## **2020 SESSION**

## ENROLLED

1	VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER
2 3 4	An Act to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 1 of Title 65.2 a section numbered 65.2-107, relating to workers' compensation; compensability of post-traumatic stress disorder incurred by a law-enforcement officer or firefighter.
5 6	[S 561]
7	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
8	1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 1 of Title 65.2 a section numbered
9	65.2-107 as follows:
10	§ 65.2-107. Post-traumatic stress disorder incurred by law-enforcement officers and firefighters.
11	A. As used in this section:
12	"Firefighter" means any (i) salaried firefighter, including special forest wardens designated pursuant
13	to § 10.1-1135, emergency medical services personnel, and local and state fire scene investigators and
14	(ii) volunteer firefighter and volunteer emergency medical services personnel.
15	"In the line of duty" means any action that a law-enforcement officer or firefighter was obligated or
16	authorized to perform by rule, regulation, written condition of employment service, or law.
17	"Law-enforcement officer" means any (i) member of the State Police Officers' Retirement System; (ii)
18	member of a county, city, or town police department; (iii) sheriff or deputy sheriff; (iv) Department of
19	Emergency Management hazardous materials officer; (v) city sergeant or deputy city sergeant of the
20	City of Richmond; (vi) Virginia Marine Police officer; (vii) conservation police officer who is a full-time
21	sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries; (viii)
22	Capitol Police officer; (ix) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority appointed
23	under the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 4.1-100 et seq.) of Title 4.1; (x) for such period that the
24	Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority voluntarily subjects itself to the provisions of this chapter
25	as provided in § 65.2-305, officer of the police force established and maintained by the Metropolitan
26	Washington Airports Authority; (xi) officer of the police force established and maintained by the Norfolk
27	Airport Authority; (xii) sworn officer of the police force established and maintained by the Virginia Port
28	Authority; or (xiii) campus police officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of
29	Title 23.1 and employed by any public institution of higher education.
30	"Mental health professional" means a board-certified psychiatrist or a psychologist licensed pursuant
31	to Title 54.1 who has experience diagnosing and treating post-traumatic stress disorder.
32	"Post-traumatic stress disorder" means a disorder that meets the diagnostic criteria for
33	post-traumatic stress disorder as specified in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric
34	Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.
35	"Qualifying event" means an incident or exposure occurring in the line of duty on or after July 1,
36 37 38 39	<ul> <li>2020:</li> <li>1. Resulting in serious bodily injury or death to any person or persons;</li> <li>2. Involving a minor who has been injured, killed, abused, or exploited;</li> <li>3. Involving an immediate threat to life of the claimant or another individual;</li> </ul>
40 41 42 43	<ul> <li>4. Involving mass casualties; or</li> <li>5. Responding to crime scenes for investigation.</li> <li>B. Post-traumatic stress disorder incurred by a law-enforcement officer or firefighter is compensable under this title if:</li> </ul>
44 45 46 47	<ol> <li>A mental health professional examines a law-enforcement officer or firefighter and diagnoses the law-enforcement officer or firefighter as suffering from post-traumatic stress disorder as a result of the individual's undergoing a qualifying event;</li> <li>The post-traumatic stress disorder resulted from the law-enforcement officer or firefighter acting</li> </ol>
48	<i>in the line of duty and, in the case of a firefighter, such firefighter complied with federal Occupational</i>
49	Safety and Health Act standards adopted pursuant to 29 C.F.R. 1910.134 and 29 C.F.R. 1910.156;
50	3. The law-enforcement officer's or firefighter's undergoing a qualifying event was a substantial
51	factor in causing his post-traumatic stress disorder;
52 53 54	4. Such qualifying event, and not another event or source of stress, was the primary cause of the post-traumatic stress disorder; and 5. The post-traumatic stress disorder did not result from any disciplinary action, work evaluation, job
55 56	transfer, layoff, demotion, promotion, termination, retirement, or similar action of the officer or firefighter.

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57 Any such mental health professional shall comply with any workers' compensation guidelines for 58 approved medical providers, including guidelines on release of past or contemporaneous medical 59 records.

60 C. Notwithstanding any provision of this title, workers' compensation benefits for any 61 law-enforcement officer or firefighter payable pursuant to this section shall (i) include any combination 62 of medical treatment prescribed by a board-certified psychiatrist or a licensed psychologist, temporary total incapacity benefits under § 65.2-500 and temporary partial incapacity benefits under § 65.2-502 63 and (ii) be provided for a maximum of 52 weeks from the date of diagnosis. No medical treatment, 64 temporary total incapacity benefits under § 65.2-500 or temporary partial incapacity benefits under 65 66 § 65.2-502 shall be awarded beyond four years from the date of the qualifying event that formed the 67 basis for the claim for benefits under this section. The weekly benefits received by a law-enforcement officer or a firefighter pursuant to § 65.2-500 or 65.2-502, when combined with other benefits, including 68 contributory and noncontributory retirement benefits, Social Security benefits, benefits under a long-term 69 70 or short-term disability plan, but not including payments for medical care, shall not exceed the average 71 weekly wage paid to such law-enforcement officer or firefighter.

D. No later than January 1, 2021, each employer of law-enforcement officers or firefighters shall (i) adopt and maintain a written policy that meets or exceeds the standards of the model critical incident and peer support policy developed pursuant to subsection F, (ii) make peer support available to such law-enforcement officers and firefighters, and (iii) refer a law-enforcement officer or firefighter seeking mental health care services to a mental health professional.

E. Each police basic training program conducted or administered by the Department of State Police
or a municipal police department in the Commonwealth shall provide, in consultation with the
Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, resilience and self-care technique
training for any individual who begins basic training as a law-enforcement officer on or after July 1,
2021.

F. Each fire basic training program conducted or administered by the Department of Fire Programs
or a municipal fire department in the Commonwealth shall provide, in consultation with the Department
of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, resilience and self-care technique training for any
individual who begins basic training as a firefighter on or after July 1, 2021.