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HOUSE BILL NO. 32

Offered January 8, 2020

Prefiled November 19, 2019

A *BILL to amend and reenact §§ 19.2-392.1, 19.2-392.2, and 19.2-392.4 of the Code of Virginia, relating to expungement of police and court records; misdemeanor and nonviolent felony convictions.*

Patrons—Lindsey, Carr and Samirah

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 19.2-392.1, 19.2-392.2, and 19.2-392.4 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 19.2-392.1. Statement of policy.

The General Assembly finds that arrest records can be a hindrance to an innocent citizen's ability to obtain employment, an education and to obtain credit. It further finds that the police and court records of those of its citizens who have been absolutely pardoned for crimes for which they have been unjustly convicted *or who have demonstrated their rehabilitation* can also be a hindrance. This chapter is intended to protect such persons from the unwarranted damage which may occur as a result of being arrested and convicted.

§ 19.2-392.2. Expungement of police and court records.

A. If a person is charged with the commission of a crime or any offense defined in Title 18.2, and

~~1. Is (i) the person is acquitted; or~~

~~2. A; (ii) a nolle prosequi is taken; or (iii) the charge is otherwise dismissed, including dismissal by accord and satisfaction pursuant to § 19.2-151; or (iv) the person is convicted of a misdemeanor or nonviolent felony and such person (a) has been free from any term of incarceration, probation, and postrelease supervision imposed as a result of such conviction for at least eight years; (b) has no prior or subsequent criminal convictions; and (c) has no pending criminal proceeding, he may file a petition setting forth the relevant facts and requesting expungement of the police records and the court records relating to the charge or conviction.~~

B. If any person whose name or other identification has been used without his consent or authorization by another person who has been charged or arrested using such name or identification, he may file a petition with the court disposing of the charge for relief pursuant to this section. Such person shall not be required to pay any fees for the filing of a petition under this subsection. A petition filed under this subsection shall include one complete set of the petitioner's fingerprints obtained from a law-enforcement agency.

C. The petition with a copy of the warrant or indictment if reasonably available shall be filed in the circuit court of the county or city in which the case was disposed of ~~by acquittal or being otherwise dismissed~~ and shall contain, except where not reasonably available, the date of arrest and the name of the arresting agency. Where this information is not reasonably available, the petition shall state the reason for such unavailability. The petition shall further state the specific criminal charge *or conviction* to be expunged, the date of final disposition of the charge *or conviction* as set forth in the petition, the petitioner's date of birth, and the full name used by the petitioner at the time of arrest.

D. A copy of the petition shall be served on the attorney for the Commonwealth of the city or county in which the petition is filed. The attorney for the Commonwealth may file an objection or answer to the petition or may give written notice to the court that he does not object to the petition within 21 days after it is served on him.

E. The petitioner shall obtain from a law-enforcement agency one complete set of the petitioner's fingerprints and shall provide that agency with a copy of the petition for expungement. The law-enforcement agency shall submit the set of fingerprints to the Central Criminal Records Exchange (CCRE) with a copy of the petition for expungement attached. The CCRE shall forward under seal to the court a copy of the petitioner's criminal history, a copy of the source documents that resulted in the CCRE entry that the petitioner wishes to expunge, and the set of fingerprints. Upon completion of the hearing, the court shall return the fingerprint card to the petitioner. If no hearing was conducted, upon the entry of an order of expungement or an order denying the petition for expungement, the court shall cause the fingerprint card to be destroyed unless, within 30 days of the date of the entry of the order, the petitioner requests the return of the fingerprint card in person from the clerk of the court or provides the clerk of the court a self-addressed, stamped envelope for the return of the fingerprint card.

F. After receiving the criminal history record information from the CCRE, the court shall conduct a

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59 hearing on the petition. If the court finds that the continued existence and possible dissemination of
60 information relating to the arrest, *charge, or conviction* of the petitioner causes or may cause
61 circumstances ~~which~~ *that* constitute a manifest injustice to the petitioner, it shall enter an order requiring
62 the expungement of the police and court records, including electronic records, relating to the *arrest,*
63 *charge, or conviction.* Otherwise, it shall deny the petition. However, if the petitioner has no prior
64 criminal record and the arrest, *charge, or conviction* was for a misdemeanor violation, the petitioner
65 shall be entitled, in the absence of good cause shown to the contrary by the Commonwealth, to
66 expungement of the police and court records relating to the *arrest, charge, or conviction* and the court
67 shall enter an order of expungement. If the attorney for the Commonwealth of the county or city in
68 which the petition is filed (i) gives written notice to the court pursuant to subsection D that he does not
69 object to the petition and (ii) when the charge to be expunged is a felony, stipulates in such written
70 notice that the continued existence and possible dissemination of information relating to the arrest of the
71 petitioner causes or may cause circumstances ~~which~~ *that* constitute a manifest injustice to the petitioner,
72 the court may enter an order of expungement without conducting a hearing.

73 G. The Commonwealth shall be made party defendant to the proceeding. Any party aggrieved by the
74 decision of the court may appeal, as provided by law in civil cases.

75 H. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, when ~~the~~ *a* charge is dismissed because the
76 court finds that the person arrested or charged is not the person named in the summons, warrant,
77 indictment, or presentment, the court dismissing the charge shall, upon motion of the person improperly
78 arrested or charged, enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the
79 charge. Such order shall contain a statement that the dismissal and expungement are ordered pursuant to
80 this subsection and shall be accompanied by the complete set of the petitioner's fingerprints filed with
81 his petition. Upon the entry of such order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K.

82 I. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, upon receiving a copy pursuant to § 2.2-402
83 of an absolute pardon for the commission of a crime that a person did not commit, the court shall enter
84 an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the charge and conviction.
85 Such order shall contain a statement that the expungement is ordered pursuant to this subsection. Upon
86 the entry of such order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K.

87 J. Upon receiving a copy of a writ vacating a conviction pursuant to § 19.2-327.5 or 19.2-327.13, the
88 court shall enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the charge
89 and conviction. Such order shall contain a statement that the expungement is ordered pursuant to this
90 subsection. Upon the entry of the order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K.

91 K. Upon the entry of an order of expungement, the clerk of the court shall cause a copy of such
92 order to be forwarded to the Department of State Police, which shall, pursuant to rules and regulations
93 adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134, direct the manner by which the appropriate expungement or removal of
94 such records shall be effected.

95 L. Costs shall be as provided by § 17.1-275, but shall not be recoverable against the Commonwealth.
96 If the court enters an order of expungement, the clerk of the court shall refund to the petitioner such
97 costs paid by the petitioner.

98 M. Any order entered where (i) the court or parties failed to strictly comply with the procedures set
99 forth in this section or (ii) the court enters an order of expungement contrary to law; shall be voidable
100 upon motion and notice made within three years of the entry of such order.

101 N. *As used in this section, "nonviolent felony" means any felony except those considered a violent*
102 *felony as defined in § 17.1-805 or an act of violence as defined in § 19.2-297.1 or any attempt to*
103 *commit any such crime.*

104 **§ 19.2-392.4. Prohibited practices by employers, educational institutions, agencies, etc., of state**
105 **and local governments.**

106 A. An employer or educational institution shall not, in any application, interview, or otherwise,
107 require an applicant for employment or admission to disclose information concerning any arrest ~~or~~,
108 criminal charge against him, *or conviction* that has been expunged. An applicant need not, in answer to
109 any question concerning any arrest ~~or~~, criminal charge that has not resulted in a conviction, *or*
110 *conviction*, include a reference to or information concerning arrests ~~or~~, charges, *or convictions* that have
111 been expunged.

112 B. Agencies, officials, and employees of the state and local governments shall not, in any
113 application, interview, or otherwise, require an applicant for a license, permit, registration, or
114 governmental service to disclose information concerning any arrest ~~or~~, criminal charge against him, *or*
115 *conviction* that has been expunged. An applicant need not, in answer to any question concerning any
116 arrest ~~or~~, criminal charge that has not resulted in a conviction, *or conviction*, include a reference to or
117 information concerning *arrests, charges, or convictions* that have been expunged. Such an application
118 may not be denied solely because of the applicant's refusal to disclose information concerning any arrest
119 ~~or~~, criminal charge against him, *or conviction* that has been expunged.

120 C. A person who willfully violates this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor for each violation.