2021 SPECIAL SESSION I

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HOUSE BILL NO. 2139

Offered January 13, 2021 Prefiled January 12, 2021

A BILL to amend and reenact § 8.01-249 of the Code of Virginia, relating to accrual of cause of action; diagnosis of latent injury or disease.

Patrons-Guzman, Carter, Hope, Keam, Kory, Levine, Mullin, Plum, Samirah and Simon

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 8.01-249 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 § 8.01-249. When cause of action shall be deemed to accrue in certain personal actions. 12 13

The cause of action in the actions herein listed shall be deemed to accrue as follows:

14 1. In actions for fraud or mistake, in actions for violations of the Consumer Protection Act 15 (§ 59.1-196 et seq.) based upon any misrepresentation, deception, or fraud, and in actions for rescission 16 of contract for undue influence, when such fraud, mistake, misrepresentation, deception, or undue influence is discovered or by the exercise of due diligence reasonably should have been discovered; 17

18 2. In actions or other proceedings for money on deposit with a bank or any person or corporation 19 doing a banking business, when a request in writing be made therefor by check, order, or otherwise;

20 3. In actions for malicious prosecution or abuse of process, when the relevant criminal or civil action 21 is terminated;

22 4. In actions for injury to the person resulting from exposure to asbestos or products containing 23 asbestos, when a diagnosis of asbestosis, interstitial fibrosis, mesothelioma, or other disabling 24 asbestos-related injury or disease is first communicated to the person or his agent by a physician. 25 However, no such action may be brought more than two years after the death of such person. The 26 diagnosis of a nonmalignant asbestos-related injury or disease shall not accrue an action based upon the 27 subsequent diagnosis of a malignant asbestos-related injury or disease, and such subsequent diagnosis 28 shall constitute a separate injury that shall accrue an action when such diagnosis is first communicated 29 to the person or his agent by a physician;

30 4a. In actions for injury to the person when such injury is latent, other than those asbestos-related 31 injuries specified in subdivision 4, when the fact of such injury and its causal connection to an injurious 32 or disease-causing substance is first communicated to the person or his agent by a physician. The 33 diagnosis of a nonmalignant substance-related latent injury or disease shall not accrue an action based 34 upon the subsequent diagnosis of a malignant substance-related latent injury or disease, and such 35 subsequent malignant diagnosis shall constitute a separate injury that shall accrue an action when such diagnosis is communicated to the person or his agent by a physician. For purposes of this subdivision, 36 37 "latent" refers to injuries or diseases that remain dormant or do not develop and, therefore, are 38 undiagnosable during the period of limitations set forth in subsection A of § 8.01-243;

39 5. In actions for contribution or for indemnification, when the contribute or the indemnite has paid 40 or discharged the obligation. A third-party claim permitted by subsection A of § 8.01-281 and the Rules 41 of Court may be asserted before such cause of action is deemed to accrue hereunder;

42 6. In actions for injury to the person, whatever the theory of recovery, resulting from sexual abuse 43 occurring during the infancy or incapacity of the person, upon the later of the removal of the disability of infancy or incapacity as provided in § 8.01-229 or when the fact of the injury and its causal 44 45 connection to the sexual abuse is first communicated to the person by a licensed physician, psychologist, or clinical psychologist. As used in this subdivision, "sexual abuse" means sexual abuse as defined in 46 47 subdivision 6 of § 18.2-67.10 and acts constituting rape, sodomy, object sexual penetration or sexual battery as defined in Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; 48

49 7. In products liability actions against parties other than health care providers as defined in 50 § 8.01-581.1 for injury to the person resulting from or arising as a result of the implantation of any 51 prosthetic device for breast augmentation or reconstruction, when the fact of the injury and its causal 52 connection to the implantation is first communicated to the person by a physician;

53 8. In actions on an open account, from the later of the last payment or last charge for goods or 54 services rendered on the account;

55 9. In products liability actions against parties other than health care providers as defined in § 8.01-581.1 for injury to the person resulting from or arising as a result of the implantation of any 56 medical device, when the person knew or should have known of the injury and its causal connection to 57 58 the device.

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