For the purpose of enforcing this section, in any case in which the accused is charged with 514 driving a motor vehicle or self-propelled machinery or equipment while his license, permit, or privilege 515 to drive is suspended or revoked or is charged with driving without a license, the court before hearing 516 the charge shall determine whether the person has been determined an habitual offender and, by reason 517 of this determination, is barred from driving a motor vehicle or self-propelled machinery or equipment 518 on the highways in the Commonwealth. If the court determines the accused has been determined to be 519 an habitual offender and finds there is probable cause that the alleged offense under this section is a 520 felony, it shall certify the case to the circuit court of its jurisdiction for trial.

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3 of subsection B, following conviction and
prior to imposition of sentence with the consent of the defendant, the court may order the defendant to
be evaluated for and to participate in the community corrections alternative program pursuant to
§ 19.2-316.4.

525 § 46.2-391. Revocation of license for multiple convictions of driving while intoxicated; exception; 526 petition for restoration of privilege.

527 A. The Commissioner shall forthwith revoke and not thereafter reissue for three years the driver's 528 license of any person on receiving a record of the conviction of any person who (i) is adjudged to be a 529 second offender in violation of the provisions of subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 (driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence of drugs or intoxicants), or § 18.2-266 (driving under the influence of 530 531 drugs or intoxicants), if the subsequent violation occurred within 10 years of the prior violation, or (ii) 532 is convicted of any two or more offenses of § 18.2-272 (driving while the driver's license has been 533 forfeited for a conviction under § 18.2-266) if the second or subsequent violation occurred within 10 534 years of the prior offense. However, if the Commissioner has received a copy of a court order 535 authorizing issuance of a restricted license as provided in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1, he shall proceed 536 as provided in the order of the court. For the purposes of this subsection, an offense in violation of a 537 valid local ordinance, or law of any other jurisdiction, which ordinance or law is substantially similar to 538 any provision of Virginia law herein shall be considered an offense in violation of such provision of 539 Virginia law. Additionally, in no event shall the Commissioner reinstate the driver's license of any 540 person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266, or of a substantially similar valid local ordinance or law 541 of another jurisdiction, until receipt of notification that such person has successfully completed an 542 alcohol safety action program if such person was required by court order to do so unless the requirement 543 for completion of the program has been waived by the court for good cause shown. A conviction 544 includes a finding of not innocent in the case of a juvenile.

545 B. The Commissioner shall forthwith revoke and not thereafter reissue the driver's license of any 546 person after receiving a record of the conviction of any person (i) convicted of a violation of § 18.2-36.1 547 or 18.2-51.4 or a felony violation of § 18.2-266 or (ii) convicted of three offenses arising out of separate 548 incidents or occurrences within a period of 10 years in violation of the provisions of subsection A of 549 § 46.2-341.24 or 18.2-266, or a substantially similar ordinance or law of any other jurisdiction, or any 550 combination of three such offenses. A conviction includes a finding of not innocent in the case of a

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551 juvenile.

552 C. Any person who has had his driver's license revoked in accordance with subsection B of this 553 section may petition the circuit court of his residence, or, if a nonresident of Virginia, any circuit court:

554 1. For restoration of his privilege to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth after the expiration 555 of five years from the date of his last conviction. On such petition, and for good cause shown, the court 556 may, in its discretion, restore to the person the privilege to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth 557 on condition that such person install an ignition interlock system in accordance with § 18.2-270.1 on all motor vehicles, as defined in § 46.2-100, owned by or registered to him, in whole or in part, for a 558 559 period of at least six months, and upon whatever other conditions the court may prescribe, subject to the provisions of law relating to issuance of driver's licenses, if the court is satisfied from the evidence 560 presented that: (i) at the time of his previous convictions, the petitioner was addicted to or 561 psychologically dependent on the use of alcohol or other drugs; (ii) at the time of the hearing on the 562 563 petition, he is no longer addicted to or psychologically dependent on the use of alcohol or other drugs; and (iii) the defendant does not constitute a threat to the safety and welfare of himself or others with 564 regard to the driving of a motor vehicle. However, prior to acting on the petition, the court shall order 565 that an evaluation of the person, to include an assessment of his degree of alcohol abuse and the 566 appropriate treatment therefor, if any, be conducted by a Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program and 567 recommendations therefrom be submitted to the court, and the court shall give the recommendations 568 569 such weight as the court deems appropriate. The court may, in lieu of restoring the person's privilege to 570 drive, authorize the issuance of a restricted license for a period not to exceed five years in accordance 571 with the provisions of § 18.2-270.1 and subsection E of § 18.2-271.1. The court shall notify the 572 Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program which shall during the term of the restricted license monitor the person's compliance with the terms of the restrictions imposed by the court. Any violation of the 573 restrictions shall be reported to the court, and the court may then modify the restrictions or revoke the 574 575 license.

576 2. For a restricted license to authorize such person to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth in 577 the course of his employment and to drive a motor vehicle to and from his home to the place of his 578 employment after the expiration of three years from the date of his last conviction. The court may order 579 that a restricted license for such purposes be issued in accordance with the procedures of subsection E 580 of § 18.2-271.1, if the court is satisfied from the evidence presented that (i) at the time of the previous 581 convictions, the petitioner was addicted to or psychologically dependent on the use of alcohol or other drugs; (ii) at the time of the hearing on the petition, he is no longer addicted to or psychologically 582 583 dependent on the use of alcohol or such other drugs; and (iii) the defendant does not constitute a threat **584** to the safety and welfare of himself and others with regard to the driving of a motor vehicle. The court shall prohibit the person to whom a restricted license is issued from operating a motor vehicle that is 585 586 not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock system during all or any part of the term for 587 which the restricted license is issued, in accordance with the provisions set forth in § 18.2-270.1. 588 However, prior to acting on the petition, the court shall order that an evaluation of the person, to 589 include an assessment of his degree of alcohol abuse and the appropriate treatment therefor, if any, be 590 conducted by a Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program and recommendations therefrom be submitted 591 to the court, and the court shall give the recommendations such weight as the court deems appropriate. 592 The Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program shall during the term of the restricted license monitor the 593 person's compliance with the terms of the restrictions imposed by the court. Any violation of the 594 restrictions shall be reported to the court, and the court may then modify the restrictions or revoke the 595 license.

The ignition interlock system installation requirement under subdivisions 1 and 2 of this subsection
need only be satisfied once as to any single revocation under subsection B of this section for any person
seeking restoration under subdivision 1 following the granting of a restricted license under subdivision 1
or 2.

D. Any person convicted of driving a motor vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment (i)
while his license is revoked pursuant to subsection A or B or (ii) in violation of the terms of a restricted
license issued pursuant to subsection C shall, provided such revocation was based on at least one
conviction for an offense committed after July 1, 1999, be punished as follows:

1. If such driving does not of itself endanger the life, limb, or property of another, such person shall
be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor punishable by a mandatory minimum term of confinement in jail of
10 days except in cases wherein such operation is necessitated in situations of apparent extreme
emergency that require such operation to save life or limb, the sentence, or any part thereof, may be
suspended.

609 2. a. If such driving (i) of itself endangers the life, limb, or property of another or (ii) takes place
610 while such person is in violation of §§ 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24,
611 or a substantially similar law or ordinance of another jurisdiction, irrespective of whether the driving of
612 itself endangers the life, limb or property of another and the person has been previously convicted of a

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613 violation of §§ 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, or a substantially similar 614 local ordinance, or law of another jurisdiction, such person shall be guilty of a felony punishable by 615 confinement in a state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than five years, one year 616 of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of confinement or, in the discretion of the jury or the 617 court trying the case without a jury, by mandatory minimum confinement in jail for a period of 12 618 months and no portion of such sentence shall be suspended or run concurrently with any other sentence.

b. However, in cases wherein such operation is necessitated in situations of apparent extreme
 emergency that require such operation to save life or limb, the sentence, or any part thereof, may be
 suspended.

622 3. If any such offense of driving is a second or subsequent violation, such person shall be punished
623 as provided in subdivision 2 of this subsection, irrespective of whether the offense, of itself, endangers
624 the life, limb, or property of another.

E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3 of subsection D, following conviction and prior to imposition of sentence with the consent of the defendant, the court may order the defendant to be evaluated for and to participate in the community corrections alternative program pursuant to \$19.2-316.4.

629 F. Any period of driver's license revocation imposed pursuant to this section shall not begin to expire630 until the person convicted has surrendered his license to the court or to the Department of Motor631 Vehicles.

G. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a person from operating any farm tractor on the highways
when it is necessary to move the tractor from one tract of land used for agricultural purposes to another
such tract of land when the distance between the tracts is no more than five miles.

H. Any person who operates a motor vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment (i) while
his license is revoked pursuant to subsection A or B, or (ii) in violation of the terms of a restricted
license issued pursuant to subsection C, where the provisions of subsection D do not apply, shall be
guilty of a violation of § 18.2-272.

639
2. That the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia shall develop form
640 petitions in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-303.03 of the Code of Virginia, as created by
641 this act, and make such form petitions available on the Virginia Judicial System website by July 1,
642 2021.

643 3. That the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the superintendent 644 or sheriff of any state or local correctional facility or secure facility, respectively, shall provide a 645 copy of the form petition developed by the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court 646 of Virginia pursuant to subsection C of § 19.2-303.03 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this 647 act, to any person incarcerated in such state or local correctional facility or secure facility as of 648 July 1, 2021, who is serving a mandatory minimum sentence for a felony violation of §§ 3.2-4212, 4.1-302, 18.2-186.4, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-248.5, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 649 **650** 46.2-357, or 46.2-391, by July 31, 2021.

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