INTRODUCED

SB145

	20101426D
1	SENATE BILL NO. 145
2	Offered January 8, 2020
2 3	Prefiled December 18, 2019
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-253.2 and 18.2-60.4 of the Code of Virginia, relating to
5	violations of protective orders; penalty.
6	
-	Patron—Stuart
7	Deferred to Committee on the Indiciona
8 9	Referred to Committee on the Judiciary
10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That §§ 16.1-253.2 and 18.2-60.4 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 16.1-253.2. Violation of provisions of protective orders; penalty.
13	Å. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who violates any provision of a
14	protective order issued pursuant to § 16.1-253, 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, 16.1-278.14, or 16.1-279.1 or
15	subsection B of § 20-103, when such violation involves a provision of the protective order that prohibits
16	such person from (i) going or remaining upon land, buildings, or premises; (ii) further acts of family
17	abuse; or (iii) committing a criminal offense, or which prohibits contacts by the respondent with the
18	allegedly abused person or family or household members of the allegedly abused person as the court
19	deems appropriate, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The punishment for any person convicted of a
20 21	second offense of violating a protective order, when the offense is committed within five years of the
22	prior conviction and when either the instant or prior offense was based on an act or threat of violence, shall include a mandatory minimum term of confinement of 60 days. Any person convicted of a third or
23	subsequent offense of violating a protective order, when the offense is committed within 20 years of the
24	first conviction and when either the instant or one of the prior offenses was based on an act or threat of
25	violence is guilty of a Class 6 felony and the punishment shall include a mandatory minimum term of
26	confinement of six months. The mandatory minimum terms of confinement prescribed for violations of
27	this section shall be served consecutively with any other sentence.
28	B. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who, while knowingly armed with a
29	firearm or other deadly weapon, violates any provision of a protective order with which he has been
30	served issued pursuant to § 16.1-253, 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, 16.1-278.14, or 16.1-279.1 or subsection B
31	of § 20-103 is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

32 C. If the respondent commits an any assault, assault and battery, or bodily wounding in violation of Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2 upon any party protected by the protective order 33 resulting in bodily injury to the party or stalks any party protected by the protective order in violation of 34 35 18.2-60.3, he is guilty of a Class 6 felony. Any person who violates such a protective order by § 36 furtively entering the home of any protected party while the party is present, or by entering and 37 remaining in the home of the protected party until the party arrives, is guilty of a Class 6 felony, in 38 addition to any other penalty provided by law.

39 D. Upon conviction of any offense hereunder for which a mandatory minimum term of confinement 40 is not specified, the person shall be sentenced to a term of confinement and in no case shall the entire 41 term imposed be suspended. Upon conviction, the court shall, in addition to the sentence imposed, enter a protective order pursuant to § 16.1-279.1 for a specified period not exceeding two years from the date 42 43 of conviction. 44

§ 18.2-60.4. Violation of protective orders; penalty.

A. Any person who violates any provision of a protective order issued pursuant to § 19.2-152.8, 45 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10 is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. Conviction hereunder shall bar a finding of contempt for the same act. The punishment for any person convicted of a second offense of violating 46 47 a protective order, when the offense is committed within five years of the prior conviction and when 48 49 either the instant or prior offense was based on an act or threat of violence, shall include a mandatory 50 minimum term of confinement of 60 days. Any person convicted of a third or subsequent offense of 51 violating a protective order, when the offense is committed within 20 years of the first conviction and 52 when either the instant or one of the prior offenses was based on an act or threat of violence, is guilty 53 of a Class 6 felony and the punishment shall include a mandatory minimum term of confinement of six 54 months. The mandatory minimum terms of confinement prescribed for violations of this section shall be 55 served consecutively with any other sentence.

56 B. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who, while knowingly armed with a firearm or other deadly weapon, violates any provision of a protective order with which he has been served issued pursuant to § 19.2-152.8, 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10 is guilty of a Class 6 felony. 57 58

SB145

C. If the respondent commits an any assault, assault and battery, or bodily wounding in violation of Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) upon any party protected by the protective order resulting in bodily injury to the party or stalks any party protected by the protective order in violation of § 18.2-60.3, he is guilty of a Class 6 felony. Any person who violates such a protective order by furtively entering the home of any protected party while the party is present, or by entering and remaining in the home of the protected party until the party arrives, is guilty of a Class 6 felony, in addition to any other penalty provided by law.

66 D. Upon conviction of any offense hereunder for which a mandatory minimum term of confinement67 is not specified, the person shall be sentenced to a term of confinement and in no case shall the entire68 term imposed be suspended.

69 E. Upon conviction, the court shall, in addition to the sentence imposed, enter a protective order 70 pursuant to § 19.2-152.10 for a specified period not exceeding two years from the date of conviction.

71 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 72 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the 73 necessary appropriation is at least \$3,072,555 for periods of imprisonment in state adult 74 correctional facilities and cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the 75 Department of Juvenile Justice.