

## **Fiscal Impact Statement for Proposed Legislation**

Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission

# Senate Bill No. 5030 Floor Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute (Patrons Prior to Substitute –Locke, Norment, et al.)

**LD#:** <u>20201366</u> **Date:** <u>10/15/2020</u>

**Topic:** Policing practices

#### **Fiscal Impact Summary:**

- State Adult Correctional Facilities: \$50,000 \*
- Local Adult Correctional Facilities: Cannot be determined
- Adult Community Corrections Programs: Cannot be determined

• Juvenile Direct Care:

None (\$0) \*\*

• Juvenile Detention Facilities:

None (\$0) \*\*

\*\*Provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice

#### **Summary of Proposed Legislation:**

The proposal amends § 18.2-64.2 to add law-enforcement officers to the list of persons who are subject to a Class 6 felony if they are in a position of authority over and carnally know without force, threat, or intimidation any person detained or arrested by a law-enforcement officer or an inmate, parolee, probationer, juvenile detainee, pretrial defendant or posttrial offender. In addition, the proposal adds individuals in the custody of a law enforcement agency to the list of persons against whom carnal knowledge would be unlawful. Currently, the Class 6 felony defined in § 18.2-64.2 only includes the carnal knowledge of an inmate, parolee, probationer, detainee, pretrial defendant or posttrial offender by certain corrections or probation officials.

The proposal also amends and adds numerous sections to the *Code* related to law enforcement training standards, law enforcement officer conduct and oversight, decertification of officers, publicly-available data, and military property.

#### **Analysis:**

Available data are insufficient to determine how many additional felony convictions may result if the proposal is enacted.

Individuals convicted as a result of the proposed changes to § 18.2-64.2 may be sentenced similarly to those currently convicted under this provision. According to FY2014-FY2019 Circuit Court CMS data, 23 offenders were convicted of felony carnal knowledge of an inmate, etc., under § 18.2-64.2 as the

<sup>\*</sup> The estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 1289 of the Acts of Assembly of 2020 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000.

primary (or most serious) offense. While 56.5% of these offenders did not receive an active term of incarceration to serve after sentencing, 34.8% of the offenders were sentenced to local-responsible (jail) terms with a median sentence of 4.5 months. The remaining two offenders (8.7%) were sentenced to state-responsible (prison) terms of 1.3 years and 1.5 years, respectively.

### **Impact of Proposed Legislation:**

**State adult correctional facilities.** The proposal expands the potential applicability of an existing felony. As a result, the proposal may increase the future state-responsible (prison) bed space needs of the Commonwealth. However, existing databases do not provide sufficient detail to determine the number of additional felony convictions that may result from the proposal. For this reason, the impact of the proposal on prison bed space needs cannot be determined.

**Local adult correctional facilities.** The proposal may increase the local-responsible (jail) bed space needs; however, the magnitude of the impact on jail bed space needs cannot be estimated with existing data.

**Adult community corrections programs.** Because the proposal could result in felony convictions and subsequent supervision requirements for additional offenders, the proposal may increase the need for adult community corrections resources. Since the number of cases that may be affected cannot be determined, the potential impact on community corrections cannot be quantified.

**Virginia's sentencing guidelines.** Convictions under § 18.2-64.2 are not covered by the sentencing guidelines as the primary offense. However, convictions under this provision could augment the guidelines recommendation if the most serious offense at sentencing is covered by the guidelines. No adjustment to the guidelines would be necessary under the proposal.

**Juvenile direct care.** According to the Department of Juvenile Justice, the proposal is not expected to impact direct care (juvenile correctional center or alternative commitment placement) bed space needs.

**Juvenile detention facilities.** The Department of Juvenile Justice reports that the proposal is not expected to impact the bed space needs of juvenile detention facilities.

Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 1289 of the Acts of Assembly of 2020 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000.

Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation is \$0 for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.

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