2021 SESSION

21101702D HOUSE BILL NO. 2047 1 2 Offered January 13, 2021 3 Prefiled January 12, 2021 4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 19.2-120 and 19.2-299 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code 5 of Virginia by adding in Article 1 of Chapter 16 of Title 19.2 a section numbered 19.2-271.6, 6 relating to criminal proceedings; consideration of mental condition and intellectual and 7 developmental disabilities. 8 Patrons-Bourne, Adams, D.M., Bagby, Carr, Carter, Helmer, Hope, Hudson, Keam, Kory, Levine, Lopez, McQuinn, Mullin, Plum, Price, Reid, Sickles, Simon and Simonds; Senator: Boysko 9 Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice 10 11 12 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 19.2-120 and 19.2-299 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the 13 Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Article 1 of Chapter 16 of Title 19.2 a section 14 numbered 19.2-271.6 as follows: 15 § 19.2-120. Admission to bail. 16 Prior to conducting any hearing on the issue of bail, release or detention, the judicial officer shall, to 17 the extent feasible, obtain the person's criminal history. 18 19 A. A person who is held in custody pending trial or hearing for an offense, civil or criminal 20 contempt, or otherwise shall be admitted to bail by a judicial officer, unless there is probable cause to 21 believe that: 22 1. He will not appear for trial or hearing or at such other time and place as may be directed, or 23 2. His liberty will constitute an unreasonable danger to himself or the public. 24 B. The judicial officer shall presume, subject to rebuttal, that no condition or combination of 25 conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the person or the safety of the public if the person is 26 currently charged with: 27 1. An act of violence as defined in § 19.2-297.1; 28 2. An offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; 29 3. A violation of § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-255, or 18.2-255.2 involving a Schedule I or II 30 controlled substance if (i) the maximum term of imprisonment is 10 years or more and the person was 31 previously convicted of a like offense or (ii) the person was previously convicted as a "drug kingpin" as 32 defined in § 18.2-248; 33 4. A violation of § 18.2-308.1, 18.2-308.2, or 18.2-308.4 and which relates to a firearm and provides 34 for a mandatory minimum sentence; 35 5. Any felony, if the person has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subdivision 1 36 or 2, whether under the laws of the Commonwealth or substantially similar laws of the United States; 6. Any felony committed while the person is on release pending trial for a prior felony under federal 37 38 or state law or on release pending imposition or execution of sentence or appeal of sentence or 39 conviction: 40 7. An offense listed in subsection B of § 18.2-67.5:2 and the person had previously been convicted of an offense listed in § 18.2-67.5:2 or a substantially similar offense under the laws of any state or the 41 United States and the judicial officer finds probable cause to believe that the person who is currently 42 43 charged with one of these offenses committed the offense charged; 44 8. A violation of § 18.2-374.1 or 18.2-374.3 where the offender has reason to believe that the 45 solicited person is under 15 years of age and the offender is at least five years older than the solicited 46 person: 47 9. A violation of § 18.2-46.2, 18.2-46.3, 18.2-46.5, or 18.2-46.7; 48 10. A violation of § 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, or 46.2-341.24 and the person has, within the 49 past five years of the instant offense, been convicted three times on different dates of a violation of any combination of these Code sections, or any ordinance of any county, city, or town or the laws of any 50 51 other state or of the United States substantially similar thereto, and has been at liberty between each 52 conviction: 11. A second or subsequent violation of § 16.1-253.2 or 18.2-60.4 or a substantially similar offense 53 54 under the laws of any state or the United States; 12. A violation of subsection B of § 18.2-57.2; 55

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56 13. A violation of subsection C of § 18.2-460 charging the use of threats of bodily harm or force to
57 knowingly attempt to intimidate or impede a witness;

58 14. A violation of § 18.2-51.6 if the alleged victim is a family or household member as defined in 59 § 16.1-228; or

60 15. A violation of § 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, or 18.2-357.1.

61 C. The judicial officer shall presume, subject to rebuttal, that no condition or combination of 62 conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the person or the safety of the public if the person is 63 being arrested pursuant to § 19.2-81.6.

64 D. For a person who is charged with an offense giving rise to a rebuttable presumption against bail, any judicial officer may set or admit such person to bail in accordance with this section. 65

E. The judicial officer shall consider the following factors and such others as it deems appropriate in 66 determining, for the purpose of rebuttal of the presumption against bail described in subsection B, 67 whether there are conditions of release that will reasonably assure the appearance of the person as 68 69 required and the safety of the public: 70

1. The nature and circumstances of the offense charged;

2. The history and characteristics of the person, including his character, physical and mental 71 72 condition, including a diagnosis of an intellectual or developmental disability as defined in § 37.2-100, 73 family ties, employment, financial resources, length of residence in the community, community ties, past 74 conduct, history relating to drug or alcohol abuse, criminal history, membership in a criminal street gang 75 as defined in § 18.2-46.1, and record concerning appearance at court proceedings; and

76 3. The nature and seriousness of the danger to any person or the community that would be posed by 77 the person's release.

78 \mathbf{F} . The judicial officer shall inform the person of his right to appeal from the order denying bail or 79 fixing terms of bond or recognizance consistent with § 19.2-124.

80 G. If the judicial officer sets a secured bond and the person engages the services of a licensed bail bondsman, the magistrate executing recognizance for the accused shall provide the bondsman, upon request, with a copy of the person's Virginia criminal history record, if readily available, to be used by 81 82 the bondsman only to determine appropriate reporting requirements to impose upon the accused upon his 83 84 release. The bondsman shall pay a \$15 fee payable to the state treasury to be credited to the Literary 85 Fund, upon requesting the defendant's Virginia criminal history record issued pursuant to § 19.2-389. 86 The bondsman shall review the record on the premises and promptly return the record to the magistrate 87 after reviewing it. 88

§ 19.2-271.6. Evidence of defendant's mental condition admissible; notice to Commonwealth.

89 A. In any criminal case, evidence concerning the defendant's mental condition at the time of the 90 alleged offense, including expert testimony, shall be admitted if such evidence (i) tends to show the defendant did or did not have the specific mental state required for the offense charged and (ii) is otherwise admissible pursuant to the general rules of evidence. If a defendant intends to present any such evidence, he, or his counsel, shall give notice in writing to the attorney for the Commonwealth, at 91 92 93 94 least 30 days prior to his trial, of his intention to present such evidence. In the event that such notice is 95 not given, and the person proffers such evidence at his trial as a defense, then the court may in its 96 discretion either allow the Commonwealth a continuance or, under appropriate circumstances, bar the 97 defendant from presenting such evidence. The period of any such continuance shall not be counted for 98 speedy trial purposes under § 19.2-243.

99 B. Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the requirements for a defense of insanity 100 pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 19.2-167 et seq.). 101

§ 19.2-299. Investigations and reports by probation officers in certain cases.

102 A. When a person is tried in a circuit court (i) upon a charge of assault and battery in violation of § 18.2-57 or 18.2-57.2, stalking in violation of § 18.2-60.3, sexual battery in violation of § 18.2-67.4, 103 attempted sexual battery in violation of § 18.2-67.5, or driving while intoxicated in violation of 104 § 18.2-266, and is adjudged guilty of such charge, unless waived by the court and the defendant and the 105 106 attorney for the Commonwealth, the court may, or on motion of the defendant shall; or (ii) upon a 107 felony charge not set forth in subdivision (iii) below, the court may when there is a plea agreement 108 between the defendant and the Commonwealth and shall, unless waived by the defendant and the 109 attorney for the Commonwealth, when the defendant pleads guilty or nolo contendere without a plea agreement or is found guilty by the court after a plea of not guilty or nolo contendere; or (iii) the court 110 shall when a person is charged and adjudged guilty of a felony violation, or conspiracy to commit or 111 attempt to commit a felony violation, of § 18.2-46.2, 18.2-46.3, 18.2-48, clause (2) or (3) of § 18.2-49, 112 § 18.2-61, 18.2-63, 18.2-64.1, 18.2-64.2, 18.2-67.1, 18.2-67.2, 18.2-67.3, 18.2-67.4:1, 18.2-67.5, 113 18.2-67.5:1, 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, 18.2-361, 18.2-362, 18.2-366, 18.2-368, 18.2-370, 18.2-370.1, 114 or 18.2-370.2, or any attempt to commit or conspiracy to commit any felony violation of § 18.2-67.5, 115 18.2-67.5:2, or 18.2-67.5:3, direct a probation officer of such court to thoroughly investigate and report 116 upon the history of the accused, including a report of the accused's criminal record as an adult and 117 118 available juvenile court records, any information regarding the accused's participation or membership in a criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1, and all other relevant facts, to fully advise the court so 119

120 the court may determine the appropriate sentence to be imposed. Unless the defendant or the attorney 121 for the Commonwealth objects, the court may order that the report contain no more than the defendant's 122 criminal history, any history of substance abuse, any physical or health-related problems as may be pertinent, *including any diagnosis of an intellectual or developmental disability as defined in §* 123 124 37.2-100, and any applicable sentencing guideline worksheets. This expedited report shall be subject to 125 all the same procedures as all other sentencing reports and sentencing guidelines worksheets. The 126 probation officer, after having furnished a copy of this report at least five days prior to sentencing to 127 counsel for the accused and the attorney for the Commonwealth for their permanent use, shall submit his 128 report in advance of the sentencing hearing to the judge in chambers, who shall keep such report 129 confidential. Counsel for the accused may provide the accused with a copy of the presentence report. The probation officer shall be available to testify from this report in open court in the presence of the 130 131 accused, who shall have been provided with a copy of the presentence report by his counsel or advised 132 of its contents and be given the right to cross-examine the investigating officer as to any matter 133 contained therein and to present any additional facts bearing upon the matter. The report of the 134 investigating officer shall at all times be kept confidential by each recipient, and shall be filed as a part of the record in the case. Any report so filed shall be made available only by court order and shall be 135 136 sealed upon final order by the court, except that such reports or copies thereof shall be available at any 137 time to any criminal justice agency, as defined in § 9.1-101, of this or any other state or of the United 138 States; to any agency where the accused is referred for treatment by the court or by probation and 139 parole services; and to counsel for any person who has been indicted jointly for the same felony as the 140 person subject to the report. Subject to the limitations set forth in § 37.2-901, any report prepared 141 pursuant to the provisions hereof shall without court order be made available to coursel for the person 142 who is the subject of the report if that person (a) is charged with a felony subsequent to the time of the preparation of the report or (b) has been convicted of the crime or crimes for which the report was 143 144 prepared and is pursuing a post-conviction remedy. Such report shall be made available for review 145 without a court order to incarcerated persons who are eligible for release by the Virginia Parole Board, 146 or such person's counsel, pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Virginia Parole Board for that 147 purpose. The presentence report shall be in a form prescribed by the Department of Corrections. In all 148 cases where such report is not ordered, a simplified report shall be prepared on a form prescribed by the 149 Department of Corrections. For the purposes of this subsection, information regarding the accused's 150 participation or membership in a criminal street gang may include the characteristics, specific rivalries, 151 common practices, social customs and behavior, terminology, and types of crimes that are likely to be 152 committed by that criminal street gang.

B. As a part of any presentence investigation conducted pursuant to subsection A when the offense for which the defendant was convicted was a felony, the court probation officer shall advise any victim of such offense in writing that he may submit to the Virginia Parole Board a written request (i) to be given the opportunity to submit to the Board a written statement in advance of any parole hearing describing the impact of the offense upon him and his opinion regarding the defendant's release and (ii) to receive copies of such other notifications pertaining to the defendant as the Board may provide pursuant to subsection B of § 53.1-155.

160 C. As part of any presentence investigation conducted pursuant to subsection A when the offense for
161 which the defendant was convicted was a felony drug offense set forth in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.)
162 of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, the presentence report shall include any known association of the defendant
163 with illicit drug operations or markets.

164 D. As a part of any presentence investigation conducted pursuant to subsection A, when the offense 165 for which the defendant was convicted was a felony, not a capital offense, committed on or after 166 January 1, 2000, the defendant shall be required to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to 167 § 18.2-251.01.