## 2021 SPECIAL SESSION I

**ENROLLED** 

[H 2249]

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### VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 17.1-275, 55.1-1200, 55.1-1204, 55.1-1206, 55.1-1208, 55.1-1211, 55.1-1226, 64.2-2008, and 64.2-2012 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; landlord charges for security deposits, insurance premiums for damage insurance, and insurance premiums for renter's insurance; filing of information regarding resident agent appointed by nonresident property owner.

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### Approved

9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

# 10 1. That §§ 17.1-275, 55.1-1200, 55.1-1204, 55.1-1206, 55.1-1208, 55.1-1211, 55.1-1226, 64.2-2008, and 64.2-2012 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

12 § 17.1-275. Fees collected by clerks of circuit courts; generally.

13 A. A clerk of a circuit court shall, for services performed by virtue of his office, charge the 14 following fees:

15 1. [Repealed.]

16 2. For recording and indexing in the proper book any writing and all matters therewith, or for recording and indexing anything not otherwise provided for, \$18 for an instrument or document 17 consisting of 10 or fewer pages or sheets; \$32 for an instrument or document consisting of 11 to 30 18 19 pages or sheets; and \$52 for an instrument or document consisting of 31 or more pages or sheets. 20 Whenever any writing to be recorded includes plat or map sheets no larger than eight and one-half 21 inches by 14 inches, such plat or map sheets shall be counted as ordinary pages for the purpose of computing the recording fee due pursuant to this section. A fee of \$17 per page or sheet shall be 22 23 charged with respect to plat or map sheets larger than eight and one-half inches by 14 inches. Only a 24 single fee as authorized by this subdivision shall be charged for recording a certificate of satisfaction 25 that releases the original deed of trust and any corrected or revised deeds of trust. Three dollars and fifty 26 cents of the fee collected for recording and indexing shall be designated for use in preserving the 27 permanent records of the circuit courts. The sum collected for this purpose shall be administered by The 28 Library of Virginia in cooperation with the circuit court clerks.

3. For appointing and qualifying any personal representative, committee, trustee, guardian, or other
fiduciary, in addition to any fees for recording allowed by this section, \$20 for estates not exceeding
\$50,000, \$25 for estates not exceeding \$100,000 and \$30 for estates exceeding \$100,000. No fee shall
be charged for estates of \$5,000 or less.

4. For entering and granting and for issuing any license, other than a marriage license or a huntingand fishing license, and administering an oath when necessary, \$10.

5. For issuing a marriage license, attaching certificate, administering or receiving all necessary oaths
or affidavits, indexing and recording, \$10. For recording an order to celebrate the rites of marriage
pursuant to § 20-25, \$25 to be paid by the petitioner.

6. For making out any bond, other than those under § 17.1-267 or subdivision A 4, administering all necessary oaths and writing proper affidavits, \$3.

40 7. For all services rendered by the clerk in any garnishment or attachment proceeding, the clerk's fee41 shall be \$15 in cases not exceeding \$500 and \$25 in all other cases.

42 8. For making out a copy of any paper, record, or electronic record to go out of the office, which is 43 not otherwise specifically provided for herein, a fee of \$0.50 for each page or, if an electronic record, each image. From such fees, the clerk shall reimburse the locality the costs of making out the copies 44 45 and pay the remaining fees directly to the Commonwealth. The funds to recoup the cost of making out the copies shall be deposited with the county or city treasurer or Director of Finance, and the governing **46** body shall budget and appropriate such funds to be used to support the cost of copies pursuant to this 47 subdivision. For purposes of this section, the costs of making out the copies authorized under this 48 49 section shall include costs included in the lease and maintenance agreements for the equipment and the 50 technology needed to operate electronic systems in the clerk's office used to make out the copies, but shall not include salaries or related benefits. The costs of copies shall otherwise be determined in 51 accordance with § 2.2-3704. However, there shall be no charge to the recipient of a final order or decree 52 53 to send an attested copy to such party.

54 9. For annexing the seal of the court to any paper, writing the certificate of the clerk accompanying
55 it, the clerk shall charge \$2 and for attaching the certificate of the judge, if the clerk is requested to do
56 so, the clerk shall charge an additional \$0.50.

57 10. In any case in which a person is convicted of a violation of any provision of Article 1 58 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or is subject to a disposition under § 18.2-251, the clerk 59 shall assess a fee of \$150 for each felony conviction and each felony disposition under § 18.2-251 which 60 shall be taxed as costs to the defendant and shall be paid into the Drug Offender Assessment and 61 Treatment Fund.

62 11. In any case in which a person is convicted of a violation of any provision of Article 1 63 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or is subject to a disposition under § 18.2-251, the clerk 64 shall assess a fee for each misdemeanor conviction and each misdemeanor disposition under § 18.2-251, 65 which shall be taxed as costs to the defendant and shall be paid into the Drug Offender Assessment and 66 Treatment Fund as provided in § 17.1-275.8.

67 12. Upon the defendant's being required to successfully complete traffic school, a mature driver 68 motor vehicle crash prevention course, or a driver improvement clinic in lieu of a finding of guilty, the 69 court shall charge the defendant fees and costs as if he had been convicted.

70 13. In all civil actions that include one or more claims for the award of monetary damages the clerk's fee chargeable to the plaintiff shall be \$100 in cases seeking recovery not exceeding \$49,999; \$200 in cases seeking recovery exceeding \$100,000; \$250 in cases seeking recovery exceeding \$100,000; but not exceeding \$500,000; and \$300 in cases seeking recovery exceeding 71 72 73 74 \$500,000. Ten dollars of each such fee shall be apportioned to the Courts Technology Fund established 75 under § 17.1-132. A fee of \$25 shall be paid by the plaintiff at the time of instituting a condemnation 76 case, in lieu of any other fees. There shall be no fee charged for the filing of a cross-claim or setoff in 77 any pending action. However, the fees prescribed by this subdivision shall be charged upon the filing of 78 a counterclaim or a claim impleading a third-party defendant. The fees prescribed above shall be 79 collected upon the filing of papers for the commencement of civil actions. This subdivision shall not be 80 applicable to cases filed in the Supreme Court of Virginia.

13a. For the filing of any petition seeking court approval of a settlement where no action has yet 81 been filed, the clerk's fee, chargeable to the petitioner, shall be \$50, to be paid by the petitioner at the 82 83 time of filing the petition.

14. In addition to the fees chargeable for civil actions, for the costs of proceedings for judgments by 84 85 confession under §§ 8.01-432 through 8.01-440, the clerk shall tax as costs (i) the cost of registered or certified mail; (ii) the statutory writ tax, in the amount required by law to be paid on a suit for the 86 amount of the confessed judgment; (iii) for the sheriff for serving each copy of the order entering 87 88 judgment, \$12; and (iv) for docketing the judgment and issuing executions thereon, the same fees as 89 prescribed in subdivision A 17.

90 15. For qualifying notaries public, including the making out of the bond and any copies thereof, 91 administering the necessary oaths, and entering the order, \$10.

92 16. For each habeas corpus proceeding, the clerk shall receive \$10 for all services required thereunder. This subdivision shall not be applicable to such suits filed in the Supreme Court of Virginia. 93

17. For docketing and indexing a judgment from any other court of the Commonwealth, for 94 95 docketing and indexing a judgment in the new name of a judgment debtor pursuant to the provisions of § 8.01-451, but not when incident to a divorce, for noting and filing the assignment of a judgment 96 97 pursuant to § 8.01-452, a fee of \$5; and for issuing an abstract of any recorded judgment, when proper 98 to do so, a fee of \$5; and for filing, docketing, indexing and mailing notice of a foreign judgment, a fee 99 of \$20.

100 18. For all services rendered by the clerk in any court proceeding for which no specific fee is provided by law, the clerk shall charge \$10, to be paid by the party filing said papers at the time of 101 102 filing; however, this subdivision shall not be applicable in a divorce cause prior to and including the 103 entry of a decree of divorce from the bond of matrimony. 104

19, 20. [Repealed.]

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105 21. For making the endorsements on a forthcoming bond and recording the matters relating to such 106 bond pursuant to the provisions of § 8.01-529, \$1.

22. For all services rendered by the clerk in any proceeding pursuant to § 57-8 or 57-15, \$10.

23. For preparation and issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, \$5.

109 24. For all services rendered by the clerk in matters under § 8.01-217 relating to change of name, 110 \$20; however, this subdivision shall not be applicable in cases where the change of name is incident to 111 a divorce. 112

25. For providing court records or documents on microfilm, per frame, \$0.50.

113 26. In all divorce and separate maintenance proceedings, and all civil actions that do not include one 114 or more claims for the award of monetary damages, the clerk's fee chargeable to the plaintiff shall be \$60, \$10 of which shall be apportioned to the Courts Technology Fund established under § 17.1-132 to 115 be paid by the plaintiff at the time of instituting the suit, which shall include the furnishing of a duly 116 certified copy of the final decree. The fees prescribed by this subdivision shall be charged upon the 117

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118 filing of a counterclaim or a claim impleading a third-party defendant. However, no fee shall be charged

119 for (i) the filing of a cross-claim or setoff in any pending suit or (ii) the filing of a counterclaim or any

120 other responsive pleading in any annulment, divorce, or separate maintenance proceeding. In divorce 121 cases, when there is a merger of a divorce of separation a mensa et thoro into a decree of divorce a

vinculo, the above mentioned fee shall include the furnishing of a duly certified copy of both such decrees.

124 27. For the acceptance of credit or debit cards in lieu of money to collect and secure all fees, 125 including filing fees, fines, restitution, forfeiture, penalties and costs, the clerk shall collect from the 126 person presenting such credit or debit card a reasonable convenience fee for the processing of such 127 credit or debit card. Such convenience fee shall not exceed four percent of the amount paid for the 128 transaction or a flat fee of \$2 per transaction. The clerk may set a lower convenience fee for electronic 129 filing of civil or criminal proceedings pursuant to § 17.1-258.3. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the clerk from outsourcing the processing of credit and debit card transactions to a third-party 130 131 private vendor engaged by the clerk. Convenience fees shall be used to cover operational expenses as 132 defined in § 17.1-295.

133 28. For the return of any check unpaid by the financial institution on which it was drawn or notice is
134 received from the credit or debit card issuer that payment will not be made for any reason, the clerk
135 may collect a fee of \$50 or 10 percent of the amount of the payment, whichever is greater.

29. For all services rendered, except in cases in which costs are assessed pursuant to § 17.1-275.1,
17.1-275.2, 17.1-275.3, or 17.1-275.4, in an adoption proceeding, a fee of \$20, in addition to the fee
imposed under § 63.2-1246, to be paid by the petitioner or petitioners. For each petition for adoption
filed pursuant to § 63.2-1201, except those filed pursuant to subdivisions 5 and 6 of § 63.2-1210, an
additional \$50 filing fee as required under § 63.2-1201 shall be deposited in the Virginia Birth Father
Registry Fund pursuant to § 63.2-1249.

30. For issuing a duplicate license for one lost or destroyed as provided in § 29.1-334, a fee in the same amount as the fee for the original license.

31. For the filing of any petition as provided in §§ 33.2-1023, 33.2-1024, and 33.2-1027, a fee of \$5
to be paid by the petitioner; and for the recordation of a certificate or copy thereof, as provided for in § 33.2-1021, as well as for any order of the court relating thereto, the clerk shall charge the same fee as for recording a deed as provided for in this section, to be paid by the party upon whose request such certificate is recorded or order is entered.

32. For making up, certifying and transmitting original record pursuant to the Rules of the Supreme
Court, including all papers necessary to be copied and other services rendered, except in cases in which
costs are assessed pursuant to § 17.1-275.1, 17.1-275.2, 17.1-275.3, 17.1-275.4, 17.1-275.7, 17.1-275.8,
or 17.1-275.9, a fee of \$20.

**153** 33. [Repealed.]

34. For filings, etc., under the Uniform Federal Lien Registration Act (§ 55.1-653 et seq.), the feesshall be as prescribed in that Act.

35. For filing the appointment of a resident agent for a nonresident property owner in accordance
 with §-55.1-1211 or 55.1-1401, a fee of \$10.

**158** <u>36.</u> [Repealed.]

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37. 36. For recordation of certificate and registration of names of nonresident owners in accordance
 with § 59.1-74, a fee of \$10.

161 38. 37. For maintaining the information required under the Overhead High Voltage Line Safety Act
162 (§ 59.1-406 et seq.), the fee as prescribed in § 59.1-411.

**163 39.** 38. For lodging, indexing, and preserving a will in accordance with § 64.2-409, a fee of \$5.

40. 39. For filing a financing statement in accordance with § 8.9A-505, the fee shall be as prescribedunder § 8.9A-525.

**166** 41. 40. For filing a termination statement in accordance with § 8.9A-513, the fee shall be as prescribed under § 8.9A-525.

42. 41. For filing assignment of security interest in accordance with § 8.9A-514, the fee shall be as prescribed under § 8.9A-525.

**170** 43.42. For filing a petition as provided in §§ 64.2-2001 and 64.2-2013, the fee shall be \$10.

44. 43. For issuing any execution, and recording the return thereof, a fee of \$1.50.

45. 44. For the preparation and issuance of a summons for interrogation by an execution creditor, a
fee of \$5. If there is no outstanding execution, and one is requested herewith, the clerk shall be allowed
an additional fee of \$1.50, in accordance with subdivision A 44.

B. In accordance with § 17.1-281, the clerk shall collect fees under subdivisions A 7, A 13, A 16, A
18 if applicable, A 20, A 22, A 24, A 26, A 29, and A 31 to be designated for courthouse construction, renovation or maintenance.

178 C. In accordance with § 17.1-278, the clerk shall collect fees under subdivisions A 7, A 13, A 16, A

179 18 if applicable, A 20, A 22, A 24, A 26, A 29, and A 31 to be designated for services provided for the 180 poor, without charge, by a nonprofit legal aid program.

D. In accordance with § 42.1-70, the clerk shall collect fees under subdivisions A 7, A 13, A 16, A 181 182 18 if applicable, A 20, A 22, A 24, A 26, A 29, and A 31 to be designated for public law libraries.

183 E. ÂÎl fees collected pursuant to subdivision A 27 and § 17.1-276 shall be deposited by the clerk into a special revenue fund held by the clerk, which will restrict the funds to their statutory purpose. 184

F. The provisions of this section shall control the fees charged by clerks of circuit courts for the 185 186 services above described. 187

### § 55.1-1200. Definitions.

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188 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

189 "Action" means any recoupment, counterclaim, setoff, or other civil action and any other proceeding 190 in which rights are determined, including actions for possession, rent, unlawful detainer, unlawful entry, 191 and distress for rent.

192 "Application deposit" means any refundable deposit of money, however denominated, including all 193 money intended to be used as a security deposit under a rental agreement, or property, that is paid by a 194 tenant to a landlord for the purpose of being considered as a tenant for a dwelling unit.

195 "Application fee" means any nonrefundable fee that is paid by a tenant to a landlord or managing 196 agent for the purpose of being considered as a tenant for a dwelling unit. 197

"Assignment" means the transfer by any tenant of all interests created by a rental agreement.

198 "Authorized occupant" means a person entitled to occupy a dwelling unit with the consent of the 199 landlord, but who has not signed the rental agreement and therefore does not have the financial 200 obligations as a tenant under the rental agreement.

201 "Building or housing code" means any law, ordinance, or governmental regulation concerning fitness 202 for habitation or the construction, maintenance, operation, occupancy, use, or appearance of any structure 203 or that part of a structure that is used as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one person who maintains a household or by two or more persons who maintain a common household. 204

205 "Commencement date of rental agreement" means the date upon which the tenant is entitled to 206 occupy the dwelling unit as a tenant.

"Community land trust" means a community housing development organization whose (i) corporate 207 208 membership is open to any adult resident or organization of a particular geographic area specified in the 209 bylaws of the organization and (ii) board of directors includes a majority of members who are elected 210 by the corporate membership and are composed of tenants, corporate members who are not tenants, and any other category of persons specified in the bylaws of the organization and that: 211 212

1. Is not sponsored by a for-profit organization;

213 2. Acquires parcels of land, held in perpetuity, primarily for conveyance under long-term ground 214 leases;

215 3. Transfers ownership of any structural improvements located on such leased parcels to the tenant; 216 and

4. Retains a preemptive option to purchase any such structural improvement at a price determined by formula that is designed to ensure that the improvement remains affordable to low-income and 217 218 219 moderate-income families in perpetuity.

220 "Damage insurance" means a bond or commercial insurance coverage as specified in the rental 221 agreement to secure the performance by the tenant of the terms and conditions of the rental agreement 222 and to replace all or part of a security deposit.

223 "Dwelling unit" means a structure or part of a structure that is used as a home or residence by one or more persons who maintain a household, including a manufactured home, as defined in § 55.1-1300. 224

225 "Effective date of rental agreement" means the date on which the rental agreement is signed by the 226 landlord and the tenant obligating each party to the terms and conditions of the rental agreement.

"Essential service" includes heat, running water, hot water, electricity, and gas.

228 "Facility" means something that is built, constructed, installed, or established to perform some 229 particular function.

"Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct of the transaction concerned.

"Guest or invitee" means a person, other than the tenant or an authorized occupant, who has the 231 232 permission of the tenant to visit but not to occupy the premises.

233 "Interior of the dwelling unit" means the inside of the dwelling unit, consisting of interior walls, 234 floor, and ceiling, that enclose the dwelling unit as conditioned space from the outside air.

235 "Landlord" means the owner, lessor, or sublessor of the dwelling unit or the building of which such dwelling unit is a part. "Landlord" also includes a managing agent of the premises who fails to disclose 236 237 the name of such owner, lessor, or sublessor. Such managing agent shall be subject to the provisions of 238 § 16.1-88.03. "Landlord" does not include a community land trust.

239 "Managing agent" means the person authorized by the landlord to act as the property manager on

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240 behalf of the landlord pursuant to the written property management agreement.

241 "Mold remediation in accordance with professional standards" means mold remediation of that 242 portion of the dwelling unit or premises affected by mold, or any personal property of the tenant 243 affected by mold, performed consistent with guidance documents published by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, or the American 244 245 Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (Bioaerosols: Assessment and Control); Standard and 246 Reference Guides of the Institute of Inspection, Cleaning and Restoration Certification (IICRC) for 247 Professional Water Damage Restoration and Professional Mold Remediation; or any protocol for mold 248 remediation prepared by an industrial hygienist consistent with such guidance documents.

249 "Multifamily dwelling unit" means more than one single-family dwelling unit located in a building.
250 However, nothing in this definition shall be construed to apply to any nonresidential space in such building.

"Natural person," wherever the chapter refers to an owner as a "natural person," includes co-owners
who are natural persons, either as tenants in common, joint tenants, tenants in partnership, tenants by the
entirety, trustees or beneficiaries of a trust, general partnerships, limited liability partnerships, registered
limited liability partnerships or limited liability companies, or any other lawful combination of natural
persons permitted by law.

257 "Notice" means notice given in writing by either regular mail or hand delivery, with the sender 258 retaining sufficient proof of having given such notice in the form of a certificate of service confirming 259 such mailing prepared by the sender. However, a person shall be deemed to have notice of a fact if he 260 has actual knowledge of it, he has received a verbal notice of it, or, from all of the facts and 261 circumstances known to him at the time in question, he has reason to know it exists. A person "notifies" 262 or "gives" a notice or notification to another by taking steps reasonably calculated to inform another person, whether or not the other person actually comes to know of it. If notice is given that is not in 263 264 writing, the person giving the notice has the burden of proof to show that the notice was given to the 265 recipient of the notice.

<sup>a</sup>Organization" means a corporation, government, governmental subdivision or agency, business trust,
estate, trust, partnership, or association; two or more persons having a joint or common interest; any
combination thereof; and any other legal or commercial entity.

"Owner" means one or more persons or entities, jointly or severally, including a mortgagee in possession, in whom is vested:

**271** 1. All or part of the legal title to the property; or

272 2. All or part of the beneficial ownership and a right to present use and enjoyment of the premises.

273 "Person" means any individual, group of individuals, corporation, partnership, business trust,
274 association, or other legal entity, or any combination thereof.

275 "Premises" means a dwelling unit and the structure of which it is a part, facilities and appurtenances
276 contained therein, and grounds, areas, and facilities held out for the use of tenants generally or whose
277 use is promised to the tenant.

278 "Processing fee for payment of rent with bad check" means the processing fee specified in the rental
279 agreement, not to exceed \$50, assessed by a landlord against a tenant for payment of rent with a check
280 drawn by the tenant on which payment has been refused by the payor bank because the drawer had no
281 account or insufficient funds.

282 "Readily accessible" means areas within the interior of the dwelling unit available for observation at
283 the time of the move-in inspection that do not require removal of materials, personal property,
284 equipment, or similar items.

285 "Rent" means all money, other than a security deposit, owed or paid to the landlord under the rental286 agreement, including prepaid rent paid more than one month in advance of the rent due date.

287 "Rental agreement" or "lease agreement" means all rental agreements, written or oral, and valid rules
288 and regulations adopted under § 55.1-1228 embodying the terms and conditions concerning the use and
289 occupancy of a dwelling unit and premises.

290 "Rental application" means the written application or similar document used by a landlord to291 determine if a prospective tenant is qualified to become a tenant of a dwelling unit.

292 "Renter's insurance" means insurance coverage specified in the rental agreement that is a
 293 combination multi-peril policy containing fire, miscellaneous property, and personal liability coverage
 294 insuring personal property located in dwelling units not occupied by the owner.

295 "Residential tenancy" means a tenancy that is based on a rental agreement between a landlord and a296 tenant for a dwelling unit.

297 "Roomer" means a person occupying a dwelling unit that lacks a major bathroom or kitchen facility,
298 in a structure where one or more major facilities are used in common by occupants of the dwelling unit
299 and other dwelling units. "Major facility" in the case of a bathroom means a toilet and either a bath or
300 shower and in the case of a kitchen means a refrigerator, stove, or sink.

301 "Security deposit" means any refundable deposit of money that is furnished by a tenant to a landlord 302 to secure the performance of the terms and conditions of a rental agreement, as a security for damages 303 to the leased premises, or as a pet deposit. However, such money shall be deemed an application deposit until the commencement date of the rental agreement. "Security deposit" does not include a damage 304 305 insurance policy or renter's insurance policy, as those terms are defined in § 55.1-1206, purchased by a 306 landlord to provide coverage for a tenant.

"Single-family residence" means a structure, other than a multifamily residential structure, maintained 307 308 and used as a single dwelling unit, condominium unit, or any other dwelling unit that has direct access 309 to a street or thoroughfare and does not share heating facilities, hot water equipment, or any other 310 essential facility or essential service with any other dwelling unit.

311 "Sublease" means the transfer by any tenant of any but not all interests created by a rental 312 agreement.

313 "Tenant" means a person entitled only under the terms of a rental agreement to occupy a dwelling unit to the exclusion of others and includes a roomer. "Tenant" does not include (i) an authorized 314 315 occupant, (ii) a guest or invitee, or (iii) any person who guarantees or cosigns the payment of the financial obligations of a rental agreement but has no right to occupy a dwelling unit. 316

317 "Tenant records" means all information, including financial, maintenance, and other records about a 318 tenant or prospective tenant, whether such information is in written or electronic form or any other 319 medium.

320 "Utility" means electricity, natural gas, or water and sewer provided by a public service corporation 321 or such other person providing utility services as permitted under § 56-1.2. If the rental agreement so 322 provides, a landlord may use submetering equipment or energy allocation equipment as defined in 323 § 56-245.2 or a ratio utility billing system as defined in § 55.1-1212.

324 "Visible evidence of mold" means the existence of mold in the dwelling unit that is visible to the 325 naked eye by the landlord or tenant in areas within the interior of the dwelling unit readily accessible at 326 the time of the move-in inspection.

"Written notice" means notice given in accordance with § 55.1-1202, including any representation of 327 328 words, letters, symbols, numbers, or figures, whether (i) printed in or inscribed on a tangible medium or 329 (ii) stored in an electronic form or any other medium, retrievable in a perceivable form, and regardless 330 of whether an electronic signature authorized by the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (§ 59.1-479 et 331 seq.) is affixed.

#### § 55.1-1204. Terms and conditions of rental agreement; payment of rent; copy of rental 332 333 agreement for tenant.

334 A. A landlord and tenant may include in a rental agreement terms and conditions not prohibited by 335 this chapter or other rule of law, including rent, charges for late payment of rent, the term of the 336 agreement, automatic renewal of the rental agreement, requirements for notice of intent to vacate or 337 terminate the rental agreement, and other provisions governing the rights and obligations of the parties.

338 B. A landlord shall offer a prospective tenant a written rental agreement containing the terms governing the rental of the dwelling unit and setting forth the terms and conditions of the 339 340 landlord-tenant relationship and shall provide with it the statement of tenant rights and responsibilities 341 developed by the Department of Housing and Community Development and posted on its website 342 pursuant to § 36-139. The parties to a written rental agreement shall sign the form developed by the 343 Department of Housing and Community Development and posted on its website pursuant to § 36-139 344 acknowledging that the tenant has received from the landlord the statement of tenant rights and 345 responsibilities. The written rental agreement shall be effective upon the date signed by the parties.

346 C. If a landlord does not offer a written rental agreement, the tenancy shall exist by operation of law, 347 consisting of the following terms and conditions: 348

1. The provision of this chapter shall be applicable to the dwelling unit that is being rented;

349 2. The duration of the rental agreement shall be for 12 months and shall not be subject to automatic 350 renewal, except in the event of a month-to-month lease as otherwise provided for under subsection C of 351 § 55.1-1253;

352 3. Rent shall be paid in 12 equal periodic installments in an amount agreed upon by the landlord and 353 the tenant and if no amount is agreed upon, the installments shall be at fair market rent;

354 4. Rent payments shall be due on the first day of each month during the tenancy and shall be considered late if not paid by the fifth of the month; 355

5. If the rent is paid by the tenant after the fifth day of any given month, the landlord shall be 356 357 entitled to charge a late charge as provided in this chapter;

358 6. The landlord may collect a security deposit in an amount, or require damage insurance coverage 359 for an amount, or any combination thereof, that does not to exceed a total amount equal to two months 360 of rent; and

361 7. The parties may enter into a written rental agreement at any time during the 12-month tenancy

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362 created by this subsection.

363 D. Except as provided in the written rental agreement, or as provided in subsection C if no written 364 agreement is offered, rent shall be payable without demand or notice at the time and place agreed upon by the parties. Except as provided in the written rental agreement, rent is payable at the place designated 365 366 by the landlord, and periodic rent is payable at the beginning of any term of one month or less and 367 otherwise in equal installments at the beginning of each month. If the landlord receives from a tenant a 368 written request for a written statement of charges and payments, he shall provide the tenant with a 369 written statement showing all debits and credits over the tenancy or the past 12 months, whichever is 370 shorter. The landlord shall provide such written statement within 10 business days of receiving the 371 request.

372 E. A landlord shall not charge a tenant for late payment of rent unless such charge is provided for in 373 the written rental agreement. No such late charge shall exceed the lesser of 10 percent of the periodic 374 rent or 10 percent of the remaining balance due and owed by the tenant.

375 F. Except as provided in the written rental agreement or, as provided in subsection C if no written 376 agreement is offered, the tenancy shall be week-to-week in the case of a tenant who pays weekly rent 377 and month-to-month in all other cases. Terminations of tenancies shall be governed by § 55.1-1253 378 unless the rental agreement provides for a different notice period.

379 G. If the rental agreement contains any provision allowing the landlord to approve or disapprove a 380 sublessee or assignee of the tenant, the landlord shall, within 10 business days of receipt of the written 381 application of the prospective sublessee or assignee on a form to be provided by the landlord, approve 382 or disapprove the sublessee or assignee. Failure of the landlord to act within 10 business days is 383 evidence of his approval.

384 H. The landlord shall provide a copy of any written rental agreement and the statement of tenant 385 rights and responsibilities to the tenant within one month of the effective date of the written rental 386 agreement. The failure of the landlord to deliver such a rental agreement and statement shall not affect 387 the validity of the agreement. However, the landlord shall not file or maintain an action against the 388 tenant in a court of law for any alleged lease violation until he has provided the tenant with the 389 statement of tenant rights and responsibilities.

390 I. No unilateral change in the terms of a rental agreement by a landlord or tenant shall be valid 391 unless (i) notice of the change is given in accordance with the terms of the rental agreement or as 392 otherwise required by law and (ii) both parties consent in writing to the change.

393 J. The landlord shall provide the tenant with a written receipt, upon request from the tenant, 394 whenever the tenant pays rent in the form of cash or money order. 395

§ 55.1-1206. Landlord may obtain certain insurance for tenant.

396 A. A landlord may require as a condition of tenancy that a tenant have commercial insurance 397 coverage as specified in the rental agreement to secure the performance by the tenant of the terms and 398 conditions of the rental agreement damage insurance and pay for the cost of premiums for such 399 insurance coverage obtained by the landlord, generally known as "damage insurance." As provided in 400 § 55.1-1200, such payments shall not be deemed a security deposit, but shall be rent. However, as 401 provided in § 55.1-1208, the landlord shall not require a tenant to pay both a security deposit and the 402 cost of damage insurance premiums, if the total amount of any security deposit and damage insurance coverage premiums exceeds the amount of two months' periodic rent. The landlord shall notify a tenant 403 **404** in writing that the tenant has the right to obtain a separate policy from the landlord's policy for damage insurance. If a tenant elects to obtain a separate policy, the tenant shall submit to the landlord written 405 406 proof of such coverage and shall maintain such coverage at all times during the term of the rental 407 agreement. Where a landlord obtains damage insurance coverage on behalf of a tenant, the insurance 408 policy shall provide coverage for the tenant as an insured. The landlord shall recover from the tenant the 409 actual costs of such insurance coverage and may recover administrative or other fees associated with 410 administration of a damage insurance policy, including a tenant opting out of the insurance coverage provided by the landlord pursuant to this subsection. If a landlord obtains damage insurance for his 411 412 tenants, the landlord shall provide to each tenant, prior to execution of the rental agreement, a summary 413 of the insurance policy or certificate evidencing the coverage being provided and upon request of the 414 tenant make available a copy of the insurance policy. For a tenant that opts out of the landlord's 415 damage insurance program, the landlord shall allow such tenant to either provide their own damage 416 insurance policy or pay the full security deposit.

417 B. A landlord may require as a condition of tenancy that a tenant have renter's insurance as specified 418 in the rental agreement that is a combination multi-peril policy containing fire, miscellaneous property, 419 and personal liability coverage insuring personal property located in dwelling units not occupied by the 420 owner. A landlord may require a tenant to pay for the cost of premiums for such renter's insurance 421 obtained by the landlord, in order to provide such coverage for the tenant as part of rent or as otherwise provided in this section. As provided in § 55.1-1200, such payments shall not be deemed a security 422

423 deposit but shall be rent. The landlord shall notify a tenant in writing that the tenant has the right to 424 obtain a separate policy from the landlord's policy for renter's insurance. If a tenant elects to obtain a 425 separate policy, the tenant shall submit to the landlord written proof of such coverage and shall maintain 426 such coverage at all times during the term of the rental agreement. If a tenant allows his renter's 427 insurance policy required by the rental agreement to lapse for any reason, the landlord may provide any 428 landlord's renter's insurance coverage to such tenant. The tenant shall be obligated to pay for the cost of 429 premiums for such insurance as rent or as otherwise provided herein until the tenant has provided 430 written documentation to the landlord showing that the tenant has reinstated his own renter's insurance 431 coverage.

432 C. If the landlord requires that such premiums be paid to the landlord prior to the commencement of 433 the tenancy, the total amount of all security deposits, insurance coverage premiums for damage 434 insurance, and insurance premiums for renter's insurance shall not exceed the amount of two months' 435 periodic rent. Otherwise *However*, the landlord may shall be permitted to add a monthly amount as 436 additional rent to recover the additional costs of such renter's insurance coverage premiums.

437 D. Where a landlord obtains renter's insurance coverage on behalf of a tenant, the insurance policy 438 shall provide coverage for the tenant as an insured. The landlord shall recover from the tenant the actual 439 costs of such insurance coverage and may recover administrative or other fees associated with the 440 administration of a renter's insurance program, including a tenant opting out of the insurance coverage 441 provided to the tenant pursuant to this subsection. If a landlord obtains renter's insurance for his tenants, 442 the landlord shall provide to each tenant, prior to execution of the rental agreement, a summary of the 443 insurance policy prepared by the insurer or certificate evidencing the coverage being provided and upon 444 request of the tenant make available a copy of the insurance policy. Such summary or certificate shall include a statement regarding whether the insurance policy contains a waiver of subrogation provision. 445 446 Any failure of the landlord to provide such summary or certificate, or to make available a copy of the 447 insurance policy, shall not affect the validity of the rental agreement.

448 If the rental agreement does not require the tenant to obtain renter's insurance, the landlord shall 449 provide a written notice to the tenant, prior to the execution of the rental agreement, stating that (i) the 450 landlord is not responsible for the tenant's personal property, (ii) the landlord's insurance coverage does 451 not cover the tenant's personal property, and (iii) if the tenant wishes to protect his personal property, he 452 should obtain renter's insurance. The notice shall inform the tenant that any such renter's insurance 453 obtained by the tenant does not cover flood damage and advise the tenant to contact the Federal 454 Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) or visit the websites for FEMA's National Flood Insurance 455 Program or for the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation's Flood Risk Information 456 System to obtain information regarding whether the property is located in a special flood hazard area. 457 Any failure of the landlord to provide such notice shall not affect the validity of the rental agreement. If the tenant requests translation of the notice from the English language to another language, the landlord 458 459 may assist the tenant in obtaining a translator or refer the tenant to an electronic translation service. In 460 doing so, the landlord shall not be deemed to have breached any of his obligations under this chapter or 461 otherwise become liable for any inaccuracies in the translation. The landlord shall not charge a fee for 462 such assistance or referral.

E. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the landlord from recovering from the tenant, 463 464 as part of the rent, the tenant's prorated share of the actual costs of other insurance coverages provided 465 by the landlord relative to the premises, or the tenant's prorated share of a self-insurance program held 466 in an escrow account by the landlord, including the landlord's administrative or other fees associated 467 with the administration of such coverages. The landlord may apply such funds held in escrow to pay 468 claims pursuant to the landlord's self-insurance plan. 469

### § 55.1-1208. Prohibited provisions in rental agreements. 470

471

A. A rental agreement shall not contain provisions that the tenant:

1. Agrees to waive or forgo rights or remedies under this chapter;

472 2. Agrees to waive or forgo rights or remedies pertaining to the 120-day conversion or rehabilitation 473 notice required in the Virginia Condominium Act (§ 55.1-1900 et seq.) or the Virginia Real Estate 474 Cooperative Act (§ 55.1-2100 et seq.) or under § 55.1-1410; 475

- $\overline{3}$ . Authorizes any person to confess judgment on a claim arising out of the rental agreement; 476
  - 4. Agrees to pay the landlord's attorney fees except as provided in this chapter;

477 5. Agrees to the exculpation or limitation of any liability of the landlord to the tenant arising under 478 law or to indemnify the landlord for that liability or any associated costs;

479 6. Agrees as a condition of tenancy in public housing to a prohibition or restriction of any lawful 480 possession of a firearm within individual dwelling units unless required by federal law or regulation; or

7. Agrees to both the payment of a security deposit and the provision of a bond or commercial 481 482 insurance policy purchased by the tenant to secure the performance of the terms and conditions of a 483 rental agreement, if the total of the security deposit and the bond or insurance coverage exceeds,

484 insurance premiums for damage insurance, and insurance premiums for renter's insurance prior to the 485 commencement of the tenancy that exceed the amount of two months' periodic rent.

486 B. Any provision prohibited by subsection A that is included in a rental agreement is unenforceable. 487 If a landlord brings an action to enforce any such provision, the tenant may recover actual damages 488 sustained by him and reasonable attorney fees.

489 § 55.1-1211. Appointment of resident agent by nonresident property owner; service of process, 490 etc., on such agent or on Secretary of the Commonwealth.

491 A. As used in this section, "nonresident property owner" means any nonresident individual or group 492 of individuals who owns and leases residential real property.

B. Every nonresident property owner shall appoint and continuously maintain an agent who (i) if 493 494 such agent is an individual, is a resident of the Commonwealth, or if such agent is a corporation, limited 495 liability company, partnership, or other entity, is authorized to transact business in the Commonwealth 496 and (ii) maintains a business office within the Commonwealth. Every lease executed by or on behalf of 497 nonresident property owners regarding any such real property shall specifically designate such agent and 498 the agent's office address for the purpose of service of any process, notice, order, or demand required or 499 permitted by law to be served upon such nonresident property owner.

500 C. Whenever any nonresident property owner fails to appoint or maintain an agent, as required in 501 this section, or whenever his agent cannot with reasonable diligence be found, then the Secretary of the 502 Commonwealth shall be an agent of the nonresident property owner upon whom may be served any 503 process, notice, order, or demand. Service may be made on the Secretary of the Commonwealth or any 504 of his staff at his office who shall forthwith cause it to be sent by registered or certified mail addressed 505 to the nonresident property owner at his address as shown on the official tax records maintained by the 506 locality where the property is located.

507 D. The name and office address of the agent appointed as provided in this section shall be filed in 508 listed on a form provided by the State Corporation Commission and delivered to the office of the clerk 509 of the court in which deeds are recorded in the county or city in which the property lies. Recordation 510 shall be in the same book as certificates of fictitious names are recorded as provided by § 59.1-74, for which the clerk shall be entitled to a fee of \$10 State Corporation Commission for filing. Beginning July 511 512 1, 2022, the clerk of the State Corporation Commission shall charge a fee of \$10 for the filing of a 513 resident agent appointment.

514 E. No nonresident property owner shall maintain an action in the courts of the Commonwealth 515 concerning property for which a designation is required by this section until such designation has been 516 filed. 517

### § 55.1-1226. Security deposits.

518 A. No landlord may demand or receive a security deposit, however denominated, in an amount or 519 value in excess of two months' periodic rent. Upon termination of the tenancy or the date the tenant 520 vacates the dwelling unit, whichever occurs last, such security deposit, whether it is property or money 521 held by the landlord as security as provided in this section, may be applied by the landlord solely to (i) 522 the payment of accrued rent, including the reasonable charges for late payment of rent specified in the 523 rental agreement; (ii) the payment of the amount of damages that the landlord has suffered by reason of 524 the tenant's noncompliance with § 55.1-1227, less reasonable wear and tear; (iii) other damages or 525 charges as provided in the rental agreement; or (iv) actual damages for breach of the rental agreement 526 pursuant to § 55.1-1251. The security deposit and any deductions, damages, and charges shall be 527 itemized by the landlord in a written notice given to the tenant, together with any amount due to the 528 tenant, within 45 days after the termination date of the tenancy or the date the tenant vacates the 529 dwelling unit, whichever occurs last. As of the date of the termination of the tenancy or the date the 530 tenant vacates the dwelling unit, whichever occurs last, the tenant shall be required to deliver possession 531 of the dwelling unit to the landlord. If the termination date is prior to the expiration of the rental 532 agreement or any renewal thereof, or the tenant has not given proper notice of termination of the rental 533 agreement, the tenant shall be liable for actual damages pursuant to § 55.1-1251, in which case, the 534 landlord shall give written notice of security deposit disposition within the 45-day period but may retain 535 any security balance to apply against any financial obligations of the tenant to the landlord pursuant to 536 this chapter or the rental agreement. If the tenant fails to vacate the dwelling unit as of the termination 537 of the tenancy, the landlord may file an unlawful detainer action pursuant to § 8.01-126.

538 B. Where there is more than one tenant subject to a rental agreement, unless otherwise agreed to in 539 writing by each of the tenants, disposition of the security deposit shall be made with one check being 540 payable to all such tenants and sent to a forwarding address provided by one of the tenants. The 541 landlord shall make the security deposit disposition within the 45-day time period required by subsection 542 A, but if no forwarding address is provided to the landlord, the landlord may continue to hold such 543 security deposit in escrow. If a tenant fails to provide a forwarding address to the landlord to enable the landlord to make a refund of the security deposit, upon the expiration of one year from the date of the 544

545 end of the 45-day time period, the landlord may remit such sum to the State Treasurer as unclaimed 546 property on a form prescribed by the administrator that includes the name; social security number, if 547 known; and last known address of each tenant on the rental agreement. If the landlord or managing 548 agent is a real estate licensee, compliance with this subsection shall be deemed compliance with 549 § 54.1-2108 and corresponding regulations of the Real Estate Board.

550 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed by a court of law or otherwise as entitling the tenant, 551 upon the termination of the tenancy, to an immediate credit against the tenant's delinquent rent account 552 in the amount of the security deposit. The landlord shall apply the security deposit in accordance with 553 this section within the 45-day time period required by subsection A. However, provided that the landlord 554 has given prior written notice in accordance with this section, the landlord may withhold a reasonable 555 portion of the security deposit to cover an amount of the balance due on the water, sewer, or other 556 utility account that is an obligation of the tenant to a third-party provider under the rental agreement for 557 the dwelling unit, and upon payment of such obligations the landlord shall provide written confirmation 558 to the tenant within 10 days, along with payment to the tenant of any balance otherwise due to the 559 tenant. In order to withhold such funds as part of the disposition of the security deposit, the landlord 560 shall have so advised the tenant of his rights and obligations under this section in (i) a termination 561 notice to the tenant in accordance with this chapter, (ii) a written notice to the tenant confirming the 562 vacating date in accordance with this section, or (iii) a separate written notice to the tenant at least 15 563 days prior to the disposition of the security deposit. Any written notice to the tenant shall be given in 564 accordance with § 55.1-1202.

565 The tenant may provide the landlord with written confirmation of the payment of the final water, 566 sewer, or other utility bill for the dwelling unit, in which case the landlord shall refund the security deposit, unless there are other authorized deductions, within the 45-day period required by subsection A. 567 568 If the tenant provides such written confirmation after the expiration of the 45-day period, the landlord 569 shall refund any remaining balance of the security deposit held to the tenant within 10 days following the receipt of such written confirmation provided by the tenant. If the landlord otherwise receives 570 571 confirmation of payment of the final water, sewer, or other utility bill for the dwelling unit, the landlord 572 shall refund the security deposit, unless there are other authorized deductions, within the 45-day period.

573 D. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the landlord from making the disposition of 574 the security deposit prior to the 45-day period required by subsection A and charging an administrative 575 fee to the tenant for such expedited processing, if the rental agreement so provides and the tenant 576 requests expedited processing in a separate written document.

E. The landlord shall notify the tenant in writing of any deductions provided by this section to be 577 578 made from the tenant's security deposit during the course of the tenancy. Such notification shall be made 579 within 30 days of the date of the determination of the deduction and shall itemize the reasons in the 580 same manner as provided in subsection F. No such notification shall be required for deductions made less than 30 days prior to the termination of the rental agreement. If the landlord willfully fails to 581 582 comply with this section, the court shall order the return of the security deposit to the tenant, together 583 with actual damages and reasonable attorney fees, unless the tenant owes rent to the landlord, in which 584 case the court shall order an amount equal to the security deposit credited against the rent due to the landlord. In the event that damages to the premises exceed the amount of the security deposit and 585 586 require the services of a third-party contractor, the landlord shall give written notice to the tenant advising him of that fact within the 45-day period required by subsection A. If notice is given as 587 prescribed in this subsection, the landlord shall have an additional 15-day period to provide an 588 589 itemization of the damages and the cost of repair. This section shall not preclude the landlord or tenant 590 from recovering other damages to which he may be entitled under this chapter. The holder of the 591 landlord's interest in the premises at the time of the termination of the tenancy, regardless of how the 592 interest is acquired or transferred, is bound by this section and shall be required to return any security 593 deposit received by the original landlord that is duly owed to the tenant, whether or not such security 594 deposit is transferred with the landlord's interest by law or equity, regardless of any contractual 595 agreements between the original landlord and his successors in interest. 596

F. The landlord shall:

597 1. Maintain and itemize records for each tenant of all deductions from security deposits provided for 598 under this section that the landlord has made by reason of a tenant's noncompliance with § 55.1-1227, or 599 for any other reason set out in this section, during the preceding two years; and

600 2. Permit a tenant or his authorized agent or attorney to inspect such tenant's records of deductions at 601 any time during normal business hours.

602 G. Upon request by the landlord to a tenant to vacate, or within five days after receipt of notice by 603 the landlord of the tenant's intent to vacate, the landlord shall provide written notice to the tenant of the 604 tenant's right to be present at the landlord's inspection of the dwelling unit for the purpose of determining the amount of security deposit to be returned. If the tenant desires to be present when the 605

606 landlord makes the inspection, he shall, in writing, so advise the landlord, who in turn shall notify the 607 tenant of the date and time of the inspection, which must be made within 72 hours of delivery of 608 possession. Following the move-out inspection, the landlord shall provide the tenant with a written 609 security deposit disposition statement, including an itemized list of damages. If additional damages are 610 discovered by the landlord after the security deposit disposition has been made, nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude the landlord from recovery of such damages against the tenant, provided, 611 612 however, that the tenant may present into evidence a copy of the move-out report to support the tenant's

613 position that such additional damages did not exist at the time of the move-out inspection.

614 H. If the tenant has any assignee or sublessee, the landlord shall be entitled to hold a security deposit from only one party in compliance with the provisions of this section. 615

616 I. The landlord may permit a tenant to provide damage insurance coverage in lieu of the payment of 617 a security deposit. Such damage insurance in lieu of a security deposit shall conform to the following 618 criteria:

619 1. The provider of damage insurance company is licensed or approved by the Virginia State 620 Corporation Commission;

621 2. The insurance permits the payment of premiums on a monthly basis, unless the tenant selects a 622 different payment schedule;

623 3. The coverage is effective upon the payment of the first premium and remains effective for the 624 entire lease term;

625 4. 3. The coverage provided per claim is no less than the amount the landlord requires for security 626 deposits;

627 5. 4. The provider of damage insurance company agrees to approve or deny payment of a claim in 628 accordance with regulations adopted by the State Corporation Commission's Bureau of Insurance; and

629 6. 5. The provider of damage insurance company shall notify the landlord within 10 days if the 630 damage policy lapses or is canceled.

631 J. Each landlord may designate one or more damage insurance companies from which the landlord 632 will accept damage insurance in lieu of a security deposit. Such insurers shall be identified in the 633 written lease agreement.

634 K. A tenant who initially opts to provide damage insurance in lieu of a security deposit may, at any 635 time without consent of the landlord, opt to pay the full security deposit to the landlord in lieu of 636 maintaining a damage insurance policy. The landlord shall not alter the terms of the lease in the event a 637 tenant opts to pay the full amount of the security deposit pursuant to this subsection.

### § 64.2-2008. Fees and costs.

638

639 A. The petitioner shall pay the filing fee set forth in subdivision A 43 42 of § 17.1-275 and costs. 640 Service fees and court costs may be waived by the court if it is alleged under oath that the estate of the 641 respondent is unavailable or insufficient. If a guardian or conservator is appointed and the court finds 642 that the petition is brought in good faith and for the benefit of the respondent, the court shall order that 643 the petitioner be reimbursed from the estate for all reasonable costs and fees if the estate of the 644 incapacitated person is available and sufficient to reimburse the petitioner. If a guardian or conservator 645 is not appointed and the court nonetheless finds that the petition is brought in good faith and for the **646** benefit of the respondent, the court may direct the respondent's estate, if available and sufficient, to reimburse the petitioner for all reasonable costs and fees. The court may require the petitioner to pay or 647 648 reimburse all or some of the respondent's reasonable costs and fees and any other costs incurred under 649 this chapter if the court finds that the petitioner initiated a proceeding under this chapter that was in bad 650 faith or not for the benefit of the respondent.

B. In any proceeding filed pursuant to this article, if the adult subject of the petition is determined to 651 652 be indigent, any fees and costs of the proceeding that are fixed by the court or taxed as costs shall be 653 borne by the Commonwealth. 654

### § 64.2-2012. Petition for restoration, modification, or termination; effects.

655 A. Upon petition by the incapacitated person, the guardian or conservator, or any other person or 656 upon motion of the court, the court may (i) declare the incapacitated person restored to capacity; (ii) 657 modify the type of appointment or the areas of protection, management, or assistance previously granted 658 or require a new bond; (iii) terminate the guardianship or conservatorship; (iv) order removal of the 659 guardian or conservator as provided in § 64.2-1410; or (v) order other appropriate relief. The fee for filing the petition shall be as provided in subdivision A 43 42 of § 17.1-275. 660

661 B. In the case of a petition for modification to expand the scope of a guardianship or 662 conservatorship, the incapacitated person shall be entitled to a jury, upon request. Notice of the hearing and a copy of the petition shall be personally served on the incapacitated person and mailed to other 663 664 persons entitled to notice pursuant to § 64.2-2004. The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the 665 incapacitated person and may appoint one or more licensed physicians or psychologists or licensed professionals skilled in the assessment and treatment of the physical or mental conditions of the 666

incapacitated person, as alleged in the petition, to conduct an evaluation. Upon the filing of any other
such petition or upon the motion of the court, and after reasonable notice to the incapacitated person,
any guardian or conservator, any attorney of record, any person entitled to notice of the filing of an
original petition as provided in § 64.2-2004, and any other person or entity as the court may require, the
court shall hold a hearing.

672 C. An order appointing a guardian or conservator may be revoked, modified, or terminated upon a 673 finding that it is in the best interests of the incapacitated person and that:

674 1. The incapacitated person is no longer in need of the assistance or protection of a guardian or 675 conservator;

676 2. The extent of protection, management, or assistance previously granted is either excessive or677 insufficient considering the current need of the incapacitated person;

678 3. The incapacitated person's understanding or capacity to manage his estate and financial affairs or679 to provide for his health, care, or safety has so changed as to warrant such action; or

**680** 4. Circumstances are such that the guardianship or conservatorship is no longer necessary or is insufficient.

b. The court shall declare the person restored to capacity and discharge the guardian or conservator
if, on the basis of evidence offered at the hearing, the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence
that the incapacitated person has substantially regained his ability to (i) care for his person in the case of
a guardianship or (ii) manage and handle his estate in the case of a conservatorship.

In the case of a petition for modification of a guardianship or conservatorship, the court shall order
(a) limiting or reducing the powers of the guardian or conservator if the court finds by a preponderance
of the evidence that it is in the best interests of the incapacitated person to do so, or (b) increasing or
expanding the powers of the guardian or conservator if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence
that it is in the best interests of the incapacitated person to do so.

691 The court may order a new bond or other appropriate relief upon finding by a preponderance of the692 evidence that the guardian or conservator is not acting in the best interests of the incapacitated person or693 of the estate.

E. The powers of a guardian or conservator shall terminate upon the death, resignation, or removal ofthe guardian or conservator or upon the termination of the guardianship or conservatorship.

A guardianship or conservatorship shall terminate upon the death of the incapacitated person or, ifordered by the court, following a hearing on the petition of any interested person.

F. The court may allow reasonable compensation from the estate of the incapacitated person to any guardian ad litem, attorney, or evaluator appointed pursuant to this section. Any compensation allowed shall be taxed as costs of the proceeding.

701 2. That the clerk of the State Corporation Commission (the clerk) shall provide a downloadable 702 form for the filing of a resident agent appointment pursuant to § 55.1-1211 of the Code of

703 Virginia, as amended by this act, and begin accepting paper filings on July 1, 2021. The clerk

shall begin accepting online filings pursuant to § 55.1-1211 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, by July 1, 2022.