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SENATE BILL NO. 5011

Offered August 18, 2020

3 Prefiled August 3, 2020 4 5 6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-69.48:1, 17.1-275.7, 22.1-289.031, as it shall become effective, 46.2-325, 46.2-602, 46.2-602.1, 46.2-602.3, 46.2-602.4, 46.2-694.1, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, 46.2-730, 46.2-730.1, 46.2-1000, 46.2-1005.1, 46.2-1025, 46.2-1043, 7 46.2-1048, 46.2-1053, 46.2-1065, 46.2-1072.1, 46.2-1092, 46.2-1150, 46.2-1176, 46.2-1190.2, 46.2-1213, 46.2-1531, 46.2-1539, 46.2-1539.1, 46.2-1600, as it shall become effective, 46.2-1605, 46.2-2099.50, and 63.2-1716 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 46.2-1001.2, 46.2-1005.2, 46.2-1060.1, and 46.2-2000.4; and to repeal Article 21 8 9 10 (§§ 46.2-1157 through 46.2-1175.1) of Chapter 10 of Title 46.2 and § 46.2-1540 of the Code of 11 12 Virginia, relating to motor vehicle safety inspection program. 13

Patrons—Suetterlein; Delegate: Cole, M.L.

Referred to Committee on Transportation

16 17 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 16.1-69.48:1, 17.1-275.7, 22.1-289.031, as it shall become effective, 46.2-325, 46.2-602, 18

19 46.2-602.1, 46.2-602.3, 46.2-602.4, 46.2-694.1, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, 46.2-730, 46.2-730.1, 46.2-1000, 46.2-1005.1, 46.2-1025, 46.2-1043, 46.2-1048, 46.2-1053, 46.2-1065, 46.2-1072.1, 46.2-1092, 46.2-1150, 46.2-1176, 46.2-1190.2, 46.2-1213, 46.2-1531, 46.2-1539, 20

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22 46.2-1539.1, 46.2-1600, as it shall become effective, 46.2-1605, 46.2-2099.50, and 63.2-1716 of the 23 Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding

24 sections numbered 46.2-1001.2, 46.2-1005.2, 46.2-1060.1, and 46.2-2000.4 as follows: 25

§ 16.1-69.48:1. Fixed fee for misdemeanors, traffic infractions and other violations in district 26 court; additional fees to be added.

27 A. Assessment of the fees provided for in this section shall be based on (i) an appearance for court 28 hearing in which there has been a finding of guilty; (ii) a written appearance with waiver of court 29 hearing and entry of guilty plea; (iii) for a defendant failing to appear, a trial in his or her absence 30 resulting in a finding of guilty; (iv) an appearance for court hearing in which the court requires that the 31 defendant successfully complete traffic school, a mature driver motor vehicle crash prevention course, or a driver improvement clinic, in lieu of a finding of guilty; (v) a deferral of proceedings pursuant to 4.1-305, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.9, 18.2-57.3, 18.2-251, 19.2-303.2, or 19.2-303.6; or (vi) proof of compliance with law under §§ 46.2-104, 46.2-324, 46.2-613, 46.2-646, 46.2-711, 46.2-715, 46.2-716, 46.2-752, 46.2-1000, 46.2-1003, 46.2-1052, and 46.2-1053, and 46.2-1158.02. 32 33 34 35

In addition to any other fee prescribed by this section, a fee of \$35 shall be taxed as costs whenever 36 37 a defendant fails to appear, unless, after a hearing requested by such person, good cause is shown for 38 such failure to appear. No defendant with multiple charges arising from a single incident shall be taxed 39 the applicable fixed fee provided in subsection B, C, or D more than once for a single appearance or 40 trial in absence related to that incident. However, when a defendant who has multiple charges arising 41 from the same incident and who has been assessed a fixed fee for one of those charges is later 42 convicted of another charge that arises from that same incident and that has a higher fixed fee, he shall be assessed the difference between the fixed fee earlier assessed and the higher fixed fee. 43

44 A defendant with charges which arise from separate incidents shall be taxed a fee for each incident 45 even if the charges from the multiple incidents are disposed of in a single appearance or trial in absence. 46 In addition to the fixed fees assessed pursuant to this section, in the appropriate cases, the clerk shall 47 also assess any costs otherwise specifically provided by statute.

B. In misdemeanors tried in district court, except for those proceedings provided for in subsection C, 48 49 there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of \$61. The amount collected, in whole or in part, for 50 the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by law, to the following funds in the fractional amounts 51 designated:

- 1. Processing fee (General Fund) (.573770);
- 2. Virginia Črime Victim-Witness Fund (.049180);
- 54 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.016393);
- 55 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.032787);
- 5. Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund (.098361); 56
- 6. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.065574); 57
- 58 7. Sentencing/supervision fee (General Fund) (.131148); and

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SB5011

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59 8. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.032787).

60 C. In criminal actions and proceedings in district court for a violation of any provision of Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of \$136.

62 The amount collected, in whole or in part, for the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by law, to63 the following funds in the fractional amounts designated:

- 64 1. Processing fee (General Fund) (.257353);
- 65 2. Virginia Crime Victim-Witness Fund (.022059);
- **66** 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.007353);
- **67** 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.014706);
- **68** 5. Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund (.044118);
- 69 6. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.029412);
- 70 7. Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund (.551471);
- 8. Forensic laboratory fee and sentencing/supervision fee (General Fund) (.058824); and
- **72** 9. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.014706).

D. In traffic infractions tried in district court, there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of
\$51. The amount collected, in whole or in part, for the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by
law, to the following funds in the fractional amounts designated:

- **76** 1. Processing fee (General Fund) (.764706);
- 77 2. Virginia Crime Victim-Witness Fund (.058824);
- **78** 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.019608);
- **79** 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.039216);
- **80** 5. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.078431); and
- 81 6. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.039216).
 - § 17.1-275.7. Fixed misdemeanor fee.

83 In circuit court, upon (i) conviction of any and each misdemeanor, not originally charged as a felony; (ii) a deferred disposition of proceedings in the case of any and each misdemeanor not originally 84 85 charged as a felony and deferred pursuant to the terms and conditions of § 4.1-305, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.9, 18.2-57.3, 19.2-303.2, or 19.2-303.6; (iii) any and each conviction of a traffic infraction or 86 referral to a driver improvement clinic or traffic school in lieu of a finding of guilt for a traffic 87 88 infraction; or (iv) proof of compliance with law under $\frac{8}{5}$ § 46.2-104 and 46.2-1158.02, there shall be 89 assessed as court costs a fee of \$80, to be known as the fixed misdemeanor fee. However, this section 90 shall not apply to those proceedings provided for in § 17.1-275.8. This fee shall be in addition to any 91 fee assessed in the district court.

92 The amount collected, in whole or in part, for the fixed misdemeanor fee shall be apportioned, as 93 provided by law, to the following funds in the fractional amounts designated:

- 94 1. Sentencing/supervision fee (General Fund) (.0125000);
- **95** 2. Witness expenses/expert witness fee (General Fund) (.0250000);
- **96** 3. Virginia Crime Victim-Witness Fund (.0375000);
- **97** 4. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.0500000);
- **98** 5. Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund (.2500000);
- **99** 6. Commonwealth's Attorney Fund (state share) (.0937500);
- 100 7. Commonwealth's Attorney Fund (local share) (.0937500);
- **101** 8. Regional Criminal Justice Academy Training Fund (.0125000);
- **102** 9. Warrant fee, as prescribed by § 17.1-272 (.1500000);
- 103 10. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.0250000); and
- **104** 11. Clerk of the circuit court (.2500000).

105 § 22.1-289.031. (Effective July 1, 2021) Child day center operated by religious institution exempt 106 from licensure; annual statement and documentary evidence required; enforcement; injunctive 107 relief.

108 A. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, a child day center, including a child day 109 center operated or conducted under the auspices of a religious institution, shall be exempt from the licensure requirements of this chapter, but shall comply with the provisions of this section unless it 110 chooses to be licensed. If such religious institution chooses not to be licensed, it shall file with the 111 Superintendent, prior to beginning operation of a child day center and thereafter annually, a statement of 112 113 intent to operate a child day center, certification that the child day center has disclosed in writing to the parents or guardians of the children in the center the fact that it is exempt from licensure and has posted 114 115 the fact that it is exempt from licensure in a visible location on the premises, the qualifications of the 116 personnel employed therein, and documentary evidence that:

117 1. Such religious institution has tax exempt status as a nonprofit religious institution in accordance
118 with § 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, or that the real property owned and
119 exclusively occupied by the religious institution is exempt from local taxation.

120 2. Within the prior 90 days for the initial exemption and within the prior 180 days for exemptions

121 thereafter, the local health department and local fire marshal or Office of the State Fire Marshal, 122 whichever is appropriate, have inspected the physical facilities of the child day center and have 123 determined that the center is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations with regard to food 124 service activities, health and sanitation, water supply, building codes, and the Statewide Fire Prevention 125 Code or the Uniform Statewide Building Code.

126 3. The child day center employs supervisory personnel according to the following ratio of staff to 127 children:

- **128** a. One staff member to four children from ages zero to 16 months.
- b. One staff member to five children from ages 16 months to 24 months.
- 130 c. One staff member to eight children from ages 24 months to 36 months.
- d. One staff member to 10 children from ages 36 months to five years.
- e. One staff member to 20 children from ages five years to nine years.
- 133 f. One staff member to 25 children from ages nine years to 12 years.

134 Staff shall be counted in the required staff-to-children ratios only when they are directly supervising 135 children. When a group of children receiving care includes children from different age brackets, the age of the youngest child in the group shall be used to determine the staff-to-children ratio that applies to 136 that group. For each group of children receiving care, at least one adult staff member shall be regularly 137 138 present. However, during designated daily rest periods and designated sleep periods of evening and 139 overnight care programs, for children ages 16 months to six years, only one staff member shall be 140 required to be present with the children under supervision. In such cases, at least one staff member shall 141 be physically present in the same space as the children under supervision at all times. Other staff 142 members counted for purposes of the staff-to-child ratio need not be physically present in the same 143 space as the resting or sleeping children, but shall be present on the same floor as the resting or 144 sleeping children and shall have no barrier to their immediate access to the resting or sleeping children. 145 The staff member who is physically present in the same space as the sleeping children shall be able to 146 summon additional staff counted in the staff-to-child ratio without leaving the space in which the resting

147 or sleeping children are located.

148 Staff members shall be at least 16 years of age. Staff members under 18 years of age shall be under
149 the supervision of an adult staff member. Adult staff members shall supervise no more than two staff
150 members under 18 years of age at any given time.

4. Each person in a supervisory position has been certified by a practicing physician or physician assistant to be free from any disability which would prevent him from caring for children under his supervision.

- 154 5. The center is in compliance with the requirements of:
- a. This section.
- b. Section 22.1-289.039 relating to background checks.
- 157 c. Section 63.2-1509 relating to the reporting of suspected cases of child abuse and neglect.

d. Chapter 3 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Title 46.2 regarding a valid Virginia driver's license or commercial driver's license; Article 21 (§ 46.2-1157 et seq.) the applicable safety and equipment requirements of Chapter 10 (§ 46.2-1000 et seq.) of Title 46.2, regarding vehicle inspections; ensuring that any vehicle used to transport children is an insured motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-705; and Article 13 (§ 46.2-1095 et seq.) of Chapter 10 of Title 46.2, regarding child restraint devices.

6. The following aspects of the child day center's operations are described in a written statement
provided to the parents or guardians of the children in the center and made available to the general
public: physical facilities, enrollment capacity, food services, health requirements for the staff, and
public liability insurance.

167 7. The individual seeking to operate the child day center is not currently ineligible to operate another
168 child day program due to a suspension or revocation of his license or license exemption for reasons
169 involving child safety or any criminal conviction, including fraud, related to such child day program.

- 8. A person trained and certified in first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) will be present at the child day center whenever children are present or at any other location in which children attending the child day center are present.
- 173 9. The child day center is in compliance with all safe sleep guidelines recommended by the174 American Academy of Pediatrics.
- 175 B. The center shall establish and implement procedures for:
- 176 1. Hand washing by staff and children before eating and after toileting and diapering.
- 177 2. Appropriate supervision of all children in care, including daily intake and dismissal procedures to178 ensure safety of children.
- 179 3. A daily simple health screening and exclusion of sick children by a person trained to perform such180 screenings.
- 181 4. Ensuring that all children in the center are in compliance with the provisions of § 32.1-46

182 regarding the immunization of children against certain diseases.

183 5. Ensuring that all areas of the premises accessible to children are free of obvious injury hazards, 184 including providing and maintaining sand or other cushioning material under playground equipment. 185

6. Ensuring that all staff are able to recognize the signs of child abuse and neglect.

7. Ensuring that all incidents involving serious physical injury to or death of children attending the 186 187 child day center are reported to the Superintendent. Reports of serious physical injuries, which shall 188 include any physical injuries that require an emergency referral to an offsite health care professional or 189 treatment in a hospital, shall be submitted annually. Reports of deaths shall be submitted no later than 190 one business day after the death occurred.

191 C. The Superintendent may perform on-site inspections of religious institutions to confirm compliance with the provisions of this section and to investigate complaints that the religious institution 192 is not in compliance with the provisions of this section. The Superintendent may revoke the exemption 193 194 for any child day center in serious or persistent violation of the requirements of this section. If a 195 religious institution operates a child day center and does not file the statement and documentary 196 evidence required by this section, the Superintendent shall give reasonable notice to such religious 197 institution of the nature of its noncompliance and may thereafter take such action as he determines 198 appropriate, including a suit to enjoin the operation of the child day center.

199 D. Any person who has reason to believe that a child day center falling within the provisions of this 200 section is not in compliance with the requirements of this section may report the same to the 201 Department, the local health department, or the local fire marshal, each of which may inspect the child 202 day center for noncompliance, give reasonable notice to the religious institution, and thereafter may take 203 appropriate action as provided by law, including a suit to enjoin the operation of the child day center.

E. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a child day center operated by or conducted under the 204 auspices of a religious institution from obtaining a license pursuant to this chapter. § 46.2-325. Examination of applicants; waiver of Department's examination under certain 205

206 circumstances; behind-the-wheel and knowledge examinations. 207

208 A. The Department shall examine every applicant for a driver's license before issuing any license to 209 determine (i) his physical and mental qualifications and his ability to drive a motor vehicle without 210 jeopardizing the safety of persons or property and (ii) if any facts exist which that would bar the issuance of a license under <u>§§</u> § 46.2-311 through 46.2-316, 46.2-334, or 46.2-335. The examination, 211 212 however, shall not include investigation of any facts other than those directly pertaining to the ability of 213 the applicant to drive a motor vehicle with safety, or other than those facts declared to be prerequisite to 214 the issuance of a license under this chapter. No applicant otherwise competent shall be required to 215 demonstrate ability to park any motor vehicle except in an adequate parking space between horizontal 216 markers, and not between flags or sticks simulating parked vehicles. Except as provided for in 217 § 46.2-337, applicants for licensure to drive motor vehicles of the classifications referred to in § 218 46.2-328 shall submit to examinations which relate to the operation of those vehicles. The motor vehicle 219 to be used by the applicant for the behind-the-wheel examination shall meet the safety and equipment 220 requirements specified in Chapter 10 (§ 46.2-1000 et seq.) and possess a valid inspection sticker as required pursuant to $\frac{8}{5}$ 46.2-1157. An autocycle shall not be used by the applicant for a behind-the-wheel 221 222 examination.

Prior to taking the examination, the applicant shall either (a) present evidence that the applicant has 223 224 completed a state-approved driver education class pursuant to the provisions of § 46.2-324.1 or 46.2-334 225 or (b) submit to the examiner a behind-the-wheel maneuvers checklist, on a form provided by the 226 Department, that describes the vehicle maneuvers the applicant may be expected to perform while taking 227 the behind-the-wheel examination, that has been signed by a licensed driver, certifying that the applicant 228 has practiced the driving maneuvers contained and described therein, and that has been signed by the 229 applicant certifying that, at all times while holding a learner's permit, the applicant has complied with 230 the provisions of § 46.2-335 while operating a motor vehicle.

231 Except for applicants subject to § 46.2-312, if the Commissioner is satisfied that an applicant has 232 demonstrated the same proficiency as required by the Department's examination through successful 233 completion of either (1) the driver education course approved by the Department of Education or (2) a 234 driver training course offered by a driver training school licensed under Chapter 17 (§ 46.2-1700 et 235 seq.), he may waive those parts of the Department's examination provided for in this section that require 236 the applicant to drive and park a motor vehicle.

237 B. Any person who fails the behind-the-wheel examination for a driver's license administered by the 238 Department shall wait two days before being permitted to take another such examination. No person 239 who fails the behind-the-wheel examination for a driver's license administered by the Department three times shall be permitted to take such examination a fourth time until he successfully completes, 240 subsequent to the third examination failure, the in-vehicle component of driver instruction at a driver 241 242 training school licensed under Chapter 17 (§ 46.2-1700 et seq.) or a comparable course approved by the 243 Department or the Department of Education. In addition, no person who fails the driver knowledge 244 examination for a driver's license administered by the Department three times shall be permitted to take 245 such examination a fourth time until he successfully completes, subsequent to the third examination 246 failure, the classroom component of driver instruction at a driver training school licensed under Chapter 247 17 (§ 46.2-1700 et seq.) or a comparable course approved by the Department or the Department of 248 Education or, for (i) persons at least 18 years old or (ii) persons less than 18 years old who have 249 previously completed the classroom component of driver instruction, a course of instruction based on the 250 Virginia Driver's Manual, which may be conducted in a classroom or online, offered by a driver training 251 school licensed under Chapter 17 (§ 46.2-1700 et seq.) or a comparable course approved by the 252 Department or the Department of Education. Any driver training school authorized to provide the 253 Virginia Driver's Manual course online shall be a computer-based driver education provider as defined in 254 § 46.2-1700. Providers of the Virginia Driver's Manual course online shall ensure that the certificate of 255 completion is issued to the same person who took the course in a manner prescribed by the Department. 256 All persons required to complete the in-vehicle component of driver instruction or the classroom 257 component of driver instruction pursuant to this section shall be required after successful completion of 258 the necessary courses to have the applicable examination administered by the Department.

259 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to persons placed under medical control by the 260 Department pursuant to § 46.2-322.

§ 46.2-602. Titling and registration of foreign market vehicles.

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262 A. The Department shall not issue a permanent certificate of title or registration for a foreign market 263 vehicle until the applicant submits proof that the vehicle complies with federal safety requirements.

264 B. The Department shall accept as proof that a foreign market vehicle complies with federal safety 265 requirements documents from either the United States U.S. Department of Transportation or the United 266 States U.S. Bureau of Customs Service and Border Protection stating that the vehicle conforms or has 267 been brought into conformity with federal safety requirements.

268 C. The certificate of title of any foreign market vehicle titled under this section shall contain an 269 appropriate notation that the owner has submitted proof that it complies with federal safety requirements. 270 D. Any foreign market vehicle previously titled in the Commonwealth shall be titled and registered 271 without further proof of compliance with federal safety requirements. If, however, proof of compliance 272 is not submitted to the Department, the certificate of title shall contain an appropriate notation that the 273 owner of the foreign market vehicle has not submitted proof that the vehicle complies with federal 274 safety requirements.

E. No foreign market vehicle manufactured prior to 1968 shall be subject to this section.

276 F. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A of this section, the Department shall issue a 277 nonnegotiable title for a foreign market vehicle on submission of a complete application for a title 278 including all necessary documents of ownership. A negotiable title will be issued on proof of 279 compliance as provided in subsection A of this section. The Department shall show on the face of any 280 title issued under this section any negotiable security interests in the motor vehicle as provided in 281 §§ 46.2-636 through 46.2-643.

282 G. The Department shall not transfer the title to a foreign market vehicle if ownership of the vehicle 283 is evidenced by a nonnegotiable title, unless the nonnegotiable title owner is deceased. If the 284 nonnegotiable title owner is deceased, a new, nonnegotiable title may be issued to the legatee or 285 distributee in accordance with §§ 46.2-633 and 46.2-634.

286 H. A nonnegotiable title may be issued for the purpose of recording a lien. A negotiable certificate 287 of title shall be issued on proof of compliance with all regulations prescribed in this section.

288 I. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, the Department shall issue, on application, a 289 temporary, nonrenewable 180-day registration to a foreign market vehicle upon:

290 1. Proof that the vehicle has been brought into compliance with all federal safety requirements and 291 that the applicant is merely waiting for documentary releases from the Federal Department of 292 Transportation; and 293

2. Proof of satisfactory passage of a Virginia safety inspection; and

3. Submission of a complete application for a title, including all necessary documents of ownership.

J. The Department shall withhold delivery of the certificate of title during the 180-day period of 295 296 conditional registration and shall not issue the permanent title until the requirements of subsection A of 297 this section have been met.

298 K. Upon application, the Department shall issue a temporary one-trip permit for the purpose of 299 transporting a foreign market vehicle from the port of entry to the applicant's home or to a conversion facility. The one-trip permit shall be issued in accordance with § 46.2-651. 300

301 § 46.2-602.1. Titling and registration of replica vehicles.

302 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the model year of vehicles constructed or 303 assembled by multiple manufacturers or assemblers shall be the model year of which the vehicle is a replica. No vehicle titled under this section shall be driven more than 5,000 miles per year as shown by 304

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305 the vehicle's odometer. No vehicle titled under this section shall be automatically eligible for antique 306 motor vehicle license plates provided for in § 46.2-730.

307 Any vehicle registered under this section shall be subject to vehicle safety inspections as provided for 308 in Article 21 (8 46.2-1157 et seq.) of Chapter 10 and emissions inspections as provided for in Article 22 309 (§ 46.2-1176 et seq.) of Chapter 10. Such vehicles shall meet such safety and emission requirements as 310 established for the model year of which the vehicle is a replica.

311 The Department shall assign each such vehicle a new vehicle identification number, line-make, and 312 model year, if required.

§ 46.2-602.3. Titling and registration of converted electric vehicles.

314 A. Upon receipt of an application and such evidence of ownership as required by the Commissioner 315 pursuant to § 46.2-625, the Department shall issue a certificate of title for a converted electric vehicle. The first certificate of title issued for a converted electric vehicle shall be an original certificate of title, 316 317 regardless of the submission of a Virginia certificate of title issued for the vehicle prior to conversion.

318 B. 1. No converted electric vehicle shall be registered or operated on the highways of the 319 Commonwealth until the owner submits to the Department a certification by a certified Virginia safety 320 inspector vehicle service center lawfully operating in the Commonwealth that the conversion to electric 321 propulsion is complete and proof that the vehicle has passed a Virginia safety inspection subsequent to 322 the certification that the vehicle meets the applicable safety and equipment requirements specified in 323 Chapter 10 (§ 46.2-1000 et seq.). Such certification shall be on a form approved by the Commissioner and the Superintendent and shall state that the inspector person inspecting the vehicle has verified that 324 (i) the internal combustion engine has been removed; (ii) the fuel tank has been removed and not 325 replaced; (iii) a traction battery pack has been installed that is distinct from the vehicle's original auxiliary battery system; and (iv) an electric motor has been installed to drive the wheels of the vehicle. 326 327 328 The safety inspector person inspecting the vehicle may charge a fee not to exceed \$40 to complete a 329 certification pursuant to this subsection, but no such charge shall be mandatory. Any fee charged for 330 such certification shall be in addition to any fee imposed pursuant to § 46.2-1167 for the completion of 331 a Virginia safety inspection.

332 2. The completion of the certification required by this section shall not impose any liability on the 333 safety inspector person inspecting the vehicle for the quality of the conversion process; however, nothing in this section shall be construed so as to relieve the safety inspector of any liability that may be 334 335 imposed pursuant to Article 21 (§ 46.2-1157 et seq.) of Chapter 10 or under any regulation promulgated 336 pursuant to § 46.2-1165, relating to the safety inspection of the converted electric vehicle.

337 3. The submission of a certification pursuant to this section shall be sufficient documentation to 338 exempt the converted electric vehicle for which it is submitted from the emissions inspection program 339 required by Article 22 (§ 46.2-1176 et seq.) of Chapter 10.

340 4. When necessary and upon application, the Department shall issue temporary trip permits in 341 accordance with § 46.2-651 for the purpose of transporting the converted electric vehicle to and from an 342 official Virginia safety inspection station.

C. The provisions of this section need only be satisfied once for each converted electric vehicle.

§ 46.2-602.4. Titling and registration of off-road motorcycle converted to on-road use.

A. For the purpose of this section:

"Converter" means a person who, through the act of conversion, alters an off-road motorcycle for 346 347 on-road use on the highways by the addition, substitution, or removal of motor vehicle equipment, 348 creating a motor vehicle to which Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards for new motorcycles will 349 become applicable at the time of the conversion. A converter shall be considered a manufacturer 350 responsible under 49 U.S.C. § 30112 for compliance of the motorcycle with Federal Motor Vehicle 351 Safety Standards and the certification of compliance required by those standards. 352

"Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards" means the standards prescribed by 49 C.F.R. Part 571.

353 "Manufacturer" means a person manufacturing or assembling motor vehicles or motor vehicle equipment. 354

355 "Motor vehicle equipment" means (i) any system, part, or component of a motor vehicle as originally 356 manufactured or (ii) any similar part or component manufactured or sold for replacement or improvement of a system, part, or component, or as an accessory or addition to a motor vehicle. 357

"Off-road motorcycle converted to on-road use" means every off-road motorcycle that has been 358 359 converted for use on the public highways with the addition of such necessary equipment to meet all applicable Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards for new motorcycles for the year in which it is 360 361 converted.

362 B. Each converter shall certify in accordance with the requirements of subsection E that the off-road 363 motorcycle converted to on-road use meets all applicable Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards for 364 new motorcycles for the year in which it is converted. If the converter is unavailable or unknown, the owner shall certify that the converter is unavailable or unknown and that he assumes responsibility for 365 366 all duties and corresponding liabilities under the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Act. If a converter or 367 owner fails or refuses to provide the required certification, the vehicle shall remain an off-road 368 motorcycle.

369 C. Each converter, or owner if the converter is unavailable or unknown, shall permanently affix to 370 each vehicle a label containing the following: (i) the name of manufacturer, (ii) the month and year of 371 manufacture, (iii) the gross vehicle weight rating, (iv) the gross axle weight rating, (v) certification that 372 the vehicle conforms to all applicable Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards in effect on the date of 373 manufacture in the year in which it is converted, (vi) the vehicle identification number, and (vii) the 374 motorcycle vehicle classification. Such label shall meet the requirements set forth in 49 C.F.R. § 567.4.

375 D. Upon receipt of an application and such evidence of ownership as required by the Commissioner 376 pursuant to § 46.2-625, the Department shall issue a certificate of title for an off-road motorcycle 377 converted to on-road use. The first certificate of title issued for an off-road motorcycle converted to 378 on-road use shall be an original certificate of title, regardless of the submission of a Virginia certificate 379 of title issued for the off-road motorcycle prior to conversion.

380 E. No off-road motorcycle converted to on-road use shall be registered or operated on the highways 381 of the Commonwealth until the owner submits to the Department, upon a form approved and furnished 382 by the Department, (i) certification that the motor vehicle has passed the motor vehicle safety inspection 383 subsequent to the conversion; (ii) certification from the converter, or owner if the converter is 384 unavailable or unknown, that the motor vehicle meets all applicable Federal Motor Vehicle Safety 385 Standards; and (iii) (ii) certification that the motor vehicle has been labeled in accordance with 386 subsection C.

387 F. When necessary and upon application, the Department shall issue temporary trip permits in 388 accordance with § 46.2-651 for the purpose of transporting the off-road motorcycle converted to on-road 389 use to and from an official motor vehicle safety inspection station.

390 G. Notwithstanding §§ 46.2-105 and 46.2-605, any certification required by this section found to be 391 knowingly given falsely is punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor.

392 § 46.2-694.1. (Contingent expiration date) Fees for trailers and semitrailers not designed and 393 used for transportation of passengers.

394 Unless otherwise specified in this title, the registration fees for trailers and semitrailers not designed 395 and used for the transportation of passengers on the highways in the Commonwealth shall be as follows:

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396	Registered Gross Weight	1-Year Fee	2-Year Fee	Permanent Fee
397	0-1,500 lbs	\$18.00	\$36.00	\$70.00
398	1,501-4,000 lbs	\$28.50	\$57.00	\$75.00
399	4,001 lbs & above	\$40.00	\$80.00	\$100.00
100	From the foregoing registration for	the following amounts	regardless of weight	t antagomy shall be

400 From the foregoing registration fees, the following amounts, regardless of weight category, shall be 401 paid by the Department into the state treasury and set aside for the payment of the administrative costs 402 of the safety inspection program provided for in Article 21 (§ 46.2-1157 et seq.) of Chapter 10 of this title: (i) from each one-year registration fee, one dollar and fifty cents; (ii) from each two-year 403 404 registration fee, three dollars; and (iii) from each permanent registration fee, four dollars.

§ 46.2-694.1. (Contingent effective date) Fees for trailers and semitrailers not designed and used 405 406 for transportation of passengers.

407 Unless otherwise specified in this title, the registration fees for trailers and semitrailers not designed 408 and used for the transportation of passengers on the highways in the Commonwealth shall be as follows: 409

1 1	0 0 1		
Registered Gross Weight	1-Year Fee	2-Year Fee	Permanent Fee
0-1,500 lbs	\$8.00	\$16.00	\$50.00
1,501-4,000 lbs	\$18.50	\$37.00	\$50.00
4,001 lbs & above	\$23.50	\$47.00	\$50.00
Enclose the former in a market set for	· (1 f. 11	11	

413 From the foregoing registration fees, the following amounts, regardless of weight category, shall be 414 paid by the Department into the state treasury and set aside for the payment of the administrative costs 415 of the safety inspection program provided for in Article 21 (§ 46.2-1157 et seq.) of Chapter 10 of this title: (i) from each one-year registration fee, one dollar and fifty cents; (ii) from each two-year 416 417 registration fee, three dollars; and (iii) from each permanent registration fee, four dollars. 418

§ 46.2-730. License plates for antique motor vehicles and antique trailers; fee.

410 411 412

419 A. On receipt of an application and evidence that the applicant owns or has regular use of another 420 passenger car, autocycle, or motorcycle, the Commissioner shall issue appropriately designed license 421 plates to owners of antique motor vehicles and antique trailers. These license plates shall be valid so 422 long as title to the vehicle is vested in the applicant. The fee for the registration card and license plates 423 of any of these vehicles shall be a one-time fee of \$50.

424 B. On receipt of an application and evidence that the applicant owns or has regular use of another 425 passenger car, autocycle, or motorcycle, the Commissioner may authorize for use on antique motor 426 vehicles and antique trailers Virginia license plates manufactured prior to 1976 and designed for use 427 without decals, if such license plates are embossed with or are of the same year of issue as the model 428 year of the antique motor vehicle or antique trailer on which they are to be displayed. Original metal

429 year tabs issued in place of license plates for years 1943 and 1952 and used with license plates issued in 430 1942 and 1951, respectively, also may be authorized by the Commissioner for use on antique motor 431 vehicles and antique trailers that are of the same model year as the year the metal tab was originally 432 issued. These license plates and metal tabs shall remain valid so long as title to the vehicle is vested in 433 the applicant. The fee for the registration card and permission to use the license plates and metal tabs on 434 any of these vehicles shall be a one-time fee of \$50. If more than one request is made for use, as 435 provided in this section, of license plates having the same number, the Department shall accept only the 436 first such application.

437 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 46.2-711 and 46.2-715, antique motor vehicles may display 438 single license plates if the original manufacturer's design of the antique motor vehicles allows for the use of only single license plates or if the license plate was originally issued in one of the following 439 440 years and is displayed in accordance with the provisions of subsection B: 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1945, 441 or 1946.

442 D. Antique motor vehicles and antique trailers registered with license plates issued or authorized for 443 use under this section shall not be used for general transportation purposes, including, but not limited to, 444 daily travel to and from the owner's place of employment, but shall only be used: 445

1. For participation in club activities, exhibits, tours, parades, and similar events;

446 2. On the highways of the Commonwealth for the purpose of testing their operation or selling the 447 vehicle or trailer, obtaining repairs or maintenance, transportation to and from events as described in 448 subdivision 1, and for occasional pleasure driving not exceeding 250 miles from the residence of the 449 owner; and

450 3. To carry or transport (i) passengers in the antique motor vehicles, (ii) personal effects in the 451 antique motor vehicles and antique trailers, or (iii) other antique motor vehicles being transported for 452 show purposes.

453 The registration card issued to an antique motor vehicle or an antique trailer registered pursuant to 454 subsections A, B, and C shall indicate such vehicle or trailer is for limited use.

455 E. Owners of motor vehicles and trailers applying for registration pursuant to subsections A, B and C shall submit to the Department, in the manner prescribed by the Department, certifications that such 456 457 vehicles or trailers are capable of being safely operated on the highways of the Commonwealth.

458 Pursuant to § 46.2-1000, the Department shall suspend the registration of any vehicle or trailer 459 registered with license plates issued under this section that the Department or the Department of State 460 Police determines is not properly equipped or otherwise unsafe to operate. Any law-enforcement officer 461 shall take possession of the license plates, registration card and decals, if any, of any vehicle or trailer 462 registered with license plates issued under this section when he observes any defect in such vehicle or trailer as set forth in § 46.2-1000. 463

464 F. Antique motor vehicles and antique trailers displaying license plates issued or authorized for use 465 pursuant to subsections B and C may be used for general transportation purposes if the following 466 conditions are met:

1. The physical condition of the vehicle's license plate or plates has been inspected and approved by 467 468 the Department;

2. The license plate or plates are registered to the specific vehicle by the Department;

470 3. The owner of the vehicle periodically registers the vehicle with the Department and pays a 471 registration fee for the vehicle equal to that which would be charged to obtain regular state license 472 plates for that vehicle;

473 4. The vehicle passes a periodic safety inspection as provided in Article 21 (§- 46.2-1157 et seq.) of 474 Chapter 10;

475 5. The vehicle displays current decals attached to the license plate, issued by the Department, 476 indicating the valid registration period for the vehicle; and

477 6. When applicable, the 5. The vehicle meets the requirement of Article 22 (§ 46.2-1176 et seq.) 478 applicable safety and equipment requirements of Chapter 10 (§ 46.2-1000 et seq.).

479 If more than one request is made for use, as provided in this subsection, of license plates having the 480 same number, the Department shall accept only the first such application. Only vehicles titled to the **481** person seeking to use license plates as provided in this subsection shall be eligible to use license plates 482 as provided in this subsection.

483 G. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the use of an antique motor vehicle to 484 tow a trailer or semitrailer.

485 H. Any owner of an antique motor vehicle or antique trailer registered with license plates pursuant to 486 this section who is convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor. Upon receiving a record of conviction of a violation of this section, the Department shall revoke and not 487 488 reinstate the owner's privilege to register the vehicle operated in violation of this section with license 489 plates issued or authorized for use pursuant to this section for a period of five years from the date of 490 conviction.

491 I. Except for the one-time \$50 registration fee prescribed in subsections A and B, the provisions of 492 this section shall apply to all owners of vehicles and trailers registered with license plates issued under 493 this section prior to July 1, 2007. Such owners shall, based on a schedule and a manner prescribed by 494 the Department, (i) provide evidence that they own or have regular use of another passenger car or 495 motorcycle, as required under subsections A and B_{τ} and (ii) comply with the certification provisions of 496 subsection E. The Department shall cancel the registrations of vehicles owned by persons that, prior to 497 January 1, 2008, do not provide the Department (i) (a) evidence of owning or having regular use of 498 another autocycle, passenger car, or motorcycle as required under subsections A and $B_{\overline{2}}$ and (ii) (b) the 499 certification required pursuant to subsection E.

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§ 46.2-730.1. License plates for military surplus motor vehicles; fee; penalty.

A. On receipt of an application and evidence that the applicant owns or has regular use of another passenger car, autocycle, or motorcycle, the Commissioner shall issue a registration card and appropriately designed license plates to owners of military surplus motor vehicles. These license plates shall be valid so long as title to the vehicle is vested in the applicant. The fee for the registration card and license plates for any of these vehicles shall be a one-time fee of \$100.

506 B. Military surplus motor vehicles registered with license plates issued under this section shall not be 507 used for general transportation purposes, including, but not limited to, daily travel to and from the 508 owner's place of employment, but shall only be used:

509 1. For participation in off-road events, on-road club activities, exhibits, tours, parades, and similar 510 events; and

511 2. On the highways of the Commonwealth for the purpose of selling the vehicle, obtaining repairs or
512 maintenance, transportation to and from events as described in subdivision 1, and occasional pleasure
513 driving not exceeding 125 miles from the address at which the vehicle is stored for use.

514 The registration card issued to the owner of a military surplus motor vehicle registered pursuant to 515 this section shall indicate that such vehicle is for limited use.

516 C. Any owner of a military surplus motor vehicle applying for registration pursuant to this section
517 shall submit to the Department, in the manner prescribed by the Department, certification that such
518 vehicle is capable of being safely operated on the highways of the Commonwealth.

519 Pursuant to § 46.2-1000, the Department shall suspend the registration of any vehicle registered with 520 license plates issued under this section that the Department or the Department of State Police determines 521 is not properly equipped or is otherwise unsafe to operate. Any law-enforcement officer shall take 522 possession of the license plates, registration card, and decals, if any, of any vehicle registered with 523 license plates issued under this section when he observes any defect in such vehicle as set forth in § 524 46.2-1000.

525 D. Any law-enforcement officer may require any person operating a military surplus motor vehicle 526 registered pursuant to this section to provide, upon request, the address at which the vehicle is stored for 527 use and the destination of such operation. Any owner of a military surplus motor vehicle registered with 528 license plates pursuant to this section who is convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 529 4 misdemeanor. Upon receiving a record of conviction of a violation of this section, the Department 530 shall revoke and not reinstate the owner's privilege to register the vehicle operated in violation of this 531 section with license plates issued pursuant to this section for a period of five years from the date of 532 conviction.

E. Military surplus motor vehicles registered with the Department under any other provision of this
Code prior to January 1, 2019, may continue to be registered under such provision. Such vehicles shall
be considered to be registered under this section for the purpose of § 46.2-1158.01. In the event that any
such vehicle is transferred to a new owner, the vehicle must be registered pursuant to this section.

F. No military surplus motor vehicle shall be registered as an antique vehicle pursuant to § 46.2-730.
§ 46.2-1000. Department to suspend registration of vehicles lacking certain equipment; officer to take possession of registration card, license plates and decals when observing defect in motor vehicle; when to be returned.

541 The Department shall suspend the registration of any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer which the 542 Department or the Department of State Police determines is not equipped with proper (i) brakes, (ii) 543 lights, (iii) horn or warning device, (iv) turn signals, (v) safety glass when required by law, (vi) mirror, 544 (vii) muffler, (viii) windshield wiper, (ix) steering gear adequate to ensure the safe movement of the 545 vehicle as required by this title or when such vehicle is equipped with a smoke screen device or cutout 546 or when such motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is otherwise unsafe to be operated.

547 Any law-enforcement officer shall, when he observes any defect in a motor vehicle as described
548 above, take possession of the registration card, license plates, and decals of any such vehicle and retain
549 the same in his possession for a period of 15 days unless the owner of the vehicle corrects the defects
550 or obtains a new safety inspection sticker from an authorized safety inspection station. When the defect
551 or defects are corrected as indicated above the registration card, license plates, and decals shall be

552 returned to the owner.

553 For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss the 554 summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the court 555 date.

§ 46.2-1001.2. Vehicle inspection stickers.

557 The owner or lessee of a motor vehicle may remove a state safety inspection approval or rejection 558 sticker from such vehicle on or after the effective date of this act, provided that such sticker shall be 559 removed prior to the expiration date of such sticker. 560

§ 46.2-1005.1. Auxiliary lights on motorcycles.

The Superintendent of State Police shall establish guidelines setting forth a procedure pursuant to 561 § 46.2-1005 to allow for the submission and approval of auxiliary lights on motorcycles that are not 562 approved by the Society of Automotive Engineers and shall publish such procedure on the Department of State Police's website by January 1, 2017. The approval of any lights or equipment shall also be 563 564 published on the Department's website and the Department shall notify official safety inspection stations 565 566 of such approved equipment. 567

§ 46.2-1005.2. Inspection of emergency vehicles.

Inspections of firefighting vehicles and emergency medical services vehicles shall be conducted 568 569 pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Superintendent of State Police, taking into consideration the 570 special purpose of such vehicles and the conditions under which they operate. 571

§ 46.2-1025. Flashing amber, purple, or green warning lights.

A. The following vehicles may be equipped with flashing, blinking, or alternating amber warning 572 573 lights of types approved by the Superintendent: 574

1. Vehicles used for the principal purpose of towing or servicing disabled vehicles;

575 2. Vehicles used in constructing, maintaining, and repairing highways or utilities on or along public highways, or in assisting with the management of roadside and traffic incidents, or performing traffic 576 management services along public highways; 577

578 3. Vehicles used for the principal purpose of removing hazardous or polluting substances from state 579 waters and drainage areas on or along public highways, or state vehicles used to perform other 580 state-required environmental activities, provided that the amber lights are not lit while the vehicle is in 581 motion:

582 4. Vehicles used for servicing automatic teller machines, provided the amber lights are not lit while 583 the vehicle is in motion;

584 5. Vehicles used in refuse collection, provided the amber lights are lit only when the vehicles are 585 engaged in refuse collection operations; 586

6. Vehicles used by individuals for emergency snow-removal purposes;

587 7. Hi-rail vehicles, provided the amber lights are lit only when the vehicles are operated on railroad 588 rails:

589 8. Fire apparatus and emergency medical services vehicles, provided the amber lights are used in addition to lights permitted under § 46.2-1023 and are so mounted or installed as to be visible from 590 591 behind the vehicle;

592 9. Vehicles owned and used by businesses providing security services, provided the amber lights are 593 not lit while the vehicle is being operated on a public highway;

10. Vehicles used to collect and deliver the United States mail, provided the amber lights are lit only 594 595 when the vehicle is actually engaged in such collection or delivery;

11. Vehicles used to collect and deliver packages weighing less than 150 pounds by a national 596 597 package delivery company that delivers such packages in all 50 states, provided that the amber lights are 598 lit only when the vehicle is stopped and its operator is engaged in such collection and delivery;

599 12. Vehicles used to transport petroleum or propane products, provided the amber light is mounted on the rear of the vehicle and is lit when parked while making a delivery of petroleum or propane 600 601 products, or when the vehicle's back-up lights are lit and its device producing an audible signal when the vehicle is operated in reverse gear, as provided for in § 46.2-1175.1, is in operation; 602

13. Vehicles used by law-enforcement agency personnel in the enforcement of laws governing motor 603 604 vehicle parking;

14. Government-owned law-enforcement vehicles, provided the lights are used for the purpose of 605 606 giving directional warning to vehicular traffic to move one direction or another and are not lit while the 607 vehicle is in motion;

608 15. Chase vehicles when used to unload a hot air balloon or used to load a hot air balloon after 609 landing, provided the amber lights are not lit while the vehicle is in motion; 610

16. Vehicles used for farm, agricultural, or horticultural purposes, or any farm tractor;

17. Vehicles owned and used by construction companies operating under Virginia contractors 611 612 licenses:

613 18. Vehicles used to lead or provide escorts for bicycle races authorized by the Department of

SB5011

11 of 22

614 Transportation or the locality in which the race is being conducted;

615 19. Vehicles used by radio or television stations for remote broadcasts, provided that the amber lights 616 are not lit while the vehicle is in motion;

20. Vehicles used by municipal safety officers in the performance of their official duties. For the 617 618 purpose of this subdivision, "municipal safety officers" means municipal employees responsible for 619 managing municipal safety programs and ensuring municipal compliance with safety and environmental 620 regulatory mandates;

621 21. Vehicles used as pace cars, security vehicles, or firefighting vehicles by any speedway or motor 622 vehicle race track, provided that the amber lights are not lit while the vehicle is being operated on a 623 public highway;

624 22. Vehicles used in patrol work by members of neighborhood watch groups approved by the chief 625 law-enforcement officer of the locality in their assigned neighborhood watch program area, provided that 626 the vehicles are clearly identified as neighborhood watch vehicles, and the amber lights are not lit while

627 the vehicle is in motion;

628 23. Vehicles that are not tow trucks as defined in \S 46.2-100, but are owned or controlled by a towing and recovery business, provided that the amber lights are lit only when the vehicle is being used 629 at a towing and recovery site; 630

631 24. Vehicles used or operated by federally licensed amateur radio operators, provided that the amber 632 lights are not lit while the vehicle is in motion, (i) while participating in emergency communications or 633 drills on behalf of federal, state, or local authorities or (ii) while providing communications services to 634 localities for public service events authorized by the Department of Transportation where the event is 635 being conducted;

636 25. Publicly owned or operated transit buses; and

637 26. Vehicles used for hauling trees, logs, or any other forest products when hauling such products, 638 provided that the amber lights are mounted or installed so as to be visible from behind the vehicle.

639 B. Except as otherwise provided in this section, such amber lights shall be lit only when performing **640** the functions which qualify them to be equipped with such lights.

641 C. Vehicles used to lead or provide escorts for funeral processions may use either amber warning 642 lights or purple warning lights, but amber warning lights and purple warning lights shall not 643 simultaneously be used on the same vehicle. The Superintendent of State Police shall develop standards 644 and specifications for purple lights authorized in this subsection.

645 D. Vehicles used by police, firefighting, or emergency medical services personnel as command **646** centers at the scene of incidents may be equipped with and use green warning lights of a type approved 647 by the Superintendent. Such lights shall not be activated while the vehicle is operating upon the 648 highway. 649

§ 46.2-1043. Tire tread depth.

650 A. No person shall operate a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer on any highway in the 651 Commonwealth if it is equipped with one or more tires which:

652 1. When measured in any two adjacent major tread grooves where the tread is thinnest, at three 653 equally spaced intervals around the circumference of the tire and exclusive of "tiebars" by a tread depth 654 gauge calibrated in thirty-seconds of an inch, are found to have tread depth of less than two 655 thirty-seconds of an inch at such locations; or

656 2. When equipped with tread wear indicators, are found to have such indicators in contact with 657 pavement at any two adjacent grooves at three equally spaced intervals around the circumference of the 658 tire.

659 B. No motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be issued a safety inspection approval sticker if 660 equipped with any tire whose use is prohibited under the provisions of this section.

C. This section shall not apply to tires mounted on dual wheels installed on motor vehicles which 661 that have seats for more than seven passengers and are (i) operated wholly within a municipality, or (ii) 662 operated by urban and suburban bus lines. For purposes of this section, "urban and suburban bus lines" **663** 664 are defined as bus lines operating over regular scheduled routes the majority of whose passengers use 665 the buses for traveling one-way distances not exceeding forty 40 miles on the same day between their 666 residence and their place of work, shopping areas, or schools.

667 D. C. The foregoing exemptions shall not apply to buses owned or operated by any public school 668 district, private school, or contract operator of school buses.

E. D. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any vehicle not required to be registered or 669 670 licensed. 671

§ 46.2-1048. Pollution control systems or devices.

672 No motor vehicle registered in the Commonwealth and manufactured for the model year 1973 or for 673 subsequent model years shall be operated on the highways in the Commonwealth unless it is equipped 674 with an air pollution control system, device, or combination of such systems or devices installed in 675 accordance with federal laws and regulations.

676 It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a motor vehicle, as herein described, on the highways in the Commonwealth with its pollution control system or device removed or otherwise rendered 677 678 inoperable.

679 It shall be unlawful for any person to operate on the highways in the Commonwealth a motor 680 vehicle, as described in this section, equipped with any emission control system or device unless it is of 681 a type installed as standard factory equipment, or comparable to that designed for use upon the **682** particular vehicle as standard factory equipment.

683 No motor vehicle, as described in this section, shall be issued a safety inspection approval sticker **684** unless it is equipped as provided under the foregoing provisions of this section or if it violates this 685 section.

The provisions of this section shall not prohibit or prevent shop adjustments or replacements of 686 **687** equipment for maintenance or repair or the conversion of engines to low polluting fuels, such as, but not 688 limited to, natural gas or propane, so long as such action does not degrade the antipollution capabilities 689 of the vehicle power system. 690

The provisions of this section shall not apply to converted electric vehicles.

691 § 46.2-1053. Equipping certain motor vehicles with sun-shading or tinting films or applications.

692 Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-1052, a motor vehicle operated by or regularly used to 693 transport any person with a medical condition which renders him susceptible to harm or injury from 694 exposure to sunlight or bright artificial light may be equipped, on its windshield and any or all of its 695 windows, with sun-shading or tinting films or applications which reduce the transmission of light into 696 the vehicle to levels not less than 35 percent. Such sun-shading or tinting film when applied to the windshield of a motor vehicle shall not cause the total light transmittance to be reduced to any level less 697 than 70 percent except for the upper five inches of such windshield or the AS-1 line, whichever is **698** closer to the top of the windshield. Vehicles equipped with such sun-shading or tinting films shall not 699 be operated on any highway unless, while being so operated, the driver or an occupant of the vehicle 700 701 has in his possession a written authorization issued by the Commissioner of the Department of Motor 702 Vehicles authorizing such operation. The Commissioner shall issue such written authorization only upon 703 receipt of a signed statement from a licensed physician or licensed optometrist (i) identifying with 704 reasonable specificity the person seeking the written authorization and (ii) stating that, in the physician's 705 or optometrist's professional opinion, the equipping of a vehicle with sun-shading or tinting films or 706 applications is necessary to safeguard the health of the person seeking the written authorization. Written 707 authorizations issued by the Commissioner under this section shall be valid so long as the condition 708 requiring the use of sun-shading or tinting films or applications persists or until the vehicle is sold, 709 whichever first occurs. Such written authorizations shall permit the approval of any such vehicle upon its safety inspection as required by this chapter if such vehicle otherwise qualifies for inspection 710 711 approval. In the discretion of the Commissioner, one or more written authorizations may be issued to an 712 individual or a family. The Division of Purchases and Supply, pursuant to § 2.2-1112, shall determine 713 the proper standards for equipment or devices used to measure light transmittance through windows of 714 motor vehicles. Law-enforcement officers shall use only such equipment or devices to measure light 715 transmittance through windows that meet the standards established by the Division. Such measurements 716 made by law-enforcement officers shall be given a tolerance of minus seven percentage points.

717 For any summons issued for a violation of this section, the court may, in its discretion, dismiss the 718 summons, where proof of compliance with this section is provided to the court on or before the court 719 date. 720

§ 46.2-1060.1. Alarm signal; certain refuse collection and highway maintenance vehicles.

721 Any publicly or privately owned vehicle (i) used for garbage and refuse collection and disposal or (ii) having a manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating of 10,001 pounds or more and used primarily for highway repair or maintenance shall be equipped with a device, in good working order, that 722 723 724 automatically emits an audible alarm signal when the vehicle is operated in reverse gear. Any such 725 device shall be of a type approved by the Superintendent of State Police.

§ 46.2-1065. Steering gear; installation, sale, etc., of repair kit or preventive maintenance kit for 726 use on part of steering gear prohibited. 727

Every motor vehicle driven on a highway shall be equipped with steering gear adequate to ensure the 728 729 safe control of the vehicle. Such steering gear shall not show signs of weakness or breaking under 730 ordinary conditions. The Superintendent may promulgate regulations establishing standards of adequacy 731 of steering gear, which shall be the current standard specifications of steering gear adopted by the United States Bureau of Standards or the Society of Automotive Engineers, or the regulations of the 732 733 federal U.S. Department of Transportation, for determining whether or not any motor vehicle operated 734 on any highway conforms to the requirements of the Department of State Police.

735 No Virginia-registered motor vehicle shall be issued a safety inspection approval sticker or be 736 operated on a highway in the Commonwealth if equipped with a repair kit or preventive maintenance kit

737 installed on a tie rod end, idler arm, ball joint or any other part of the vehicle's steering gear.

738 It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale any repair kit or preventive maintenance
739 kit for use on a tie rod end, idler arm, ball joint, or any other part of a vehicle's steering gear to prevent
740 wear or to repair or remove play or looseness in the steering gear components.

741 Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit or prevent shop adjustments or the replacement of
742 parts or complete components of a motor vehicle's steering gear that meet Society of Automotive
743 Engineers standards of excellence, in order to correct deficiencies in the steering gear.

744 § 46.2-1072.1. Fees.

745 The Commissioner may charge a fee of \$125 per vehicle, for the examination, verification, or 746 identification of the serial or identification number of any vehicle, motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer. 747 The Commissioner may also receive applications for the issuance of an identification number and 748 investigate the circumstances of the application. When the Commissioner is satisfied that the applicant is 749 entitled to the identification number, the fee for the issuance of such identification number shall be five 750 dollars \$5. If any inspection under this provision is done at the same time as an inspection examination under § 46.2-1605, then only one \$125 fee shall be charged for both inspections the inspection and the 751 752 examination. All fees collected under this section shall be paid by the Commissioner into the state 753 treasury and set aside as a special fund to be used to meet the expenses of the vehicle identification 754 number and salvage vehicle inspection program.

755 § 46.2-1092. Safety lap belts or a combination of lap belts and shoulder harnesses to be 756 installed in certain motor vehicles.

757 No passenger car or autocycle registered in the Commonwealth and manufactured for the year 1963
758 or for subsequent years shall be operated on the highways in the Commonwealth unless the front seats
759 thereof are equipped with adult safety lap belts or a combination of lap belts and shoulder harnesses of
760 types approved by the Superintendent.

761 Failure to use the safety lap belts or a combination of lap belts and shoulder harnesses after
762 installation shall not be deemed to be negligence. Nor shall evidence of such nonuse of such devices be
763 considered in mitigation of damages of whatever nature.

No motor vehicle registered in the Commonwealth and manufactured after January 1, 1968, shall be issued a safety inspection approval sticker operated on the highways in the Commonwealth if any lap belt, combination of lap belt and shoulder harness, or passive belt systems required to be installed at the time of manufacture by the federal Department of Transportation have been either removed from the motor vehicle or rendered inoperable.

769 No autocycle registered in the Commonwealth shall be issued a safety inspection sticker operated on 770 the highways in the Commonwealth if any lap belt, combination of lap belt and shoulder harness, or 771 passive belt systems required to be installed under this section have been either removed from the 772 autocycle or rendered inoperable.

No passenger car, except convertibles, registered in the Commonwealth and manufactured on or after
September 1, 1990, shall be operated on the highways in the Commonwealth unless the forward-facing
rear outboard seats thereof are equipped with rear seat lap/shoulder belts of types required to be installed
at the time of manufacture by the federal Department of Transportation.

777 No passenger car, including convertibles, registered in the Commonwealth and manufactured on or
778 after September 1, 1991, shall be operated on the highways in the Commonwealth unless the
779 forward-facing rear outboard seats thereof are equipped with rear seat lap/shoulder belts of types
780 required to be installed at the time of manufacture by the federal Department of Transportation.

781 No truck, multi-purpose vehicle, or bus, except school buses and motor homes, with a gross vehicle
782 weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less, registered in the Commonwealth and manufactured on or after
783 September 1, 1991, shall be operated on the highways in the Commonwealth unless the forward-facing
784 rear outboard seats thereof are equipped with rear seat lap/shoulder belts of types required to be installed
785 at the time of manufacture by the federal Department of Transportation.

Passenger cars, trucks, multipurpose vehicles, and buses, except school buses and motor homes,
registered in the Commonwealth and manufactured on or after September 1, 1992, shall not be operated
on the highways of the Commonwealth unless equipped with rear seat lap/shoulder belts of types
required to be installed at the time of manufacture by the federal Department of Transportation for each
forward-facing rear outboard seating position on a readily removable seat.

791 For the purposes of this section, forward-facing rear outboard seats are defined as those designated 792 seating positions for passengers in outside front facing seats behind the driver and front passenger seats, 793 except any designated seating position adjacent to a walkway that is located between the seat and the 794 near side of the vehicle and is designed to allow access to a more rearward seating position.

795 The Superintendent of State Police shall include in the Official Motor Vehicle Inspection Regulations
 796 a section which identifies enact regulations identifying each classification of motor vehicle required to
 797 be equipped with any of the devices described in the foregoing provisions of this section.

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14 of 22

798 Such regulations shall also include a listing of the exact devices which that are required to be 799 installed in each motor vehicle classification and the model year of each motor vehicle classification on 800 which the standards of the federal Department of Transportation first became applicable.

801 § 46.2-1150. Towing certain unlicensed or uninspected vehicles.

802 Nothing in this title shall prohibit towing an unlicensed motor vehicle or motor vehicle which that 803 has not been inspected pursuant to Article 21 (§ 46.2-1157 et seq.) or 22 (§ 46.2-1176 et seq.) of 804 Chapter 10 of this title.

805 Nothing in this title shall prohibit the towing of an unlicensed trailer or semitrailer used on a 806 construction site as an office or for storage or a trailer or semitrailer which that has been used on a construction site as an office or for storage, but which has not been inspected pursuant to Article 21 of 807 Chapter 10 of this title, provided that any such unlicensed or uninspected trailer or semitrailer (i) is 808 809 towed by a tow truck or other vehicle designed and equipped for the towing of inoperable or disabled 810 vehicles; (ii) is operated only in intrastate commerce; (iii) has an actual gross weight, including contents, of no more than 15,000 pounds; (iv) is secured to the towing vehicle by means of safety chains; and (v) 811 812 is equipped with rear-mounted bar lights which that function as tail lights, brake lights, and turn signals 813 as provided in Article 3 (§ 46.2-1010 et seq.) of Chapter 10 of this title. However, nothing in this 814 section shall authorize the towing or drawing of an unlicensed or uninspected trailer or semitrailer by means of a tractor truck except for the purpose of having such trailer or semitrailer inspected as 815 816 provided in § 46.2-1157. 817

§ 46.2-1176. Definitions.

818 The following words and phrases when used in this article shall have the following meanings except 819 where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

"Basic, test and repair program" means a motor vehicle emissions inspection system established by 820 regulations of the Board which that shall designate the use of an OBD-II (on-board diagnostic system) 821 822 with wireless capability, and a two-speed idle analyzer as the only authorized testing equipment. Only those computer software programs and emissions testing procedures necessary to comply with the 823 applicable provisions of Title I of the federal Clean Air Act shall be included. Such testing equipment 824 825 shall be approvable for motor vehicle manufacturers' warranty repairs. 826

"Board" means the State Air Pollution Control Board.

"Certificate of emissions inspection" means a document, device, or symbol, prescribed by the 827 828 Director and issued pursuant to this article, which indicates that (i) a motor vehicle has satisfactorily 829 complied with the emissions standards and passed the emissions inspection provided for in this article; 830 (ii) the requirement of compliance with such emissions standards has been waived; or (iii) the motor 831 vehicle has failed such emissions inspection.

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

"Emissions inspection station" means any facility or portion of a facility that has obtained an 833 emissions inspection station permit from the Director authorizing the facility to perform emissions 834 835 inspections in accordance with this article.

836 "Enhanced emissions inspection program" means a motor vehicle emissions inspection system 837 established by regulations of the Board that shall designate, as the only authorized testing equipment for 838 emissions inspection stations, (i) the use of the ASM 50-15 (acceleration simulation mode or method) 839 together with an OBD-II (on-board diagnostic system) with wireless capability, (ii) the use of the ASM 840 50-15 together with the use of a dynamometer, and (iii) two-speed tailpipe testing equipment. Possession 841 and availability of a dynamometer shall be required for enhanced emissions inspection stations. Only 842 those computer software programs and emissions testing procedures necessary to comply with applicable 843 provisions of Title I of the federal Clean Air Act shall be included. Such testing equipment shall be approvable for motor vehicle manufacturers' warranty repairs. An enhanced emissions inspection 844 845 program shall include remote sensing and an on-road clean screen program as provided in this article.

846 "Fleet emissions inspection station" means any inspection facility operated under a permit issued to a 847 qualified fleet owner or lessee as determined by the Director. 848

- "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle that:
- 1. Is designed for the transportation of persons or property; and
- 2. Is powered by an internal combustion engine.

"On-road clean screen program" means a program that allows a motor vehicle owner to voluntarily 851 852 certify compliance with emissions standards by means of on-road remote sensing.

"On-road emissions inspector" means the entity or entities authorized by the Department of 853 854 Environmental Quality to perform on-road testing, including on-road testing in accordance with the 855 on-road clean screen program.

"On-road testing" means tests of motor vehicle emissions or emissions control devices by means of 856 857 roadside pullovers or remote sensing devices.

858 "Program coordinator" means any person or corporation that has entered into a contract with the Director to provide services in accordance with this article. 859

860 "Qualified hybrid motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle that (i) meets or exceeds all applicable 861 regulatory requirements, (ii) meets or exceeds the applicable federal motor vehicle emissions standards 862 for gasoline-powered passenger cars, and (iii) can draw propulsion energy both from gasoline or diesel fuel and a rechargeable energy storage system. 863

864 "Referee station" means an inspection facility operated or used by the Department of Environmental 865 Quality (i) to determine program effectiveness, (ii) to resolve emissions inspection conflicts between 866 motor vehicle owners and emissions inspection stations, and (iii) to provide such other technical support 867 and information, as appropriate, to emissions inspection stations and vehicle owners.

868 "Remote sensing" means the measurement of motor vehicle emissions through electronic or 869 light-sensing equipment from a remote location such as the roadside. Remote sensing equipment may 870 include devices to detect and record the vehicle's registration or other identification numbers.

871 "Test and repair" means motor vehicle emissions inspection facilities that perform official motor vehicle emissions inspections and may also perform vehicle repairs. No regulation of the Board 872 pertaining to test and repair shall bar inspection facilities from also performing vehicle repairs. 873 874 Emissions inspections and vehicle safety inspections may be performed in the same service bay, 875 provided that the facility is both an emissions inspection station and an official safety inspection station 876 pursuant to <u>§§ 46.2-1163</u> and 46.2-1166. Emissions inspections may be performed in any service bay of 877 the emissions inspection station or, if by wireless means, in any other area on the premises of the 878 emissions inspection station.

879 "Validation program" or "program validation" means a program approved by the Director by which 880 vehicles are randomly identified and provided a free emissions inspection for the purpose of monitoring 881 the effectiveness of the emissions inspection program. A "validation program" may be conducted at an emissions inspection station, as defined by § 46.2-1176, in conjunction with a state safety inspection or 882 883 using on-road testing. 884

§ 46.2-1190.2. Facilities and equipment; requirements and approval.

885 A. A training center shall possess or have access to the use of all classroom, range, storage facilities, 886 and equipment. A training center's facilities and equipment shall be approved by the Department and 887 include, but not be limited to:

888 1. A classroom for the presentation of the off-cycle instructional portion of the novice, experienced, 889 and sidecar and three-wheeled motorcycle rider courses;

890 2. A paved range area for the on-cycle portion of the novice, experienced rider, and sidecar and 891 three-wheeled motorcycle courses consistent with the minimum range requirements established by the 892 Department-approved curriculum used in the course;

893 3. For those agencies, organizations, businesses and individuals that apply to receive reimbursement. 894 adequate storage to protect motorcycles and equipment from vandalism, theft, and environmental 895 damage;

896 4. Audio-visual equipment; and 897

5. Fire extinguisher and first aid kit.

898 B. The training center shall be responsible for procuring and providing a minimum of one 899 motorcycle per student. Each such motorcycle shall be of a type that may lawfully be operated on the 900 highways of the Commonwealth and, subject to the provisions of subsection D, meets two of the 901 following three criteria: (i) an engine displacement of no more than 500 cubic centimeters, (ii) a weight 902 of less than 400 pounds, and (iii) a seat height of 30 inches or less. Each participant in the experienced 903 rider course shall provide a motorcycle for use in the course. One sidecar rig or three-wheeled **904** motorcycle, provided by either a participant or the training center, shall be required for use by every two 905 students in the sidecar and three-wheeled motorcycle course.

906 C. The training center shall be responsible for the normal maintenance and repair of all motorcycles 907 it provides for each novice rider and sidecar and three-wheeled motorcycle course participant. All 908 motorcycles used in course instruction shall pass a safety inspection performed by the instructors be 909 inspected by an instructor and certified by such instructor to be lawful to operate on the highways of 910 the Commonwealth prior to use in any motorcycle rider-training course.

911 D. The Department, or its authorized agent, shall inspect and approve each training center's facilities 912 and equipment prior to issuance or renewal of a license. Even if a motorcycle meets the criteria under 913 subsection B, the Department or its authorized agent may deny its use by motorcycle rider safety 914 training centers if it is deemed unsafe by the Department. A motorcycle may be deemed unsafe because 915 of modification, damage, lack of maintenance, nonstandard configuration, or any other substantial safety 916 reason.

917 § 46.2-1213. Removal and disposition of unattended or immobile vehicles; ordinances in 918 counties, cities, and towns.

919 A. The governing body of any county, city, or town may by ordinance provide for the removal for 920 safekeeping of motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, or parts thereof to a storage area if:

951

921 1. It is left unattended on a public highway or other public property and constitutes a traffic hazard;

922 2. It is illegally parked;

923 3. It is left unattended for more than 10 days either on public property or on private property without 924 the permission of the property owner, lessee, or occupant;

925 4. It is immobilized on a public roadway by weather conditions or other emergency situation.

926 B. Removal shall be carried out by or under the direction of a law-enforcement officer or other 927 uniformed employee of the local law-enforcement agency who specifically is authorized to do so by the 928 chief law-enforcement officer or his designee. The ordinance, however, shall not authorize removal of 929 motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, and parts thereof from private property without the written request 930 of the owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises. The ordinance may also provide that the person at whose request the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or part of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is 931 removed from private property shall indemnify the county, city, or town against any loss or expense 932 incurred by reason of removal, storage, or sale thereof. Any such ordinance may also provide that it 933 934 shall be presumed that such motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or part thereof is abandoned if it (i) lacks either a current license plate; or a current county, city, or town license plate or sticker; or a valid state 935 936 safety inspection certificate or sticker; and (ii) it has been in a specific location for four days without 937 being moved. As promptly as possible, each removal shall be reported to a local governmental office to 938 be designated in the ordinance and to the owner of the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer. Before 939 obtaining possession of the motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or part thereof, the owner shall pay to the 940 parties entitled thereto all costs incidental to its removal and storage and locating the owner. If the owner fails or refuses to pay the cost or if his identity or whereabouts is unknown and unascertainable 941 942 after a diligent search has been made, and after notice to him at his last known address and to the holder of any lien of record with the office of the Department against the motor vehicle, trailer, 943 semitrailer, or part of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer, the vehicle shall be treated as an abandoned 944 945 vehicle under the provisions of Article 1 (§ 46.2-1200 et seq.).

§ 46.2-1531. Consignment vehicles; contract.

947 Any motor vehicle dealer offering a vehicle for sale on consignment shall have in his possession a 948 consignment contract for the vehicle, executed and signed by the dealer and the consignor. The 949 consignment contract shall include: 950

1. The complete name, address, and the telephone number of the owners.

2. The name, address, and dealer certificate number of the selling dealer.

952 3. A complete description of the vehicle on consignment, including the make, model year, vehicle 953 identification number, and body style, except that trailers shall not be subject to the requirement for 954 vehicle identification number or body style. 955

4. The beginning and termination dates of the contract.

956 5. The percentage of commission, the amount of the commission, or the net amount the owner is to 957 receive, if the vehicle is sold.

958 6. Any fees for which the owner is responsible.

959 7. A disclosure of all unsatisfied liens on the vehicle and the location of the certificate of title to the 960 vehicle.

961 8. A requirement that the motor vehicle pass a safety inspection prior to sale certification that the 962 motor vehicle meets the applicable safety and equipment requirements of Chapter 10 (§ 46.2-1000 et 963 seq.) or, if the motor vehicle is found not to be in compliance with any safety inspection requirement 964 after having been inspected meet such requirements, the dealer shall either take steps to bring it in compliance or furnish any buyer intending to use that vehicle on the public highways a written 965 966 disclosure, prior to sale, that the vehicle did not pass a safety inspection meet such requirements.

967 Any dealer offering a vehicle for sale on consignment shall inform any prospective customer that the 968 vehicle is on consignment.

969 Dealer license plates shall not be used to demonstrate a vehicle on consignment except on (i) motor 970 vehicles with gross vehicle weight of 15,000 pounds or more, excluding RVs, (ii) vehicles on consignment from another licensed motor vehicle dealer, and (iii) vehicles on consignment from a 971 972 nonprofit organization certified pursuant to subsection B of § 46.2-1508.1. The owner's license plates 973 may be used if liability insurance coverage is in effect in the amounts prescribed by § 46.2-472.

No vehicles except motorcycles shall be sold on consignment by motorcycle dealers. 974

975 No vehicles except recreational vehicles shall be sold on consignment by recreational vehicle dealers. 976 No vehicles other than trailers shall be sold on consignment by trailer dealers.

977 The provisions of this section shall also apply to watercraft trailers and watercraft trailer dealers.

978 § 46.2-1539. Inspection of vehicles required; penalty.

979 No person required to be licensed as a dealer under this chapter shall sell at retail any motor vehicle which that is intended by the buyer for use on the public highways, and which is required to comply 980 with the safety inspection requirements provided in Article 21 (§ 46.2-1157 et seq.) of Chapter 10 unless 981 between the time the vehicle comes into the possession of the dealer and the time it is sold at retail it is 982

983 inspected by an official safety inspection station unless the vehicle meets the applicable safety and 984 equipment requirements to be lawfully operated on the highways of the Commonwealth. In the event the 985 vehicle is found not to be in compliance with all safety inspection such requirements, the dealer shall 986 either take steps to bring it into compliance or shall furnish any buyer intending it for use on the public 987 highway highways a written disclosure, prior to sale, that the vehicle did not pass a safety inspection 988 may not be lawfully operated on the highways of the Commonwealth. Any person found guilty of 989 violating any of the provisions of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

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The provisions of this section shall also apply to watercraft trailers and watercraft trailer dealers. 991

§ 46.2-1539.1. Inspections or disclosure required before sale of certain trailers; penalty.

992 Any trailer required by any provision of this title to undergo periodic safety inspections shall be 993 inspected by an official inspection station between the time it comes into the possession of a retail dealer and the time the trailer is sold by the dealer Retail dealers shall inspect or cause to be inspected 994 995 any trailer prior to the sale of such trailer and shall certify that such trailer meets the applicable safety 996 and equipment requirements to be used on the highways in the Commonwealth or, in lieu of an 997 inspection such certification, the dealer shall present to the purchaser, prior to purchase of the trailer, a **998** written itemization of all the trailer's deficiencies relative to applicable safety inspection and equipment 999 requirements. The provisions of this section shall not apply to (i) sales of trailers or watercraft trailers 1000 by individuals not ordinarily engaged in the business of selling trailers or watercraft trailers or (ii) the 1001 retail sale of five or more trailers to the same buyer. Any person found guilty of violating any provision 1002 of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1003 § 46.2-1600. (Effective July 1, 2021) Definitions.

1004 The following words, terms, and phrases when used in this chapter shall have the meaning ascribed 1005 to them in this section, except where the context indicates otherwise:

"Actual cash value," as applied to a vehicle, means the retail cash value of the vehicle prior to damage as determined, using recognized evaluation sources, either (i) by an insurance company 1006 1007 1008 responsible for paying a claim or (ii) if no insurance company is responsible therefor, by the 1009 Department.

1010 "Auto recycler" means any person licensed by the Commonwealth to engage in business as a salvage 1011 dealer, rebuilder, demolisher, or scrap metal processor.

1012 "Cosmetic damage," as applied to a vehicle, means damage to custom or performance aftermarket 1013 equipment, audio-visual accessories, nonfactory-sized tires and wheels, custom paint, and external hail 1014 damage. "Cosmetic damage" does not include (i) damage to original equipment and parts installed by 1015 the manufacturer or (ii) damage that requires any repair to enable a vehicle to pass a safety inspection 1016 pursuant to § 46.2-1157 be lawfully operated on the highways of the Commonwealth. The cost for 1017 cosmetic damage repair shall not be included in the cost to repair the vehicle when determining the 1018 calculation for a nonrepairable vehicle.

"Current salvage value," as applied to a vehicle, means (i) the salvage value of the vehicle, as 1019 1020 determined by the insurer responsible for paying the claim, or (ii) if no insurance company is 1021 responsible therefor, 25 percent of the actual cash value.

1022 "Demolisher" means any person whose business is to crush, flatten, bale, shred, log, or otherwise 1023 reduce a vehicle to a state where it can no longer be considered a vehicle.

1024 "Diminished value compensation" means the amount of compensation that an insurance company 1025 pays to a third party vehicle owner, in addition to the cost of repairs, for the reduced value of a vehicle 1026 due to damage.

1027 "Independent appraisal firm" means any business providing cost estimates for the repair of damaged 1028 motor vehicles for insurance purposes and having all required business licenses and zoning approvals. 1029 This term shall not include insurance companies that provide the same service, nor shall any such entity 1030 be a rebuilder or affiliated with a rebuilder.

1031 "Late model vehicle" means the current-year model of a vehicle and the five preceding model years, 1032 or any vehicle whose actual cash value is determined to have been at least \$ 10,000 prior to being 1033 damaged. 1034

"Licensee" means any person who is licensed or is required to be licensed under this chapter.

1035 "Major component" means any one of the following subassemblies of a motor vehicle: (i) front clip 1036 assembly, consisting of the fenders, grille, hood, bumper, and related parts; (ii) engine; (iii) transmission; 1037 (iv) rear clip assembly, consisting of the quarter panels, floor panels, trunk lid, bumper, and related 1038 parts; (v) frame; (vi) air bags; and (vii) any door that displays a vehicle identification number.

1039 "Nonrepairable certificate" means a document of ownership issued by the Department for any 1040 nonrepairable vehicle upon surrender or cancellation of the vehicle's title and registration or salvage 1041 certificate.

1042 "Nonrepairable vehicle" means (i) any late model vehicle that has been damaged and whose 1043 estimated cost of repair, excluding the cost to repair cosmetic damages, exceeds 90 percent of its actual

1044 cash value prior to damage; (ii) any vehicle that has been determined to be nonrepairable by its insurer 1045 or owner, and for which a nonrepairable certificate has been issued or applied for; or (iii) any other 1046 vehicle that has been damaged, is inoperable, and has no value except for use as parts and scrap metal.

1047 "Rebuilder" means any person who acquires and repairs, for use on the public highways, two or 1048 more salvage vehicles within a 12-month period.

"Rebuilt vehicle" means (i) any salvage vehicle that has been repaired for use on the public highways 1049 1050 and the estimated cost of repair did not exceed 90 percent of its actual cash value or (ii) any late model 1051 vehicle that has been repaired and the estimated cost of repair exceeded 75 percent of its actual cash 1052 value, excluding the cost to repair damage to the engine, transmission, or drive axle assembly.

"Repairable vehicle" means a late model vehicle that is not a rebuilt vehicle, but is repaired to its 1053 1054 pre-loss condition by an insurance company and is not accepted by the owner of said vehicle 1055 immediately prior to its acquisition by said insurance company as part of the claims process.

"Salvage certificate" means a document of ownership issued by the Department for any salvage 1056 1057 vehicle upon surrender or cancellation of the vehicle's title and registration.

1058 "Salvage dealer" means any person who acquires any vehicle for the purpose of reselling any parts 1059 thereof or who acquires and sells any salvage vehicle as a unit except as permitted by subdivision B 2 1060 of § 46.2-1602.

"Salvage pool" means any person providing a storage service for salvage vehicles or nonrepairable 1061 1062 vehicles who either displays the vehicles for resale or solicits bids for the sale of salvage vehicles or 1063 nonrepairable vehicles, but this definition shall not apply to an insurance company that stores and 1064 displays fewer than 100 salvage vehicles and nonrepairable vehicles in one location; however, any two 1065 or more insurance companies who display salvage and nonrepairable vehicles for resale, using the same 1066 facilities, shall be considered a salvage pool.

"Salvage vehicle" means (i) any late model vehicle that has been (a) acquired by an insurance 1067 1068 company as a part of the claims process other than a stolen vehicle or (b) damaged as a result of 1069 collision, fire, flood, accident, trespass, or any other occurrence to such an extent that its estimated cost 1070 of repair, excluding charges for towing, storage, and temporary replacement/rental vehicle or payment 1071 for diminished value compensation, would exceed its actual cash value less its current salvage value; (ii) 1072 any recovered stolen vehicle acquired by an insurance company as a part of the claims process, whose 1073 estimated cost of repair exceeds 75 percent of its actual cash value; or (iii) any other vehicle that is 1074 determined to be a salvage vehicle by its owner or an insurance company by applying for a salvage 1075 certificate for the vehicle, provided that such vehicle is not a nonrepairable vehicle.

1076 "Scrap metal processor" means any person who acquires one or more whole vehicles to process into 1077 scrap for remelting purposes who, from a fixed location, utilizes machinery and equipment for 1078 processing and manufacturing ferrous and nonferrous metallic scrap into prepared grades, and whose 1079 principal product is metallic scrap.

1080 'Vehicle" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in § 46.2-100. A vehicle that has been demolished or 1081 declared to be nonrepairable pursuant to this chapter shall no longer be considered a vehicle. For the 1082 purposes of this chapter, a major component shall not be considered a vehicle.

1083 "Vehicle removal operator" means any person who acquires a vehicle for the purpose of reselling it 1084 to a demolisher, scrap metal processor, or salvage dealer. 1085

§ 46.2-1605. Vehicles rebuilt for highway use; examinations; branding of titles.

1086 A. Each salvage vehicle that has been rebuilt for use on the highways shall be submitted for a state 1087 safety inspection in accordance with § 46.2-1157. The inspection shall be conducted by an inspector 1088 wholly unaffiliated with the person requesting the inspection of the vehicle.

1089 B. 1. Upon passage of a state safety inspection, each rebuilt vehicle shall be examined by the Department prior to the issuance of a title for the vehicle. The examination by the Department shall 1090 include a review of video or photographic images of the vehicle prior to being rebuilt, if available; all 1091 1092 documentation for the parts and labor used for the repair of the salvage vehicle; and verification of the 1093 vehicle's identification number, confidential number, odometer reading, and engine, transmission, or 1094 electronic modules, if applicable. This inspection shall serve as an antitheft and antifraud measure and 1095 shall not certify the safety or roadworthiness of the vehicle. The Commissioner shall ensure that, in 1096 scheduling and performing examinations of salvage vehicles under this section, single vehicles owned by 1097 private owner-operators are afforded no lower priority than examinations of vehicles owned by motor 1098 vehicle dealers, salvage pools, licensed auto recyclers, or vehicle removal operators. The Commissioner 1099 may charge a fee of \$125 per vehicle, for the examination of rebuilt vehicles.

1100 2. B. The examination described in subdivision 1 subsection A shall not be required for a rebuilt 1101 vehicle if (i) the person rebuilding the vehicle has been licensed under this chapter for at least 10 years 1102 and has not incurred any penalties pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; (ii) the rebuilt vehicle is at least 10 years old but does not qualify as an antique motor vehicle; and (iii) the resale value of the 1103 1104 rebuilt vehicle is less than \$10,000. Any rebuilder who sells a rebuilt vehicle without an examination, as 1105 authorized by this subdivision, shall be required to maintain all required records for rebuilt vehicles

SB5011

1106 described in subdivision 1 for inspection upon request of the Department or any law-enforcement 1107 official.

C. Any salvage vehicle whose vehicle identification number or confidential number has been altered, 1108 1109 is missing, or appears to have been tampered with may be impounded by the Department until 1110 completion of an investigation by the Department. The vehicle may not be moved, sold, or tampered 1111 with until the completion of this investigation. Upon completion of an investigation by the Department, 1112 if the vehicle identification number is found to be missing or altered, a new vehicle identification 1113 number may be issued by the Department. If the vehicle is found to be a stolen vehicle and its owner 1114 can be determined, the vehicle shall be returned to him. If the owner cannot be determined or located 1115 and the person seeking to title the vehicle has been convicted of a violation of § 46.2-1074 or 1116 46.2-1075, the vehicle shall be deemed forfeited to the Commonwealth and said forfeiture shall proceed in accordance with Chapter 22.1 (§ 19.2-386.1 et seq.) of Title 19.2. 1117

1118 D. If the Department's examination of a rebuilt salvage vehicle indicates no irregularities, a title and 1119 registration may be issued for the vehicle upon application therefor to the Department by the owner of 1120 the salvage vehicle. The title issued by the Department and any subsequent title thereafter issued for the 1121 rebuilt vehicle shall be permanently branded to indicate that it is a rebuilt vehicle. All rebuilt vehicles 1122 shall be subject to all safety equipment requirements provided by law. Except as otherwise provided in 1123 this chapter, no title or registration shall be issued by the Department for any rebuilt vehicle that has not 1124 first passed a safety inspection been certified by the Department to be roadworthy or for any vehicle for 1125 which a nonrepairable certificate has ever been issued.

1126 E. If the Department's examination of a rebuilt salvage vehicle reveals irregularities in the required 1127 documentation or obvious defects, the Department shall identify to the owner the irregularities and 1128 defects that must be corrected before the Department's examination can be completed.

1129 F. Notwithstanding § 46.2-1550, a licensed salvage dealer or rebuilder who is also licensed as a 1130 motor vehicle dealer pursuant to Chapter 15 (§ 46.2-1500 et seq.) may use dealer's license plates for the 1131 sole purpose of transporting a rebuilt salvage vehicle to and from an official safety inspection station an 1132 inspection station operated by the Department. Such dealer's license plates may not be used on any 1133 vehicle not owned by the licensed salvage dealer or rebuilder. For all other rebuilt salvage vehicles, 1134 when necessary and upon application, the Department shall issue temporary trip permits in accordance 1135 with § 46.2-651 for this purpose.

1136 46.2-2000.4. Operators of certain commuter buses to maintain certain records; inspection of ş 1137 records and buses by employees of Department of State Police; penalty.

1138 A. For the purpose of this section, "commuter bus" means a motor vehicle that has a seating 1139 capacity of more than 17 passengers, is used primarily to transport workers directly to and from 1140 factories, plants, offices, or other places where they work, and is registered with the Department for 1141 such operation.

1142 B. Persons, firms, corporations, and other business entities operating commuter buses for 1143 compensation in intrastate commerce shall maintain records of all maintenance performed on such 1144 buses. Such records shall include the dates of service, the odometer reading of the bus on that date, the 1145 maintenance performed, and the name of the person or persons performing the maintenance. Such 1146 records shall be open to inspection during the operator's normal business hours by employees of the 1147 Department of State Police specifically designated by the Superintendent. Employees of the Department 1148 of State Police designated for that purpose by the Superintendent shall also be authorized with the 1149 consent of the owner, operator, or agent in charge or with an appropriate warrant obtained under the 1150 procedure prescribed in Chapter 24 (§ 19.2-393 et seq.) of Title 19.2 to go onto the property of business 1151 entities operating commuter buses for compensation in intrastate commerce to inspect buses directly on 1152 such property or on the property where such buses are principally garaged at any time during normal 1153 business hours. Such inspections may be either for the purpose of determining the safe condition of the 1154 buses or to verify the accuracy of the maintenance logs or for both purposes. 1155

C. A violation of any provision of this section constitutes a Class 3 misdemeanor.

1156 D. The provisions of this section shall not apply to local or regional governments, to authorities 1157 created to provide local or regional mass transit service, or to buses that those governments or 1158 authorities own or operate.

1159 § 46.2-2099.50. Requirements for TNC partner vehicles; trade dress issued by transportation 1160 network company.

- 1161 A. A TNC partner vehicle shall:
- 1162 1. Be a personal vehicle;
- 1163 2. Have a seating capacity of no more than eight persons, including the driver;
- 1164 3. Be validly titled and registered in the Commonwealth or in another state;
- 1165 4. Not have been issued a certificate of title, either in Virginia or in any other state, branding the 1166 vehicle as salvage, nonrepairable, rebuilt, or any equivalent classification;

5. Have a valid Virginia safety inspection or an annual inspection conducted in another state for
which the Department of State Police has determined that such motor vehicle safety inspection standards
adequately ensure public safety and earry proof of that inspection on or in the vehicle Meet the
applicable safety and equipment requirements of Chapter 10 (§ 46.2-1000 et seq.); and

1171 6. Be covered under a TNC insurance policy meeting the requirements of § 46.2-2099.51 or 1172 46.2-2099.52, as applicable.

1173 No TNC partner shall operate a TNC partner vehicle unless that vehicle meets the requirements of 1174 this subsection.

B. Before authorizing a vehicle to be used as a TNC partner vehicle, a transportation network company shall confirm that the vehicle meets the requirements of subsection A and shall provide each TNC partner with proof of any TNC insurance policy maintained by the transportation network company.

1179 For each TNC partner vehicle it authorizes, a transportation network company shall issue trade dress 1180 to the TNC partner associated with that vehicle. The trade dress shall be sufficient to identify the 1181 transportation network company or digital platform with which the vehicle is affiliated and shall be 1182 displayed in a manner that complies with Virginia law. The trade dress shall be of such size, shape, and 1183 color as to be readily identifiable during daylight hours from a distance of 50 feet while the vehicle is 1184 not in motion and shall be reflective, illuminated, or otherwise patently visible in darkness. The trade 1185 dress may take the form of a removable device that meets the identification and visibility requirements 1186 of this subsection.

1187 Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a TNC partner vehicle may be equipped with no 1188 more than two removable, illuminated, interior, TNC-issued, trade dress devices that assist passengers in identifying and communicating with TNC partners. Such devices may use a single steady-burning color 1189 1190 while the TNC partner is logged in to a transportation network company's associated digital platform 1191 and may change to a different steady-burning color once the TNC partner accepts a request to transport 1192 a passenger and is within 0.4 miles of such passenger. The illuminated display on each such device shall 1193 not (i) exceed five candlepower or 62.85 lumens; (ii) exceed 20 square inches; (iii) utilize red, blue, or 1194 amber lights; (iv) project a glaring or dazzling light; or (v) attach to the windshield.

1195 The transportation network company shall submit to the Department proof that the transportation 1196 network company has established the trade dress required under this subsection by filing with the 1197 Department an illustration or photograph of the trade dress. Any TNC that issues an illuminated 1198 removable interior trade dress device for use in the Commonwealth shall file with the Department the 1199 specifications of such device, including the default color.

1200 A TNC partner shall keep the trade dress issued under this subsection visible at all times while the 1201 vehicle is being operated as a TNC partner vehicle.

1202 No person shall operate a vehicle bearing trade dress issued under this subsection without the 1203 authorization of the transportation network company issuing the trade dress.

\$ 63.2-1716. (Repealed effective July 1, 2021) Child day center operated by religious institution exempt from licensure; annual statement and documentary evidence required; enforcement; injunctive relief.

A. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, a child day center, including a child day 1207 1208 center that is a child welfare agency operated or conducted under the auspices of a religious institution, 1209 shall be exempt from the licensure requirements of this subtitle, but shall comply with the provisions of 1210 this section unless it chooses to be licensed. If such religious institution chooses not to be licensed, it 1211 shall file with the Commissioner, prior to beginning operation of a child day center and thereafter annually, a statement of intent to operate a child day center, certification that the child day center has 1212 1213 disclosed in writing to the parents or guardians of the children in the center the fact that it is exempt from licensure and has posted the fact that it is exempt from licensure in a visible location on the 1214 1215 premises, the qualifications of the personnel employed therein, and documentary evidence that:

1216 1. Such religious institution has tax exempt status as a nonprofit religious institution in accordance
1217 with § 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, or that the real property owned and
1218 exclusively occupied by the religious institution is exempt from local taxation.

2. Within the prior 90 days for the initial exemption and within the prior 180 days for exemptions thereafter, the local health department and local fire marshal or Office of the State Fire Marshal, whichever is appropriate, have inspected the physical facilities of the child day center and have determined that the center is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations with regard to food service activities, health and sanitation, water supply, building codes, and the Statewide Fire Prevention Code or the Uniform Statewide Building Code.

1225 3. The child day center employs supervisory personnel according to the following ratio of staff to 1226 children:

a. One staff member to four children from ages zero to 16 months.

1228 b. One staff member to five children from ages 16 months to 24 months.

1229 c. One staff member to eight children from ages 24 months to 36 months.

1230 d. One staff member to 10 children from ages 36 months to five years.

1231 e. One staff member to 20 children from ages five years to nine years.

1232 f. One staff member to 25 children from ages nine years to 12 years.

1233 Staff shall be counted in the required staff-to-children ratios only when they are directly supervising 1234 children. When a group of children receiving care includes children from different age brackets, the age 1235 of the youngest child in the group shall be used to determine the staff-to-children ratio that applies to 1236 that group. For each group of children receiving care, at least one adult staff member shall be regularly 1237 present. However, during designated daily rest periods and designated sleep periods of evening and overnight care programs, for children ages 16 months to six years, only one staff member shall be 1238 1239 required to be present with the children under supervision. In such cases, at least one staff member shall 1240 be physically present in the same space as the children under supervision at all times. Other staff 1241 members counted for purposes of the staff-to-child ratio need not be physically present in the same 1242 space as the resting or sleeping children, but shall be present on the same floor as the resting or 1243 sleeping children and shall have no barrier to their immediate access to the resting or sleeping children. The staff member who is physically present in the same space as the sleeping children shall be able to 1244 1245 summon additional staff counted in the staff-to-child ratio without leaving the space in which the resting 1246 or sleeping children are located.

1247 Staff members shall be at least 16 years of age. Staff members under 18 years of age shall be under 1248 the supervision of an adult staff member. Adult staff members shall supervise no more than two staff 1249 members under 18 years of age at any given time.

1250 4. Each person in a supervisory position has been certified by a practicing physician or physician 1251 assistant to be free from any disability which would prevent him from caring for children under his 1252 supervision. 1253

5. The center is in compliance with the requirements of:

a. This section.

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b. Section 63.2-1724 relating to background checks.

c. Section 63.2-1509 relating to the reporting of suspected cases of child abuse and neglect.

1257 d. Chapter 3 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Title 46.2 regarding a valid Virginia driver's license or 1258 commercial driver's license; Article 21 (§ 46.2-1157 et seq.) the applicable safety and equipment 1259 requirements of Chapter 10 (§ 46.2-1000 et seq.) of Title 46.2, regarding vehicle inspections; ensuring 1260 that any vehicle used to transport children is an insured motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-705; and 1261 Article 13 (§ 46.2-1095 et seq.) of Chapter 10 of Title 46.2, regarding child restraint devices.

1262 6. The following aspects of the child day center's operations are described in a written statement 1263 provided to the parents or guardians of the children in the center and made available to the general 1264 public: physical facilities, enrollment capacity, food services, health requirements for the staff and public 1265 liability insurance.

1266 7. The individual seeking to operate the child day center is not currently ineligible to operate another 1267 child welfare agency due to a suspension or revocation of his license or license exemption for reasons 1268 involving child safety or any criminal conviction, including fraud, related to such child welfare agency.

1269 8. A person trained and certified in first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) will be present 1270 at the child day center whenever children are present or at any other location in which children 1271 attending the child day center are present.

1272 9. The child day center is in compliance with all safe sleep guidelines recommended by the 1273 American Academy of Pediatrics. 1274

B. The center shall establish and implement procedures for:

1275 1. Hand washing by staff and children before eating and after toileting and diapering.

1276 2. Appropriate supervision of all children in care, including daily intake and dismissal procedures to 1277 ensure safety of children.

1278 3. A daily simple health screening and exclusion of sick children by a person trained to perform such 1279 screenings.

1280 4. Ensuring that all children in the center are in compliance with the provisions of § 32.1-46 1281 regarding the immunization of children against certain diseases.

1282 5. Ensuring that all areas of the premises accessible to children are free of obvious injury hazards, 1283 including providing and maintaining sand or other cushioning material under playground equipment. 1284

6. Ensuring that all staff are able to recognize the signs of child abuse and neglect.

1285 7. Ensuring that all incidents involving serious physical injury to or death of children attending the 1286 child day center are reported to the Commissioner. Reports of serious physical injuries, which shall 1287 include any physical injuries that require an emergency referral to an offsite health care professional or 1288 treatment in a hospital, shall be submitted annually. Reports of deaths shall be submitted no later than 1289 one business day after the death occurred.

SB5011

SB5011

1290 C. The Commissioner may perform on-site inspections of religious institutions to confirm compliance 1291 with the provisions of this section and to investigate complaints that the religious institution is not in 1292 compliance with the provisions of this section. The Commissioner may revoke the exemption for any 1293 child day center in serious or persistent violation of the requirements of this section. If a religious 1294 institution operates a child day center and does not file the statement and documentary evidence required 1295 by this section, the Commissioner shall give reasonable notice to such religious institution of the nature 1296 of its noncompliance and may thereafter take such action as he determines appropriate, including a suit to enjoin the operation of the child day center. 1297

D. Any person who has reason to believe that a child day center falling within the provisions of this section is not in compliance with the requirements of this section may report the same to the local department, the local health department or the local fire marshal, each of which may inspect the child day center for noncompliance, give reasonable notice to the religious institution, and thereafter may take appropriate action as provided by law, including a suit to enjoin the operation of the child day center.

1303 E. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a child day center operated by or conducted under the 1304 auspices of a religious institution from obtaining a license pursuant to this chapter.

1305 2. That Article 21 (§§ 46.2-1157 through 46.2-1175.1) of Chapter 10 of Title 46.2 and § 46.2-1540 1306 of the Code of Virginia are repealed.