	20102987D
1	SENATE BILL NO. 775
$\overline{2}$	Offered January 8, 2020
2 3	Prefiled January 8, 2020
4	A BILL to amend and reenact § 19.2-389, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, of
5	the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 15 of Title 19.2 an article
5 6	numbered 4.2, consisting of sections numbered 19.2-264.6 through 19.2-264.15; and to repeal
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	§ 19.2-265.4 of the Code of Virginia, relating to discovery in criminal cases; penalties.
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9	Patron—Edwards
9 10	Deformed to Committee on the Indiaiony
11	Referred to Committee on the Judiciary
12	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
13	1. That § 19.2-389, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, of the Code of
14	Virginia is amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in
15	Chapter 15 of Title 19.2 an article numbered 4.2, consisting of sections numbered 19.2-264.6
16	through 19.2-264.15, as follows:
17	Article 4.2.
18	Discovery.
19	§ 19.2-264.6. General provisions.
20	A. This article shall apply to any prosecution for a felony in a circuit court and to any misdemeanor
20 21	brought on direct indictment.
22	B. In any criminal prosecution for a felony in a circuit court or for a misdemeanor brought on direct
$\overline{23}$	indictment, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall have a duty to adequately and fully provide
23 24	discovery as provided under this section and Rule 3A:11 of the Rules of Supreme Court of Virginia.
25	Rule 3A:11 shall be construed to apply to such felony and misdemeanor prosecutions. This duty to
<b>2</b> 6	disclose shall be continuing and shall apply to any additional evidence or material discovered by the
27 27	attorney for the Commonwealth prior to or during trial which is subject to discovery or inspection and
28	has been previously requested by the accused. In any criminal prosecution for a misdemeanor by trial
29	de novo in circuit court, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall have a duty to adequately and fully
<b>3</b> 0	provide discovery as provided under Rule 7C:5 of the Rules of Supreme Court of Virginia. The
31	constitutional and statutory duties of the attorney for the Commonwealth to provide exculpatory,
32	mitigating, and impeachment evidence to an accused supersedes any limitation or restriction on
33	discovery provided pursuant to this article.
34	C. A party may satisfy the requirement to permit the opposing party to inspect and copy or
35	photograph a document, recorded statement, or recorded confession by providing an actual duplicate,
36	facsimile, or copy of the document, recorded statement, or recorded confession to the opposing party in
37	compliance with the applicable time limits and reduction standards set forth in this article.
38	D. Any material or evidence disclosed or discovered pursuant to this article and filed with the clerk
39	of court shall be placed under seal until it is either admitted as an exhibit at a trial or hearing or the
40	court enters an order unsealing the specified material or evidence.
41	E. This section does not prohibit the parties from agreeing to discovery and documentation
42	requirements equal to or greater than those required under this article.
43	§ 19.2-264.7. Initiation and timing of discovery.
44	A. A party requesting discovery pursuant to this article shall, before filing any motion before a
45	judge, request in writing that the other party voluntarily comply with such request. Such request shall be
46	made at least 30 days prior to the day fixed for trial. Upon receiving a negative or unsatisfactory
47	response, or upon the passage of seven days following the receipt of the request without response, the
48	party requesting discovery may file a motion for discovery under the provisions of this article
49	concerning any matter as to which voluntary discovery was not made pursuant to the request.
50	B. Discovery under this section shall be provided in a reasonable time before trial to give the party
51	receiving discovery the opportunity to make meaningful use of the provided information in preparation
52	for trial. If discovery is not provided within such time, even if the disclosure complies with timing
53	requirements pursuant to subsection E or an alternative agreement or order, the aggrieved party shall
54	be entitled to a continuance of an appropriate length to make meaningful use of the discovery.
55	C. To the extent that discovery authorized in this article is voluntarily made in response to a request

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or written agreement, the discovery is deemed to have been made under an order of the court for the 56 57 58 purposes of this section.

D. If the parties proceed under the voluntary compliance provisions of this section, each party shall

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59 certify, prior to plea or trial, that he has complied with the provisions of this section. No adverse 60 consequence to the party or counsel for the party shall result from the filing of a certificate of 61 compliance in good faith, but the court may grant a remedy or sanction for a discovery violation as 62 provided in § 19.2-264.15.

63 E. Discovery pursuant to this article shall be provided at a reasonable time before trial, but in no 64 case shall it be provided later than (i) 30 days before trial on a misdemeanor in circuit court; (ii) 60 65 days before trial on a felony or multiple felony counts punishable by confinement in a state correctional facility for an aggregate of 30 years or less; (iii) 90 days before trial on a felony or multiple felony 66 counts punishable by confinement in a state correctional facility for an aggregate of more than 30 67 **68** years; or (iv) 180 days before trial in a capital case.

69 F. Upon an indictment or information, where the attorney for the Commonwealth has made a guilty 70 plea offer requiring a plea to a crime, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall disclose to the defense, 71 and shall permit the defense to discover, inspect, copy, photograph, and test, all items and information that would be discoverable prior to trial under § 19.2-264.8 and that are within the possession, 72 73 custody, or control of the prosecution. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall disclose the 74 discoverable items and information not less than seven calendar days prior to the expiration date of any guilty plea offer by the attorney for the Commonwealth or any deadline imposed by the court for 75 76 acceptance of the guilty plea offer. The attorney for the Commonwealth may comply with this subsection 77 by certifying, in writing, that this article was complied with prior to the date set for the preliminary 78 hearing in the district court, provided that such certification includes a list that states, with specificity, 79 what items were provided to the defense under this section. If the attorney for the Commonwealth does 80 not comply with the requirements of this subsection, then, on motion by the accused alleging a violation 81 of this subsection, the court shall consider the impact of any violation on the accused's decision to accept or reject a guilty plea offer. If the court finds that such violation materially affected the accused's decision, and if the attorney for the Commonwealth declines to reinstate the lapsed or 82 83 84 withdrawn guilty plea offer, the court shall preclude the admission at trial of any evidence not disclosed 85 as required under this subsection. The court may take other appropriate action as necessary to address 86 such violation. The rights under this subsection do not apply to items or information that is the subject 87 of a protection order issued pursuant to § 19.2-264.13, but if such information tends to be exculpatory, 88 the court shall reconsider the protection order. An accused may waive his rights under this subsection, 89 but a guilty plea offer may not be conditioned on such waiver. 90

§ 19.2-264.8. Discovery by the accused; penalties.

91 A. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall disclose to the accused, and permit him to discover, 92 inspect, copy, photograph, and test, all items and information that relate to the subject matter of the case and are in the possession, custody, or control of the Commonwealth or persons under the 93 Commonwealth's direction or control, including but not limited to: 94

95 1. All written or recorded statements, and the substance of all oral statements, made by the accused 96 or a co-accused to a public servant engaged in law-enforcement activity or to a person then acting 97 under his direction or in cooperation with him.

98 2. All transcripts of the testimony of a person who has testified regarding the case before a grand 99 jury.

100 3. The names of and adequate contact information for all persons other than law-enforcement 101 personnel whom the attorney for the Commonwealth knows to have evidence or information relevant to 102 any offense charged or to any potential defense thereto, including a designation by the prosecutor as to 103 which of those persons may be called as witnesses. Nothing in this paragraph shall require the disclosure of physical addresses; however, upon a motion and good cause shown, the court may direct 104 105 the disclosure of a physical address. Notwithstanding the requirements of § 19.2-264.9, information under this subdivision relating to a confidential informant may be withheld and redacted from discovery 106 107 materials, but the attorney for the Commonwealth shall notify the accused in writing that such 108 information has not been disclosed, unless the court rules otherwise for good cause shown.

109 4. The name and work affiliation of all law-enforcement personnel whom the attorney for the Commonwealth knows to have evidence or information relevant to any offense charged or to any 110 111 potential defense thereto, including a designation by the attorney for the Commonwealth as to which of 112 those persons may be called as witnesses. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 19.2-264.9, information 113 under this subdivision relating to undercover personnel may be withheld, and redacted from discovery 114 materials, but the attorney for the Commonwealth shall notify the accused in writing that such 115 information has not been disclosed, unless the court rules otherwise for good cause shown.

116 5. All statements, written or recorded, or summarized in any writing or recording, made by persons who have evidence or information relevant to any offense charged or to any potential defense thereto, 117 including all police reports, notes of law-enforcement officers and other investigators, and 118 119 law-enforcement agency reports. Such information shall include statements, written or recorded, or 120 summarized in any writing or recording, by persons to be called as witnesses at any pretrial hearing.

121 6. Written reports of autopsy examinations, ballistic tests, fingerprint analyses, handwriting analyses, 122 blood, urine, and breath tests, other scientific reports, and written reports of a physical or mental 123 examination of the accused or the alleged victim made in connection with the particular case that are 124 within the possession, custody, or control of the attorney for the Commonwealth. Additionally, the 125 attorney for the Commonwealth shall notify the accused in writing of the attorney for the 126 Commonwealth's intent to introduce expert opinion testimony at trial or sentencing and to provide the 127 accused with (i) any written report of the expert witness setting forth the witness's opinions and the 128 bases and reasons for those opinions or, if there is no such report, a written summary of the expected 129 expert testimony setting forth the witness's opinions and the bases and reasons for those opinions and 130 (ii) the witness's qualifications and contact information.

Nothing in this subsection shall render inadmissible an expert witness's testimony at the trial or
sentencing further explaining the opinions, bases, and reasons disclosed pursuant to this article, or the
expert witness's qualifications, solely because the further explanatory language was not included in the
notice and disclosure provided under this article. Providing a copy of a certificate of analysis from the
Virginia Department of Forensic Science or any other agency listed in § 19.2-187, signed by hand or by
electronic means by the person performing the analysis or examination, shall satisfy the requirements of
this subsection.

138 7. All tapes or other electronic recordings, including all electronic recordings of 911 telephone calls
139 made or received in connection with the alleged criminal incident, and a designation by the attorney for
140 the Commonwealth as to which of the recordings under this paragraph he intends to introduce at trial
141 or any pretrial hearing.

142 8. All photographs and drawings (i) made or completed by a public servant engaged in
143 law-enforcement activity, (ii) made by a person whom the attorney for the Commonwealth intends to call
144 as a witness at trial or any pretrial hearing, or (iii) that relate to the subject matter of the case.

145 9. All evidence and information, including that which is known to police or other law-enforcement 146 agencies acting on the state or local government's behalf in the case, that tends to (i) negate the 147 accused's guilt as to a charged offense, (ii) reduce the degree of or mitigate the accused's culpability as to a charged offense, (iii) support a potential defense to a charged offense, (iv) impeach the credibility 148 149 of a testifying witness for the Commonwealth, (v) undermine evidence of the accused's identity as a 150 perpetrator of a charged offense, (vi) provide a basis for a motion to suppress evidence, or (vii) mitigate 151 punishment. Information under this subdivision shall be disclosed whether or not such information is 152 recorded in tangible form and irrespective of whether the attorney for the Commonwealth credits the 153 information. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall disclose the information expeditiously upon its 154 receipt and shall not delay disclosure consistent with the ethical responsibilities of the attorney for the 155 Commonwealth under Rule 3.8 of the Virginia Rules of Professional Conduct.

10. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, if the attorney for the Commonwealth intends
to use, at a trial, testimony of a person to whom the accused made a statement against the accused's
interest while the person was imprisoned or confined in the same correctional facility as the accused, or
to any person seeking advantage for such testimony, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall disclose
to the accused any information in the possession, custody, or control of the attorney for the
Commonwealth that is relevant to such person's credibility, including:

a. The person's complete criminal history, including any charges that were dismissed or reduced as
 part of a plea bargain;

b. Any grant, promise, or offer of immunity from prosecution, reduction of sentence, or otherleniency or special treatment given by the Commonwealth in exchange for the person's testimony; and

166 c. Information concerning other criminal cases in which the person has testified, or offered to testify,
167 against an accused with whom the person was imprisoned or confined, including any grant, promise, or
168 offer of immunity from prosecution, reduction of sentence, or other leniency or special treatment given
169 by the Commonwealth in exchange for the person's testimony.

170 11. A summary of all promises, rewards, and inducements made to, or in favor of, persons who may
171 be called as witnesses, as well as requests for consideration by persons who may be called as witnesses
172 and copies of all documents relevant to a promise, reward, or inducement.

173 12. A list of all tangible objects obtained from, or allegedly possessed by, the accused or a 174 co-accused. The list shall include a designation by the attorney for the Commonwealth as to (i) which 175 tangible objects were physically or constructively possessed by the accused and were recovered during a 176 search or seizure by a law-enforcement officer or an agent thereof and (ii) which tangible objects were 177 recovered by a law-enforcement officer or an agent thereof after allegedly being abandoned by the 178 accused. If the attorney for the Commonwealth intends to prove the accused's possession of any tangible 179 objects by means of a statutory presumption of possession, he shall designate such intention as to each 180 such object. If reasonably practicable, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall also designate the 181 location from which each tangible object was recovered. The accused shall have a right to inspect,

182 copy, photograph, and test the listed tangible objects.

183 13. Whether a search warrant has been executed and all documents relating thereto, including the warrant, the warrant application, supporting affidavits, a law-enforcement inventory of all property seized under the warrant, and a transcript of all testimony or other oral communications offered in support of the warrant application.

14. All tangible property that relates to the subject matter of the case, along with a designation of
which items the attorney for the Commonwealth intends to introduce in his case-in-chief at trial or a
pretrial hearing. If in the exercise of reasonable diligence the attorney for the Commonwealth has not
formed such intention within the time period specified in this section, the attorney for the
Commonwealth shall notify the accused in writing as soon as practicable and subject to the continuing
duty to disclose.

193 15. A complete record of judgments of conviction for all persons accused in the case and all persons194 designated as potential witnesses for the Commonwealth.

195 16. When it is known to the attorney for the Commonwealth, the existence of any pending criminal196 action against all persons designated as potential witnesses for the Commonwealth.

197 17. The approximate date, time, and place of the offense or offenses charged and of the accused's198 seizure and arrest.

199 18. A copy of all electronically created or stored information seized or obtained by or on behalf of a 200 law-enforcement agency from (i) the accused or (ii) a source other than the accused that relates to the 201 subject matter of the case. If the electronically created or stored information originates from a device, 202 account, or other electronically stored source that the attorney for the Commonwealth believes the 203 accused owned, maintained, or had lawful access to and is within the possession, custody, or control of the attorney for the Commonwealth or persons under the direction or control of the attorney for the 204 205 Commonwealth, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall provide a complete copy of the electronically 206 created or stored information from the device or account or other source. If possession of such 207 electronically created or stored information would be a crime under the laws of the Commonwealth or 208 federal law, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall make those portions of the electronically created 209 or stored information that are not criminal to possess available as specified under this subdivision and 210 shall afford counsel for the accused access to inspect contraband portions at a supervised location that 211 provides regular and reasonable hours for such access, including the attorney for the Commonwealth's 212 office, a police station, or a court. This subdivision shall not be construed to alter or in any way affect 213 the right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures or such other rights a suspect or accused 214 may derive from the Constitution of Virginia or the Constitution of the United States.

19. A list of all misconduct and criminal acts of the accused not charged in the indictment or
information that the attorney for the Commonwealth intends to use at trial (i) for purposes of
impeaching the credibility of the accused or (ii) as substantive proof of any material issue in the case.
In addition, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall designate whether he intends to use each listed act
for impeachment or as substantive proof.

220 B. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall make a diligent, good faith effort to ascertain the 221 existence of material or information discoverable under § 19.2-264.8 and to cause such material or 222 information to be made available for discovery where it exists but is not within the possession, custody, 223 or control of the attorney for the Commonwealth, provided that the attorney for the Commonwealth 224 shall not be required to obtain by subpoena duces tecum any material or information that the accused may thereby obtain. For purposes of § 19.2-264.8, all items and information related to the prosecution of a charge in the possession of any state or local law-enforcement agency located in the Commonwealth are deemed to be in the possession of the attorney for the Commonwealth. The attorney 225 226 227 228 for the Commonwealth shall identify any laboratory having contact with evidence related to the 229 prosecution of a charge. On a timely basis, law-enforcement and investigatory agencies shall make 230 available to the attorney for the Commonwealth a copy of the complete files related to the investigation 231 of the crimes committed by the accused.

C. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall endeavor to ensure that a flow of information is
 maintained between law-enforcement agencies, other investigative personnel, and his office sufficient to
 place within his possession or control all material and information pertinent to the accused and the
 offense or offenses charged.

236 D. Whenever an electronic recording of a 911 telephone call or a police radio transmission or video 237 or audio footage from a police body-worn camera or other police recording was made or received in 238 connection with the investigation of an apparent criminal incident, the arresting officer or lead detective 239 shall expeditiously notify the attorney for the Commonwealth in writing upon the filing of an accusatory 240 instrument of the existence of all such known recordings. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall take 241 whatever reasonable steps are necessary to ensure that all known electronic recordings of 911 telephone 242 calls, police radio transmissions, video and audio footage, and other police recordings made or available in connection with the case are preserved. Upon the accused's timely request and designation 243

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244 of a specific electronic recording of a 911 telephone call, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall also 245 expeditiously take whatever reasonable steps are necessary to ensure that it is preserved. If the attorney

246 for the Commonwealth fails to disclose such an electronic recording to the accused, the court upon 247 motion of the accused shall impose an appropriate remedy or sanction under this section.

248 E. This article does not authorize the discovery of the names or personal identifying information of 249 confidential informants whom the attorney for the Commonwealth does not intend to call at trial and 250 with regard to whose identity the attorney for the Commonwealth asserts he holds a privilege. However, 251 disclosure of such information shall comply with subdivision A 10 and any other obligations required by 252 law.

253 F. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall provide to the accused a list of the names and, if 254 known, the addresses of all persons who are expected to testify on behalf of the Commonwealth at trial 255 or sentencing. This provision is subject to subdivision A 10 and to any protection order entered by the court pursuant to § 19.2-264.13. In addition, this subdivision shall not be subject to the timing 256 requirements of subsection E of § 19.2-264.7, but shall be provided at least seven days before a 257 258 misdemeanor trial, at least 14 days before a noncapital felony trial, and at least 28 days before a 259 *capital trial.* 

260 G. This article does not authorize the discovery or inspection of the work product of the attorney for 261 the Commonwealth, including internal reports, memoranda, correspondence, legal research, or other 262 internal documents prepared by the office of the attorney for the Commonwealth or its agents in 263 anticipation of trial.

264 H. Any person who willfully omits or misrepresents evidence or information required to be disclosed 265 pursuant to this section is guilty of a Class 6 felony. Any person who willfully omits or misrepresents 266 evidence or information required to be disclosed pursuant to any other provision of this article is guilty 267 of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 268

## § 19.2-264.9. Redaction and Restricted Dissemination Material.

269 A. With regard to any material or evidence provided pursuant to this article, the attorney for the 270 Commonwealth may redact the residential address, telephone number, email address, and place of 271 employment of any witness or victim, or any family member of a witness or victim. The attorney for the 272 Commonwealth may redact the date of birth and social security number of any person whose 273 information is contained in material or evidence provided pursuant to this article. If the attorney for the 274 Commonwealth redacts information pursuant to this section, he shall provide the accused with a list of 275 the location of the redacted item in the discovery and a brief statement of why it was redacted, if such 276 reason is not immediately apparent from the remaining portion of the document. If the attorney for the 277 Commonwealth redacts personal identifying information pursuant to this section, the accused may file a 278 motion seeking disclosure of the redacted information. Should the court find good cause for disclosure, 279 it may order the attorney for the Commonwealth to provide the redacted information. In its discretion, the court ordering the provision of redacted personal identifying information may order that the 280 information be identified as Restricted Dissemination Material pursuant to subsection B. 281

282 B. The attorney for the Commonwealth may designate any evidence or material subject to disclosure 283 pursuant to this article as Restricted Dissemination Material, without supporting certification, if the 284 accused's attorney agrees to such designation. The attorney for the Commonwealth shall prominently 285 stamp or otherwise mark such items as Restricted Dissemination Material. In the absence of an 286 agreement by the attorney for the accused, the attorney for the Commonwealth may designate any 287 evidence or material as Restricted Dissemination Material by stamping or otherwise marking it as such 288 and providing a certification in writing, upon information and belief, that (i) the designated material 289 relates to the statement of a child victim or witness or (ii) disclosure of the designated material may 290 result in clear and present danger to the safety or security of a witness or victim, danger of a witness 291 being intimidated or tampered with, or a risk of compromising an ongoing criminal investigation or 292 confidential law-enforcement technique.

293 Except as otherwise provided by order of the court or this article, Restricted Dissemination Material 294 may be disclosed only to the accused's attorney, the agents or employees of the accused's attorney, or 295 an expert witness. The accused's attorney may orally communicate the content of Restricted 296 Dissemination Material to the accused or allow the accused to view the content of such material, but 297 shall not provide the accused with copies of material so designated. Restricted Dissemination Material 298 may not otherwise be reproduced, copied, or disseminated in any way.

299 The accused may at any time file a motion seeking to remove a designation made under this 300 subsection from such evidence or material. Should the court find good cause to remove the designation, 301 it may order that the evidence or material no longer be designated as Restricted Dissemination 302 Material.

303 Within 21 days of the entry of a final order by the trial court, or upon the termination of the 304 representation of the accused, the accused's attorney shall return to the court all originals and copies of 305 any Restricted Dissemination Material disclosed pursuant to this subsection. The court shall maintain 306 such returned Restricted Dissemination Material under seal. Any material sealed pursuant to this 307 subsection shall remain available for inspection by counsel of record. For good cause shown, the court 308 may enter an order allowing additional access to the sealed material as the court deems appropriate.

309 C. In any case in which an accused is not represented by an attorney, the attorney for the 310 Commonwealth may file a motion seeking to limit the scope of discovery under this article. For good 311 cause shown, the court may order any limitation or restriction on the provision of discovery to an 312 accused who is unrepresented by an attorney as the court in its discretion deems appropriate.

313 § 19.2-264.10. Discovery by the Commonwealth.

314 A. If the court grants disclosure to the accused under § 19.2-264.8, it shall also order the accused 315 to

316 1. Permit the attorney for the Commonwealth to inspect and copy or photograph any written reports 317 of autopsy examinations, ballistic tests, fingerprint analyses, handwriting analyses, blood, urine, and breath analyses, and other scientific testing within the accused's possession, custody, or control that the 318 319 defense intends to proffer or introduce into evidence at trial or sentencing.

320 2. Disclose whether the accused intends to introduce evidence to establish an alibi and, if so, 321 disclose the place at which the accused claims to have been at the time the alleged offense was 322 committed.

323 3. Permit the attorney for the Commonwealth to inspect, copy, or photograph any written reports of 324 physical or mental examination of the accused made in connection with the particular case if the accused intends to rely upon the defense of insanity pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 19.2-167 et seq.), 325 326 provided that no statement made by the accused in the course of such an examination disclosed under this article shall be used by the attorney for the Commonwealth in its case-in-chief, whether the 327 examination was conducted with or without the consent of the accused. 328

329 4. Notify the attorney for the Commonwealth in writing of the accused's intent to introduce expert 330 opinion testimony at trial or sentencing and to provide the attorney for the Commonwealth with (i) any 331 written report of the expert witness setting forth the witness's opinions and the bases and reasons for 332 those opinions or, if there is no such report, a written summary of the expected expert testimony setting 333 forth the witness's opinions and the bases and reasons for those opinions and (ii) the witness's 334 qualifications and contact information. Nothing in this subdivision shall render inadmissible an expert 335 witness's testimony at the trial or sentencing further explaining the opinions, bases, and reasons 336 disclosed, or the expert witness's qualifications, solely because the further explanatory language was not 337 included in the notice and disclosure provided. Providing a copy of a certificate of analysis from the 338 Virginia Department of Forensic Science or any other agency listed in § 19.2-187, signed by hand or by 339 electronic means by the person performing the analysis or examination, shall satisfy the requirements of 340 this subdivision.

341 5. Provide to the attorney for the Commonwealth a list of the names and, if known, the addresses of all persons who are expected to testify on behalf of the accused at trial or sentencing. The accused's 342 343 attorney may redact the personal identifying information of any witness if so authorized by a protection 344 order entered by the court pursuant to § 19.2-264.13. Failure to provide such information shall entitle 345 the attorney for the Commonwealth to a continuance. Such failure shall not constitute a bar on such 346 witness's testimony unless good cause or intentional withholding is shown. 347

# § 19.2-264.11. Discovery depositions.

348 A. At any time after the filing of the charging document, any party may take the deposition upon 349 oral examination of any person authorized by this section. A party taking a deposition shall give 350 reasonable written notice to each other party and shall make a good faith effort to coordinate the date, 351 time, and location of the deposition to accommodate the schedules of other parties and the witness to be 352 deposed. The notice shall state the time and the location where the deposition is to be taken, the name 353 of each person to be examined, and a certificate of counsel that a good faith effort was made to coordinate the deposition schedule. After notice to the parties, the court may, for good cause shown, 354 extend or shorten the time and may change the location of the deposition. Except as provided herein, 355 356 the procedure for taking the deposition, including the scope of the examination and the issuance of a 357 subpoend for deposition by an attorney of record in the action, shall be the same as that provided for in 358 civil cases in the Commonwealth. Any deposition taken pursuant to this article may be used by any 359 party for the purpose of contradicting or impeaching the testimony of the deponent as a witness. The 360 trial court or the clerk of the court may, upon application by a pro se litigant or the attorney for any 361 party, issue subpoenas for the persons whose depositions are to be taken. In any case, including when multiple persons are accused or in consolidated cases, no person shall be deposed more than once 362 363 except by consent of the parties or by order of the court issued on good cause shown. A witness who 364 refuses to obey a duly served subpoena may be adjudged in contempt of the court from which the 365 subpoena issued. 366

B. The parties may, without leave of court, take the deposition of any witness expected to be called

367 at a trial or hearing or who may have information relevant to the offense charged.

368 C. No deposition shall be taken in a case in which the accused is charged only with a misdemeanor 369 or a criminal traffic offense when all other discovery provided by this article has been complied with 370 unless good cause can be shown to the trial court. In determining whether to allow a deposition, the 371 court should consider the consequences to the accused, the complexity of the issues involved, the 372 complexity of the witness's testimony, and the other opportunities available to the accused to discover 373 the information sought by deposition.

374 D. Depositions of witnesses residing in the city or county in which the trial is to take place shall be 375 taken in the building in which the trial shall be held, such other location as is agreed on by the parties, 376 or a location designated by the court. Depositions of witnesses residing outside the city or county in 377 which the trial is to take place shall be taken in a court reporter's office in the city or county in which 378 the witness resides, such other location as is agreed on by the parties, or a location designated by the 379 court.

380 E. Depositions of children under the age of 18 shall be videotaped unless otherwise ordered by the 381 court. The court may order the videotaping of a deposition or the taking of a deposition of a witness 382 with fragile emotional strength or an intellectual disability to be in the presence of the trial judge or a 383 special magistrate.

384 F. A law-enforcement officer shall appear for deposition, without subpoena, upon delivery of written 385 notice of such deposition to the address of such officer's law-enforcement agency or department, or an 386 address designated by the law-enforcement agency or department, five days prior to the date of the 387 deposition. A law-enforcement officer who fails to appear for deposition after being served such notice 388 may be adjudged in contempt of court.

389 G. An accused shall not be physically present at a deposition except on stipulation of the parties or 390 as provided by this article. The court may order the physical presence of the accused on a showing of 391 good cause. The court may consider (i) the need for the physical presence of the accused to obtain 392 effective discovery, (ii) the intimidating effect of the accused's presence on the witness, (iii) any cost or 393 inconvenience that may result from the accused's presence, and (iv) any alternative electronic or 394 audio/visual means available.

395 H. On stipulation of the parties and the consent of the witness, the statement of any witness may be 396 taken by telephone or video conference in lieu of the deposition of the witness. In such case, the witness 397 need not be under oath. The statement, however, shall be recorded and may be used for impeachment at 398 trial as a prior inconsistent statement.

#### 399 § 19.2-264.12. Admissibility of discovery.

400 The fact that a party has indicated during the discovery process an intention to offer specified 401 evidence or to call a specified witness is not admissible in evidence or grounds for adverse comment at 402 a hearing or a trial. 403

# § 19.2-264.13. Protection order.

404 A. Upon the motion of either party and for good cause, the court may enter a protection order with 405 regard to the discovery or inspection required by this article. It shall constitute good cause to protect 406 specific discovery materials where the attorney for the Commonwealth proves by a preponderance of the 407 evidence that the disclosure of the materials will jeopardize the safety or security of a witness or victim, 408 result in witness tampering or intimidation, or significantly compromise an ongoing criminal 409 investigation. The court in its discretion may order any condition limiting, but not preventing, 410 disclosure, so long as the condition is necessary to the orderly adjudication of the case or to the fair 411 administration of justice. These conditions may include:

412 1. A requirement that the parties not disclose the contents of any material or evidence disclosed or 413 discovered pursuant to this article in any public forum, including any website;

414 2. A requirement that the parties not disclose the contents of any material or evidence disclosed or 415 discovered pursuant to this article to any third party who is not an agent or employee of the parties or 416 an expert witness;

417 3. A requirement that (i) copies of specific discovery materials shall be provided only to the 418 accused's attorney, the agents or employees of the accused's attorney, or an expert witness; (ii) the 419 accused shall not be permitted to obtain or keep his own copies of specific discovery materials; and (iii) 420 the accused shall be permitted to view such materials only in the presence of his attorney, or an agent 421 or employee of his attorney, or learn of their contents orally only from his attorney, or an agent or 422 employee of his attorney. A requirement pursuant to this subdivision shall only be included as a 423 condition when the safety of witnesses or integrity of their testimony is at risk, and no other condition 424 or set of conditions can address such risk;

425 4. Authorization to either party to withhold the residential address, telephone number, email address, 426 or place of employment of any witness not covered by the terms of § 19.2-264.9; or

427 5. Authorization for either party in appropriate circumstances to withhold from disclosure or place 428 additional restrictions on dissemination of information otherwise discoverable but not exculpatory.

429 B. Should either party believe in good faith that the terms of a protective order entered by the court 430 have been violated, such party may move the court to enforce the order and to impose any necessary 431 and appropriate sanction authorized by law.

432 § 19.2-264.14. Continuing duty to disclose.

433 If, after disposition of a motion made pursuant to this article, a party or counsel to a party 434 discovers, whether before, during, or after trial, additional material previously requested or falling within the scope of an order previously entered, that is subject to discovery or inspection under this 435 436 article but has not previously been disclosed, the party shall promptly notify the other party or the other 437 party's counsel and the court of the existence of the additional material. 438

§ 19.2-264.15. Failure to provide discovery or otherwise comply.

439 A. If at any time during the course of the proceedings the court determines that a party has failed to 440 comply with this article or with an order issued pursuant to this article, the court, in addition to 441 exercising its contempt powers, may (i) order the party to permit discovery or inspection; (ii) grant a 442 continuance or recess; (iii) prohibit the party from introducing evidence that was not disclosed; (iv) 443 declare a mistrial; (v) dismiss the charge, with or without prejudice; or (vi) enter such other order as it 444 deems just under the circumstances.

B. In determining appropriate sanctions, the court shall consider both the materiality of the subject 445 446 matter and the totality of the circumstances surrounding an alleged failure to comply with this article or 447 an order issued pursuant to this article.

448 C. For purposes of determining whether to impose personal sanctions for untimely disclosure of a 449 law-enforcement or investigatory agency file, the courts shall presume that the attorney for the 450 Commonwealth and his staff have acted in good faith if such attorney for the Commonwealth and his staff have made a reasonably diligent inquiry of such agency and disclosed the responsive materials. 451

452 D. Before the court imposes any sanction, it shall make a specific finding justifying the imposed 453 sanction.

454 § 19.2-389. (Effective until January 1, 2021) Dissemination of criminal history record 455 information.

456 A. Criminal history record information shall be disseminated, whether directly or through an 457 intermediary, only to:

458 1. Authorized officers or employees of criminal justice agencies, as defined by § 9.1-101, for 459 purposes of the administration of criminal justice and the screening of an employment application or 460 review of employment by a criminal justice agency with respect to its own employees or applicants, and 461 dissemination to the Virginia Parole Board, pursuant to this subdivision, of such information on all state-responsible inmates for the purpose of making parole determinations pursuant to subdivisions 1, 2, 462 3, and 5 of § 53.1-136 shall include collective dissemination by electronic means every 30 days. For 463 464 purposes of this subdivision, criminal history record information includes information sent to the Central Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to §§ 37.2-819 and 64.2-2014 when disseminated to any full-time 465 or part-time employee of the State Police, a police department or sheriff's office that is a part of or 466 administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and who is responsible for the 467 prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the 468 469 Commonwealth for the purposes of the administration of criminal justice;

470 2. Such other individuals and agencies that require criminal history record information to implement a state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor that 471 472 expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or exclusions expressly based upon such 473 conduct, except that information concerning the arrest of an individual may not be disseminated to a noncriminal justice agency or individual if an interval of one year has elapsed from the date of the 474 475 arrest and no disposition of the charge has been recorded and no active prosecution of the charge is 476 pending:

477 3. Individuals and agencies pursuant to a specific agreement with a criminal justice agency to provide 478 services required for the administration of criminal justice pursuant to that agreement which shall 479 specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of data to purposes for which given, and ensure the 480 security and confidentiality of the data;

4. Individuals and agencies for the express purpose of research, evaluative, or statistical activities 481 482 pursuant to an agreement with a criminal justice agency that shall specifically authorize access to data, 483 limit the use of data to research, evaluative, or statistical purposes, and ensure the confidentiality and 484 security of the data;

485 5. Agencies of state or federal government that are authorized by state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor to conduct investigations determining 486 487 employment suitability or eligibility for security clearances allowing access to classified information; 488

6. Individuals and agencies where authorized by court order or court rule;

489 7. Agencies of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, public transportation companies

490 owned, operated or controlled by any political subdivision, and any public service corporation that 491 operates a public transit system owned by a local government for the conduct of investigations of 492 applicants for employment, permit, or license whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety, it is 493 necessary to determine under a duly enacted ordinance if the past criminal conduct of a person with a 494 conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment, permit, or license under 495 consideration;

496 7a. Commissions created pursuant to the Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 33.2-1900 et seq.) of
497 Title 33.2 and their contractors, for the conduct of investigations of individuals who have been offered a
498 position of employment whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety and as authorized in the
499 Transportation District Act of 1964, it is necessary to determine if the past criminal conduct of a person
500 with a conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment under consideration;

8. Public or private agencies when authorized or required by federal or state law or interstate compact to investigate (i) applicants for foster or adoptive parenthood or (ii) any individual, and the adult members of that individual's household, with whom the agency is considering placing a child or from whom the agency is considering removing a child due to abuse or neglect, on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to §§ 63.2-901.1 and 63.2-1505, subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated to any party other than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of law;

508 9. To the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, public service companies as defined in
509 § 56-1, for the conduct of investigations of applicants for employment when such employment involves
510 personal contact with the public or when past criminal conduct of an applicant would be incompatible
511 with the nature of the employment under consideration;

512 10. The appropriate authority for purposes of granting citizenship and for purposes of international
 513 travel, including, but not limited to, issuing visas and passports;

11. A person requesting a copy of his own criminal history record information as defined in § 9.1-101 at his cost, except that criminal history record information shall be supplied at no charge to a person who has applied to be a volunteer with (i) a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America; (ii) a volunteer fire company; (iii) the Volunteer Emergency Families for Children; (iv) any affiliate of Prevent Child Abuse, Virginia; (v) any Virginia affiliate of Compeer; or (vi) any board member or any individual who has been offered membership on the board of a Crime Stoppers, Crime Solvers or Crime Line program as defined in § 15.2-1713.1;

12. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child 521 522 welfare agency as defined in § 63.2-100 for dissemination to the Commissioner of Social Services' 523 representative pursuant to § 63.2-1702 for the conduct of investigations with respect to employees of and 524 volunteers at such facilities, caretakers, and other adults living in family day homes or homes approved 525 by family day systems, and foster and adoptive parent applicants of private child-placing agencies, pursuant to §§ 63.2-1719, 63.2-1720, 63.2-1720.1, 63.2-1721, and 63.2-1721.1, subject to the restriction 526 527 that the data shall not be further disseminated by the facility or agency to any party other than the data 528 subject, the Commissioner of Social Services' representative or a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of law for such further dissemination; 529

530 13. The school boards of the Commonwealth for the purpose of screening individuals who are
531 offered or who accept public school employment and those current school board employees for whom a
532 report of arrest has been made pursuant to § 19.2-83.1;

533 14. The Virginia Lottery for the conduct of investigations as set forth in the Virginia Lottery Law
534 (§ 58.1-4000 et seq.), and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the conduct of
535 investigations as set forth in Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2;

536 15. Licensed nursing homes, hospitals and home care organizations for the conduct of investigations
537 of applicants for compensated employment in licensed nursing homes pursuant to § 32.1-126.01, hospital
538 pharmacies pursuant to § 32.1-126.02, and home care organizations pursuant to § 32.1-162.9:1, subject
539 to the limitations set out in subsection E;

540 16. Licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day care centers for the conduct of
541 investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed assisted living facilities and
542 licensed adult day care centers pursuant to § 63.2-1720, subject to the limitations set out in subsection F;
543 17. The Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority for the conduct of investigations as set forth

543 17. The Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority for the conduct of investigations as set forth
544 in § 4.1-103.1;
545 18. The State Board of Elections and authorized officient and employees thereof and general resistance

545 18. The State Board of Elections and authorized officers and employees thereof and general registrars
546 appointed pursuant to § 24.2-110 in the course of conducting necessary investigations with respect to
547 voter registration, limited to any record of felony convictions;

548 19. The Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for those individuals who are committed to the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to §§ 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.6, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.3, 19.2-182.8, and 19.2-182.9 for the purpose of placement, evaluation, and treatment planning;

20. Any alcohol safety action program certified by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety
Action Program for (i) assessments of habitual offenders under § 46.2-360, (ii) interventions with first
offenders under § 18.2-251, or (iii) services to offenders under § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, or 18.2-266.1;

21. Residential facilities for juveniles regulated or operated by the Department of Social Services, the
Department of Education, or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the
purpose of determining applicants' fitness for employment or for providing volunteer or contractual
services;

558 22. The Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and facilities operated by the
 559 Department for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to
 560 departmental instructions;

561 23. Pursuant to § 22.1-296.3, the governing boards or administrators of private elementary or secondary schools which are accredited pursuant to § 22.1-19 or a private organization coordinating such records information on behalf of such governing boards or administrators pursuant to a written agreement with the Department of State Police;

565 24. Public institutions of higher education and nonprofit private institutions of higher education for 566 the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or accept employment;

567 25. Members of a threat assessment team established by a local school board pursuant to § 22.1-79.4,
568 by a public institution of higher education pursuant to § 23.1-805, or by a private nonprofit institution of
569 higher education, for the purpose of assessing or intervening with an individual whose behavior may
570 present a threat to safety; however, no member of a threat assessment team shall redisclose any criminal
571 history record information obtained pursuant to this section or otherwise use any record of an individual
572 beyond the purpose that such disclosure was made to the threat assessment team;

573 26. Executive directors of community services boards or the personnel director serving the community services board for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment, approval as a sponsored residential service provider, or permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver pursuant to \$\$ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

578 27. Executive directors of behavioral health authorities as defined in § 37.2-600 for the purpose of
579 determining an individual's fitness for employment, approval as a sponsored residential service provider,
580 or permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance
581 services pursuant to a waiver pursuant to §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

582 28. The Commissioner of Social Services for the purpose of locating persons who owe child support
583 or who are alleged in a pending paternity proceeding to be a putative father, provided that only the
584 name, address, demographics and social security number of the data subject shall be released;

29. Authorized officers or directors of agencies licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of 585 586 Chapter 4 of Title 37.2 by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the 587 purpose of determining if any applicant who accepts employment in any direct care position or requests 588 approval as a sponsored residential service provider or permission to enter into a shared living 589 arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver has been convicted 590 of a crime that affects his fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of individuals with 591 mental illness, intellectual disability, or substance abuse pursuant to §§ 37.2-416, 37.2-506, and 592 37.2-607:

593 30. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, for the purpose of evaluating applicants
594 for and holders of a motor carrier certificate or license subject to the provisions of Chapters 20
595 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.) and 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 46.2;

596 31. The chairmen of the Committees for Courts of Justice of the Senate or the House of Delegates
597 for the purpose of determining if any person being considered for election to any judgeship has been convicted of a crime;

599 32. Heads of state agencies in which positions have been identified as sensitive for the purpose of
600 determining an individual's fitness for employment in positions designated as sensitive under Department
601 of Human Resource Management policies developed pursuant to § 2.2-1201.1;

33. The Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under
subdivision A 1 and for purposes of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually
Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.);

605 34. Shipyards, to the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, engaged in the design,
606 construction, overhaul, or repair of nuclear vessels for the United States Navy, including their subsidiary
607 companies, for the conduct of investigations of applications for employment or for access to facilities,
608 by contractors, leased laborers, and other visitors;

609 35. Any employer of individuals whose employment requires that they enter the homes of others, for610 the purpose of screening individuals who apply for, are offered, or have accepted such employment;

611 36. Public agencies when and as required by federal or state law to investigate (i) applicants as 612 providers of adult foster care and home-based services or (ii) any individual with whom the agency is

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613 considering placing an adult on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to § 63.2-1601.1,

614 subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the agency to any party other
615 than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of
616 law for such further dissemination, subject to limitations set out in subsection G;

and for such further dissemination, subject to initiations set out in subsection G,
37. The Department of Medical Assistance Services, or its designee, for the purpose of screening
individuals who, through contracts, subcontracts, or direct employment, volunteer, apply for, are offered,
or have accepted a position related to the provision of transportation services to enrollees in the
Medicaid Program or the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Program, or any other
program administered by the Department of Medical Assistance Services;

38. The State Corporation Commission for the purpose of investigating individuals who are current
or proposed members, senior officers, directors, and principals of an applicant or person licensed under
Chapter 16 (§ 6.2-1600 et seq.) or Chapter 19 (§ 6.2-1900 et seq.) of Title 6.2. Notwithstanding any
other provision of law, if an application is denied based in whole or in part on information obtained
from the Central Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to Chapter 16 or 19 of Title 6.2, the
Commissioner of Financial Institutions or his designee may disclose such information to the applicant or
its designee;

629 39. The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation for the purpose of investigating630 individuals for initial licensure pursuant to § 54.1-2106.1;

40. The Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services and the Department for the Blind and
Vision Impaired for the purpose of evaluating an individual's fitness for various types of employment
and for the purpose of delivering comprehensive vocational rehabilitation services pursuant to Article 11
(§ 51.5-170 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 that will assist the individual in obtaining employment;

41. Bail bondsmen, in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-120;

42. The State Treasurer for the purpose of determining whether a person receiving compensation forwrongful incarceration meets the conditions for continued compensation under § 8.01-195.12;

43. The Department of Social Services and directors of local departments of social services for the purpose of screening individuals seeking to enter into a contract with the Department of Social Services or a local department of social services for the provision of child care services for which child care subsidy payments may be provided;

44. The Department of Juvenile Justice to investigate any parent, guardian, or other adult members of
a juvenile's household when completing a predispositional or postdispositional report required by §
16.1-273 or a Board of Juvenile Justice regulation promulgated pursuant to § 16.1-233; and

**645** 45. Other entities as otherwise provided by law.

646 Upon an ex parte motion of a defendant in a felony case and upon the showing that the records
647 requested may be relevant to such case, the court shall enter an order requiring the Central Criminal
648 Records Exchange to furnish the defendant, as soon as practicable, copies of any records of persons
649 designated in the order on whom a report has been made under the provisions of this chapter.

650 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, upon a written request sworn to 651 before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments, the Central Criminal Records Exchange, or the 652 criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish a 653 copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the person making the request; 654 however, such person on whom the data is being obtained shall consent in writing, under oath, to the 655 making of such request. A person receiving a copy of his own conviction data may utilize or further 656 disseminate that data as he deems appropriate. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the data 657 subject, the person making the request shall be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect.

**658** B. Use of criminal history record information disseminated to noncriminal justice agencies under this section shall be limited to the purposes for which it was given and may not be disseminated further.

660 C. No criminal justice agency or person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal 661 history record information for employment or licensing inquiries except as provided by law.

662 D. Criminal justice agencies shall establish procedures to query the Central Criminal Records Exchange prior to dissemination of any criminal history record information on offenses required to be 663 **664** reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange to ensure that the most up-to-date disposition data is 665 being used. Inquiries of the Exchange shall be made prior to any dissemination except in those cases 666 where time is of the essence and the normal response time of the Exchange would exceed the necessary **667** time period. A criminal justice agency to whom a request has been made for the dissemination of **668** criminal history record information that is required to be reported to the Central Criminal Records 669 Exchange may direct the inquirer to the Central Criminal Records Exchange for such dissemination. Dissemination of information regarding offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange shall be 670 671 made by the criminal justice agency maintaining the record as required by § 15.2-1722.

E. Criminal history information provided to licensed nursing homes, hospitals and to home careorganizations pursuant to subdivision A 15 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange

674 for any offense specified in §§ 32.1-126.01, 32.1-126.02, and 32.1-162.9:1.

675 F. Criminal history information provided to licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day care centers pursuant to subdivision A 16 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange 676 677 for any offense specified in § 63.2-1720.

G. Criminal history information provided to public agencies pursuant to subdivision A 36 shall be **678** 679 limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense set forth in clause (i) of the 680 definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02.

H. Upon receipt of a written request from an employer or prospective employer, the Central Criminal 681 682 Records Exchange, or the criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish at the employer's cost a copy of conviction data covering the person named in 683 the request to the employer or prospective employer making the request, provided that the person on **684** whom the data is being obtained has consented in writing to the making of such request and has 685 686 presented a photo-identification to the employer or prospective employer. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the person named in the request, the requesting employer or prospective employer shall 687 be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect. The criminal history record search shall be 688 689 conducted on forms provided by the Exchange.

690 I. Nothing in this section shall preclude the dissemination of a person's criminal history record information pursuant to the rules of court or Article 4.2 (§ 19.2-264.6 et seq.) of Chapter 15 for **691** 692 obtaining discovery or for review by the court. 693

§ 19.2-389. (Effective January 1, 2021) Dissemination of criminal history record information.

694 A. Criminal history record information shall be disseminated, whether directly or through an 695 intermediary, only to:

696 1. Authorized officers or employees of criminal justice agencies, as defined by § 9.1-101, for purposes of the administration of criminal justice and the screening of an employment application or **697** 698 review of employment by a criminal justice agency with respect to its own employees or applicants, and dissemination to the Virginia Parole Board, pursuant to this subdivision, of such information on all 699 700 state-responsible inmates for the purpose of making parole determinations pursuant to subdivisions 1, 2, 701 3, and  $\overline{5}$  of § 53.1-136 shall include collective dissemination by electronic means every 30 days. For 702 purposes of this subdivision, criminal history record information includes information sent to the Central 703 Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to §§ 37.2-819 and 64.2-2014 when disseminated to any full-time 704 or part-time employee of the State Police, a police department or sheriff's office that is a part of or 705 administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and who is responsible for the 706 prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the 707 Commonwealth for the purposes of the administration of criminal justice;

708 2. Such other individuals and agencies that require criminal history record information to implement 709 a state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor that 710 expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or exclusions expressly based upon such 711 conduct, except that information concerning the arrest of an individual may not be disseminated to a 712 noncriminal justice agency or individual if an interval of one year has elapsed from the date of the 713 arrest and no disposition of the charge has been recorded and no active prosecution of the charge is 714 pending:

3. Individuals and agencies pursuant to a specific agreement with a criminal justice agency to provide 715 716 services required for the administration of criminal justice pursuant to that agreement which shall specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of data to purposes for which given, and ensure the 717 718 security and confidentiality of the data;

719 4. Individuals and agencies for the express purpose of research, evaluative, or statistical activities 720 pursuant to an agreement with a criminal justice agency that shall specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of data to research, evaluative, or statistical purposes, and ensure the confidentiality and 721 722 security of the data;

723 5. Agencies of state or federal government that are authorized by state or federal statute or executive 724 order of the President of the United States or Governor to conduct investigations determining 725 employment suitability or eligibility for security clearances allowing access to classified information; 726

6. Individuals and agencies where authorized by court order or court rule;

727 7. Agencies of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, public transportation companies 728 owned, operated or controlled by any political subdivision, and any public service corporation that 729 operates a public transit system owned by a local government for the conduct of investigations of 730 applicants for employment, permit, or license whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety, it is necessary to determine under a duly enacted ordinance if the past criminal conduct of a person with a 731 732 conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment, permit, or license under 733 consideration:

734 7a. Commissions created pursuant to the Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 33.2-1900 et seq.) of 735 Title 33.2 and their contractors, for the conduct of investigations of individuals who have been offered a

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position of employment whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety and as authorized in the
Transportation District Act of 1964, it is necessary to determine if the past criminal conduct of a person
with a conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment under consideration;

8. Public or private agencies when authorized or required by federal or state law or interstate compact to investigate (i) applicants for foster or adoptive parenthood or (ii) any individual, and the adult members of that individual's household, with whom the agency is considering placing a child or from whom the agency is considering removing a child due to abuse or neglect, on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to §§ 63.2-901.1 and 63.2-1505, subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated to any party other than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of law;

746 9. To the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, public service companies as defined in
747 § 56-1, for the conduct of investigations of applicants for employment when such employment involves
748 personal contact with the public or when past criminal conduct of an applicant would be incompatible
749 with the nature of the employment under consideration;

750 10. The appropriate authority for purposes of granting citizenship and for purposes of international
 751 travel, including, but not limited to, issuing visas and passports;

11. A person requesting a copy of his own criminal history record information as defined in § 9.1-101 at his cost, except that criminal history record information shall be supplied at no charge to a person who has applied to be a volunteer with (i) a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America; (ii) a volunteer fire company; (iii) the Volunteer Emergency Families for Children; (iv) any affiliate of Prevent Child Abuse, Virginia; (v) any Virginia affiliate of Compeer; or (vi) any board member or any individual who has been offered membership on the board of a Crime Stoppers, Crime Solvers or Crime Line program as defined in § 15.2-1713.1;

759 12. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child welfare agency as defined in § 63.2-100 for dissemination to the Commissioner of Social Services' 760 representative pursuant to § 63.2-1702 for the conduct of investigations with respect to employees of and 761 762 volunteers at such facilities, caretakers, and other adults living in family day homes or homes approved by family day systems, and foster and adoptive parent applicants of private child-placing agencies, 763 pursuant to §§ 63.2-1719, 63.2-1720, 63.2-1720.1, 63.2-1721, and 63.2-1721.1, subject to the restriction 764 765 that the data shall not be further disseminated by the facility or agency to any party other than the data 766 subject, the Commissioner of Social Services' representative or a federal or state authority or court as 767 may be required to comply with an express requirement of law for such further dissemination;

768 13. The school boards of the Commonwealth for the purpose of screening individuals who are
769 offered or who accept public school employment and those current school board employees for whom a
770 report of arrest has been made pursuant to § 19.2-83.1;

14. The Virginia Lottery for the conduct of investigations as set forth in the Virginia Lottery Law
(§ 58.1-4000 et seq.), and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the conduct of investigations as set forth in Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2;

15. Licensed nursing homes, hospitals and home care organizations for the conduct of investigations
of applicants for compensated employment in licensed nursing homes pursuant to § 32.1-126.01, hospital
pharmacies pursuant to § 32.1-126.02, and home care organizations pursuant to § 32.1-162.9:1, subject
to the limitations set out in subsection E;

16. Licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day care centers for the conduct of investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day care centers pursuant to § 63.2-1720, subject to the limitations set out in subsection F;
17. The Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority for the conduct of investigations as set forth

**782** in § 4.1-103.1;

18. The State Board of Elections and authorized officers and employees thereof and general registrars
appointed pursuant to § 24.2-110 in the course of conducting necessary investigations with respect to
voter registration, limited to any record of felony convictions;

786 19. The Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for those individuals who are committed to the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to §§ 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.6, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.3, 19.2-182.8, and 19.2-182.9 for the purpose of placement, evaluation, and treatment planning;

20. Any alcohol safety action program certified by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety
Action Program for (i) assessments of habitual offenders under § 46.2-360, (ii) interventions with first
offenders under § 18.2-251, or (iii) services to offenders under § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, or 18.2-266.1;

792 21. Residential facilities for juveniles regulated or operated by the Department of Social Services, the
793 Department of Education, or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the
794 purpose of determining applicants' fitness for employment or for providing volunteer or contractual
795 services;

796 22. The Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and facilities operated by the

797 Department for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to798 departmental instructions;

799 23. Pursuant to § 22.1-296.3, the governing boards or administrators of private elementary or secondary schools which are accredited pursuant to § 22.1-19 or a private organization coordinating such records information on behalf of such governing boards or administrators pursuant to a written agreement with the Department of State Police;

803 24. Public institutions of higher education and nonprofit private institutions of higher education for804 the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or accept employment;

25. Members of a threat assessment team established by a local school board pursuant to § 22.1-79.4,
by a public institution of higher education pursuant to § 23.1-805, or by a private nonprofit institution of
higher education, for the purpose of assessing or intervening with an individual whose behavior may
present a threat to safety; however, no member of a threat assessment team shall redisclose any criminal
history record information obtained pursuant to this section or otherwise use any record of an individual
beyond the purpose that such disclosure was made to the threat assessment team;

811 26. Executive directors of community services boards or the personnel director serving the community services board for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment, approval as a sponsored residential service provider, or permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver pursuant to \$\$ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

816 27. Executive directors of behavioral health authorities as defined in § 37.2-600 for the purpose of
817 determining an individual's fitness for employment, approval as a sponsored residential service provider,
818 or permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance
819 services pursuant to a waiver pursuant to §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

820 28. The Commissioner of Social Services for the purpose of locating persons who owe child support
821 or who are alleged in a pending paternity proceeding to be a putative father, provided that only the
822 name, address, demographics and social security number of the data subject shall be released;

823 29. Authorized officers or directors of agencies licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of 824 Chapter 4 of Title 37.2 by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the 825 purpose of determining if any applicant who accepts employment in any direct care position or requests 826 approval as a sponsored residential service provider or permission to enter into a shared living 827 arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver has been convicted 828 of a crime that affects his fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of individuals with 829 mental illness, intellectual disability, or substance abuse pursuant to §§ 37.2-416, 37.2-506, and 830 37.2-607;

831 30. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, for the purpose of evaluating applicants
832 for and holders of a motor carrier certificate or license subject to the provisions of Chapters 20
833 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.) and 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 46.2;

834 31. The chairmen of the Committees for Courts of Justice of the Senate or the House of Delegates
835 for the purpose of determining if any person being considered for election to any judgeship has been
836 convicted of a crime;

837 32. Heads of state agencies in which positions have been identified as sensitive for the purpose of
838 determining an individual's fitness for employment in positions designated as sensitive under Department
839 of Human Resource Management policies developed pursuant to § 2.2-1201.1;

840 33. The Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under
841 subdivision A 1 and for purposes of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually
842 Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.);

843 34. Shipyards, to the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, engaged in the design, construction, overhaul, or repair of nuclear vessels for the United States Navy, including their subsidiary companies, for the conduct of investigations of applications for employment or for access to facilities, by contractors, leased laborers, and other visitors;

847 35. Any employer of individuals whose employment requires that they enter the homes of others, for848 the purpose of screening individuals who apply for, are offered, or have accepted such employment;

36. Public agencies when and as required by federal or state law to investigate (i) applicants as
providers of adult foster care and home-based services or (ii) any individual with whom the agency is
considering placing an adult on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to § 63.2-1601.1,
subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the agency to any party other
than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of
law for such further dissemination, subject to limitations set out in subsection G;

855 37. The Department of Medical Assistance Services, or its designee, for the purpose of screening
856 individuals who, through contracts, subcontracts, or direct employment, volunteer, apply for, are offered,
857 or have accepted a position related to the provision of transportation services to enrollees in the
858 Medicaid Program or the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Program, or any other

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859 program administered by the Department of Medical Assistance Services;

38. The State Corporation Commission for the purpose of investigating individuals who are current
or proposed members, senior officers, directors, and principals of an applicant or person licensed under
Chapter 16 (§ 6.2-1600 et seq.) or Chapter 19 (§ 6.2-1900 et seq.) of Title 6.2. Notwithstanding any
other provision of law, if an application is denied based in whole or in part on information obtained
from the Central Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to Chapter 16 or 19 of Title 6.2, the
Commissioner of Financial Institutions or his designee may disclose such information to the applicant or
its designee;

39. The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation for the purpose of investigatingindividuals for initial licensure pursuant to § 54.1-2106.1;

40. The Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services and the Department for the Blind and
Vision Impaired for the purpose of evaluating an individual's fitness for various types of employment
and for the purpose of delivering comprehensive vocational rehabilitation services pursuant to Article 11
(§ 51.5-170 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 that will assist the individual in obtaining employment;

**873** 41. Bail bondsmen, in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-120;

42. The State Treasurer for the purpose of determining whether a person receiving compensation for wrongful incarceration meets the conditions for continued compensation under § 8.01-195.12;

876 43. The Department of Social Services and directors of local departments of social services for the purpose of screening individuals seeking to enter into a contract with the Department of Social Services
878 or a local department of social services for the provision of child care services for which child care
879 subsidy payments may be provided;

44. The Department of Juvenile Justice to investigate any parent, guardian, or other adult members of a juvenile's household when completing a predispositional or postdispositional report required by §
16.1-273 or a Board of Juvenile Justice regulation promulgated pursuant to § 16.1-233;

45. The State Corporation Commission, for the purpose of screening applicants for insurancelicensure under Chapter 18 (§ 38.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 38.2; and

**885** 46. Other entities as otherwise provided by law.

886 Upon an ex parte motion of a defendant in a felony case and upon the showing that the records
887 requested may be relevant to such case, the court shall enter an order requiring the Central Criminal
888 Records Exchange to furnish the defendant, as soon as practicable, copies of any records of persons
889 designated in the order on whom a report has been made under the provisions of this chapter.

890 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, upon a written request sworn to 891 before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments, the Central Criminal Records Exchange, or the 892 criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish a 893 copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the person making the request; 894 however, such person on whom the data is being obtained shall consent in writing, under oath, to the 895 making of such request. A person receiving a copy of his own conviction data may utilize or further 896 disseminate that data as he deems appropriate. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the data 897 subject, the person making the request shall be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect.

898 B. Use of criminal history record information disseminated to noncriminal justice agencies under this899 section shall be limited to the purposes for which it was given and may not be disseminated further.

C. No criminal justice agency or person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminalhistory record information for employment or licensing inquiries except as provided by law.

902 D. Criminal justice agencies shall establish procedures to query the Central Criminal Records 903 Exchange prior to dissemination of any criminal history record information on offenses required to be 904 reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange to ensure that the most up-to-date disposition data is 905 being used. Inquiries of the Exchange shall be made prior to any dissemination except in those cases 906 where time is of the essence and the normal response time of the Exchange would exceed the necessary 907 time period. A criminal justice agency to whom a request has been made for the dissemination of 908 criminal history record information that is required to be reported to the Central Criminal Records 909 Exchange may direct the inquirer to the Central Criminal Records Exchange for such dissemination. 910 Dissemination of information regarding offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange shall be 911 made by the criminal justice agency maintaining the record as required by § 15.2-1722.

912 E. Criminal history information provided to licensed nursing homes, hospitals and to home care
913 organizations pursuant to subdivision A 15 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange
914 for any offense specified in §§ 32.1-126.01, 32.1-126.02, and 32.1-162.9:1.

915 F. Criminal history information provided to licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day
916 care centers pursuant to subdivision A 16 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange
917 for any offense specified in § 63.2-1720.

918 G. Criminal history information provided to public agencies pursuant to subdivision A 36 shall be 919 limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense set forth in clause (i) of the **920** definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02.

921 H. Upon receipt of a written request from an employer or prospective employer, the Central Criminal 922 Records Exchange, or the criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the 923 Exchange, shall furnish at the employer's cost a copy of conviction data covering the person named in 924 the request to the employer or prospective employer making the request, provided that the person on 925 whom the data is being obtained has consented in writing to the making of such request and has 926 presented a photo-identification to the employer or prospective employer. In the event no conviction data 927 is maintained on the person named in the request, the requesting employer or prospective employer shall 928 be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect. The criminal history record search shall be 929 conducted on forms provided by the Exchange.

930 I. Nothing in this section shall preclude the dissemination of a person's criminal history record information pursuant to the rules of court or Article 4.2 (§ 19.2-264.6 et seq.) of Chapter 15 for obtaining discovery or for review by the court.

933 2. That § 19.2-265.4 of the Code of Virginia is repealed.

934 3. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 935 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the 936 necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult 937 correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 854 of the Acts of Assembly of 2019 requires the Virginia 938 Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to 939 § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation is \$0 for

940 periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.