21102815D

1

2

3

4

5

6

7 8

9 10

HOUSE BILL NO. 2160

Offered January 13, 2021 Prefiled January 12, 2021

A BILL to amend and reenact § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to electric utilities; triennial review; fair rate of return; customer bill credits.

Patrons-Tran, VanValkenburg, Carr, Guzman, Helmer, Hope, Keam, Kory and Lopez

Referred to Committee on Labor and Commerce

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

11 1. That § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

12 § 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or 13 expire.

14 A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for 15 hearing, initiate proceedings to review the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, 16 distribution and transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), except as modified 17 herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common equity 18 19 applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission may use 20 any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such return 21 shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity reported to the Securities and 22 Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are available by not 23 less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other 24 investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall the Commission set such return 25 more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined 26 27 rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service, 28 and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the 29 Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine 30 the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the 31 utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to 32 33 provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less 34 than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on 35 common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall 36 be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the 37 Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the 38 utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than 39 the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) to 40 direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above 41 the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the 42 Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer 43 44 classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design 45 46 base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall conduct reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and 47 48 transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following 49 provisions:

1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis, 50 51 and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. Pursuant to subsection A of 52 § 56-585.1:1, the Commission shall conduct a review for a Phase I Utility in 2020, utilizing the three 53 successive 12-month test periods beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 31, 2019. Thereafter, reviews for a Phase I Utility will be on a triennial basis with subsequent proceedings utilizing the three 54 successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such review proceeding is conducted. Pursuant to subsection A of § 56-585.1:1, the Commission shall 55 56 conduct a review for a Phase II Utility in 2021, utilizing the four successive 12-month test periods 57 58 beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 31, 2020, with subsequent reviews on a triennial basis

utilizing the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year
in which such review proceeding is conducted. All such reviews occurring after December 31, 2017,
shall be referred to as triennial reviews. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an
investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case
settlement adopted by the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a
Phase II Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

65 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, the fair rate of return on common equity applicable
66 separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
67 combined, and for any rate adjustment clauses approved under subdivision 5 or 6, shall be determined
68 by the Commission during each such triennial review, as follows:

a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the 69 public interest, but for applications received by the Commission on or after January 1, 2020, such return 70 71 shall not be set lower than the average of either (i) the returns on common equity reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are 72 73 available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of 74 other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such triennial review or 75 (ii) the authorized returns on common equity that are set by the applicable regulatory commissions for the same selected peer group, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 150 basis points 76 77 higher than such average.

78 b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities for applications received 79 by the Commission on or after January 1, 2020, the Commission shall first remove from such group the 80 two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported or authorized, as applicable, returns of the 81 group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported or authorized, as applicable, returns of the group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities 82 83 remaining in such peer group. In its final order regarding such triennial review, the Commission shall identify the utilities in such peer group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of 84 85 this subdivision, an investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its 86 principal operations are conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in 87 either the states of West Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of Tennessee, (ii) it is a vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and 88 89 distribution services whose facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the 90 state where its principal operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by 91 Moody's Investors Service of at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such 92 triennial review, and (iv) it is not an affiliate of the utility subject to such triennial review.

c. The Commission may, consistent with its precedent for incumbent electric utilities prior to the
enactment of Chapters 888 and 933 of the Acts of Assembly of 2007, increase or decrease the utility's
combined rate of return based on the Commission's consideration of the utility's performance.

96 d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has 97 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a 98 percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 99 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an 100 101 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall 102 103 be made without regard to any enhanced rate of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration 104 105 of overall economic conditions, the level of interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and industry, in general, as well as electric utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of 106 107 goods and services, the effect on the utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if 108 less than the Current Return were utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other factors as the Commission may deem relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that 109 110 use of the Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, 111 then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for such utility shall be calculated, for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a 112 113 percentage at least equal to the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor 114 115 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined 116 the Initial Return. For purposes of this subdivision:

"Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return for such utility.

121 "Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required for122 any Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

"Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility
by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection
pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive
with costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

f. The determination of such returns shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and
 specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard to
 facilities described in subdivision 6.

132 g. If In any triennial review conducted under this section, the Commission may establish a range 133 above or below the authorized rate of return such that if the combined rate of return on common equity 134 earned by the generation and distribution services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the 135 return as so determined or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II 136 Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, such return is no more than 70 basis points 137 above or below the return as so determined within that range, such combined return shall not be 138 considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively. However, for any test period commencing after 139 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility, and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, if the 140 utility has, during the test period or periods under review, earned below the return as so determined, 141 whether or not such combined return is within 70 basis points of the return as so determined, the utility 142 may petition the Commission for approval of an increase in rates in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 8 a as if it had earned more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of return, and 143 144 such proceeding shall otherwise be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this section. The 145 provisions of this subdivision are subject to the provisions of subdivision 8.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
any subsequent triennial review.

149 3. Each such utility shall make a triennial filing by March 31 of every third year, with such filings 150 commencing for a Phase I Utility in 2020, and such filings commencing for a Phase II Utility in 2021, 151 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 152 applications. Such filing shall encompass the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 153 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted, except that the filing for a 154 Phase II Utility in 2021 shall encompass the four successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 155 2020, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately and shall be 156 segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines that rates 157 should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any rate 158 adjustment clauses previously implemented related to facilities utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines 159 described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with the utility's costs, revenues and investments until the 160 amounts that are the subject of such rate adjustment clauses are fully recovered. The Commission shall 161 combine such clauses with the utility's costs, revenues and investments only after it makes its initial determination with regard to necessary rate revisions or credits to customers' bills, and the amounts 162 thereof, but after such clauses are combined as herein specified, they shall thereafter be considered part 163 164 of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for the purposes of future triennial review proceedings. 165 In a triennial filing under this subdivision that does not result in an overall rate change a utility may propose an adjustment to one or more tariffs that are revenue neutral to the utility. 166

167 4. (Expires December 31, 2023) The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed 168 reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for transmission services provided to the utility by the regional 169 transmission entity of which the utility is a member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and 170 conditions approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; (ii) costs charged to the utility that 171 are associated with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 172 and administered by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a member; and (iii) costs 173 incurred by the utility to construct, operate, and maintain transmission lines and substations installed in 174 order to provide service to a business park. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the expiration or 175 termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the Commission shall 176 approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without limitation, costs for 177 transmission service; charges for new and existing transmission facilities, including costs incurred by the 178 utility to construct, operate, and maintain transmission lines and substations installed in order to provide 179 service to a business park; administrative charges; and ancillary service charges designed to recover 180 transmission costs, shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall be designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate 181

182 schedules.

183 4. (Effective January 1, 2024) The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable 184 and prudent: (i) costs for transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity 185 of which the utility is a member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated 186 187 with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and 188 administered by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a 189 utility at any time after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 190 12-month period, the Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, 191 including, without limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission 192 facilities, administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs, shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall 193 194 be designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

5. A utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than
once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment
clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1, 2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that comply with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shaving
programs or pilot programs. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is
in the public interest, provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are
reasonable;

207 c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency 208 programs or pilot programs. Any such petition shall include a proposed budget for the design, 209 implementation, and operation of the energy efficiency program, including anticipated savings from and 210 spending on each program, and the Commission shall grant a final order on such petitions within eight 211 months of initial filing. The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it finds that the program 212 is in the public interest. If the Commission determines that an energy efficiency program or portfolio of 213 programs is not in the public interest, its final order shall include all work product and analysis 214 conducted by the Commission's staff in relation to that program that has bearing upon the Commission's 215 determination. Such order shall adhere to existing protocols for extraordinarily sensitive information.

Energy efficiency pilot programs are in the public interest provided that the pilot program is (i) of
limited scope, cost, and duration and (ii) intended to determine whether a new or substantially revised
program would be cost-effective.

219 Prior to January 1, 2022, the Commission shall award a margin for recovery on operating expenses 220 for energy efficiency programs and pilot programs, which margin shall be equal to the general rate of 221 return on common equity determined as described in subdivision 2. Beginning January 1, 2022, and 222 thereafter, if the Commission determines that the utility meets in any year the annual energy efficiency 223 standards set forth in § 56-596.2, in the following year, the Commission shall award a margin on energy 224 efficiency program operating expenses in that year, to be recovered through a rate adjustment clause, 225 which margin shall be equal to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in 226 subdivision 2. If the Commission does not approve energy efficiency programs that, in the aggregate, 227 can achieve the annual energy efficiency standards, the Commission shall award a margin on energy 228 efficiency operating expenses in that year for any programs the Commission has approved, to be 229 recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision, which margin shall equal the general 230 rate of return on common equity determined as described in subdivision 2. Any margin awarded 231 pursuant to this subdivision shall be applied as part of the utility's next rate adjustment clause true-up 232 proceeding. The Commission shall also award an additional 20 basis points for each additional 233 incremental 0.1 percent in annual savings in any year achieved by the utility's energy efficiency 234 programs approved by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision, beyond the annual requirements set 235 forth in § 56-596.2, provided that the total performance incentive awarded in any year shall not exceed 236 10 percent of that utility's total energy efficiency program spending in that same year.

The Commission shall annually monitor and report to the General Assembly the performance of all programs approved pursuant to this subdivision, including each utility's compliance with the total annual savings required by § 56-596.2, as well as the annual and lifecycle net and gross energy and capacity savings, related emissions reductions, and other quantifiable benefits of each program; total customer bill savings that the programs produce; utility spending on each program, including any associated administrative costs; and each utility's avoided costs and cost-effectiveness results.

243 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless the Commission finds in its discretion and after

consideration of all in-state and regional transmission entity resources that there is a threat to the reliability or security of electric service to the utility's customers, the Commission shall not approve construction of any new utility-owned generating facilities that emit carbon dioxide as a by-product of combusting fuel to generate electricity unless the utility has already met the energy savings goals identified in § 56-596.2 and the Commission finds that supply-side resources are more cost-effective than demand-side or energy storage resources.

As used in this subdivision, "large general service customer" means a customer that has a verifiable history of having used more than one megawatt of demand from a single site.

Large general service customers shall be exempt from requirements that they participate in energy 252 253 efficiency programs if the Commission finds that the large general service customer has, at the 254 customer's own expense, implemented energy efficiency programs that have produced or will produce 255 measured and verified results consistent with industry standards and other regulatory criteria stated in this section. The Commission shall, no later than June 30, 2021, adopt rules or regulations (a) 256 257 establishing the process for large general service customers to apply for such an exemption, (b) 258 establishing the administrative procedures by which eligible customers will notify the utility, and (c) 259 defining the standard criteria that shall be satisfied by an applicant in order to notify the utility, 260 including means of evaluation measurement and verification and confidentiality requirements. At a 261 minimum, such rules and regulations shall require that each exempted large general service customer 262 certify to the utility and Commission that its implemented energy efficiency programs have delivered 263 measured and verified savings within the prior five years. In adopting such rules or regulations, the 264 Commission shall also specify the timing as to when a utility shall accept and act on such notice, taking 265 into consideration the utility's integrated resource planning process, as well as its administration of 266 energy efficiency programs that are approved for cost recovery by the Commission. Savings from large 267 general service customers shall be accounted for in utility reporting in the standards in § 56-596.2.

268 The notice of nonparticipation by a large general service customer shall be for the duration of the service life of the customer's energy efficiency measures. The Commission may on its own motion initiate steps necessary to verify such nonparticipant's achievement of energy efficiency if the Commission has a body of evidence that the nonparticipant has knowingly misrepresented its energy efficiency achievement.

A utility shall not charge such large general service customer for the costs of installing energy efficiency equipment beyond what is required to provide electric service and meter such service on the customer's premises if the customer provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all relevant proceedings pursuant to this section, the Commission shall take into consideration the goals of economic development, energy efficiency and environmental protection in the Commonwealth;

d. Projected and actual costs of compliance with renewable energy portfolio standard requirements
pursuant to § 56-585.5 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such
a petition allowing the recovery of such costs incurred as required by § 56-585.5, provided that the
Commission does not otherwise find such costs were unreasonably or imprudently incurred;

e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to mitigate
impacts to marine life caused by construction of offshore wind generating facilities, as described in
§ 56-585.1:11, or to comply with state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to
generation facilities used to serve the utility's native load obligations, including the costs of allowances
purchased through a market-based trading program for carbon dioxide emissions. The Commission shall
approve such a petition if it finds that such costs are necessary to comply with such environmental laws
or regulations;

f. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate programs approved by the Commission that accelerate the vegetation management of distribution rights-of-way. No costs shall be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the large general service rate classes for a Phase II Utility or that are served at subtransmission or transmission voltage, or take delivery at a substation served from subtransmission or transmission voltage, for a Phase I Utility; and

g. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate
programs approved by the Commission to provide incentives to (i) low-income, elderly, and disabled
individuals or (ii) organizations providing residential services to low-income, elderly, and disabled
individuals for the installation of, or access to, equipment to generate electric energy derived from
sunlight, provided the low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals, or organizations providing
residential services to low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals, first participate in incentive
programs for the installation of measures that reduce heating or cooling costs.

Any rate adjustment clause approved under subdivision 5 c by the Commission shall remain in effect until the utility exhausts the approved budget for the energy efficiency program. The Commission shall 305 have the authority to determine the duration or amortization period for any other rate adjustment clause 306 approved under this subdivision.

307 6. To ensure the generation and delivery of a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the 308 utility's projected native load obligations and to promote economic development, a utility may at any 309 time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate 310 adjustment clause for recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the costs of (i) a 311 coal-fueled generation facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or 312 313 without the utility's service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, (iii) one or more major 314 unit modifications of generation facilities, including the costs of any system or equipment upgrade, 315 system or equipment replacement, or other cost reasonably appropriate to extend the combined operating license for or the operating life of one or more generation facilities utilizing nuclear power, (iv) one or 316 317 more new underground facilities to replace one or more existing overhead distribution facilities of 69 318 kilovolts or less located within the Commonwealth, (v) one or more pumped hydroelectricity generation 319 and storage facilities that utilize on-site or off-site renewable energy resources as all or a portion of their 320 power source and such facilities and associated resources are located in the coalfield region of the 321 Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or without the utility's service territory, or (vi) one or more electric distribution grid transformation 322 323 projects; however, subject to the provisions of the following sentence, the utility shall not file a petition 324 under clause (iv) more often than annually and, in such petition, shall not seek any annual incremental 325 increase in the level of investments associated with such a petition that exceeds five percent of such 326 utility's distribution rate base, as such rate base was determined for the most recently ended 12-month 327 test period in the utility's latest review proceeding conducted pursuant to subdivision 3 and concluded by final order of the Commission prior to the date of filing of such petition under clause (iv). In all 328 329 proceedings regarding petitions filed under clause (iv) or (vi), the level of investments approved for 330 recovery in such proceedings shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, levels of investments previously 331 approved for recovery in prior proceedings under clause (iv) or (vi), as applicable. As of December 1, 332 2028, any costs recovered by a utility pursuant to clause (iv) shall be limited to any remaining costs 333 associated with conversions of overhead distribution facilities to underground facilities that have been 334 previously approved or are pending approval by the Commission through a petition by the utility under 335 this subdivision. Such a petition concerning facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize nuclear power, 336 facilities described in clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be built by a Phase I Utility, or facilities 337 described in clause (i) may also be filed before the expiration or termination of capped rates. A utility 338 that constructs or makes modifications to any such facility, or purchases any facility consisting of at 339 least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the 340 Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more 341 Virginia businesses, shall have the right to recover the costs of the facility, as accrued against income, 342 through its rates, including projected construction work in progress, and any associated allowance for 343 funds used during construction, planning, development and construction or acquisition costs, life-cycle 344 costs, costs related to assessing the feasibility of potential sites for new underground facilities, and costs of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate 345 346 of return on common equity calculated as specified below; however, in determining the amounts 347 recoverable under a rate adjustment clause for new underground facilities, the Commission shall not 348 consider, or increase or reduce such amounts recoverable because of (a) the operation and maintenance 349 costs attributable to either the overhead distribution facilities being replaced or the new underground 350 facilities or (b) any other costs attributable to the overhead distribution facilities being replaced. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the costs described in clauses (a) and (b) thereof shall remain 351 352 eligible for recovery from customers through the utility's base rates for distribution service. A utility 353 filing a petition for approval to construct or purchase a facility consisting of at least one megawatt of 354 generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that 355 utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses may 356 propose a rate adjustment clause based on a market index in lieu of a cost of service model for such 357 facility. A utility seeking approval to construct or purchase a generating facility that emits carbon 358 dioxide shall demonstrate that it has already met the energy savings goals identified in § 56-596.2 and 359 that the identified need cannot be met more affordably through the deployment or utilization of 360 demand-side resources or energy storage resources and that it has considered and weighed alternative options, including third-party market alternatives, in its selection process. 361

The costs of the facility, other than return on projected construction work in progress and allowance for funds used during construction, shall not be recovered prior to the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause (i), (ii), (iii) or (v) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or

services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date new 367 underground facilities are classified by the utility as plant in service. In any application to construct a 368 369 new generating facility, the utility shall include, and the Commission shall consider, the social cost of 370 carbon, as determined by the Commission, as a benefit or cost, whichever is appropriate. The 371 Commission shall ensure that the development of new, or expansion of existing, energy resources or 372 facilities does not have a disproportionate adverse impact on historically economically disadvantaged 373 communities. The Commission may adopt any rules it deems necessary to determine the social cost of 374 carbon and shall use the best available science and technology, including the Technical Support 375 Document: Technical Update of the Social Cost of Carbon for Regulatory Impact Analysis Under 376 Executive Order 12866, published by the Interagency Working Group on Social Cost of Greenhouse 377 Gases from the United States Government in August 2016, as guidance. The Commission shall include a 378 system to adjust the costs established in this section with inflation.

379 Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used during 380 construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility and shall 381 thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the facility. The 382 first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the Commission shall 383 determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the range specified in 384 the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and shall reflect the 385 Commission's determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the energy needs of 386 the citizens of the Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the facility. After the 387 first portion of the service life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of return shall be 388 applied to such facility for the remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service life of the 389 facility shall be deemed to begin on the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause 390 (i), (ii), (iii) or (v) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased 391 generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from 392 sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in 393 part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities or new electric 394 distribution grid transformation projects are classified by the utility as plant in service, and such service 395 life shall be deemed equal in years to the life of that facility as used to calculate the utility's 396 depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be calculated by adding the 397 basis points specified in the table below to the utility's general rate of return, and such enhanced rate of 398 return shall apply only to the facility that is the subject of such rate adjustment clause. Allowance for 399 funds used during construction shall be calculated for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual 400 capital structure and overall cost of capital, including an enhanced rate of return on common equity as 401 determined pursuant to this subdivision, until such construction work in progress is included in rates. 402 The construction of any facility described in clause (i) or (v) is in the public interest, and in determining 403 whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The 404 construction or purchase by a utility of one or more generation facilities with at least one megawatt of 405 generating capacity, and with an aggregate rated capacity that does not exceed 16,100 megawatts, 406 including rooftop solar installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and with an aggregate 407 capacity of 100 megawatts, that use energy derived from sunlight or from onshore wind and are located 408 in the Commonwealth or off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, regardless of whether any of such 409 facilities are located within or without the utility's service territory, is in the public interest, and in 410 determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of 411 this title. A utility may enter into short-term or long-term power purchase contracts for the power 412 derived from sunlight generated by such generation facility prior to purchasing the generation facility. 413 The replacement of any subset of a utility's existing overhead distribution tap lines that have, in the 414 aggregate, an average of nine or more total unplanned outage events-per-mile over a preceding 10-year 415 period with new underground facilities in order to improve electric service reliability is in the public 416 interest. In determining whether to approve petitions for rate adjustment clauses for such new 417 underground facilities that meet this criteria, and in determining the level of costs to be recovered thereunder, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. 418

419 The conversion of any such facilities on or after September 1, 2016, is deemed to provide local and 420 system-wide benefits and to be cost beneficial, and the costs associated with such new underground 421 facilities are deemed to be reasonably and prudently incurred and, notwithstanding the provisions of 422 subsection C or D, shall be approved for recovery by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision, 423 provided that the total costs associated with the replacement of any subset of existing overhead 424 distribution tap lines proposed by the utility with new underground facilities, exclusive of financing 425 costs, shall not exceed an average cost per customer of \$20,000, with such customers, including those served directly by or downline of the tap lines proposed for conversion, and, further, such total costs 426 shall not exceed an average cost per mile of tap lines converted, exclusive of financing costs, of 427

428 \$750,000. A utility shall, without regard for whether it has petitioned for any rate adjustment clause 429 pursuant to clause (vi), petition the Commission, not more than once annually, for approval of a plan for 430 electric distribution grid transformation projects. Any plan for electric distribution grid transformation 431 projects shall include both measures to facilitate integration of distributed energy resources and measures 432 to enhance physical electric distribution grid reliability and security. In ruling upon such a petition, the Commission shall consider whether the utility's plan for such projects, and the projected costs associated 433 434 therewith, are reasonable and prudent. Such petition shall be considered on a stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility; without regard to whether the 435 436 costs associated with such projects will be recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this 437 subdivision or through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services; and without regard to whether such costs will be the subject of a customer credit offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 438 439 8 d. The Commission's final order regarding any such petition for approval of an electric distribution 440 grid transformation plan shall be entered by the Commission not more than six months after the date of 441 filing such petition. The Commission shall likewise enter its final order with respect to any petition by a 442 utility for a certificate to construct and operate a generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived 443 from sunlight, pursuant to subsection D of § 56-580, within six months after the date of filing such 444 petition. The basis points to be added to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate 445 of return on common equity, and the first portion of that facility's service life to which such enhanced 446 rate of return shall be applied, shall vary by type of facility, as specified in the following table:

	fute of fetalli shall be applied, shall tall by type	or racincy, as sp	control in the rono ing tuble
447	Type of Generation Facility	Basis Points	First Portion of Service Life
448	Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years
449	Carbon capture compatible, clean-coal powered	200	Between 10 and 20 years
450	Renewable powered, other than landfill gas	200	Between 5 and 15 years
451	powered		-
452	Coalbed methane gas powered	150	Between 5 and 15 years
453	Landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
454	Conventional coal or combined-cycle combustion	100	Between 10 and 20 years
455	turbine		•

456 Only those facilities as to which a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision has been previously
457 approved by the Commission, or as to which a petition for approval of such rate adjustment clause was
458 filed with the Commission, on or before January 1, 2013, shall be entitled to the enhanced rate of return
459 on common equity as specified in the above table during the construction phase of the facility and the
460 approved first portion of its service life.

461 Thirty percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing nuclear power that the utility incurred between 462 July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be 463 deferred by the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such 464 time as the Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 465 466 2013, shall not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through existing base rates as 467 468 determined by the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next review filed after July 1, 2014. Thirty percent of all costs of a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after 469 470 471 December 31, 2013, may be deferred by the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under 472 this subdivision at such time as the Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment 473 clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 474 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under 475 this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through 476 existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next 477 review filed after July 1, 2014.

478 In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight or from onshore or offshore wind are in the public interest.

Notwithstanding any provision of Chapter 296 of the Acts of Assembly of 2018, construction, 482 483 purchasing, or leasing activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or **484** facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight or from onshore wind with an aggregate capacity of 16,100 megawatts, including rooftop solar installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and 485 with an aggregate capacity of 100 megawatts, together with a utility-owned and utility-operated 486 487 generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from offshore wind with an aggregate capacity of 488 not more than 3,000 megawatts, are in the public interest. Additionally, energy storage facilities with an 489 aggregate capacity of 2,700 megawatts are in the public interest. To the extent that a utility elects to

9 of 14

490 recover the costs of any such new generation or energy storage facility or facilities through its rates for 491 generation and distribution services and does not petition and receive approval from the Commission for 492 recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (ii), the Commission shall, 493 upon the request of the utility in a triennial review proceeding, provide for a customer credit 494 reinvestment offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs deemed 495 reasonable and prudent by the Commission in a proceeding pursuant to subsection D of § 56-580 or in a 496 triennial review proceeding.

497 Electric distribution grid transformation projects are in the public interest. To the extent that a utility 498 elects to recover the costs of such electric distribution grid transformation projects through its rates for 499 generation and distribution services, and does not petition and receive approval from the Commission for 500 recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (vi), the Commission shall, 501 upon the request of the utility in a triennial review proceeding, provide for a customer credit reinvestment offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs deemed 502 reasonable and prudent by the Commission in a proceeding for approval of a plan for electric 503 504 distribution grid transformation projects pursuant to subdivision 6 or in a triennial review proceeding.

505 Neither generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines nor 506 new underground facilities shall receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described 507 herein, but instead shall receive the utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the 508 facility and, thereafter, for the entire service life of the facility. No rate adjustment clause for new 509 underground facilities shall allocate costs to, or provide for the recovery of costs from, customers that 510 are served within the large power service rate class for a Phase I Utility and the large general service 511 rate classes for a Phase II Utility. New underground facilities are hereby declared to be ordinary 512 extensions or improvements in the usual course of business under the provisions of § 56-265.2.

513 As used in this subdivision, a generation facility is (1) "coalbed methane gas powered" if the facility 514 is fired at least 50 percent by coalbed methane gas, as such term is defined in § 45.1-361.1, produced from wells located in the Commonwealth, and (2) "landfill gas powered" if the facility is fired by methane or other combustible gas produced by the anaerobic digestion or decomposition of 515 516 517 biodegradable materials in a solid waste management facility licensed by the Waste Management Board. 518 A landfill gas powered facility includes, in addition to the generation facility itself, the equipment used 519 in collecting, drying, treating, and compressing the landfill gas and in transmitting the landfill gas from 520 the solid waste management facility where it is collected to the generation facility where it is 521 combusted.

522 For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on 523 common equity as it is determined by the Commission for such utility pursuant to subdivision 2.

524 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the triennial 525 review conducted for a Phase II Utility in 2021 that such utility has not filed applications for all 526 necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled 527 generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the 528 utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals 529 have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or 530 more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after 531 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a 532 prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility 533 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general 534 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this 535 subdivision.

536 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if a Phase II utility obtains approval from 537 the Commission of a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 associated with a test or 538 demonstration project involving a generation facility utilizing energy from offshore wind, and such 539 utility has not, as of July 1, 2023, commenced construction as defined for federal income tax purposes 540 of an offshore wind generation facility or facilities with a minimum aggregate capacity of 250 541 megawatts, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may direct that the costs associated 542 with any such rate adjustment clause involving said test or demonstration project shall thereafter no 543 longer be recovered through a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 and shall instead be 544 recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, with no change in such rates 545 for generation and distribution services as a result of the combination of such costs with the other costs, 546 revenues, and investments included in the utility's rates for generation and distribution services. Any such costs shall remain combined with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments included in its 547 548 rates for generation and distribution services until such costs are fully recovered.

549 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility. Any

551 costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the 552 Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to subdivision 5 a, or that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of subdivision 6, or that are related to 553 554 new underground facilities described in clause (iv) of subdivision 6, shall be deferred on the books and 555 records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any 556 applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Except as otherwise provided in 557 subdivision 6, any costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by a utility prior to the filing of 558 such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in 559 such petition and that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) or clause (iii) of 560 subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, shall be deferred on the 561 books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the 562 563 implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs 564 prudently incurred after the expiration or termination of capped rates related to other matters described in subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be deferred beginning only upon the expiration or termination of capped 565 566 rates, provided, however, that no provision of this act shall affect the rights of any parties with respect to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC and Virginia 567 568 Electric and Power Company, 109 F.E.R.C. P 61,012 (2004). A utility shall establish a regulatory asset 569 for regulatory accounting and ratemaking purposes under which it shall defer its operation and 570 maintenance costs incurred in connection with (i) the refueling of any nuclear-powered generating plant 571 and (ii) other work at such plant normally performed during a refueling outage. The utility shall 572 amortize such deferred costs over the refueling cycle, but in no case more than 18 months, beginning 573 with the month in which such plant resumes operation after such refueling. The refueling cycle shall be 574 the applicable period of time between planned refueling outages for such plant. As of January 1, 2014, 575 such amortized costs are a component of base rates, recoverable in base rates only ratably over the 576 refueling cycle rather than when such outages occur, and are the only nuclear refueling costs recoverable 577 in base rates. This provision shall apply to any nuclear-powered generating plant refueling outage 578 commencing after December 31, 2013, and the Commission shall treat the deferred and amortized costs 579 of such regulatory asset as part of the utility's costs for the purpose of proceedings conducted (a) with respect to triennial filings under subdivision 3 made on and after July 1, 2014, and (b) pursuant to 580 581 § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase applications as provided in subsection 582 B. This provision shall not be deemed to change or reset base rates.

583 The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be 584 entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the date of filing 585 of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate adjustment 586 clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or upon the 587 expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later.

588 8. In any triennial review proceeding, for the purposes of reviewing earnings on the utility's rates for 589 generation and distribution services, the following utility generation and distribution costs not proposed 590 for recovery under any other subdivision of this subsection, as recorded per books by the utility for financial reporting purposes and accrued against income, shall be attributed to the test periods under 591 592 review and deemed fully recovered in the period recorded: costs associated with asset impairments related to early retirement determinations made by the utility for utility generation facilities fueled by 593 594 coal, natural gas, or oil or for automated meter reading electric distribution service meters; costs associated with projects necessary to comply with state or federal environmental laws, regulations, or 595 596 judicial or administrative orders relating to coal combustion by-product management that the utility does 597 not petition to recover through a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 5 e; costs associated **598** with severe weather events; and costs associated with natural disasters. Such costs shall be deemed to 599 have been recovered from customers through rates for generation and distribution services in effect 600 during the test periods under review unless such costs, individually or in the aggregate, together with the 601 utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and **602** distribution services, result in the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services for the 603 combined test periods under review to fall more than 50 basis points below the fair combined rate of **604** return authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods or, for any test period commencing after 605 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to fall 606 more than 70 basis points below the fair combined rate of return, or range of fair combined rates of 607 return, authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods. In such cases, the Commission shall, in such 608 triennial review proceeding, authorize deferred recovery of such costs and allow the utility to amortize 609 and recover such deferred costs over future periods as determined by the Commission. The aggregate amount of such deferred costs shall not exceed an amount that would, together with the utility's other 610 costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, 611 612 cause the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services to exceed the fair rate of

11 of 14

613 return, or range of fair combined rates of return, authorized under subdivision 2, less 50 basis points, 614 for the combined test periods under review or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 615 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 less 70 basis points. Nothing in this section shall limit the 616 617 Commission's authority, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including 618 specifically § 56-235.2, following the review of combined test period earnings of the utility in a triennial 619 review, for normalization of nonrecurring test period costs and annualized adjustments for future costs, 620 in determining any appropriate increase or decrease in the utility's rates for generation and distribution 621 services pursuant to subdivision 8 a or 8 c.

622 If the Commission determines as a result of such triennial review that:

623 a. Revenue reductions related to energy efficiency measures or programs approved and deployed 624 since the utility's previous triennial review have caused the utility, as verified by the Commission, 625 during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, to earn more than 50 basis points 626 below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period 627 commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of return, or range of fair combined rates 628 629 of return, on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to 630 any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in 631 subdivision 6, the Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates for generation and distribution 632 services necessary to recover such revenue reductions. If the Commission finds, for reasons other than 633 revenue reductions related to energy efficiency measures, that the utility has, during the test period or 634 periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points below a fair combined 635 rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after 636 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of return, or range of fair combined rates of return, on its 637 638 generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on 639 common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the 640 Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the opportunity to fully 641 recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such fair combined rate of 642 return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the amount of 643 the rate increase necessary. However, in the first triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 644 2021, for a Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order a rate increase, and in all triennial reviews 645 of a Phase I or Phase II utility, the Commission may not order such rate increase unless it finds that the 646 resulting rates are necessary to provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of 647 providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and 648 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently 649 650 ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate increase under the 651 standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof; and provided that, solely in connection with making its determination concerning the necessity for such a rate increase or the amount thereof, the 652 653 Commission shall, in any triennial review proceeding conducted prior to July 1, 2028, exclude from this 654 most recently ended 12-month test period any remaining investment levels associated with a prior 655 customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to subdivision d.

656 b. The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned 657 more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 658 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after 659 December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of 660 return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 661 6, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivisions 8 d and 9, direct that 60 percent of 662 the amount of such earnings that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing **663 664** after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, that 665 70 100 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more than 70 basis points, above such fair 666 combined rate of return for the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, shall be 667 credited to customers' bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as 668 determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order, 669 and shall be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer 670 class rates of return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last 671 approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates; or

c. In any triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 2020, for a Phase I Utility or afterJanuary 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility in which the utility has, during the test period or test periods

674 under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of 675 return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis 676 points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in **677** 678 subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matter determined with respect 679 to facilities described in subdivision 6, and the combined aggregate level of capital investment that the 680 Commission has approved other than those capital investments that the Commission has approved for 681 recovery pursuant to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 made by the utility during the 682 test periods under review in that triennial review proceeding in new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and in electric distribution grid transformation 683 projects, as determined pursuant to subdivision 8 d, does not equal or exceed 100 percent of the **684** earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its **685** 686 generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under review in that triennial review proceeding, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9 and in addition to the 687 **688** actions authorized in subdivision b, also order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. 689 However, in the first triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility, 690 any reduction to the utility's rates ordered by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision shall not **691** exceed \$50 million in annual revenues, with any reduction allocated to the utility's rates for generation 692 services, and in each triennial review of a Phase I or Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order 693 such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to 694 fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return 695 on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return 696 on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any **697** 698 rate reduction under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof; and

699 d. (Expires July 1, 2028) In any triennial review proceeding conducted after December 31, 2017, upon the request of the utility, the Commission shall determine, prior to directing that 70 100 percent of 700 earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its 701 702 generation and distribution services for the test period or periods under review be credited to customer 703 bills pursuant to subdivision 8 b, the aggregate level of prior capital investment that the Commission has 704 approved other than those capital investments that the Commission has approved for recovery pursuant 705 to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 made by the utility during the test period or 706 periods under review in both (i) new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from 707 sunlight, or from onshore or offshore wind, and (ii) electric distribution grid transformation projects, as 708 determined by the utility's plant in service and construction work in progress balances related to such 709 investments as recorded per books by the utility for financial reporting purposes as of the end of the 710 most recent test period under review. Any such combined capital investment amounts shall offset any customer bill credit amounts, on a dollar for dollar basis, up to the aggregate level of invested or 711 712 committed capital under clauses (i) and (ii). The aggregate level of qualifying invested or committed capital under clauses (i) and (ii) is referred to in this subdivision as the customer credit reinvestment 713 offset, which offsets the customer bill credit amount that the utility has invested or will invest in new 714 solar or wind generation facilities or electric distribution grid transformation projects for the benefit of 715 716 customers, in amounts up to 100 percent of earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the 717 utility's fair rate of return on its generation and distribution services, and thereby reduce or eliminate 718 otherwise incremental rate adjustment clause charges and increases to customer bills, which is deemed to 719 be in the public interest. If 100 percent of the amount of earnings that are more than 70 basis points 720 above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, exceeds the aggregate level of invested capital in new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and electric distribution grid 721 722 723 transformation projects, as provided in clauses (i) and (ii), during the test period or periods under 724 review, then 70 100 percent of the amount of such excess shall be credited to customer bills as provided 725 in subdivision 8 b in connection with the triennial review proceeding. The portion of any costs 726 associated with new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from 727 wind, or electric distribution grid transformation projects that is the subject of any customer credit 728 reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision shall not thereafter be recovered through the utility's 729 rates for generation and distribution services over the service life of such facilities and shall not 730 thereafter be included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future triennial review proceedings conducted pursuant to subdivision 2 and shall not be the subject of a rate adjustment clause 731 732 petition pursuant to subdivision 6. The portion of any costs associated with new utility-owned generation 733 facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric distribution grid transformation 734 projects that is not the subject of any customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision may be recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services over the service life 735

13 of 14

736 of such facilities and shall be included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future triennial 737 review proceedings conducted pursuant to subdivision 2 until such costs are fully recovered, and if such 738 costs are recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, they shall not be 739 the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition pursuant to subdivision 6. Only the portion of such costs 740 of new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or 741 electric distribution grid transformation projects that has not been included in any customer credit 742 reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision, and not otherwise recovered through the utility's rates 743 for generation and distribution services, may be the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition by the 744 utility pursuant to subdivision 6.

745 The Commission's final order regarding such triennial review shall be entered not more than eight 746 months after the date of filing, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect not more 747 than 60 days after the date of the order. The fair combined rate of return on common equity determined 748 pursuant to subdivision 2 in such triennial review shall apply, for purposes of reviewing the utility's 749 earnings on its rates for generation and distribution services, to the entire three successive 12-month test 750 periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year of the utility's subsequent triennial review filing under subdivision 3 and shall apply to applicable rate adjustment clauses under subdivisions 5 and 751 752 6 prospectively from the date the Commission's final order in the triennial review proceeding, utilizing 753 rate adjustment clause true-up protocols as the Commission in its discretion may determine.

754 9. If, as a result of a triennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to 755 any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has 756 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the 757 758 Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility 759 has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test 760 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 761 762 Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 763 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 764 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate 765 regulated rates of such utility at the end of the most recently ended 12-month test period exceeded the 766 annual increases in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, 767 768 compounded annually, when compared to the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility as 769 determined pursuant to the review conducted for the base period, the Commission shall, unless it finds 770 that such action is not in the public interest or that the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c are more 771 consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test period or periods under 772 review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing 773 after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more 774 than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return shall be credited to customers' bills, in lieu 775 of the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c, provided that no credits shall be provided pursuant to this 776 subdivision in connection with any triennial review unless such bill credits would be payable pursuant to 777 the provisions of subdivision 8 d, and any credits under this subdivision shall be calculated net of any 778 customer credit reinvestment offset amounts under subdivision 8 d. Any such credits shall be amortized 779 and allocated among customer classes in the manner provided by subdivision 8 b. For purposes of this 780 subdivision:

"Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this subdivision, whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to subdivision 8
a; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications, as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009; and (v) base rates in effect as
of July 1, 2009.

793 10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital structure and cost of capital of such utility, excluding any debt associated with securitized bonds that are the obligation of non-Virginia jurisdictional customers, unless the Commission finds that the debt to

797 equity ratio of such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may 798 utilize a debt to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate 799 adjustment pursuant to subdivisions 8 a and c, and without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, 800 revenues, expenses or investments of any other entity with which such utility may be affiliated. In 801 particular, and without limitation, the Commission shall determine the federal and state income tax costs 802 for any such utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's 803 apportioned state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the 804 utility had not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) such utility's federal income tax 805 costs shall be calculated according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its 806 807 affiliates.

808 B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying
809 for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
810 applications; however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity shall be determined
811 pursuant to subdivision A 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's recovery of fuel and
812 purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6.

813 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation, transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2.

817 D. The Commission may determine, during any proceeding authorized or required by this section, the 818 reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected to be incurred, by a utility in connection 819 with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the Commission regarding the reasonableness or prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the Commission's authority to determine the 820 821 reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.). In determining the reasonableness or prudence of a utility providing energy and capacity to its 822 823 customers from renewable energy resources, the Commission shall consider the extent to which such renewable energy resources, whether utility-owned or by contract, further the objectives of the 824 825 Commonwealth Energy Policy set forth in §§ 67-101 and 67-102, and shall also consider whether the 826 costs of such resources is likely to result in unreasonable increases in rates paid by customers.

E. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commission shall determine the amortization
period for recovery of any appropriate costs due to the early retirement of any electric generation
facilities owned or operated by any Phase I Utility or Phase II Utility. In making such determination, the
Commission shall (i) perform an independent analysis of the remaining undepreciated capital costs; (ii)
establish a recovery period that best serves ratepayers; and (iii) allow for the recovery of any carrying
costs that the Commission deems appropriate.

F. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implementthe provisions of this section.

835 2. That the provisions of this act shall apply to all triennial proceedings under § 56-585.1 of the

836 Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, including the first triennial review proceeding conducted

837 after January 1, 2021, by the State Corporation Commission for a Phase II utility, as that term is

838 defined in subdivision A 1 of § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act.