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## SENATE BILL NO. 408

## AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee on the Judiciary  
on February 5, 2020)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Hashmi)

A *BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-112 and 16.1-296 of the Code of Virginia, relating to appeal from district court; protective orders; notice of docketing.*

**Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

**1. That §§ 16.1-112 and 16.1-296 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:**

**§ 16.1-112. All papers transmitted to appellate court; further proceedings.**

The judge or clerk of any court from which an appeal is taken under this article shall promptly transmit to the clerk of the appellate court the case papers, which shall include the original warrant or warrants or other notices or pleadings with the judgment endorsed thereon, together with all pleadings, exhibits, and other papers filed in the trial of the case. The required bond, and, if applicable, the money deposited to secure such bond and the writ tax and costs paid pursuant to § 16.1-107 shall also be submitted, along with the fees for service of process of the notice of appeal in the circuit court. Upon receipt of the foregoing by the clerk of the appellate court, the case shall then be docketed, except that an appeal from an order of protection issued pursuant to § 19.2-152.10 shall be assigned a case number within two business days upon receipt of such appeal.

When such case has been docketed, the clerk of such appellate court shall by writing to be served, as provided in §§ 8.01-288, 8.01-293, 8.01-296, and 8.01-325, or by certified mail, with certified delivery receipt requested, notify the appellee, or by regular mail to his attorney, that such an appeal has been docketed in his office, provided that upon affidavit by the appellant or his agent in conformity with § 8.01-316 being filed with the clerk, the clerk shall post such notice at the front door of his courtroom and shall mail a copy thereof to the appellee at his last known address or place of abode or to his attorney, and he shall file a certificate of such posting and mailing with the papers in the case. No such appeal shall be heard unless it appears that the appellee or his attorney has had such notice, or that such certificate has been filed, 10 days before the date fixed for trial, or has in person or by attorney waived such notice.

*If a party files an appeal of a district court order of protection entered pursuant to § 19.2-152.10, such notice of appeal shall be on a form prescribed by the Office of the Executive Secretary. The district court clerk shall contact the appellate court to determine whether the hearing on the appeal shall be set by the appellate court on (i) a date scheduled by the district court clerk with the court, (ii) on the next docket call date, or (iii) a date set for district court appeals. Once the hearing date is set and the appeal documents have been transmitted, the appellate court shall have the parties served with notice of the appeal stating the date and time of the hearing in accordance with subdivision 1 of § 8.01-296. No such hearing on the appeal shall be heard in the appellate court unless the appellee has been so served with such notice or notice has been waived by the non-moving party.*

**§ 16.1-296. Jurisdiction of appeals; procedure.**

A. From any final order or judgment of the juvenile court affecting the rights or interests of any person coming within its jurisdiction, an appeal may be taken to the circuit court within 10 days from the entry of a final judgment, order or conviction and shall be heard de novo. However, in a case arising under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (§ 20-88.32 et seq.), a party may take an appeal pursuant to this section within 30 days from entry of a final order or judgment. Protective orders issued pursuant to § 16.1-279.1 in cases of family abuse and orders entered pursuant to § 16.1-278.2 are final orders from which an appeal may be taken.

B. Upon receipt of notice of such appeal the juvenile court shall forthwith transmit to the attorney for the Commonwealth a report incorporating the results of any investigation conducted pursuant to § 16.1-273, which shall be confidential in nature and made available only to the court and the attorney for the defendant (i) after the guilt or innocence of the accused has been determined or (ii) after the court has made its findings on the issues subject to appeal. After final determination of the case, the report and all copies thereof shall be forthwith returned to such juvenile court.

C. Where an appeal is taken by a child on a finding that he or she is delinquent and on a disposition pursuant to § 16.1-278.8, trial by jury on the issue of guilt or innocence of the alleged delinquent act may be had on motion of the child, the attorney for the Commonwealth or the circuit court judge. If the alleged delinquent act is one which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony, the child shall be entitled to a jury of 12 persons. In all other cases, the jury shall consist of seven persons. If the jury in such a trial finds the child guilty, disposition shall be by the judge pursuant to the provisions of § 16.1-278.8 after taking into consideration the report of any investigation made pursuant to § 16.1-237

60 or 16.1-273.

61 C1. In any hearing held upon an appeal taken by a child on a finding that he is delinquent and on a  
62 disposition pursuant to § 16.1-278.8, the provisions of § 16.1-302 shall apply mutatis mutandis, except in  
63 the case of trial by jury which shall be open. If proceedings in the circuit court are closed pursuant to  
64 this subsection, any records or portions thereof relating to such closed proceedings shall remain  
65 confidential.

66 C2. Where an appeal is taken by a juvenile on a finding that he is delinquent and on a disposition  
67 pursuant to § 16.1-278.8 and the juvenile is in a secure facility pending the appeal, the circuit court,  
68 when practicable, shall hold a hearing on the merits of the case within 45 days of the filing of the  
69 appeal. Upon receipt of the notice of appeal from the juvenile court, the circuit court shall provide a  
70 copy of the order and a copy of the notice of appeal to the attorney for the Commonwealth within seven  
71 days after receipt of notice of an appeal. The time limitations shall be tolled during any period in which  
72 the juvenile has escaped from custody. A juvenile held continuously in secure detention shall be released  
73 from confinement if there is no hearing on the merits of his case within 45 days of the filing of the  
74 appeal. The circuit court may extend the time limitations for a reasonable period of time based upon  
75 good cause shown, provided the basis for such extension is recorded in writing and filed among the  
76 papers of the proceedings.

77 D. When an appeal is taken in a case involving termination of parental rights brought under  
78 § 16.1-283, the circuit court shall hold a hearing on the merits of the case within 90 days of the  
79 perfecting of the appeal. An appeal of the case to the Court of Appeals shall take precedence on the  
80 docket of the Court.

81 E. Where an appeal is taken by an adult on a finding of guilty of an offense within the jurisdiction  
82 of the juvenile and domestic relations district court, the appeal shall be dealt with in all respects as is an  
83 appeal from a general district court pursuant to §§ 16.1-132 through 16.1-137; however, where an appeal  
84 is taken by any person on a charge of nonsupport, the procedure shall be as is provided for appeals in  
85 prosecutions under Chapter 5 (§ 20-61 et seq.) of Title 20.

86 F. In all other cases on appeal, proceedings in the circuit court shall be heard without a jury;  
87 however, hearing of an issue by an advisory jury may be allowed, in the discretion of the judge, upon  
88 the motion of any party. An appeal from an order of protection issued pursuant to § 16.1-279.1 shall be  
89 given precedence on the docket of the court over other civil appeals taken to the circuit court from the  
90 district courts and shall be assigned a case number within two business days of receipt of such appeal.

91 *If a party files an appeal of a district court order of protection entered pursuant to § 16.1-279.1,*  
92 *such notice of appeal shall be on a form prescribed by the Office of the Executive Secretary. The*  
93 *district court clerk shall contact the appellate court to determine whether the hearing on the appeal*  
94 *shall be set by the appellate court on (i) a date scheduled by the district court clerk with the court, (ii)*  
95 *on the next docket call date, or (iii) a date set for district court appeals. Once the hearing date is set*  
96 *and the appeal documents have been transmitted, the appellate court shall have the parties served with*  
97 *notice of the appeal stating the date and time of the hearing in accordance with subdivision 1 of*  
98 *§ 8.01-296. No such hearing on the appeal shall be heard in the appellate court unless the appellee has*  
99 *been so served with such notice or notice has been waived by the non-moving party.*

100 G. Costs, taxes and fees on appealed cases shall be assessed only in those cases in which a trial fee  
101 could have been assessed in the juvenile and domestic relations court and shall be collected in the  
102 circuit court, except that the appeal to circuit court of any case in which a fee either was or could have  
103 been assessed pursuant to § 16.1-69.48:5 shall also be in accordance with § 16.1-296.2.

104 H. No appeal bond shall be required of a party appealing from an order of a juvenile and domestic  
105 relations district court except for that portion of any order or judgment establishing a support arrearage  
106 or suspending payment of support during pendency of an appeal. In cases involving support, no appeal  
107 shall be allowed until the party applying for the same or someone for him gives bond, in an amount and  
108 with sufficient surety approved by the judge or by his clerk if there is one, to abide by such judgment  
109 as may be rendered on appeal if the appeal is perfected or, if not perfected, then to satisfy the judgment  
110 of the court in which it was rendered. Upon appeal from a conviction for failure to support or from a  
111 finding of civil or criminal contempt involving a failure to support, the juvenile and domestic relations  
112 district court may require the party applying for the appeal or someone for him to give bond, with or  
113 without surety, to insure his appearance and may also require bond in an amount and with sufficient  
114 surety to secure the payment of prospective support accruing during the pendency of the appeal. An  
115 appeal will not be perfected unless such appeal bond as may be required is filed within 30 days from  
116 the entry of the final judgment or order. However, no appeal bond shall be required of the  
117 Commonwealth or when an appeal is proper to protect the estate of a decedent, an infant, a convict or  
118 an insane person, or the interest of a county, city or town.

119 If bond is furnished by or on behalf of any party against whom judgment has been rendered for  
120 money, the bond shall be conditioned for the performance and satisfaction of such judgment or order as  
121 may be entered against the party on appeal, and for the payment of all damages which may be awarded

against him in the appellate court. If the appeal is by a party against whom there is no recovery, the bond shall be conditioned for the payment of any damages as may be awarded against him on the appeal. The provisions of § 16.1-109 shall apply to bonds required pursuant to this subsection.

This subsection shall not apply to release on bail pursuant to other subsections of this section or § 16.1-298.

I. In all cases on appeal, the circuit court in the disposition of such cases shall have all the powers and authority granted by the chapter to the juvenile and domestic relations district court. Unless otherwise specifically provided by this Code, the circuit court judge shall have the authority to appoint counsel for the parties and compensate such counsel in accordance with the provisions of Article 6 (§ 16.1-266 et seq.) of this chapter.

J. In any case which has been referred or transferred from a circuit court to a juvenile court and an appeal is taken from an order or judgment of the juvenile court, the appeal shall be taken to the circuit court in the same locality as the juvenile court to which the case had been referred or transferred.